

# engineering data service

# MECHANICAL DATA

Bulb .															T-61/2
Base .							E9	-1	Mi	nia	tur	e I	Buti	ton,	9-Pin
Outline															
Basing															
Cathode															
Mountin															

# **ELECTRICAL DATA**

# HEATER CHARACTERISTICS

	6BW4	12BW4	
Heater Voltage <sup>3</sup> AC or DC	. 6.3	12.6	Volts
Heater Current	. 900	450	Ma
Maximum Heater Cathode Voltage			
Heater Negative, DC		450	Volts

# RATINGS (Design Center Values)<sup>1</sup>

Rectifier Service		
Peak Inverse Plate Voltage	Volts	Max.
AC Plate Supply Voltage Each Plate, R MS		
(See Rating Chart I) 450		Max.
DC Output Current See Rating Chart I		
Steady State Peak Plate Current Each Plate		
(See Rating Chart II)	Ma	Max.
Transient Peak Plate Current Each Plate		
(See Rating Chart III) 2.0	Ampe	res Max.
<del>-</del>	•	

### AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

### TYPICAL OPERATION

TONE OF ERMITION	
Full Wave Rectifier — Capacitor Input Filter	
AC Plate Supply Voltage Each Plate,	
$RMS^2$	'olts
Filter Input Capacitor	£
Effective Plate Supply Resistance	
Each Plate	)hms
DC Output Current	<b>l</b> a
DC Output Voltage at Filter Input	'olts
Full Wave Rectifier — Choke Input Filter AC Plate Supply Voltage Each Plate,	
$RMS^2 \dots \dots$	'olts
Filter Input Choke	lenrys
DC Output Current	

# NOTES:

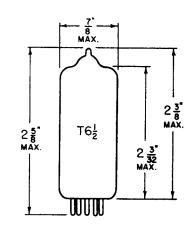
- 1. See "Interpretation of Rating Charts".
- 2. A C plate voltage is measured without load.

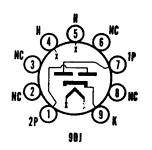
D.C. Output Voltage at Filter Input . . . . .

# QUICK REFERENCE DATA

The Sylvania 6BW4 and 12BW4 are miniature cathode type full wave rectifiers featuring relatively high output current capabilities.

The 12BW4 is intended primarily for use in auto receivers having a 12 volt heater supply.





# SYLVANIA ELECTRIC PRODUCTS INC.

RADIO TUBE DIVISION EMPORIUM, PA.

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PAGE 1 OF 5

# SYLVANIA 6BW4 12BW4 PAGE 2

NOTES: (Continued)

3. The 12BW4 is intended to be used in automotive service from a nominal 12 volt battery source. The heater is therefore designed to operate over the 10.0 to 15.9 voltage range encountered in this service. The maximum ratings of the tube provide for an adequate safety factor such that the tube will withstand the wide variation in supply voltages.

### INTERPRETATION OF RATING CHARTS

Rating Charts I, II and III represent boundary conditions beyond which operation of the 6BW4 and 12BW4 is not permitted. With the aid of simple laboratory measurements and the use of the three Charts, any application may be analyzed for proper rectifier type operation.

The boundaries of Rating Chart I are based on limits of supply voltage, plate dissipation and output current. These boundaries differ, depending upon the type of filter used. With capacitor input, operation is confined to the area bounded by FAEDG while for choke input, the entire area bounded by FABCDG may be used.

The boundary of Rating Chart II defines the limit of steady-state peak current. Operation within the boundary is permitted.

Rating Chart III defines the minimum value of effective plate supply resistance, per plate, for any given plate voltage supply which will assure that the surge currents are within a safe value.

$$R_s = N^2 R_{pri} + R_{sec} + R_a$$

Where: N = Voltage step up ratio of plate transformer.

 $R_{pri} = DC$  resistance of transformer primary.

 $R_{\text{sec}} = \text{Average DC}$  resistance of transformer secondary per section.

 $R_a$  = Added series resistance.

For any application, each Chart should be consulted. On all Charts the points of operation should fall within the proper boundaries.

Plate supply voltages are measured with the rectifier tube non-conducting, i.e., with the transformer unloaded. This unloaded voltage is used when calculating rectification efficiency.

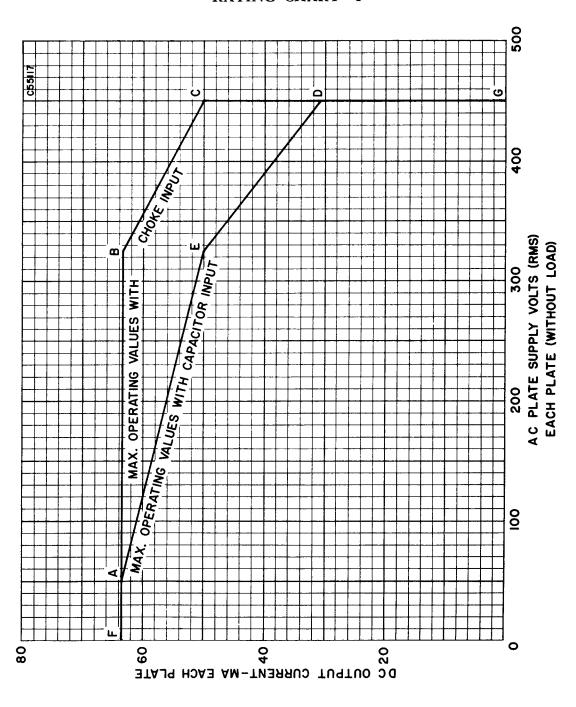
The rectification efficiency is defined as:

DC Output Voltage

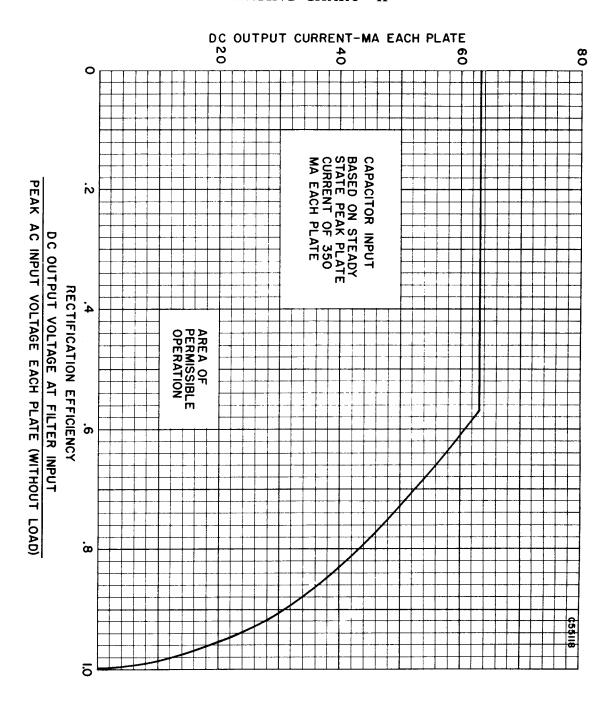
√2 (RMS Supply Voltage Per Plate)

The DC output voltage is measured at the input to the filter.

# RATING CHART I



# RATING CHART II



# RATING CHART III

