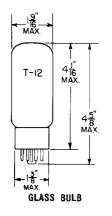
# TUMB-SOL -

#### TWIN DIODE



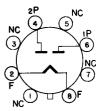
COATED FILAMENT

5.0 VOLTS

3.0 AMP.

VERTICAL MOUNTING POSITION

HORIZONTAL OPERATION IS PERMITTED IF PINS 2 AND 4 ARE IN A VERTICAL PLANE.



## BOTTOM VIEW

SHORT MEDIUM SHELL 8 PIN OCTAL WITH BARRIER

BASING DIAGRAM

JEDEC 5T

TUBE OUTLINE JEDEC 12-16

THE 5V3A IS A FILAMENTARY FULL WAVE, HIGH VACUUM RECTIFIER DESIGNED FOR SERVICE IN THE POWER SUPPLY OF TELEVISION RECEIVERS OR OTHER EQUIPMENT REQUIRING HIGH CURRENTS.

### RATINGS INTERPRETED ACCORDING TO DESIGN MAXIMUM SYSTEMB RECTIFIER SERVICEC

FILAMENT VOLTAGE	5.0±0.5	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK INVERSE PLATE VOLTAGE	1550	VOLTS
MAXIMUM RMS AC PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE (EACH PLATE)	550	VOLTS
MAXIMUM STEADY STATE PEAK PLATE CURRENT(EA. PLATE)	1.4	AMP.
MAXIMUM TRANSIENT PEAK PLATE CURRENT (EACH PLATE)	6.6	AMP.
MAXIMUM DC OUTPUT CURRENT (CONDENSER INPUT)		
WITH AC PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE OF 470 VOLTS (RMS)	415	MA.
MAXIMUM BULB TEMPERATURE	240	°c
TUBE VOLTAGE DROP, TUBE CONDUCTING 350 MA (EA. PLATE)	42	VOLTS

## TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

390

VOLTS

FULL WAVE RECTIFIER-CAPACITOR INPUT FILTER

AC PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE (EA. PLATE)RMS <sup>D</sup> FILTER INPUT CAPACITOR EFFECTIVE PLATE SUPPLY RESISTANCE (EA. PLATE) DC OUTPUT CURRENT DC OUTPUT VOLTAGE AT FILTER INPUT  FULL WAVE RECTIFIER-CHOKE INPUT	300	425	VOLTS
	40	40	µf
	20	50	OHMS
	380	350	MA.
	300	440	VOLTS
AC PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE (EACH PLATE) RMS <sup>D</sup> FILTER INPUT CHOKE DC OUTPUT CURRENT	FILLER	500 10 350	VOLTS' HENRY MA.

CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE

DC OUTPUT VOLTAGE AT FILTER INPUT

### -- TUNG-20L ---

CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE

NOTES

Bussign-maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental combitions applicable to a bodgy electron device of a specified type as defined by its published data, and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions. The device manufacturer chooses tress values to provide acceptable serviceability of the device, taking perponsibility for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in device characteristics. The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout the no design-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with a boggy device under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltrace variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, and environmental conditions.

 $^{
m C}$  for use with sinusoidal supply voltages within the frequency range of 25 to 1000 cycles.

 $^{\mathrm{D}}$ ac plate voltage is measured without load.

EFILAMENT CURRENT AT 5.0 VOLTS.