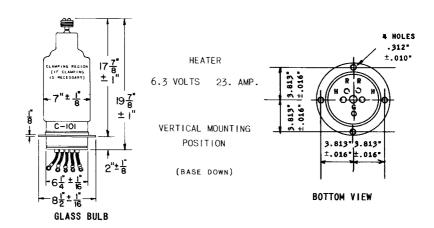
## - TUMB-SOL -

### THYRATRON



THE CH1097 IS A ZERO BIAS HYDROGEN THYRATRON DESIGNED TO PASS HIGH CURRENTS IN "CROWBAR" PROTECTIVE CIRCUITS. AS DESCRIBED IN THE APPLICATION NOTES, DESTRUCTIVE ARC CURRENTS ARE SHORT CIRCUITED BY THE CROWBAR TUBE BEFORE DAMAGE OCCURS TO OTHER TUBES OR CIRCUIT ELEMENTS.

THE INSTANTANEOUS RESPONSE, AND ABILITY TO REPEATEDLY CARRY EXTREMELY LARGE CURRENTS, MAKES THE HYDROGEN THYRATRON PRATICULARLY ATTRACTIVE FOR THIS APPLICATION. ONE TYPE CH1097 CAN HANDLE A PEAK CURRENT OF 2500 AMPS AT 25 KILOVOLTS. THIS TUBE CONTAINS A HYDROGEN RESERVOIR WHICH PROMOTES LONG LIFE AND PERMITS OPTIMUM GAS PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT FOR VARIOUS CONDITIONS OF OPERATION.

### ELECTRICAL DATA

	MIN.	BOGEY	MAX.	
CATHODE HEATER VOLTAGE	6.0	6.3	6.6	VOLTS
CATHODE HEATER CURRENT				
$(E_f = 6.3 \text{ VOLTS})$	20.	23.	40:	AMP.
CATHODE HEATING TIME	15.			MINUTES
RESERVOIR VOLTAGE	3.5	MARKED ON BASE	6.0	VOLTS
RESERVOIR CURRENT			12	AMP.
RESERVOIR HEATING TIME	15.			MINUTES

### MECHANICAL DATA

TYPE OF COOLING

MAX. NET WEIGHT

10 LBS.

MOUNTING POSITION

DIMENSIONS

CONVECTION

VERTICAL, BASE DOWN
SEE OUTLINE DRAWINGS

CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE

## TUNG-SOL -

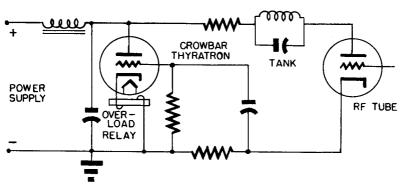
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# MAXIMUM RATINGS

D.C. ANODE VOLTAGE	MIN.	MAX.	
FORWARD INVERSE	7	25 5	KVOLTS KVOLTS
CATHODE CURRENT PEAK		2500	AMP.
AVERAGE CONDUCTION TIME PER FAULT		5 0.1	AMP. SECONDS
AVERAGING TIME RECOVERY TIME		50	SECONDS
GRID SIGNAL VOLTAGE	1400	50 2500	μseconds volts
GRID IMPEDANCE GRID VOLTAGE RATE OF RISE	20 2500	50	OHMS V/μSEC.
ANODE DELAY TIME ANODE VOLTAGE DROP	-	0.6	$\mu$ SECONDS
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE RANGE	50 <del></del> 55	300 + 75	VOLTS °C

### APPLICATION NOTES

IN A TYPICAL APPLICATION, A CROWBAR THYRATRON IS CONNECTED IN SERIES WITH A SUITABLE IMPEDANCE ACROSS THE FILTER OF THE HIGH VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY FOR A HIGH FREQUENCY TRIODE OSCILLATOR. WHENEVER AN ARC OCCURS IN THE OSCILLATOR TUBE, THE RISING CURRENT IS USED TO DELIVER A SUITABLE SIGNAL TO THE GRID OF THE THYRATRON. THE THYRATRON IMMEDIATELY CONDUCTS TO SHORT CIRCUIT THE POWER SUPPLY UNTIL THE PROTECTIVE CIRCUIT BREAKER OPENS O. 1 TO 0.5 SECOND LATER. WITH PROPER CIRCUITRY, THE THYRATRON CAN BE MADE TO RECOVER CONTROL BEFORE THE POWER SUPPLY BREAKER OPENS. IN THIS LATTER CASE, THE OSCILLATOR TUBE IS PROTECTED WITH A MINIMUM INTERRUPTION IN OPERATING TIME.



#### REFERENCES:

SMITH, BOB: THE FAULT DIVERTER - A PROTECTIVE DEVICE FOR HIGH-POWER ELECTRON TUBES. REPORT UCRL-3701 REV. UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, RADIATION LABORATORIES, BERKELEY, CALIF.

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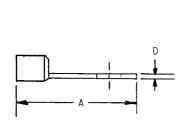
HIGH POWERED HYDROGEN THYRATRONS. CATHODE PRESS, V1, P6, 1954.

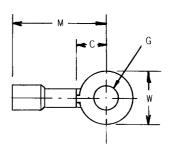
## LEAD CONNECTIONS

EEAD CONNECTIONS					
LEAD	FUNCTION	LEAD COLOR	LUG COLOR	LUG	
1	GRID	GREEN	GREEN	S	
2	HEATER	YELLOW	YELLOW	L	
3	HEATER	YELLOW	YELLOW	L	
- 4	RESERVOIR	RED	RED	S	
5	RESERVOIR	RED	RED	S	
6	CATHODE	TUBE BASE FLANGE			

LEADS ARE FLEXIBLE  $8"\pm 3/4"$  LONG FROM BOTTOM OF BASE TO CENTER OF LUG HOLE. COLOR CODING AS WELL AS BASE MARKING IDENTIFIES THE LEADS.

## LUG DIMENSIONS





LUG	G STUD	A MAX-	W MAX	C MIN.	D	M MAX.
L	1/4"	1.21"	-53"	.41"	.04"	.94"
S	#10	-90"	.31"	-30"	.03"	. 74"

TUNG-SOL ELECTRIC INC. ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION BLOOMFIELD, NEW JERSEY, U.S.A. JUNE 1, 1959 PLATE #5525