# --- TUNG·SOL -

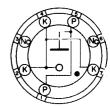
# **VOLTAGE REGULATOR**

MINIATURE TYPE



COLD CATHODE

ANY MOUNTING POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW SMALL-BUTTON MINIATURE 7 PIN BASE

THE 6627/OB2WA IS A MINIATURE, TWO ELECTRODE, INERT-GAS-FILLED, COLD CATHODE TUBE FOR USE AS A VOLTAGE REGULATOR. IT MAINTAINS PRACTICALLY CONSTANT OPERATING VOLTAGE OVER A CURRENT RANGE OF 5 TO 30 MILLIAMPERES. IT HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO GIVE EXTREMELY SMALL VOLTAGE DRIFT THROUGHOUT LIFE BY CONTROLLED MANUFACTURING PROCESSES. THIS TUBE HAS BEEN SPECIALLY DESIGNED TO MAINTAIN STABLE OPERATING VOLTAGES THROUGH LIFE, EVEN IN APPLICATIONS WHICH REQUIRE TUBES TO OPERATE CONTINUOUSLY UNDER ENVIRON-MENTAL CONDITIONS WHICH RAISE THE BULB TEMPERATURE TO A MAXIMUM OF 150°C

OVER THE RANGE OF 6 TO 10 MILLIAMPERES, THIS TUBE EXHIBITS REFERENCE TUBE CHARACTERISTICS. THE 6627/OB2WA ALSO HAS IMPROVED CHARACTERISTICS FOR SHOCK, VIBRATION, AND DARK BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE.

#### ELECTRICAL DATA

CATHODE

COLD

### MECHANICAL DATA

MOUNTING POSITION MAXIMUM OVERALL LENGTH MAXIMUM SEATED LENGTH MAXIMUM DIAMETER WEIGHT (APPROX.) BULB BASE

ANY 2 5/8 2 3/8 3/4 0.3

INCHES

INCHES

INCHES

OUNCES

T-5 1/2

SMALL-BUTTON MINIATURE 7 PIN (JEDEC EZ-1)

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#### RATINGS ABSOLUTE VALUES

MAXIMUM DC CATHODE CURRENT	30	MA.
MINIMUM DC CATHODE CURRENT	5	MA.
MAXIMUM BULB TEMPERATURE	150	°c
MINIMUM AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	<del>-</del> 55	°c
MAXIMUM ALTITUDE	120 000	FEET
MAXIMUM INVERSE VOLTAGE	-50.	VOLTS
SHOCK IMPACT	450	G/ms
VIBRATION FATIGUE	2.5	G

# CIRCUIT VALUES

MAXIMUM SHUNT CAPACITOR	0.1	цf
SERIES RESISTOR	SEE OPERATION NOTES	,

# ADDITIONAL TESTS TO INSURE RELIABILITY RANDOMLY SELECTED SAMPLES ARE SUBJECTED TO THE FOLLOWING TESTS

SHOCK: 30° HAMMER ANGLE IN NAVY, FLYWEIGHT, HIGH IMPACT MACHINE (450 G/msec).	r	
FATIGUE: 25 CPS, O.O8" TOTAL DISPLACEMENT, FOR 32 HOURS OF 3 MUTUALLY PERPENDICULAR PLANES (2.5 G).	3 IN	
POST SHOCK AND FATIGUE LIMITS:		
TUBE VOLTAGE DROP ( 5. & 30. MA.) REGULATION (5. TO 30. MA.) (MAX.)	130 To 111 2.5	VDC VDC VDC
SURVIVAL RATE LIFE TEST (400 HOURS): END POINT:		
CHANGE IN TUBE VOLTAGE DROP FROM INITIAL VALVE VOLTAGE REPEATABILITY (MAX.)	5 0.4	PERCENT VDC
INTERMITTENT LIFE TEST: END POINTS (500 HOURS):		
CHANGE IN TUBE VOLTAGE DROP FROM INITIAL VALUE (MAX.) TUBE VOLTAGE DROP 103 REGULATION (MAX.) IONIZATION VOLTAGE (MAX.)	3 то 113 3.0 130	PERCENT VDC. VDC. VDC
END POINTS (1000 HOURS):		
CHANGE IN TUBE VOLTAGE DROP FROM INITIAL VALUE (MAX.) TUBE VOLTAGE DROP REGULATION (MAX.) IONIZATION VOLTAGE (MAX.)	4 то 116 3.0 130	PERCENT VDC VDC VDC

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0.4

VDC

VOLTAGE REPEATABILITY (MAX.)

# EQUIPMENT DESIGN AND RANGE VALUES

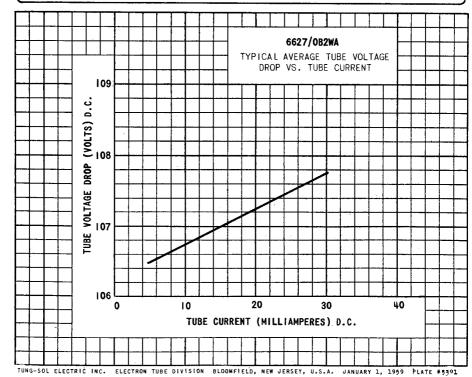
	MIN.	AVG.	MAX.	
DC ANODE SUPPLY VOLTAGE IN DARKNESS	130 <b>^</b>			VOLTS
DC ANODE SUPPLY VOLTAGE IN LIGHT	130 <b>^</b>			VOLTS
ANODE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE		118	130	VOLTS
TUBE VOLTAGE DROP (1) AT 5.MA.	103	107		VOLTS
TUBE VOLTAGE DROP (2) AT 30. MA.		108	116	VOLTS
REGULATION		1.1	2.5	VOLTS
VOLTAGE JUMP <sup>B</sup>		Q	100	MVOLTS
VOLTAGE REPEATABILITY <sup>C</sup>		0.1	0.4	VOLTS
OSCILLATION (AURAL CHECK)				
NOISE		0	5.0	MVOLTS
LEAKAGE CURRENT ( $E_b^= 50V$ , $R_p^= 3000\Omega$ )		0	5.Q	$\mu$ AMPS
MAXIMUM SHUNT CAPACITOR			0.1	$\mu$ f
SERIES RESISTOR	D			
MAXIMUM CURRENT THROUGH				
INTERCONNECTED LEADS			1.0	AMP.

ATO ASSURE STARTING THROUGHOUT TUBE LIFE, THE SUPPLY VOLTAGE SHOULD NOT BE LESS THAN THIS VALUE.

BTHE MAXIMUM VOLTAGE FLUCTUATION AT ANY CURRENT LEVEL WITHIN THE CURRENT RANGE OF 6 TO 10 MA.

 $C_{\mathsf{TUBE}}$  is cycled one minute on and one minute off for five cycles. Readings are taken initially and at the end of each "on" period.

DSUFFICIENT SERIES RESISTANCE MUST BE USED TO LIMIT THE CURRENT TO A MAXIMUM OF 30. MA. AT THE HIGHEST ANODE SUPPLY VOLTAGE AND TO LIMIT THE CURRENT TO A MINIMUM OF 5. MA. AT THE LOWEST ANODE SUPPLY VOLTAGE.



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#### OPERATING NOTES

IN THE OPERATION OF A GLOW TUBE THERE ARE SEVERAL REQUIREMENTS WHICH MUST ALWAYS BE MET. THE FIRST IS THAT THE SUPPLY VOLTAGE MUST ALWAYS BE GREATER THAN THE ANODE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE AND THE SECOND IS THAT SUFFICIENT RESISTANCE MUST ALWAYS BE PUT IN SERIES WITH THE TUBE IN ORDER TO LIMIT THE CURRENT TO THE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM VALUES GIVEN IN THE RATINGS.

IN ORDER TO ILLUSTRATE HOW TO CALCULATE THE VALUE OF THE SERIES RESISTANCE A TYPICAL REGULATOR CIRCUIT IS SHOWN IN FIGURE 1.

FROM FIGURE 1 WE SEE THAT  $v_1$  IS THE UNREGULATED SUPPLY VOLTAGE,  $v_2$  IS THE TUBE VOLTAGE DROP OR THE REGULATED VOLTAGE SUPPLIED TO THE LOAD,  $R_1$  IS THE SERIES LIMITING RESISTOR,  $R_2$  IS THE VARIABLE LOAD,  $I_T$  IS THE TUBE CURRENT AND  $I_1$  IS THE LOAD CURRENT.

WE SEE THAT THE TUBE CURRENT WILL BE A MAXIMUM WHEN THE SUPPLY VOLTAGE IS A MAXIMUM (V $_1$  MAX.); WHEN THE LOAD CURRENT IS A MINIMUM (I $_1$  MIN.); AND WHEN THE TUBE VOLTAGE DROP IS A MINIMUM (V $_2$  MIN.). THEREFORE THE CONDITIONS WHICH DETERMINE THE LOWER LIMIT FOR THE SERIES RESISTANCE R $_4$  ARE THAT

$$R_1 > \frac{V_1 \text{ MAX.} - V_2 \text{ MIN.}}{I_1 \text{ MAX.} + I_1 \text{ MIN.}}$$

IN A LIKE MANNER IT CAN BE SHOWN THAT THE VALUE OF  $\mathbf{R_1}$  IN ORDER TO LIMIT THE CURRENT TO THE MINIMUM VALUE REQUIRES THAT

$$R_1 < \frac{V1 \text{ MIN.} - V2 \text{ MAX.}}{IT \text{ MIN.} + IL \text{ MAX.}}$$

WHEN THESE VALUES HAVE BEEN COMPUTED, ONE SHOULD CHECK TO SEE IF THERE IS SUFFICIENT STARTING VOLTAGE BY THE FOLLOWING RELATION

$$v_1 \text{ min.} \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} > v \text{ starting}$$

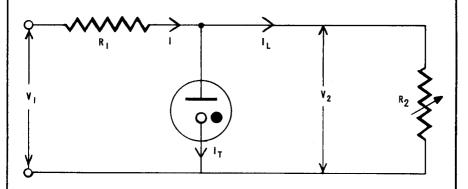
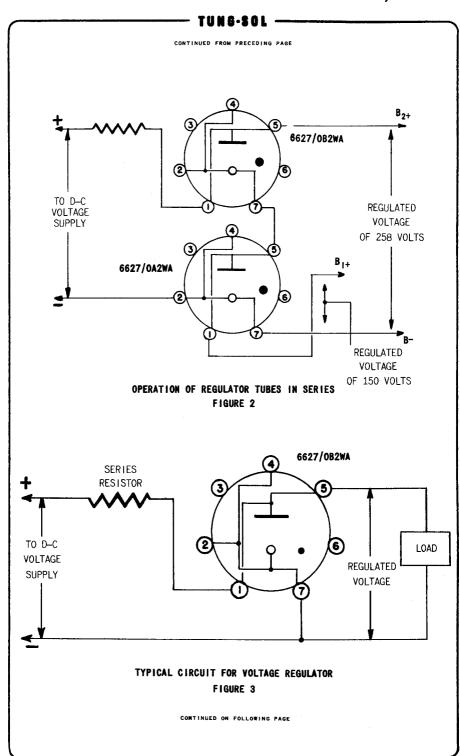


FIGURE I



# TUNG-SOL -

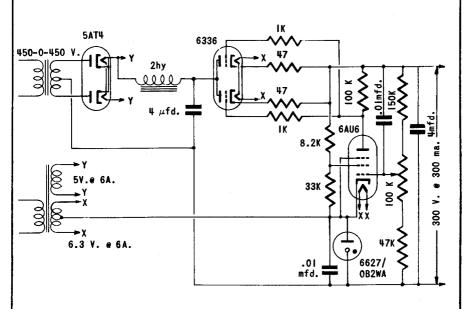
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WHEN THESE CALCULATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE AND THERE IS INSUFFICIENT START-ING VOLTAGE, A NEW LOAD CURRENT OF LOWER VALUE MUST BE USED AND THE CALCULATIONS REPEATED.

CIRCUITS WHICH HAVE A CAPACITOR IN SHUNT WITH THE 6627/082WA SHOULD BE LIMITED IN VALUE TO O.4  $\mu fd$ ; LARGER VALUES MAY CAUSE THE TUBE TO OSCILLATE.

OPERATION OF THE 6627/082WA IN PARALLEL IS NOT RECOMMENDED UNLESS A RESISTANCE OF APPROXIMATELY 100 OHMS IS USED IN SERIES WITH EACH 6627/082WA TO EQUALIZE DIVISION OF THE CURRENT. HOWEVER, IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT WHILE THIS TYPE OF OPERATION ENABLES ONE TO HANDLE MORE LOAD CURRENT, IT REDUCES THE REGULATION THAT CAN BE OBTAINED.

IF IT IS DESIRED TO OBTAIN HIGHER REGULATING VOLTAGES, TUBES MAY BE OP-ERATED IN SERIES AS INDICATED IN FIGURE 2. HOWEVER, CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO SEE THAT SUFFICIENT SUPPLY VOLTAGE IS AVAILABLE TO START BOTH TUBES.



TYPICAL APPLICATION OF 6627/OB2WA
USED IN VOLTAGE REGULATED POWER SUPPLY
FIGURE 4