

RF POWER TRIODE

QUICK REFERENCE DATA				
Frequency (MHz)	C telegr.		C an. mod.	
	V _a (V)	W _o (W)	V _a (V)	W _o (W)
175	2500	475	2000	505
300	2000	460	1600	370
470	1750	405	1400	275
600	1600	350	1280	225
900	1300	155	1040	107

Industrial oscillator class C				
Frequency (MHz)	AC operation		Single-phase full-wave with filter	
	V _{tr} (V)	W _o (W)	V _a (V)	W _o (W)
470	1750	235	1750	385

HEATING: direct; filament thoriated tungsten

Frequency	f < 600	600 to 750	750 to 900	MHz
Filament voltage	V _f = 3.4	3.3	3.2	V
Filament current	I _f = 19	-	-	A

CAPACITANCES

Anode to all except grid	C _a < 0.12 pF
Grid to all except anode	C _g = 9 pF
Anode to grid	C _{ag} = 4 pF

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Anode voltage	V _a = 2000 V
Anode current	I _a = 150 mA
Amplification factor	μ = 32
Mutual conductance	S = 10 mA/V

Table 1 Air cooling characteristics

W_a (W)	h (m)	t_i (°C)	q_{min} (m ³ /min)	ΔP Pa*
< 300	0	45	0.45	240
	1500	35	0.46	225
	3000	25	0.49	215

Temperature of envelope = max. 200 °C

Generally it will be necessary to direct an air flow to the centre filament seal.

MECHANICAL DATA

Net weight: 143 g

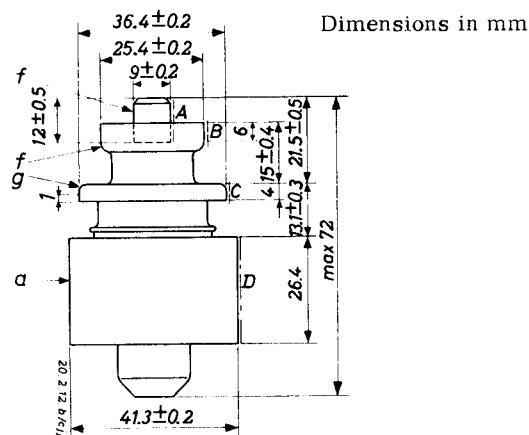
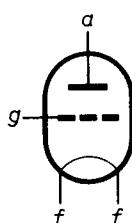


Fig. 1 Mechanical outline.

Eccentricity of the electrode connections: The electrode connections A, B and C are within cylindrical surfaces having a diameter of 9.5, 25.9 and 36.9 mm respectively and being coaxial with the cylindrical surface D.

Mounting position: vertical with anode up or down

* 1 Pa ≈ 0.1 mm H₂O.

RF CLASS C OSCILLATOR FOR INDUSTRIAL USE with self-rectification**LIMITING VALUES (Absolute limits)**

Frequency	f	up to	470	MHz
Transformer voltage	V_{tr}	= max.	1800	V(RMS)
Anode current	I_a	= max.	210	mA
Anode input power	W_{ia}	= max.	400	W
Anode dissipation	W_a	= max.	170	W
Negative grid voltage	$-V_g$	= max.	500	V
Grid current, loaded	I_g	= max.	85	mA
Grid current, unloaded	I_g	= max.	120	mA
Grid circuit resistance	R_g	= max.	5	kΩ

OPERATING CONDITIONS

Frequency	f	=	470	MHz
Transformer voltage	V_{tr}	=	1750	V(RMS)
Anode current, loaded	I_a	=	185	mA
Anode current, unloaded	I_a	=	105	mA
Grid current, loaded	I_g	=	75	mA
Grid current, unloaded ¹⁾	I_g	=	80	mA
Grid circuit resistance under matched conditions	R_g	=	400	Ω
Anode input power	W_{ia}	=	365	W
Anode dissipation	W_a	=	130	W
Tube output power	W_o	=	235	W
Tube efficiency	η	=	64	%
Output power in the load ²⁾	W_l	=	165	W

¹⁾ The grid resistance is obtained by a current stabilising device²⁾ Measured by a calorimetric method

RF CLASS C OSCILLATOR FOR INDUSTRIAL USE with anode voltage from a single-phase full-wave rectifier with filter.

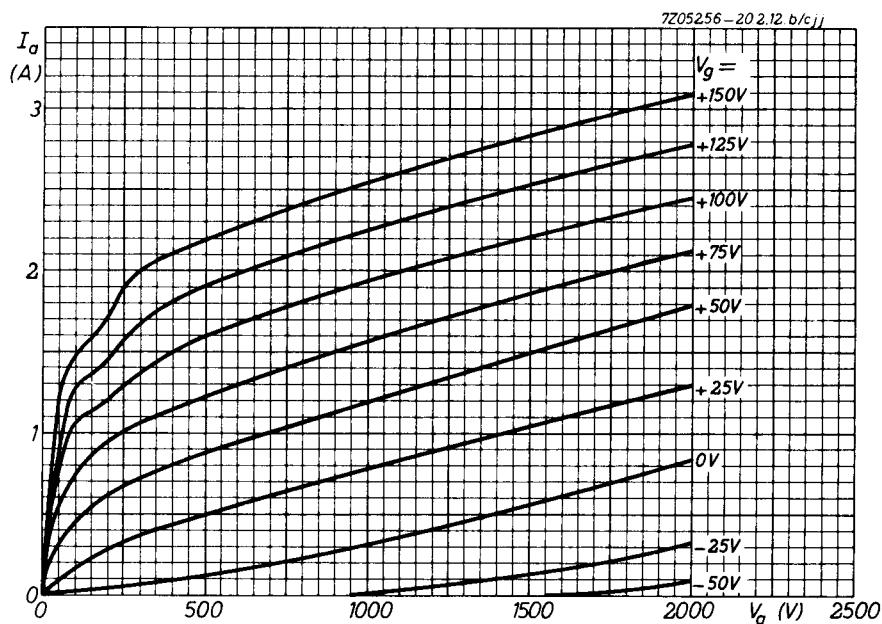
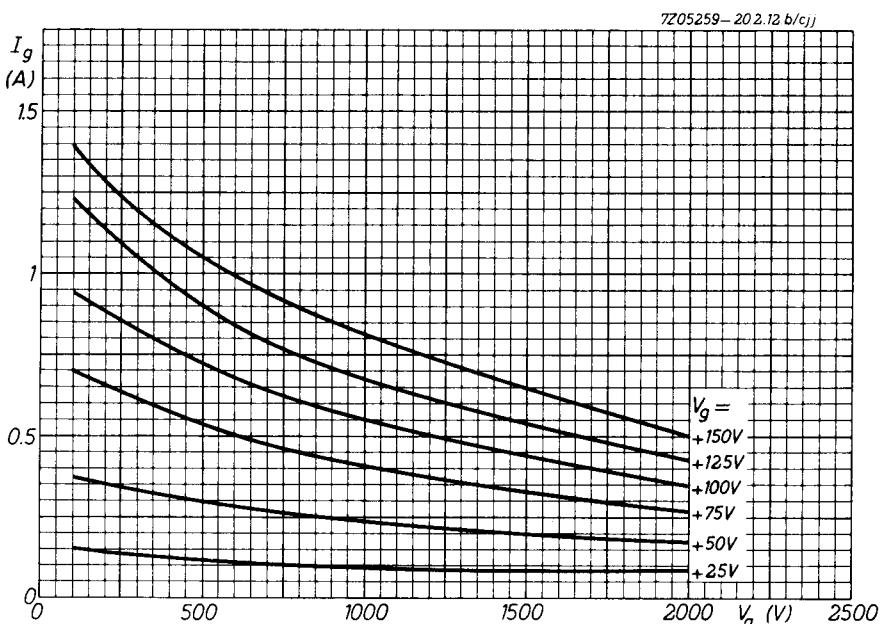
LIMITING VALUES (Absolute limits)

Frequency	f	up to	470	MHz
Anode voltage	V_a	= max.	1800	V
Anode current	I_a	= max.	400	mA
Anode input power	W_{ia}	= max.	700	W
Anode dissipation	W_a	= max.	300	W
Negative grid voltage	$-V_g$	= max.	300	V
Grid current, loaded	I_g	= max.	110	mA
Grid current, unloaded	I_g	= max.	120	mA
Grid circuit resistance	R_g	= max.	5	k Ω

OPERATING CONDITIONS

Frequency	f	=	470	MHz
Anode voltage	V_a	=	1750	V
Anode current, loaded	I_a	=	340	mA
Anode current, unloaded	I_a	=	170	mA
Grid current, loaded	I_g	=	95	mA
Grid current, unloaded ¹⁾	I_g	=	100	mA
Grid circuit resistance under matched conditions	R_g	=	1000	Ω
Anode input power	W_{ia}	=	595	W
Anode dissipation	W_a	=	210	W
Tube output power	W_o	=	385	W
Tube efficiency	η	=	65	%
Output power in the load	W_l	=	270	W

¹⁾ The grid resistance is obtained by a current stabilising device.

Fig. 2 I_a/V_a characteristics.Fig. 3 I_g/V_a characteristics.

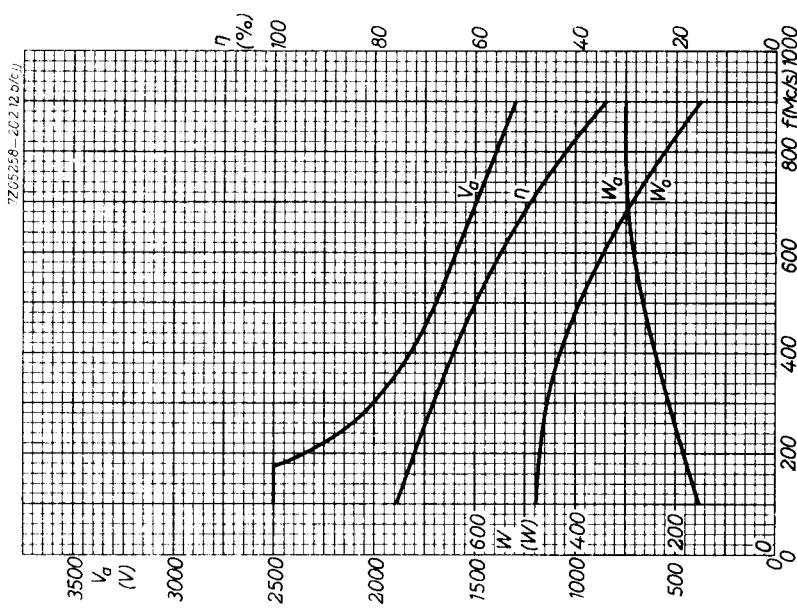


Fig. 4 Frequency dependant characteristics.

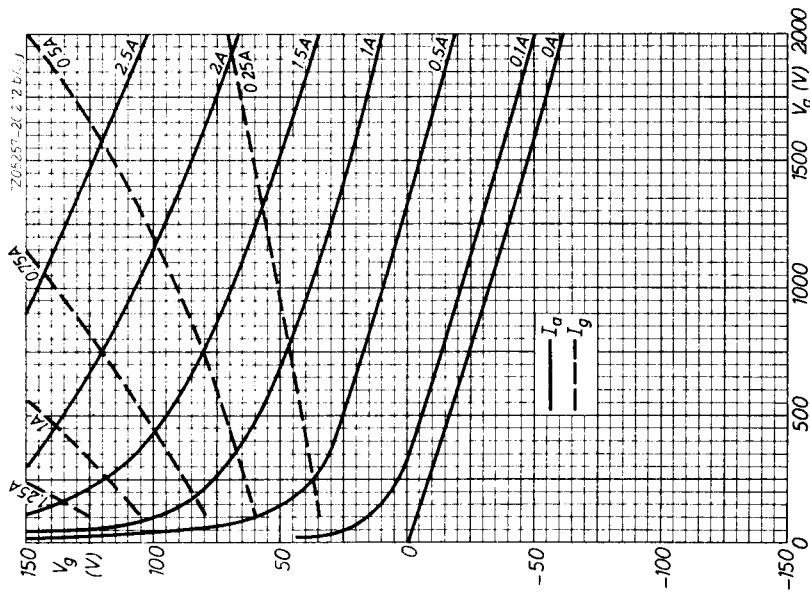


Fig. 5 Constant current characteristics.

PHILIPS

Data handbook



**Electronic
components
and materials**

TBL2/300

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