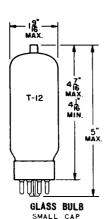
TUNG-SOL -

PENTODE



COATED UNIPOTENTIAL CATHODE

HEATER
25.0 VOLTS 0.6 AMP.
AC OR DC

VERTICAL MOUNTING POSITION HORIZONTAL OPERATION PERMITTED IF PLANE OF PINS 1 AND 3 IS VERTICAL



BOTTOM VIEW
SHORT-MEDIUM SHELL
8 PIN OCTAL
58T

THE 25DN6 IS A BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER INTENDED FOR USE AS A HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER IN 600 MA. SERIES HEATER OPERATED TELEVISION RECEIVERS HAVING LOW B SUPPLY VOLTAGE. THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE HEATER HAVE BEEN CONTROLLED SUCH THAT HEATER VOLTAGE SURGES DURING THE WARM—UP CYCLE ARE MINIMIZED PROVIDED IT IS USED WITH OTHER TYPES WHICH ARE SIMILARLY CONTROLLED.

DIRECT INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES -	APPROX.	
GRID #1 TO PLATE	0.8	uu f
INPUT	22	uu f
OUTPUT	11.5	uu f
RATINGS INTERPRETED ACCORDING TO DESIGN CENTER VALUES A		
HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER ^B		
HEATER VOLTAGE	25.0	VOLTS
MAXIMUM HEATER—CATHODE VOLTAGE: HEATER NEGATIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE	25.0	
TOTAL DC AND PEAK	200	VOLTS
HEATER POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE DC	300	
TOTAL DC AND PEAK	100 200	VOLTS VOLTS
MAXIMUM DC PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE (BOOST + DC POWER SUPPLY)		VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK POSITIVE PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE (ABS. MAX.)	6 600	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK NEGATIVE PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE	1 500	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE DISSIPATIONC	15	WATTS
MAXIMUM PEAK NEGATIVE GRID #4 VOLTAGE	200	VOLTS
MAXIMUM DC GRID #2 VOLTAGE	175	VOLTS
MAXIMUM GRID #2 DISSIPATION	3.0	WATTS
MAXIMUM AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT	200	MA.
MAXIMUM PEAK CATHODE CURRENT	700	MA.
MAXIMUM GRID #4 CIRCUIT RESISTANCE	0.47	MEGOHM
MAXIMUM BULB TEMPERATURE (AT HOTTEST POINT)	225	°C
HEATER WARM-UP TIME (APPROX.)	11.0	SECONDS
Auri coe arusami co i un i aire		

AUNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE

BFOR OPERATION IN A 525-LINE, 30-FRAME SYSTEM AS DESCRIBED IN "STANDARDS OF GOOD ENGINEER-ING PRACTICE FOR TELEVISION BROADCASTING STATIONS; FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION". THE DUTY CYCLE OF THE VOLTAGE PULSE NOT TO EXCEED 15 PERCENT OF A SCANNING CYCLE.

 $^{^{}m C}$ in stages operating with grid-leak bias, an adequate cathode bias resistor or other suitable means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.

D.

MEATER WARM-UP TIME IS DEFINED AS THE TIME REQUIRED FOR THE VOLTAGE ACROSS THE HEATER TO REACH
80% OF 1TS RATED VOLTAGE AFTER APPLYING 4 TIMES RATED HEATER VOLTAGE TO A CIRCUIT CONSISTING
0F THE TUBE MEATER IN SERIES WITH A RESISTANCE OF VALUE 3 TIMES THE NOMINAL HEATER OPERATING
RESISTANCE.

CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

HEATER VOLTAGE HEATER CURRENT	25.0	VOLTS	
	0.6	AMP.	
PENTODE OPERATION: WITH $E_b = 125$ VOLTS, $E_{c2} = 125$ VOLTS AND $E_{c1} = -100$	18 VOLTS.		
PLATE CURRENT	70	MA.	
GRID #2 CURRENT	6.3	MA.	
TRANSCONDUCTANCE	9 000	MHOS	
PLATE RESISTANCE (APPROX.)	4 000	OHMS	
ZERO-BIAS: WITH Eb = 50 VOLTS, Ec2 = 100 VOLTS & Ec1 = 0 VOLTS (INSTANTANEOUS VALUES)			
PLATE CURRENT	240	MA.	
GRID #2 CURRENT	30	MA.	
CUT-OFF: FOR I_b = 0.5 MA. WITH E_b = 125 VOLTS AND E_{c2} = 125 VOLTS	-		
GRID #4 VOLTAGE (APPROX.)	-36	VOLTS	
TRIODE AMPLIFICATION FACTOR; WITH $E_b = E_{c2} = 125$ V. 4 $E_{c1} = -18$ V.	4.35		

