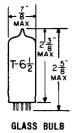
## TUMB-SOL -

## SHEET-BEAM TUBE

MINIATURE TYPE



COATED UNIPOTENTIAL CATHODE

HEATER

6-3 VOLTS 0-3 AMP.

AC OR DC

ANY MOUNTING POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW SMALL BUTTON 9 PIN BASE

PIN #5 SHOULD BE CONNECTED DIRECTLY TO GROUND.

THE 6AR8 IS A DOUBLE-PLATE SHEET-BEAM TUBE CONTAINING A PAIR OF BALANCED DEFLECTORS TO DIRECT THE ELECTRON BEAM TO EITHER OF THE TWO PLATES AND A CONTROL GRID TO VARY THE INTENSITY OF THE BEAM. IT IS DESIGNED FOR USE AS A SYNCHRONOUS DETECTOR IN COLOR TELEVISION RECEIVERS. IT IS ALSO SUITABLE IN THE BURST GATE CIRCUIT OF COLOR TELEVISION AND A VARIETY OF OTHER SWITCHING AND GATING APPLICATIONS.

# DIRECT INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES - APPROX.

DEFLECTOR #1 TO ALL	4.8	ии f
DEFLECTOR #2 TO ALL	4.8	µµ f
GRID #1 TO ALL EXCEPT PLATES	7.5	ии f
PLATE #1 TO ALL	5.0	µц f
PLATE #2 TO ALL	5.0	иц f
GRID #1 TO DEFLECTOR #1	0.040	щи f
GRID #1 TO DEFLECTOR #2	0.060	ии f
PLATE #1 TO PLATE #2	0.4	ии f
DEFLECTOR #1 TO DEFLECTOR #2	0.38	щи f

# RATINGS INTERPRETED ACCORDING TO DESIGN CENTER SYSTEM

HEATER VOLTAGE	6.3	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE #1 VOLTAGE	300	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE #2 VOLTAGE	300	VOLTS
MAXIMUM ACCELERATOR VOLTAGE	300	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK POSITIVE DEFLECTOR #1 VOLTAGE	150	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK NEGATIVE DEFLECTOR #1 VOLTAGE	150	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK POSITIVE DEFLECTOR #2 VOLTAGE	150	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK NEGATIVE DEFLECTOR #2 VOLTAGE	150	VOL TS
MAXIMUM POSITIVE DC GRID #1 VOLTAGE	0	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE #1 DISSIPATION	2.0	WATTS
MAXIMUM PLATE #2 DISSIPATION	2.0	WATTS
MAXIMUM DC CATHODE CURRENT	30	MA.
MAXIMUM GRID #1 CIRCUIT RESISTANCE:		
FIXED BIAS	0.1	ME GOHM
CATHODE BIAS	0.25	MEGOHM

CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE

## TUNG-SOL

#### CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE

### TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

#### DEFLECTORS GROUNDED

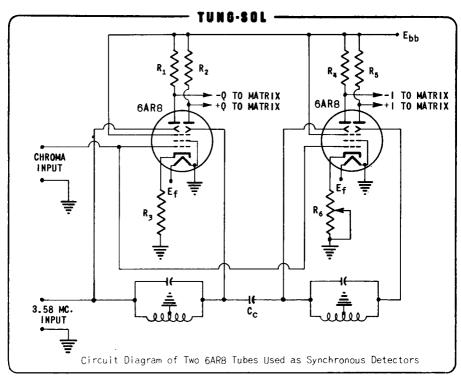
HEATER VOLTAGE	6.3	VOLTS
HEATER CURRENT	0.3	AMP.
PLATE #1 VOLTAGE	250	VOL TS
PLATE #2 CONNECTED TO PLATE #1 ACCELERATOR VOLTAGE	250	VOLTS
DEFLECTOR #1 VOLTAGE	0	VOLTS
DEFLECTOR #2 VOLTAGE	0	VOL TS
CATHODE-BIAS RESISTOR	300	OHMS
TOTAL PLATE CURRENT	10	MA •
ACCELERATOR CURRENT	0.4	MA.
GRID #1 TRANSCONDUCTANCE	4 000	μMH0S
GRID #1 VOLTAGE (APPROX.) $I_b = 10 \mu AMP$ .	-14	VOLTS

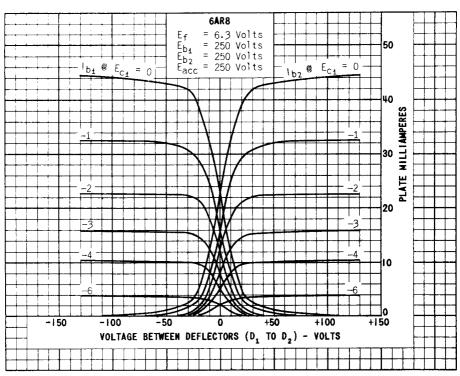
## DEFLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

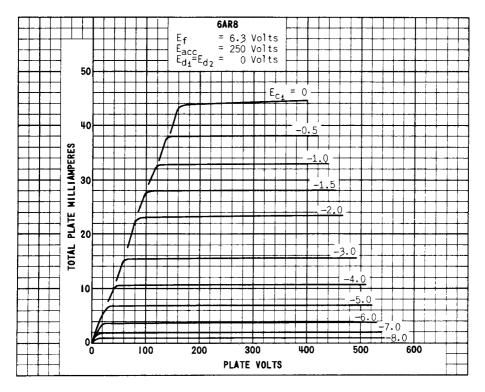
HEATER VOLTAGE	6.3	VOLTS
HEATER CURRENT	0.3	AMP.
PLATE #1 VOLTAGE	250	VOL TS
PLATE #2 VOLTAGE	250	VOLTS
ACCELERATOR VOLTAGE	250	VOLTS
CATHODE-BIAS RESISTOR	300	OHMS
DEFLECTING SWITCHING VOLTAGE (MAX.)	20	VOLTS
DEFLECTOR-BIAS VOLTAGE FOR		
MINIMUM DEFLECTOR SWITCHING VOLTAGE <sup>A</sup>	-8	VOLTS
VOLTAGE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN		
DEFLECTORS FOR $l_{b_4} = l_{b_2}$ (APPROX.)	0	VOLTS
PLATE #1 CURRENT (MAX.)		
$\epsilon_{d_1}$ = -15 VOLTS, $\epsilon_{d_2}$ = +15 VOLTS	1.0	MA.
PLATE #2 CURRENT (MAX.)		
$E_{d_1} = +15$ VOLTS, $E_{d_2} = -15$ VOLTS	1.0	MA.
DEFLECTOR #1 CURRENT (MAX.)		
$E_{d_1} = +25$ VOLTS, $E_{d_2} = -25$ VOLTS	0.5	MA.
DEFLECTOR #2 CURRENT (MAX.)		
$E_{d_1} = -25$ VOLTS, $E_{d_2} = +25$ VOLTS	0.5	MA -

A DEFLECTOR SWITCHING VOLTAGE IS DEFINED AS THE TOTAL VOLTAGE CHANGE ON EITHER DEFLECTOR WITH AN EQUAL AND OPPOSITE CHANGE ON THE OTHER DEFLECTOR REQUIRED TO SWITCH THE PLATE CURRENT FROM ONE PLATE TO THE OTHER-

NOTE: THE 6ARB SHOULD BE SO LOCATED IN THE RECEIVER THAT IT IS NOT SUBJECTED TO STRAY MAGNETIC FIELDS.







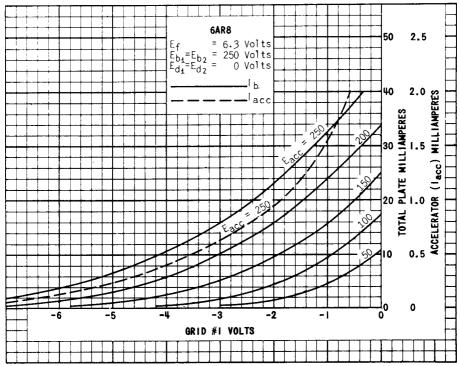


PLATE #4278 MARCH 1, 1955 TUNG-SOL ELECTRIC INC. ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION BLOOMFIELD, NEW JERSEY, U.S.A.