



**ELECTRONIC
INNOVATIONS
IN ACTION**

TUBES

— PRODUCT INFORMATION —

33GY7-A

Compactron Diode-Pentode

The 33GY7-A is a compactron containing a high-perveance diode and a beam-power pentode. The diode is intended for service as the damping diode and the pentode as the horizontal-deflection amplifier in television receivers.

The 33GY7-A is unilaterally interchangeable with the 33GY7 and differs only in utilizing a dimple anode construction to minimize snivets.

GENERAL

ELECTRICAL

Cathode - Coated Unipotential

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Heater Voltage, AC or DC*. 33.6 Volts

Heater Current† 0.45±0.03 Amperes

Heater Warm-up Time, Average§ 11 Seconds

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, approximate¶

Diode Section

Cathode to Plate and Heater:

k to (p + h) 8.5 pf

Plate to Cathode and Heater:

p to (k + h) 5.2 pf

Heater to Cathode: (h to k) 3.2 pf

Pentode Section

Grid-Number 1 to Plate: (g1 to p) 0.2 pf

Input: g1 to (h + k + g2 + b.p.) 17 pf

Output: p to (h + k + g2 + b.p.) 7.0 pf

MECHANICAL

Operating Position - Any

Envelope - T-12, Glass

Base - E12-74, Button 12-Pin

Outline Drawing - EIA 12-56

Maximum Diameter. 1.563 Inches

Minimum Diameter. 1.437 Inches

Maximum Over-all Length 2.875 Inches

Maximum Seated Height 2.500 Inches

Minimum Seated Height 2.250 Inches

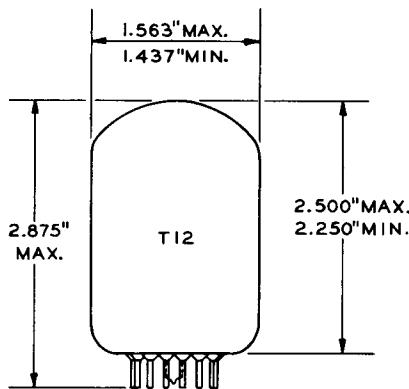
MAXIMUM RATINGS

Design-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey electron tube of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.

The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube, making allowance for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration.

The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no design-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with a bogey tube under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of all other electron devices in the equipment.

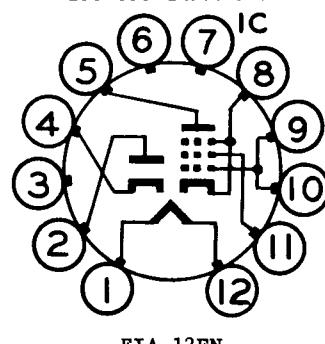
PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

- Pin 1 - Heater
- Pin 2 - Diode Plate
- #Pin 3 - No Connection
- Pin 4 - Diode Cathode
- Pin 5 - Pentode Plate
- #Pin 6 - No Connection
- #Pin 7 - Internal Connection
- Pin 8 - Pentode Cathode and Beam Plates
- Pin 9 - Pentode Grid Number 1
- Pin 10 - Pentode Grid Number 1
- Pin 11 - Pentode Grid Number 2 (Screen)
- Pin 12 - Heater

BASING DIAGRAM



EIA 12FN

EIA 12-56

GENERAL ELECTRIC

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Cont'd)

DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER SERVICE^Δ—Pentode Section

DC Plate-Supply Voltage (Boost + DC Power Supply)	400	Volts
Peak Positive Pulse Plate Voltage	5000	Volts
Peak Negative Pulse Plate Voltage	0	Volts
Screen Voltage.	150	Volts
Negative DC Grid-Number 1 Voltage	55	Volts
Peak Negative Grid-Number 1 Voltage	330	Volts
Plate Dissipation**	9.0	Watts
Screen Dissipation	3.0	Watts
DC Cathode Current	155	Milliamperes
Peak Cathode Current.	540	Milliamperes
Heater-Cathode Voltage		
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode		
DC Component	100	Volts
Total DC and Peak.	200	Volts
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode		
Total DC and Peak.	200	Volts
Grid-Number 1 Circuit Resistance.	1.0	Megohms

TV DAMPER SERVICE^Δ—Diode Section

Peak Inverse Plate Voltage	4200	Volts
Plate Dissipation.	3.8	Watts
Steady-State Peak Plate Current	810	Milliamperes
DC Output Current.	135	Milliamperes
Heater-Cathode Voltage		
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode		
DC Component	100	Volts
Total DC and Peak.	200	Volts
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode		
DC Component	400	Volts
Total DC and Peak.	4200	Volts
Bulb Temperature at Hottest Point	200	C

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Pentode Section

Plate Voltage	5000	50	60	130	Volts
Screen Voltage	130	130	130	130	Volts
Grid-Number 1 Voltage	---	0##	0##	-22.5	Volts
Plate Resistance, approximate.	---	---	---	10000	Ohms
Transconductance	---	---	---	6500	Micromhos
Plate Current	---	315	320	48	Milliamperes
Screen Current.	---	20	22	2.9	Milliamperes
Grid-Number 1 Voltage, approximate					
I _b = 1.0 Milliamperes	-80	---	---	-40	Volts
Triode Amplification Factor ^{§§}	---	---	---	4.0	

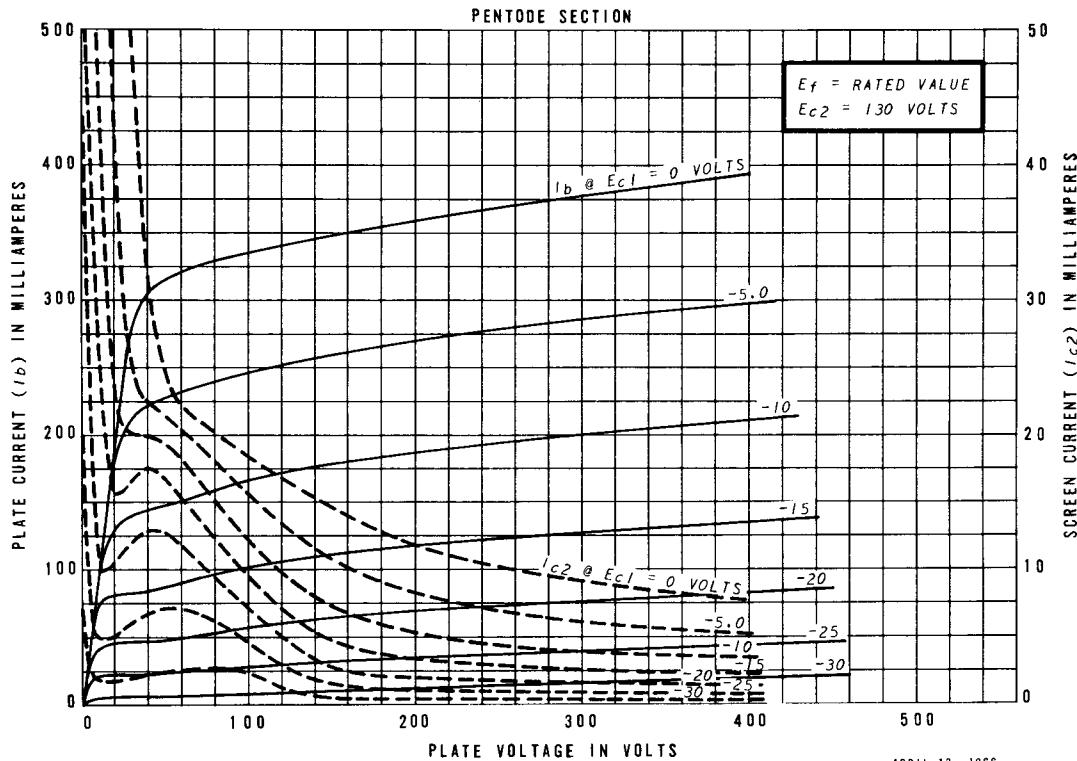
Diode Section

Tube Voltage Drop		
I _b = 250 Milliamperes DC	21	Volts

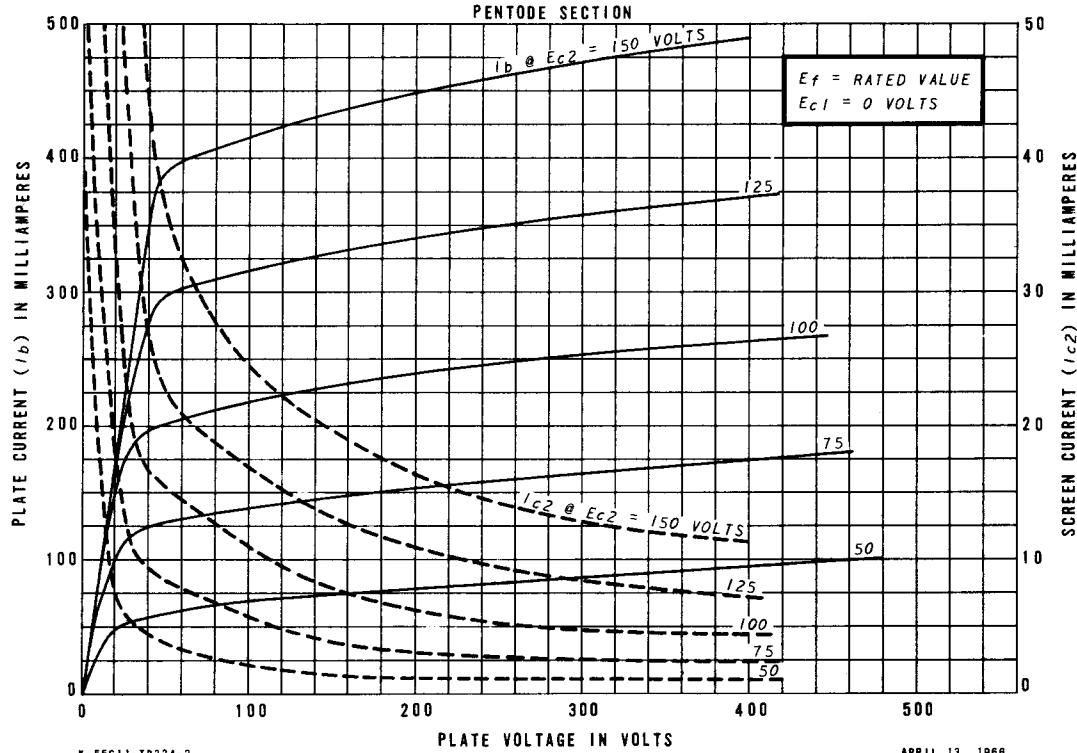
NOTES

- * Heater Voltage for a bogey tube at $I_f = 0.45$ amperes.
- † The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater current is centered at the specified bogey value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater current within the specified tolerance.
- § The time required for the voltage across the heater to reach 80 percent of the bogey value after applying 4 times the bogey heater voltage to a circuit consisting of the tube heater in series with a resistance equal to 3 times the bogey heater voltage divided by the bogey heater current.
- ¶ Without external shield.
- # Socket terminals 3, 6, and 7 should not be used as tie points.
- Δ For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame television system as described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission. The duty cycle of the voltage pulse must not exceed 15 percent of one scanning cycle.
- ** In stages operating with grid-leak bias, an adequate cathode-bias resistor or other suitable means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.
- ## Applied for short interval (two seconds maximum) so as not to damage tube.
- §§ Triode connection (screen tied to plate) with $E_b = E_{c2} = 130$ volts and $E_{c1} = -22.5$ volts.

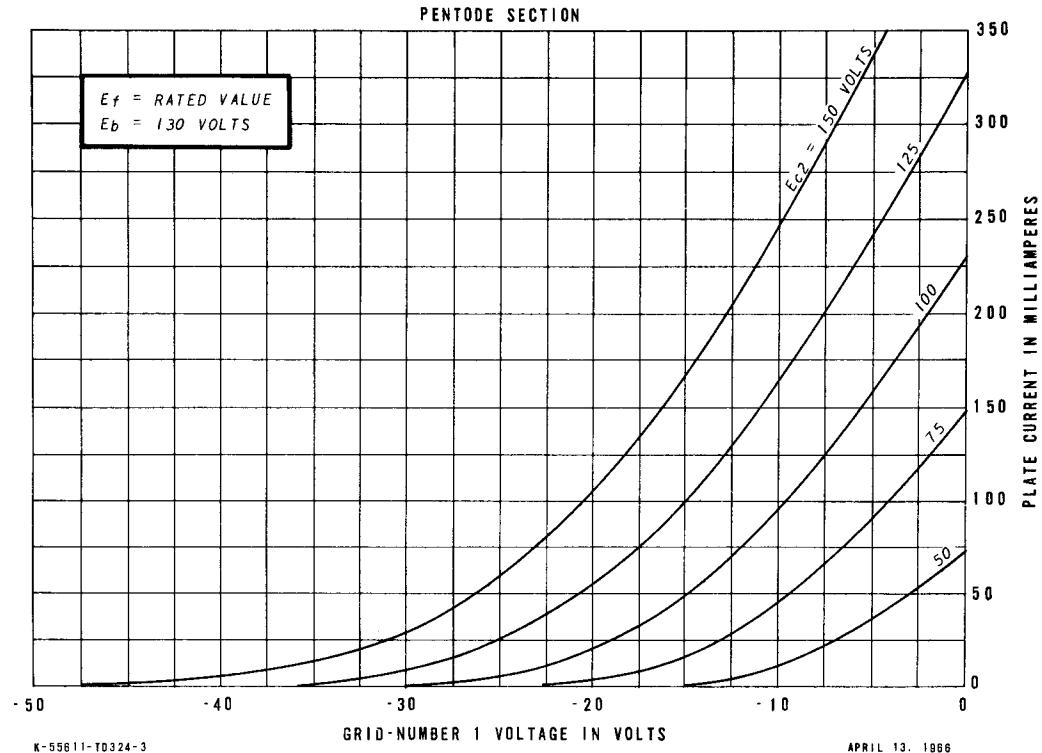
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

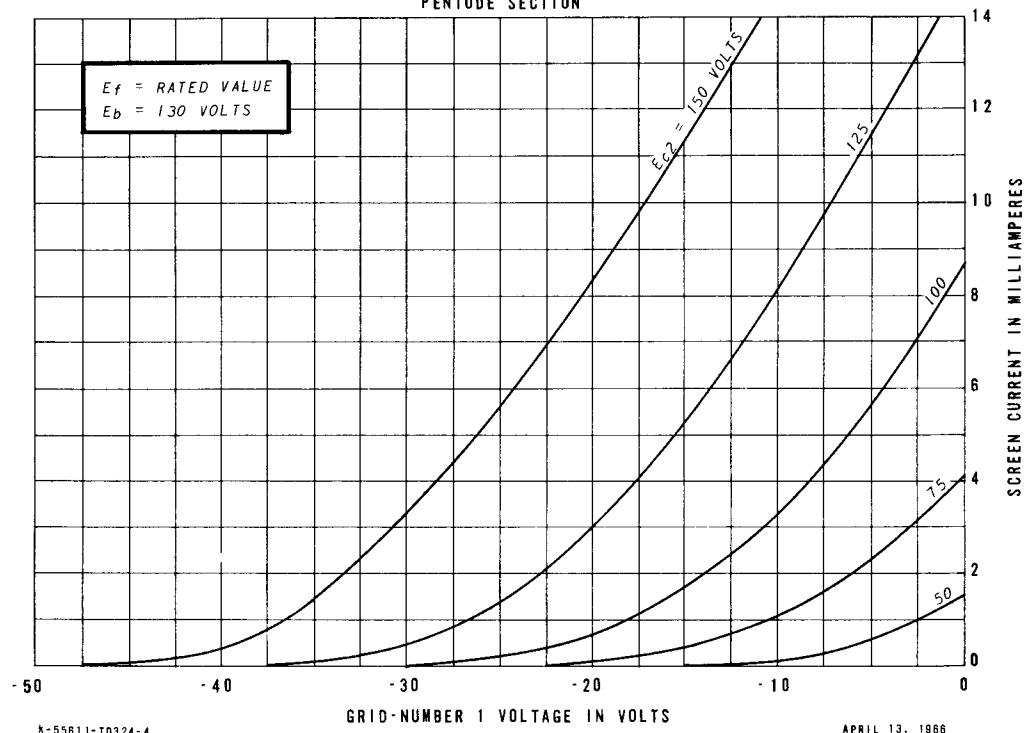


AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



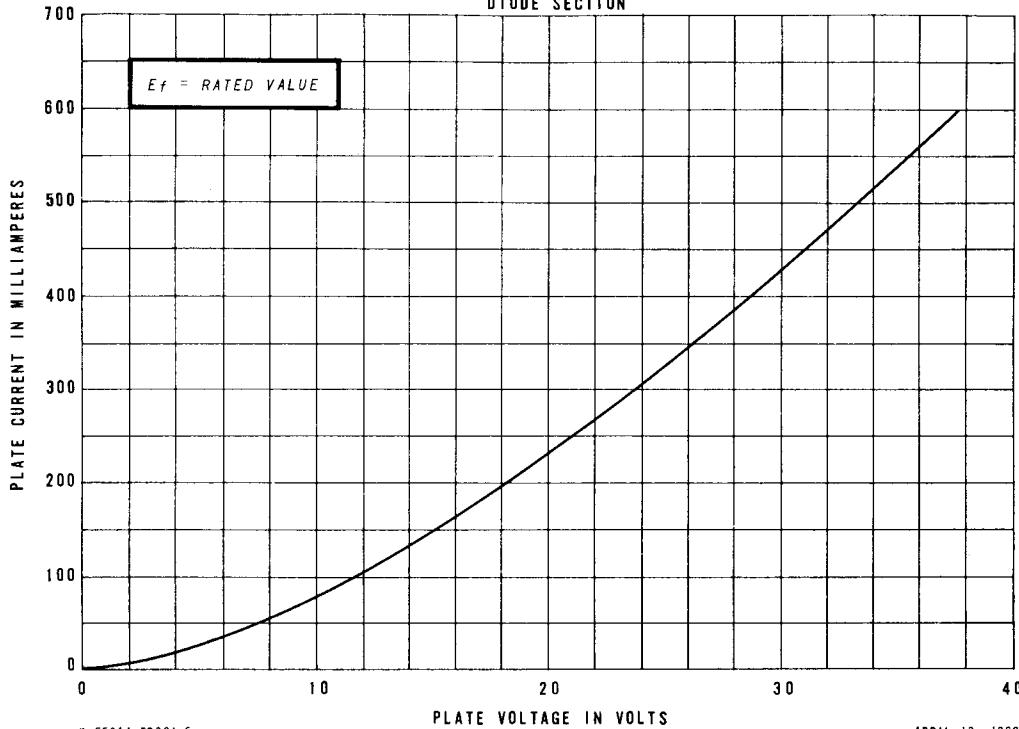
AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

PENTODE SECTION



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

DIODE SECTION



33GY7-A

Page 6
1-67

TUBE DEPARTMENT

GENERAL  ELECTRIC

Owensboro, Kentucky