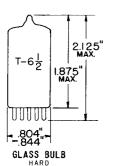
THYRATRON

MINIATURE TYPE



HEATER AC OR DC ANY MOUNTING POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW-SMALL BUTTON MINIATURE 7 PIN BASE 7 FJ

THE 7190 IS A ZERO BIAS MINIATURE HYDROGEN THYRATRON DESIGNED PRIMARILY FOR THE GENERATION OF PULSE VOLTAGES UNDER EXTREME CONDITIONS OF MECHAN-ICAL VIBRATION. THIS TUBE CAN SUPPLY PEAK PULSE POWER OF 10 KILOWATTS AND THEREFORE WILL REPLACE PHYSICALLY LARGER TYPES IN MANY RADAR APPLI-CATIONS. BECAUSE OF ITS CLOSE ELECTRODE SPACING AND SMALL SIZE, MADE POSSIBLE BY HARD GLASS CONSTRUCTION, THE 7190 IS CAPABLE OF RELATIVELY HIGH PULSE REPETITION RATES.

THE 7190, 7191, AND 7192 DIFFER ONLY IN THEIR ELECTRODE TERMINALS. ALL OF THESE TYPES HAVE FOUND USE IN MISSILE APPLICATIONS. THE 7190, 7191, AND 7192 HAVE BEEN DESIGNED INTO SOME EQUIPMENT UNDER THE CHATHAM DE-VELOPMENTAL DESIGNATIONS CH1062, CH1092, AND CH1055 RESPECTIVELY.

ELECTRICAL DATA

| | SYMBOL | MIN. | BOGEY | MAX. | | |
|--|--------|------|-------|------|---------|--|
| HEATER VOLTAGE | | | | | | |
| (WHEN IP IS LESS THAN O.75 AGC, REFER | то | | | | | |
| RECOMMENDED HEATER VOLTAGE CURVE) | Εf | 6.0 | 6.3 | 6.6 | VOLTS | |
| HEATER CURRENT | | | | | | |
| (WITH BOGIE HEATER VOLTAGE) | l f | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | AMP. | |
| CATHODE HEATING TIME | tk | 30 | | | SECONDS | |
| ANODE VOLTAGE DROP (AT RECOMMENDED Ef) | etd | 45 | | 125 | VOLTS | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| MECHANICAL DATIA | | | | | | |

MECHANICAL DARA TYPE OF COOLING CONVECTION (HEAT DISSIPATING SHIELDS MAY BE USED. FORCED AIR COOLING IS NOT RECOMMENDED.) ALITITUDE SEE APPLICATION NOTES MOUNTING POSITION ANY MAXIMUM NET WEIGHT 0.5 OUNCES DIMENSIONS: SEE OUTLINE DRAWINGS SEE OUTLINE DRAWINGS MAXIMUM VIBRATION CONDITIONS 50-2000 cps @ 15 G MAXIMUM SHOCK CONDITIONS 720 G/1MSEC. (480 HAMMER BLOW IN NAVY FLY WEIGHT, HIGH IMPACT SHOCK MACHINE) MICROSCOPIC INSPECTION PER MIL-E-17751B (N ORD) SEE APPLICATION NOTES

CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE

TUNG-SOL ELECTRIC INC. ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION BLOOMFIELD, NEW JERSEY, U.S.A. JANUARY 1, 1959 PLATE \$5393

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RATINGS ABSOLUTE VALUES

| | SYMBOL | MIN. | MAX. | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|------|---------|-----------------|
| PEAK ANODE VOLTAGE | | | | |
| INVERSE (NOTE 1) | epx | | 1200 | VOLTS |
| FORWARD | ерү | 300 | 1200 | VOLTS |
| CATHODE CURRENT | | | | |
| PEAK | i b | | .20.0 | ` AMP. |
| AVERAGE | lb | | 50 | MA. |
| RMS (FOR SQUARE PULSE APPLICATIONS | | | | |
| $I_p = \sqrt{I_b \times ib}$ | Ιp | | 1.0 | AMP. |
| DC ANODE VOLTAGE | €bb | 300 | | VOLTS |
| HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE | Ehk | -100 | +25 | VOLTS |
| OPERATING FREQUENCY | | | _ | |
| (THIS IS NOT NECESSARILY THE UPPER | | | | |
| OPERATING FREQUENCY LIMIT BUT REP- | | | | |
| RESENTS THE HIGHEST REPETITION RATE | | | | |
| EXTENSIVELY LAFE TESTED TO DATE.) | ргг | | 5000 | CPS |
| PEAK GRID VOLTAGE | | | | |
| (SEE RECOMMENDED GRID PULSE | | 3 | | |
| CONDITIONS.) | egy | 175 | 500 | VOLTS |
| PEAK INVERSE GRID VOLTAGE | egx | | 150 | VOLTS |
| HEATING FACTOR (epy x ib x prr.) | Рb | | 1 × 108 | |
| CURRENT RATE OF RISE (NOTE 2) | | | 400 | AMP/ μ SEC. |
| ANODE DELAY TIME (NOTE 3) | tad | | 0.6 | μ SEC. |
| TIME JITTER (NOTE 4) | t j | | 0.01 | μ SEC. |
| AMBIENT TEMPERATURE | TA | -60 | +125 | °c |
| | | | | |

NOTES

In Pulsed Operation, the PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE, EXCLUSIVE OF A SPIKE OF 0.05 MSEC. MAXIMUM DURATION, SHALL NOT EXCERD 500 VOLTS DURING THE FIRST 25 MSEC, FOLLOWING THE ANODE PULSE.

 $^{^2\}mbox{\scriptsize MEASUREMENT}$ made retween 26% and 70.7% points.

 $[{]f J}_{ANODE}$ delay time is defined as the time interval between the point on the rising portion of the grid voltage pulse which is 26 percent of the maximum unloaded pulse amplitude and the point where anode conduction takes place.

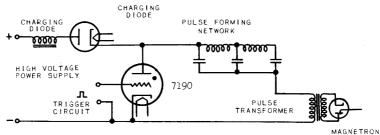
⁴ TIME JITTER IS MEASURED AT 50 PERCENT OF THE PULSE AMPLITUDE AFTER THE TUBE HAS BEEN OPERATING FOR AT LEAST 60 SECONDS. THE LIMIT OF 0.01 μ SEC. SHOWN IS THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE UNDER SPECIFIED UMFAVORABLE OPERATING CONDITIONS. WITH SUFFICIENT GRID DRIVE AND WITH ANODE VOLTAGES OF 600 VOLTS AND ABOVE, JITTER NOT EXCEEDING 0.005 μ SEC. CAN BE EASILY ACHIEVED.

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APPLICATION NOTES

THIS FAMILY OF MINIATURE HYDROGEN THYRATRONS IS DESIGNED FOR USE IN LINE TYPE RADAR MODULATORS. A BASIC CIRCUIT FOR SUCH SERVICE IS ILLUSTRATED BELOW. IN SUCH A CIRCUIT, THE HYDROGEN THYRATRON SERVES AS A SWITCH TO, RELEASE INTO THE MAGNETRON OR OTHER RADIO FREQUENCY GENERATOR, THE ENERGY STORED IN THE PULSE FORMING NETWORK. THESE TUBES ARE ADMIRABLY SUITED FOR SUCH SERVICE BY THEIR ABILITY TO HOLD OFF RELATIVELY HIGH VOLTAGE, AND TO PASS HIGH PEAK CURRENT WITH RELATIVELY LOW TUBE VOLTAGE DROP. THE TUBES WILL OPERATE OVER A WIDE RANGE OF PULSE REPETITION RATES, PULSE WIDTHS AND PEAK CURRENTS, THUS PROVIDING VERY FLEXIBLE CIRCUIT ELEMENTS. TRIGGERING REQUIREMENTS ARE SIMPLIFIED SINCE THE TUBES OPERATE WITH ZERO BIAS.



THE SMALL SIZE, LIGHT WEIGHT, EXTREME RUGGEDNESS, AND ABILITY TO OPERATE AT HIGH AMBIENT TEMPERATURES, MAKE THESE TUBES PARTICULARLY SUITABLE FOR AIRBORNE USE. THE TUBES CAN BE OPERATED IN ANY POSITION. ALL TUBES ARE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MIL-E-17751B (N ORD), THE MILITARY SPECIFICATION FOR ELECTRON TUBES FOR GUIDED MISSILES. THIS ENTAILS 100% MICROSCOPIC INSPECTION WITH A 10 POWER BINOCULAR MICROSCOPE FOR SUCH ITEMS AS SEALS, LEADS AND SPOT WELDS. SAMPLE TUBES ARE VIBRATED WITH VOLTAGES APPLIED OVER A RANGE OF 50 TO 2000 TO 50CPS AT 15G IN 4 MINUTES.

THE 7490 AND THE 7494 FIT A STANDARD 7 PIN MINIATURE SOCKET. THE TUBE PINS, HOWEVER, ARE STIFF, AND CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO HAVE THE SOCKET CLIPS IN PERFECT ALIGNMENT BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO INSERT A TUBE. AS THE TUBE OPERATES AT HIGH TEMPERATURES, A CERAMIC TYPE SOCKET SHOULD BE EMPLOYED. CONNECTIONS TO THE SOCKET SHOULD BE MADE WITH FLEXIBLE LEADS TO PROVIDE FLOATING ACTION FOR THE SOCKET CLIPS. PIN STRAIGHTENERS SHOULD NEVER BE USED ON THESE TUBE TYPES, AS ANY ATTEMPT TO BEND THE PINS WILL RESULT IN CRACKED BUTTON BASES!

THE ANODE CONNECTION ON TYPE 7191 IS A SOLDERING TERMINAL BROUGHT OUT THE TOP OF THE ENVOLOPE. THIS DESIGN PROVIDES A MAXIMUM SPACING BETWEEN THE ANODE LEAD AND THE GRID AND CATHODE PINS TO PREVENT ARC-OVER AT REDUCED AIR PRESSURES. THE 7191 WILL OPERATE FOR SHORT PERIODS AT 80,000 FEET WITHOUT FORCED AIR COOLING. THE NOMINAL ALTITUDE RATING FOR THE 7190 AND 7192 IS 10,000 FEET. HOWEVER, IF PROVISION IS MADE TO PREVENT ARC-OVER BETWEEN PINS, THESE TYPES ALSO WILL OPERATE AT 80,000 FEET. ONE METHOD OF PREVENTING ARC-OVER BETWEEN PINS IS TO POT THE BASE END OF THE TUBE. IF THE ENTIRE ENVELOPE IS TO BE POTTED, HOWEVER, PRECAUTION MUST BE TAKEN TO KEEP BULB TEMPERATURE BELOW 225°C.

TYPE 7192 IS SUPPLIED WITH LONG, FLEXIBLE STRANDED LEAD CONNECTORS THAT MAY BE CRIMPED OR SOLDERED DIRECTLY IN THE CIRCUIT. THE TUBE ITSELF CAN BE SECURED BY ANY SUITABLE MECHANICAL MEANS. ONE SUCH METHOD IS TO HOLD IT IN POSITION WITH A HEAT DISSIPATING CLAMP SUCH AS THE BIRTCHER 6A3.

CATHODE TEMPERATURE IS DETERMINED BY RMS CATHODE CURRENT AS WELL AS BY HEATER POWER. THE BOGEY HEATER VOLTAGE OF 6.3 VOLTS HEREFORE IS APPLITURED FOR LIGHT LOADING IT IS RECOMMENDED TO OPERATE THE HEATER VOLTAGE HIGHER. RECOMMENDED FIGURES FOR VARIOUS OPERATING CONDITIONS ARE SHOWN ON THE CURVES.

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TYPICAL OPERATION

| | ANODE CURRENT | | Peak | | | | |
|--------|---------------|---------|--------|--------------------|-------|------------------------|-------|
| PRR | PEAK | RMS | AVG. | , Anode Voltage | PULSE | GRID | DRIVE |
| (pps) | (Amps) | Amps AC | mÅd.c. | VOLTS | μ sec | μ sec | VOLTS |
| 5000 | 20.0 | 1.0 | 50. | 1000 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 250 |
| 10000 | 6.6 | 0.5 | 37. | 316 | 0.56 | 2.0 | 250 |
| 33000* | 3.5 | 0.46 | 60. | 350 | 0.5 | BLOCKING OSCILLATOR | 200 |

RECOMMENDED GRID PULSE VALUES

| | MIN. | MAX. | |
|---------------------------------|------|------|--------|
| PEAK VOLTAGE | 200 | 500 | VOLTS |
| DRIVER CIRCUIT IMPEDANCE | 200 | 1000 | OHMS |
| VOLTAGE RATE OF RISE μ SEC. | 350 | | VOLTS. |

THESE VALUES ARE AS MEASURED AT THE TUBE SOCKET WITH THE THYRATRON REMOVED. THE GRID PULSE WIDTH SHOULD NOT BE LONGER THAN THE ANODE PULSE EXCEPT IN CASES WHERE THE DRIVER CIRCUIT IMPEDANCE IS HIGH. THE MINIMUM PEAK TRIGGER VOLTAGE RECOMMENDED WILL INCREASE WITH DECREASING TRIGGER PULSE WIDTH. HOWEVER, THIS EFFECT IS IMPORTANT ONLY AT PULSE WIDTHS LESS THAN 0.5 MICROSECONDS.

^{*} LIMITED TEST INFORMATION.

