## STABILISING TUBE

150B3

Miniature gas-filled tube with auxiliary ignition electrode (priming anode) and intended for use as a voltage stabiliser.

PRELIMINARY DATA		
LIMITING VALUES (absolute ratings)		
*Min. voltage necessary for ignition  Max. burning current  Min. burning current  Max. auxiliary anode current	170 20 2.0 0.5	V mA mA
CHARACTERISTICS (measured at 10mA)		
Max. auxiliary anode ignition voltage	240	٧
*Max. ignition voltage	170	٧
Burning voltage (variation from tube to tube), 145 (	to 160	٧
Max. burning voltage difference over current range 2 to 20mA	5.0	٧
*Auxiliary ignition electrode (priming anode) connected through a nominal 270kg resistor.	l to 240V	line
If the auxiliary ignition electrode (priming angle) is not used, it should be connected to the anode through a 68k $\Omega$ resistor. Under these conditions a line voltage of at least 240V will be required to strike the tube.		
OPERATING NOTES		.1.

- To obtain a good-life a reverse current must not be drawn from this tube. This condition is satisfied if any inverse voltage does not exceed 140V.
- 2. The maximum ignition voltage quoted is the greatest voltage which is necessary to ignite any tube in the presence of an ambient illumination of 5 to 50 foot-candles. A voltage of at least this value must be available if reliability of ignition is to be obtained. In complete darkness there may be some delay in igniting the tube.
- 4. The noise generated by the tube over a frequency range (50 to 5,000 c/s) and at any constant current (2 to 20mA) is less than 15mYr.m.s.

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