

## -PRODUCT INFORMATION-

-

Page 1

Inches

Inches

Inches

Inches

Inches

12-70

**6MN8** 

# **Compactron Triple Triode**

**TUBES** 

### COLOR TV TYPE

#### CHROMA MATRIXING AMPLIFIER

LOW B+ OPERATION

The 6MN8 is a compactron triple triode intended for use as a chroma matrixing amplifier in color television receivers. Combining three triodes in one envelope allows one tube to drive all three picture tube guns.

#### GENERAL

#### **ELECTRICAL MECHANICAL** Cathode - Coated Unipotential Operating Position - Any Envelope - T-9, Glass Heater Characteristics and Ratings Base - E12-70, Button 12-Pin Outline Drawing - EIA 9-60 Maximum Diameter ...... 1.188 Direct Interelectrode Capacitances♦ Section 2 Section 1 Section 3 Grid to Plate: (g to p) . . 2.6 2.6 2.6 Maximum Seated Height . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.500 Input: g to (h + k) .... 4.64.6 4.6 pf Output: p to (h + k) ... .0.330.57 0.65 pf

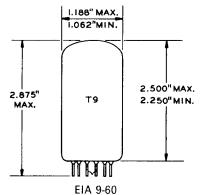
### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Design-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey electron tube of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.

The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube, making allowance for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration.

The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no design-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with a bogey tube under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of all other electron devices in the equipment.

#### PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



#### **TERMINAL CONNECTIONS**

Pin 1 - Heater

Pin 2 - Plate (Section 3)

Pin 3 - Cathode

Pin 4 - Plate (Section 2)

Pin 5 - No Connection

Pin 6 - Plate (Section 1)

Pin 7 - Internal Connection - Do Not Use

Pin 8 - Grid (Section 1)

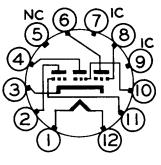
Pin 9 - Internal Connection - Do Not Use

Pin 10 - Grid (Section 2)

Pin 11 - Grid (Section 3)

Pin 12 - Heater

#### BASING DIAGRAM



EIA 12HU

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## **MAXIMUM RATINGS (Cont'd)**

| DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES, EACH SECTION     |         |
|---|---------|
|   | Volts   |
| Positive DC Grid Voltage                | Volts   |
| Plate Dissipation                       | Watts   |
| Heater-Cathode Voltage                  |         |
| Heater Positive with respect to Cathode |         |
|   | Volts   |
| Total DC and Peak                       | Volts   |
| Heater Negative with respect to Cathode |         |
| Total DC and Peak                       | Volts   |
| Grid-Circuit Resistance                 |         |
| With Fixed Rias                         | Megohms |

## CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION A

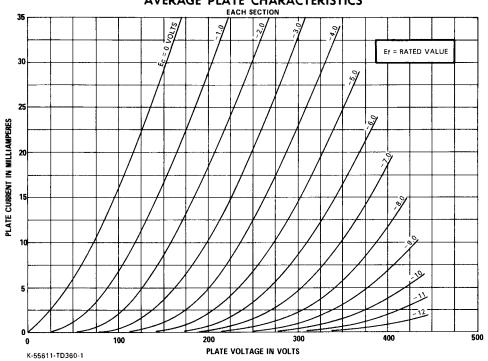
| CLASS A, AMPLIFIER, | <b>EACH</b> | <b>SECTION</b> |
|---------------------|-------------|----------------|
|---------------------|-------------|----------------|

| Plate Voltage                 | 125  | Volts        |
|-------------------------------|------|--------------|
| Grid Voltage4.0               | -1.0 | Volts        |
| Amplification Factor          | 47   |              |
| Plate Resistance, approximate | 6250 | Ohms         |
| Transconductance              | ,000 | Micromhos    |
| Plate Current                 | 11   | Milliamperes |
| Grid Voltage, approximate     |      |              |
| Ib = 50 Microamperes          | - 5  | Volts        |
| ·                             |      |              |

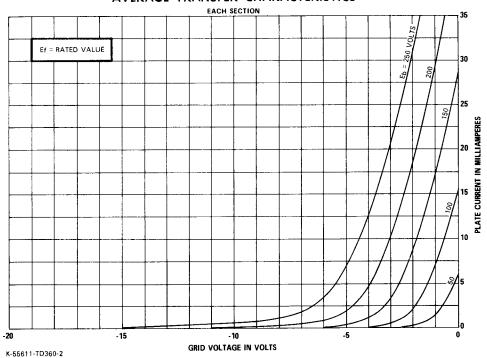
### **NOTES**

- \* The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater voltage is centered at the specified bogey value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater voltage within the specified tolerance.
- Heater current of a bogey tube at Ef = 6.3 volts.
- ♦ Without external shield.
- ▲ Control grid to cathode spacing on this type is of such low order of magnitude as to preclude the use of voltage between these elements of more than 100 volts do or peak ac in commercial tube checkers and short indicator devices, particularly where mechanical excitation of the tube is employed.





## **AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS**





K-55611-TD360-3

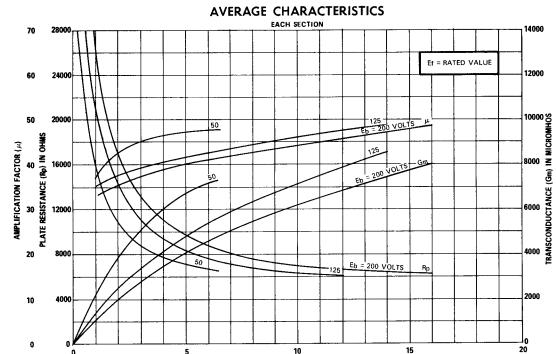


PLATE CURRENT IN MILLIAMPERES

## TUBE PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT



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