

BEAM POWER PENTODE MINIATURE TYPE

COATED UNIPOTENTIAL CATHODE

HEATER 12.6 VOLTS 0.6 AMP. AC OR DC

ANY MOUNTING POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW SMALL BUTTON 9 PIN BASE 9 C K

THE 12DW5 IS A BEAM POWER PENTODE IN THE 9 PIN MINIATURE CONSTRUCTION IT IS DESIGNED PRIMARILY FOR VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER, SERVICE IN TELE+ VISION RECEIVERS EMPLOYING 110° DEFLECTION SYSTEMS. IT HAS A HIGH ZERO BIAS PLATE CURRENT AND IS DESIGNED TO OPERATE AT RELATIVELY LOW 8 SUPPLY VOLTAGES. IN ADDITION, THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE HEATER ARE CON-TROLLED SUCH THAT HEATER VOLTAGE SURGES DURING THE WARM-UP CYCLE ARE MINIMIZED PROVIDED IT IS USED WITH OTHER TYPES WHICH ARE SIMILARLY CON-TROLLED. EXCEPT FOR HEATER RATINGS AND HEATER WARM-UP TIME THE 12DW5 IS IDENTICAL TO THE 6DW5.

DIRECT INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES WITHOUT EXTERNAL SHIELD

GRID TO PLATE: $(G_4 ext{ TO P})$	5 <i>μ</i> μ.f
INPUT: (G ₁ TO H+K)	.4 μμ f
OUTPUT: (P TO H+K)	9 μμ f

RATINGS A INTERPRETED ACCORDING TO DESIGN CENTER SYSTEM VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER® (PENTODE CONNECTED)

HEATER VOLTAGE	12.6	VOLTS
MAXIMUM DC PLATE VOLTAGE	330	VOLTS
MAXIMUM DC GRID #2 VOLTAGE	220	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK POSITIVE PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE (ABS. MAX.)	2 200	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK NEGATIVE PULSE GRID VOLTAGE	250	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE DISSIPATION ^C	11	WATTS
MAXIMUM GRID #2 DISSIPATION ^C	2.5	WATTS
MAXIMUM AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT	65	MA.
MAXIMUM PEAK CATHODE CURRENT	225	MA.
MAXIMUM GRID CIRCUIT RESISTANCE:		
SELF BIAS	2.2	MEGOHMS

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TUNS-SOL -

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RATINGS - CONT'D. INTERPRETED ACCORDING TO DESIGN CENTER SYSTEM VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER^B (PENTODE CONNECTED)

MAXIMUM HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE

HEATER NEGATIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE			
TOTAL DC AND PEAK	200	200	VOLTS
HEATER POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE			
0 C	100	100	VOLTS
TOTAL DC AND PEAK	200	200	VOLTS
HEATER WARM-UP TIME (APPROX.)D	11.	.0	SECONDS

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIERB

(PENTODE CONNECTED)

HEATER VOLTAGE	12.6	VOLTS	
HEATER CURRENT	0.6	AMP.	
PLATE VOLTAGE	200	VOLTS	
	-22.5	VOLTS	
GRID #2 VOLTAGE	150	VOLTS	
PLATE CURRENT	55	MA.	
GRID #2 CURRENT	2.0	MA.	
	5 500	μ M HOS	
	5 000	OHMS	
GRID VOLTAGE FOR Ib = 0.1 MA.	-55	VOLTS	
ZERO BIAS WITH Eb =60VDC; Ecl =0; Ec2 =150VDC (!NSTANTANEOUS VALUES)			
PLATE CURRENT	260	MA.	
GRID #2 CURRENT	20	MA.	
TRIODE AMPLIFICATION FACTOR WITH $E_b = E_{C2} = 150$ V; $E_{C1} = -22.5$	4.3		

A DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS ARE THE LIMITING VALUES EXPRESSED WITH RESPECT TO BOGIE TUBES AT WHICH SATISFACTORY TUBE LIFE CAN BE EXPECTED TO OCCUR. TO OBTAIN SATISFACTORY CIRCUIT PERFORMANCE, THEREFORE, THE EQUIPMENT DESIGNER MUST ESTABLISH THE CIRCUIT DESIGN SO THAT NO DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUE IS EXCEEDED WITH A BOGIE TUBE UNDER THE WORST PROBABLE OPERATING CONDITIONS WITH RESPECT TO SUPPLY-VOLTAGE VARIATION, EQUIPMENT COMPONENT VARIATION, EQUIPMENT CONTROL ADJUSTMENT, LOAD VARIATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

B FOR OPERATION IN A 525-LINE, 30-FRAME SYSTEM AS DESCRIBED IN "STANDARDS OF GOOD ENGINEERING PRACTICE FOR TELEVISION BROADCAST STATIONS: FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION", THE DUTY CYCLE OF THE VOLTAGE PULSE MUST NOT EXCEED 15% OF ONE SCANNING CYCLE.

C IN STAGES OPERATING WITH GRID LEAK BIAS, AN ADEQUATE CATHODE BIAS RESISTOR OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS IS REQUIRED TO PROTECT THE TUBE IN THE ABSENCE OF EXCITATION.

DHEATER WARM-UP TIME IS DEFINED AS THE TIME REQUIRED FOR THE VOLTAGE ACROSS THE HEATER TO REACH 80% OF ITS RATED VOLTAGE AFTER APPLYING 4 TIMES RATED HEATER VOLTAGE TO A CIRCUIT CONSISTING OF THE TUBE MEATER IN SERIES WITH A RESISTANCE OF VALUE 3 TIMES THE NOMINAL HEATER OPERATING RESISTANCE.