

# engineering data service

6944

## ADVANCE DATA

The Sylvania Type 6944 is a subminiature semi-remote cutoff pentode designed for radio frequency amplifier service. This type is characterized by extraordinary freedom from interelement short circuits of short term duration, by high resistance to interelement leakage, and by stable performance. In addition, vibrational output when the tube is subjected to wide band (White Noise) vibration is held to a very low value. It is suitable for service at high altitudes and where severe conditions of mechanical shock, vibration and high temperature are encountered. These characteristics give the type special value in guided missile applications.

#### MECHANICAL DATA

Bulb		•		T-3
Base		E8-10	Subminiature	Button
Outline				3-11
Basing				8DC
Cathode			Coated Unipot	tential
Mounting	Position			Any

#### RATINGS 1

Bulb Temperature (At Hottest Point)	250	$\circ_{\mathbb{C}}$	Max.
Operational Altitude	80,000	Ft	Max.

### DURABILITY CHARACTERISTICS 2

Impact Acceleration 3	100	G
Vibrational Acceleration for an		
Extended Period 4	10	G
On-Off Heater Cycles 5	2000	

#### ELECTRICAL DATA

#### HEATER CHARACTERISTICS

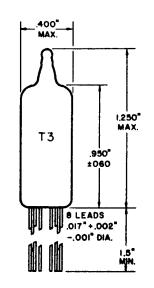
Heater Voltage	6.3 V	
Heater Current	175 mA	
Heater-Cathode Voltage (Absolute Values)	200 v	Max.

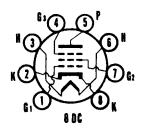
#### CONTROLLED DETRIMENTS

Interelectrode Insulation 6	250	Meg	Min.
Total Grid Current 7	-0.1	μAdc	Max -
Grid Emission 8	-0.5	#Adc	Max.
Hum Output 9		mv pk-pk	
White Noise Vibration Output 10	350	mv pk-pk	Max.
	50	mV rms	Max.
Heater-Cathode Leakage 11	5.0	$\mu$ Adc	Max.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

The Sylvania Type 6944 is a subminiature semiremote cutoff RF pentode designed specifically for guided missile service.





# SYLVANIA ELECTRIC PRODUCTS INC.

# RADIO TUBE DIVISION EMPORIUM, PA.

Prepared and Released By The TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS SECTION EMPORIUM, PENNSYLVANIA

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DIRECT	INTERELECTRODE	CAPACITANCES	12
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Grid No. 1 to Plate Input: gl to (h+k+g2+g3+i.s.+e.s.) Output: p to (h+k+g2+g3+i.s.+e.s.)	0.015 2.9 3.1	րիւչ ՄՈՐՆ	Max.
RATINGS1 (Absolute Values)			
Heater Voltage Variation Instantaneous Plate Voltage Plate Voltage Grid No. 2 Voltage Plate Dissipation Grid No. 2 Dissipation Positive Grid No. 1 Voltage Negative Grid No. 1 Voltage External Grid No. 1 Circuit Resistance Average Cathode Current  AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS	6.3 ± 10% 360 250 150 1.0 0.36 0 55 1.0		Max. Max. Max. Max. Max. Max. Max. Max.
Conditions:  Heater Voltage  Plate Voltage  Grid No. 2 Voltage  Grid No. 3 Voltage  Cathode Bias Resistor  Plate Current  Grid No. 2 Current  Transconductance	6.3 100 100 0 150 7.0 2.1 3200	V Vdc Vdc Ohms mAdc mAdc  umhos	

#### NOTES:

Plate Resistance

Grid No. 1 Voltage for  $Gm = 25 \mu mhos$ 

Operation Time<sup>13</sup> (maximum)

1. Limiting values beyond which normal tube life and normal tube performance may be impaired.

280,000

20

Ohms

88C8

Vdc

- 2. Tests performed as a measure of the mechanical durability of the tube structure.
- 3. Force as applied in any direction by the Navy Type High Impact (Flyweight) Shock Machine for Electronic Devices. Shock duration = 4 milliseconds.
- 4. Vibrational forces applied in any direction for a period of six hours repeatedly sweeping the range from 30 cps to 3000 cps and back, with the period of the sweep cycle being three minutes.
- 5. One cycle consists of the application of Ef = 7.0 V for one minute and interruption of the filament voltage for four minutes. A voltage of Ehk = 140 Vac is applied continuously.

### NOTES: (Cont'd)

- 6. Measured with Ef = 6.3 V, Egl-all = -100 Vdc; Eg2-all = -200 Vdc; Ep-all = -300 Vdc; cathode is positive so that no cathode emission occurs.
- 7. Measured with Ef = 6.3 V; Eb = Ec2 = 100 Vdc; Rk = 150 Ohms; Rgl = 1.0 Meg.
- 8. Preheated for five minutes with Ef = 7.5 V; Eb = 250 Vdc; Ec2 = 150 Vdc; Rk = 1500 Ohms; Rgl = 1.0 Meg; then tested with Ef = 7.5 V; Eb = Ec2 = 100 Vdc; Ecl = -12 Vdc; Rgl = 1.0 Meg. This is a destructive test and therefore must be conducted on a sample basis.
- 9. Test with Ef = 6.3 V (400 cps), Eb = Ec2 = 100 Vdc; Rk = 150 Ohms; Rg2 = 30,000 Ohms; RL = 10,000 Ohms; Measure the hum output across RL in the frequency band from 20 cps to 5000 cps.
- 10. Test with Ef = 6.3 V; Eb = Ec2 = 100 Vdc; Rk = 150 Ohms; Rp = 10,000 Ohms. The White Noise voltage across Rp is filtered to roll off approximately 35 db between 10,000 cps and 13,000 cps and is then measured with both a peak to peak meter and an rms reading meter. The vibrational force applied to the tube under test is such that the instantaneous values of acceleration form a White Noise spectrum from 100 cps to 5000 cps. Energy within this spectrum is distributed such that each octave of bandwidth delivers 2.3 G's rms acceleration. The degree of clipping is such that peak values of acceleration exceed 15 G's.
- 11. Measured with Ef = 6.3 V; Ehk =  $\pm 100$  Vdc.
- 12. Capacitances are measured with an external shield of 0.405" i.d.
- 13. Operation time is the time required for a tube to reach a value of plate current equal to 85% of that value attained after three minutes.



