# EITEL-McCULLOUGH, INC.

HIGH-MU TRIODE

MODULATOR OSCILLATOR AMPLIFIER

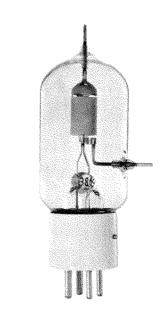
The Eimac 35TG is a high-mu triode intended for use as an amplifier, oscillator, or modulator in applications particularly suited to the side grid connection. It is basically the same as the Eimac 35T except that the grid terminal is brought out at the side of the bulb. The 35TG has a maximum plate dissipation rating of 50 watts and delivers plate power output in the range of 100 to 200 watts at plate voltages of 1000 to 2000 volts. The tube can be operated at maximum ratings up to 100 Mc. Cooling is by radiation and the free circulation of air.

The 35TG in class-C r-f service will deliver up to 200 watts plate power output with 13 watts driving power. Two 35TG's in class-AB, modulator service will deliver up to 235 watts maximum signal plate power output with 8 watts driving power.

#### **GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **ELECTRICAL**

	Filament: Thoriated tungsten						
	Voltage	-	-	-	-	-	5.0 volts
	Current	-	-	-	-	-	4.0 amperes
	Amplification factor (Average)	-	-	-	-	-	39
	Direct Interelectrode Capacitano	es (A	Averag	je)			
•	Grid-Plate	-	-	-	-	-	1.6 $\mu\mu$ fd
	Grid-Filament -	-	-	-	-	-	2.5 $\mu\mu$ fd
	Plate-Filament -	-	-	-	-	-	0.25 $\mu\mu$ fd
	Transconductance ( $I_b = 100$ ma., $I_b = 100$	<b>a</b> _₀ <b>=2</b>	000v.,	$\mathbf{E}_c = \cdot$	_30v.)	-	2850 $\mu$ mhos
	Frequency for Maximum Ratings	-	-	-	-	-	100 Mc.



#### MECHANICAL

Basing -

Base: Medium 4-pin bayonet. Fits E. F. Johnson Co. 122-224, National XC-4 or CIR-4 sockets, or equivalent.

Mounting Position	-	-	-	-	-	Verti	ical, l	base d	down	or up.				
Cooling	-	-	-	-	-	Conv	vectio	on and	d radi	ation.				
Recommended Heat	Dissip	ating	Plate	and G	<del>S</del> rid C	Connect	tors		-	-	-	-	-	Eimac HR-3
Maximum Overall D	imensi	ons:												
Length -	-													5.5 inches
Diameter	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8 inches
Net Weight -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.5 ounces
Shipping Weight (Av	/eraqe	)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.25 pounds

See outline drawing

TYPICAL OPERATION (Frequencies up to 30 Mc)<sup>2</sup>

## RADIO FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR

Class-C Telegraphy or FM Telephony

(Key-down conditions, per tube)	D-C Plate Current - D-C Grid Current (approx
MAXIMUM RATINGS (Frequencies up to 100 Mc)	Peak R-F Grid Input Volt
D-C PLATE VOLTAGE 2000 MAX. VOLTS	Driving Power (approx.)
D-C PLATE CURRENT 150 MAX. MA	Grid Dissipation -
PLATE DISSIPATION 50 MAX. WATTS	Plate Dissipation - Plate Power Input -
GRID DISSIPATION 15 MAX. WATTS	Plate Power Output -

D-C Plate Voltage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1500	2000	Volts
D-C Grid Voltage	-	-	-	-		-	-	60	120	—135	Volts
D-C Plate Current	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125	125	125	Ma
D-C Grid Current (a	appro	x.)	-	-	-	-	-	40	40	45	Ma
Peak R-F Grid Inpu	ıt Vo	Itag	e (a	ppro	x.)	-	-	165	250	285	Volts
Driving Power (appr	ox.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	9	13	Watts
Grid Dissipation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.2	5.0	6.8	Watts
Plate Dissipation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	47	50	Watts
Plate Power Input	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125	188	250	Watts
Plate Power Output	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87	141	200	Watts

The performance figures listed under Typical Operation are for radio frequencies up to the VHF region and are obtained by calculation from the characteristic tube curves and confirmed by direct tests. The driving power given includes power taken by the tube grid and the bias circuit. The driving power and output power do not allow for losses in the associated resonant circuits. These losses are not included because they depend principally upon the design and choice of the circuit components.

IF IT IS DESIRED TO OPERATE THIS TUBE UNDER CONDITIONS WIDELY DIFFERENT FROM THOSE GIVEN UNDER "TYPICAL OPERATION", AND WHICH POSSIBLY EXCEED MAXIMUM RATINGS, WRITE EITEL-McCULLOUGH, INC., FOR INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS.



# AUDIO FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFIER OR MODULATOR

Class-AB<sub>2</sub>

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Per tube)

D-C PLATE VOLTAGE - - - 2000 MAX. VOLTS
D-C PLATE CURRENT - - 150 MAX. MA
PLATE DISSIPATION - - - 50 MAX. WATTS
GRID DISSIPATION - - - 15 MAX. WATTS

TYPICAL OPERATION (S	Sinusoi	dal w	ave,	two tub	es unle	ss other	wise sp	ecified)
D-C Plate Voltage		-	-	600	1000	1500	2000	Volts
D-C Grid Voltage (approx.)	* -	-	-	0	8	25	40	Volts
Zero-Signal D-C Plate Curre	nt -	-	-	90	67	45	34	Ma
Max-Signal D-C Plate Currer	nt -	-	-	300	240	200	167	Ma
Effective Load Plate-to-Plate		-	-	4250	7900	16,200	27,500	Ohms
Peak A-F Grid Input Voltage	e (per	tube	) -	115	120	125	130	Volts
Peak Driving Power (approx.	.) -	-	-	18	14	10	8	Watts
Nominal Driving Power (app	prox.)	-	-	9	7	5	4	Watts
Max-Signal Plate Power Outp	out -	-	-	95	140	200	235	Watts
*Adjust for stated zero-signa	l plate	curr	ent.					

# PLATE MODULATED RADIO FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFIER

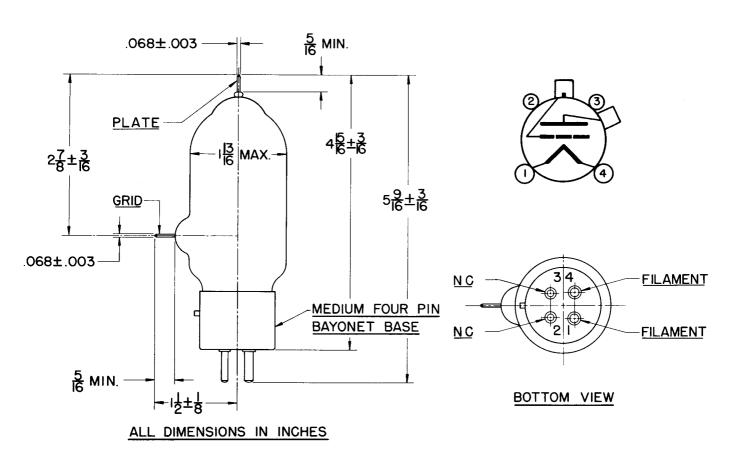
Class-C Telephony (Carrier conditions, per tube)

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Frequencies up to 100 Mc)

D-C PLATE VOLTAGE - - 1600 MAX. VOLTS
D-C PLATE CURRENT - - 120 MAX. MA
PLATE DISSIPATION - - - 33 MAX. WATTS
GRID DISSIPATION - - - 15 MAX. WATTS

TYPICAL OPERATION (Frequencies up to 30 Mc) <sup>1</sup>											
D-C Plate Voltage	-	-	-		-	-	-	750	1000	1500	Volts
D-C Grid Voltage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-100	125	<b>—150</b>	Volts
D-C Plate Current	-	-	-		-	-	-	95	100	90	Ma
D-C Grid Current (a	ррг	ox.)	-		-	-	-	40	40	40	Ma
Peak R-F Grid Inpu	ıt Y	oltage	. (	арргох.	.)	-	-	210	240	270	Volts
Driving Power (appr	ox.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	10	П	Watts
Plate Dissipation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	25	30	Watts
Plate Power Input	-		-	-	-	-	-	70	100	135	Watts
Plate Power Output	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	75	105	Watts

The performance figures listed under Typical Operation are for radio frequencies up to the VHF region and are obtained by calculation from the characteristic tube curves and confirmed by direct tests. The driving power given includes power taken by the tube grid and the bias circuit. The driving power and output power do not allow for losses in the associated resonant circuits. These losses are not included because they depend principally upon the design and choice of the circuit components.





### DRIVING POWER vs. POWER OUTPUT

The three charts on this page show the relationship of plate efficiency, power output and grid driving power at plate voltages of 1000, 1500 and 2000 volts. These charts show combined grid and bias losses only. The driving power and power output figures do not include circuit losses. The plate dissipation in watts is indicated

Points A, B, and C are identical to the typical Class C operating conditions shown on the first page under 1000, 1500, and 2000 volts respectively.

by Pp.

