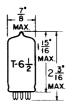
- TUNG-SOL -

TRIODE-PENTODE

MINIATURE TYPE



GLASS BULB

COATED UNIPOTENTIAL CATHODE

HEATER
4.7 VOLTS 0.6 AMP.
AC OR DC

ANY MOUNTING POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW
MINIATURE BUTTON
9 PIN BASE
9GJ

THE 5098 IS A MINIATURE TRIODE PENTODE USING THE 9-PIN MINIATURE CONSTRUCTION. THE PENTODE IS DESIGNED FOR TELEVISION IF AND CONTAINS A SUPPRESSOR INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO THE TRIODE CATHODE PERMITTING DEGENERATION IN THE PENTODE CATHODE. THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE HEATER ARE CONTROLLED SUCH THAT HEATER VOLTAGE SURGES DURING THE WARM-UP CYCLE ARE MINIMIZED PROVIDED IT IS USED WITH OTHER TYPES WHICH ARE SIMILARLY CONTROLLED. EXCEPT FOR HEATER VOLTAGE AND CURRENT, THE 50R8 IS IDENTICAL TO THE 50R8.

DIRECT INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES - APPROX.

TRIODE: GRID TO PLATE: G TO P INPUT: G TO (H + K) OUTPUT: P TO (H + K)	1.6 2.6 1.4	μμ f μμ f μμ f
PENTODE: GRID #1 TO PLATE: G1 TO P (MAX.) INPUT: G1 TO (H+K+G2+G3+I.S.) OUTPUT: P TO {H+K+G2+G3+I.S.}	0.018 6.0 2.8	µµ.f µµ.f µµ.f
COUPLING: PENTODE PLATE TO TRIODE PLATE (MAX.) PENTODE GRID #1 TO TRIODE PLATE (MAX.) PENTODE PLATE TO TRIODE GRID (MAX.)	0.1C 0.14 0.011	μμ f μμ f μμ f

RATINGS A INTERPRETED ACCORDING TO DESIGN CENTER SYSTEM

	TRIODE	PENTODE	
HEATER VOLTAGE	4.7	4.7	VOLTS
MAXIMUM HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE			
HEATER NEGATIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE			
DC AND PEAK	200	200	VOLTS
HEATER POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE			
0 C	100	100	VOLTS
DC AND PEAK	200	200	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE VOLTAGE	330	330	VOLTS
MAXIMUM GRID #2 SUPPLY VOLTAGE		330	VOLTS
MAXIMUM GRID #2 VOLTAGE	SEE RATI	NG CHART	

CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE

TUNS-SOL

CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE

RATINGS - CONT DA INTERPRETED ACCORDING TO DESIGN CENTER SYSTEM

	TRIODE	PENTODE	
HEATER VOLTAGE	4.7	4.7	VOLTS
MAXIMUM POSITIVE GRID #1 VOLTAGE	0	0	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE DISSIPATION	2.75	2.3	WATTS
MAXIMUM GRID #2 DISSIPATION		0.55	WATT
MAXIMUM GRID #1 CIRCUIT RESISTANCE			
FIXED BIAS	0.5		MEGOHM
SELF BIAS	1.0		MEGOHM
HEATER WARM-UP TIME*	11	.0	SECONDS

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

CLASS A1 AMPLIFIER

	TRIODE	PENTODE	
HEATER VOLTAGE	4.7	4.7	VOLTS
HEATER CURRENT	0.6	0.6	AMP.
PLATE VOLTAGE	125	125	VOLTS
GRID #2 VOLTAGE		125	VOLTS
GRID #1 VOLTAGE	-2	0	VOLTS
CATHODE BIAS RESISTOR		56	OHMS
PLATE CURRENT	12	13	MA.
GRID #2 CURRENT		3	MA.
AMPLIFICATION FACTOR	22		
TRANSCONDUCTANCE	4 000	7 700	μ MHOS
PLATE RESISTANCE (APPROX.)	5 500	300 000	OHMS
GRID #1 VOLTAGE (APPROX.) FOR Ib = 10 μ A	-13		VOLTS
GRID #1 VOLTAGE (APPROX.) FOR 15 = 20 4A		-6.5	VOLTS
PLATE CURRENT WITH Ec1 =-3 Vdc, RK=O		2.8	MA.

A DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS ARE THE LIMITING VALUES EXPRESSED WITH RESPECT TO BOGIE TUBES AT WHICH SATISFACTORY TUBE LIFE CAM BE EXPECTED TO OCCUR. TO OBTAIN SATISFACTORY CIRCUIT PERFORMANCE, THEREFORE, THE EQUIPMENT DESIGNER MUST ESTABLISH THE CIRCUIT DESIGN SO THAT NO DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUE IS EXCEEDED WITH A BOGIE TUBE UNDER THE WORST PROBABLE OPERATING CONDITIONS WITH RESPECT TO SUPPLY-VOLTAGE VARIATION, EQUIPMENT COMPONENT VARIATION, EQUIPMENT CONTROL ADJUSTMENT, LOAD VARIATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

^{*}HEATER WARM—UP TIME IS DEFINED AS THE TIME REQUIRED FOR THE VOLTAGE ACROSS THE HEATER TO REACH 80% OF ITS RATED VOLTAGE AFTER APPLYING 4 TIMES RATED HEATER VOLTAGE TO A CIRCUIT CONSISTING OF THE TUBE HEATER IN SERIES WITH A RESISTANCE OF VALUE 3 TIMES THE NOMINAL HEATER OPERATING RESISTANCE.



