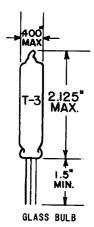
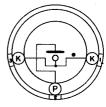
VOLTAGE REGULATOR

SUB-MINIATURE TYPE



COLD CATHODE

ANY MOUNTING POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW
O.016" TINNED
FLEXIBLE LEADS
O.096" CENTER TO CENTER

THE 6542 IS A TWO ELECTRODE, INERT-GAS-FILLED COLD CATHODE SUBMINIATURE TUBE INTENDED FOR USE AS A VOLTAGE REGULATOR. THE TUBE HAS A MAINTAINING VOLTAGE OF APPROXIMATELY 150 VOLTS OVER A CURRENT RANGE OF 5 TO 25 MA. THE 6542 IS EXCELLENT FOR APPLICATIONS WHICH REQUIRE GOOD VOLTAGE REGULATION AND LONG LIFE, CONSISTENT WITH SMALL SIZE AND LOW WEIGHT.

ELECTRICAL DATA

CATHODE

COLD

MECHANICAL DATA

MOUNTING POSITION
MAXIMUM OVERALL LENGTH
MAXIMUM DIAMETER
WEIGHT (APPROX.)
BULB
BASE

2.125 0.400 0.16

T-3

INCHES INCHES OUNCES

SUB-MINIATURE FLAT PRESS WITH 3 FLYING LEADS

CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE

-- TUNG-SOL --

CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE

RATINGS ABSOLUTE VALUES

MAXIMUM DC CATHODE CURRENT	25	MA.
MINIMUM DC CATHODE CURRENT	5	MA.
MAXIMUM BULB TEMPERATURE	155	°c
MINIMUM AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	- 55	°c
MAXIMUM ALTITUDE	60 000	FFFT

CIRCUIT VALUES

maximum shunt capacitor 0.1 μ series resistor see operation notes

EQUIPMENT DESIGN AND RANGE VALUES

	MIN.	ŸAG.	MAX.	
DC ANODE SUPPLY VOLTAGE	185*			VOLTS
ANODE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE		150	180	VOLTS
TUBE VOLTAGE DROP	140	147	168	VOLTS
REGULATION (5 TO 3O MA.)		0.8	6	VOLTS

^{*}IN ORDER TO ASSURE STARTING THROUGH TUBE LIFE NOT LESS THAN THE SPECIFIED SUPPLY VOLTAGE
SHOULD BE PROVIDED.

CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE

CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE OPERATING NOTES

IN THE OPERATION OF A GLOW TUBE THERE ARE SEVERAL REQUIREMENTS WHICH MUST ALWAYS BE MET. THE FIRST IS THAT THE SUPPLY VOLTAGE MUST ALWAYS BE GREATER THAN THE ANODE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE AND THE SECOND IS THAT SUFFICIENT RESISTANCE MUST ALWAYS BE PUT IN SERIES WITH THE TUBE IN ORDER TO LIMIT THE CURRENT TO THE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM VALUES GIVEN IN THE RATINGS.

IN ORDER TO ILLUSTRATE HOW TO CALCULATE THE VALUE OF THE SERIES RESISTANCE A TYPICAL REGULATOR CIRCUIT IS SHOWN IN FIGURE 1.

FROM FIGURE 1 WE SEE THAT v_1 is the unregulated supply voltage, v_2 is the Tube voltage drop on the regulated voltage supplied to the load, $\rm R_1$ is the series limiting resistor, $\rm R_1$ is the variable load, $\rm I_T$ is the tube current and $\rm I_1$ is the load current.

WE SEE THAT THE TUBE CURRENT WILL BE A MAXIMUM WHEN THE SUPPLY VOLTAGE IS A MAXIMUM (V_1 MAX.); WHEN THE LOAD CURRENT IS A MINIMUM (I_L MIN.); AND WHEN THE TUBE VOLTAGE DROP IS A MINIMUM (V_2 MIN.). THEREFORE THE CONDITIONS WHICH DETERMINE THE LOWER LIMIT FOR THE SERIES RESISTANCE R_A ARE THAT

$$R_1 > \frac{V_1 \text{ MAX.} - V_2 \text{ MIN.}}{I_T \text{ MAX.} + I_1 \text{ MIN.}}$$

IN A LIKE MANNER IT CAN BE SHOWN THAT THE VALUE OF ${\sf R_4}$ IN ORDER TO LIMIT THE CURRENT TO THE MINIMUM VALUE REQUIRES THAT

$$R_1 < \frac{V1 \text{ MIN.} - V2 \text{ MAX.}}{IT \text{ MIN.} + IL \text{ MAX.}}$$

WHEN THESE VALUES HAVE BEEN COMPUTED, ONE SHOULD CHECK TO SEE IF THERE IS SUFFICIENT STARTING VOLTAGE BY THE FOLLOWING RELATION

$$v_1 = \frac{R_L}{R_1 + R_L} < v \text{ STARTING}$$

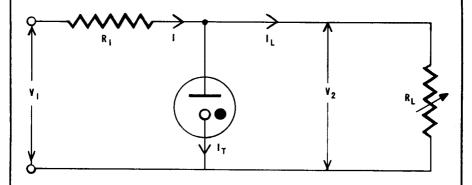
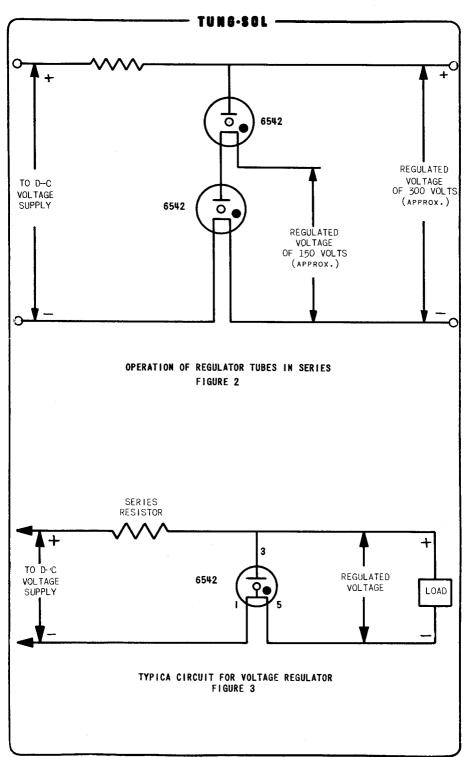


FIGURE I

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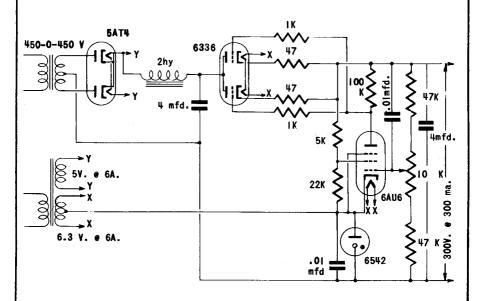


WHEN THESE CALCULATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE AND THERE IS INSUFFICIENT START-ING VOLTAGE, A NEW LOAD CURRENT OF LOWER VALUE MUST BE USED AND THE CALCULATIONS REPEATED.

CIRCUITS WHICH HAVE A CAPACITOR IN SHUNT WITH THE $6542\,\mathrm{Should}$ BE LIMITED IN VALUE TO O.1 μf , LARGER VALUES MIGHT CAUSE OSCILLATIONS.

OPERATION OF THE 6542 IN PARALLEL IS NOT RECOMMENDED UNLESS A RESISTANCE OF APPROXIMATELY 4∞ ohms is used in series with each 6542 to equilize division of current. However, it should be noted that while this enables one to handle more load current it reduces the regulation that can be obtained.

IF IT IS DESIRED TO OBTAIN HIGHER REGULATING VOLTAGES, TÜBES MAY BE OPERATED IN SERIES AS INDICATED IN FIGURE 2. HOWEVER, CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO SEE THAT SUFFICIENT SUPPLY VOLTAGE IS AVAILABLE TO START BOTH TUBES.



TYPICAL APPLICATION OF 6542
USED IN VOLTAGE REGULATED POWER SUPPLY
FIGURE 4

