32HQ7

Compactron Diode-Pentode

TURES

MULTIFUNCTION

■ LOW HEATER POWER

■ DIFFUSION BONDED DIODE CATHODE

The 32HQ7 is a multifunction compactron containing a high-perveance diode and a beam power pentode. The diode is intended for service as the damping diode and the pentode as the horizontal-deflection amplifier in

The diode of the 32HQ7 features a diffusion bonded cathode coating. This coating practically eliminates one of the failure mechanisms in damper diodes, which is back-emission from the anode due to emissive particles being pulled from the cathode by the high electrostatic field.

GENERAL

ELECTRICAL Cathode - Coated Unipotential

Heater Characteristics and Ratings Heater Voltage, AC or DC*......32.6 Volts Heater Current●. 0.315 ± 0.02 Amperes Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, approximate Pentode Section Grid-Number 1 to Plate: (Pg1 to Pp) 0.3 pf Cathode to Plate and Heater: Dk to (h + Dp).....8.2 pf Plate to Cathode and Heater: Dp to (h + Dk).....6.1 pf

MECHANICAL

Operating Position - Any Envelope - T-12, Glass Base - E12-74. Button 12-Pin Outline Drawing - EIA 12-56

Maximum Diameter	Inches
Minimum Diameter	Inches
Maximum Over-all Length2.875	Inches
Maximum Seated Height	Inches
Minimum Seated Height 2.250	

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Design-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey electron tube of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.

The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube, making allowance for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration.

The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no design-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with a bogey tube under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supplyvoltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of all other electron devices in the equipment.

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS 1.563"MAX. 1.437"MIN. 2.500"MAX. 2.250"MIN. 2.875" T12 MAX. EIA 12-56

TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

Pin 1 - Heater

Pin 2 - Diode Plate

⊕ Pin 3 - No Connection

Pin 4 - Diode Cathode

Pin 5 - Pentode Plate

⊕Pin 6 - No Connection

⊕ Pin 7 - Internal Connection - Do Not Use

Pin 8 - Pentode Cathode and Beam Plates

Pin 9 - Pentode Grid Number 1

⊕ Pin 10 - No Connection

Pin 11 - Pentode Grid Number 2 (Screen)

Pin 12 - Heater

EIA 12HT

BASING DIAGRAM





MAXIMUM RATINGS (Cont'd)

DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES	
Horizontal-Deflection Amplifier Service Pentode Section	
DC Plate-Supply Voltage (Boost + DC Power Supply)	Volts
Peak Positive Pulse Plate Voltage	Volts
Peak Negative Pulse Plate Voltage0	Volts
Screen Voltage	Volts
Negative DC Grid-Number 1 Voltage55	Volts
Peak Negative Grid-Number 1 Voltage330	Volts
Plate Dissipation†	Watts
Screen Dissipation 3.0	Watts
DC Cathode Current	Milliamperes
Peak Cathode Current	Milliamperes
Heater-Cathode Voltage	Mirmamporos
Heater Positive with respect to Cathode	
DC Component	Volts
Total DC and Peak	Volts
Heater Negative with respect to Cathode	VOILS
Total DC and Peak	Volts
Grid-Number 1 Circuit Resistance	Megohms
TV Damper Service — Diode Section	Mogorina
Peak Inverse Plate Voltage	17-14-
Plate Dissipation	Volts
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Watts
Steady-State Peak Plate Current	Milliamperes
Heater-Cathode Voltage	Milliamperes
Heater Positive with respect to Cathode	
	17.17
DC Component	Volts
Total DC and Peak	Volts
Heater Negative with respect to Cathode	14.4.
DC Component	Volts
Total DC and Peak	Volts
Bulb Temperature at Hottest Point	°C
CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION	
AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS	
Pentode Section	
Plate Voltage	Volts
Screen Voltage 110 110	Volts
Grid-Number 1 Voltage0‡ -22.5	Volts
Plate Resistance, approximate	Ohms

240

19

4500

42

2.4

-40

3.2

Micromhos

Volts

Volts

Milliamperes

Milliamperes

Transconductance

Screen Current. ---

Triode Amplification Factor§.....

Grid-Number 1 Voltage, approximate

Tube Voltage Drop, approximate

Diode Section

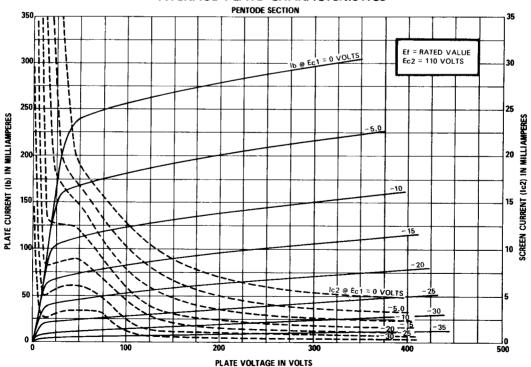
NOTES

- * Heater voltage for a bogey tube at If = 0.315 amperes.
- The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater current is centered at the specified bogey value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater current within the specified tolerance.
- ♦ The time required for the voltage across the heater to reach 80 percent of the bogey value after applying 4 times the bogey heater voltage to a circuit consisting of the tube heater in series with a resistance equal to 3 times the bogey heater voltage divided by the bogey heater current.
- ▲ Without external shield.
- Socket terminals 3, 6, 7, and 10 should not be used as tie points
- For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame television system as described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission. The duty cycle of the voltage pulse must not exceed 15 percent of one scanning cycle.
- † In stages operating with grid-leak bias, an adequate cathodebias resistor or other suitable means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.
- ‡ Applied for short interval (two seconds maximum) so as not to damage tube.
- § Triode connection (screen tied to plate) with Eb = Ec2 = 130 volts and Ec1 = -22.5.volts.

The tubes and arrangements disclosed herein may be covered by patents of General Electric Company or others. Neither the disclosure of any information herein nor the sale of tubes by General Electric Company conveys any license under patent claims covering combinations of tubes with other devices or elements. In the absence of an

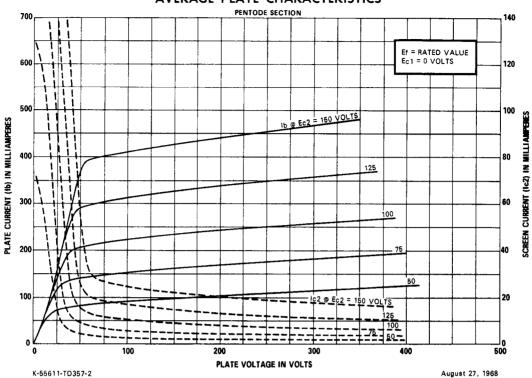
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AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

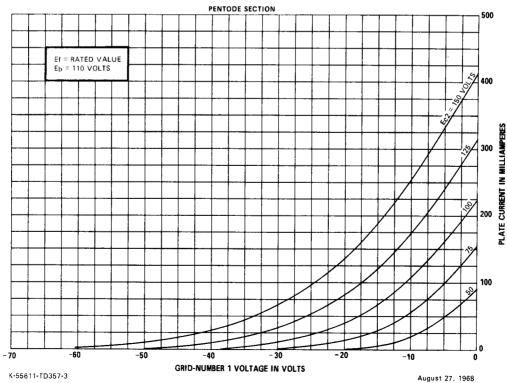


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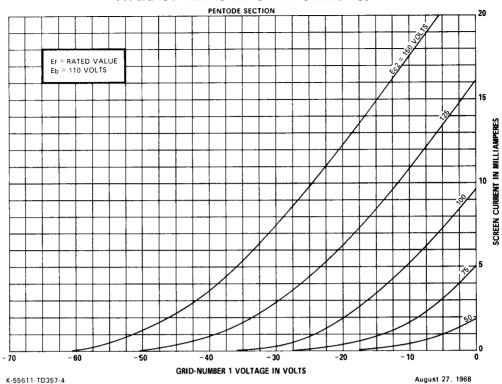
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



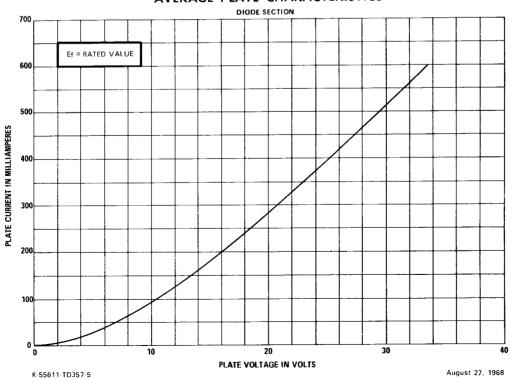
AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS





TUBE DEPARTMENT



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