

EITEL-McCULLOUGH, INC. CARLOS · CALIFORNIA

MEDIUM-MU TRIODE

MODULATOR OSCILLATOR AMPLIFIER

The Eimac 1500T is a medium-mu power triode intended for use as an amplifier, oscillator or modulator. It has a maximum plate-dissipation rating of 1500 watts and a maximum plate-voltage rating of 8000 volts at frequencies up to 40 Mc.

The 1500T in class-C r-f service will deliver up to 4500 watts plate power output with 85 watts

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	Plate-Fila	ment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	.5 μρ							~)
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	Grid -	٠.	-			-	Ī			_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		- Eima	
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AND OS	REQUEN CILLATO	R					FIER	2					-C Pla	te Vol	tage	-		-	•		6000 600	—500	volts volts
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	(ATINGS (Fri OLTAGE						MAY	VOL	rc			ē	Frid D	issipati -F Grid Powe	on*	V				59	1100	30	watts volts
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LATE DISSI	PATION -	-	-		-	1500	MAX	. WAT	TS			ř	'late P 'late ['ower l Dissipat	nput	:	: :	:	-	5000 1500	6000 1500		watts watts
RID DISSIP	ATION -	-	-		-	125	MAX	. WAT	TS			Ė	late P	ower C	Dutpu	t -		-	-	3500	4500		watts
DI ATE M	ODULAT	ED	n A	DIA	EDI	-	-NA					т	VDICA	I OPE	DATI	N /E				40 Mc.)			
AMPLIFII	ODULAT	EV	KA	טוט	-FKI	εψυι	ENC	1				Ċ	-C Pla	ate Vol	tage	- (1		-	-	4000	5000	6000	volts
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		:WO 10	10.62	uniess	orner	wise st	eC1116	a)				- N	1ax-Siç	nal D	-C PI	ate C	urrent	•	-	1.88	1.72	1.65	amps
AAXIMUM R												E	ffectiv	e Load -F Grid	d, Pi	ate-to- it Volt	Plate age /	- per tul	be)	4150 485	6150 535		ohms volts
O-C PLATE		-		-	-	8000	MAX	. VOLI	rs				4ax-Sic	inal Av	/q. D	riving	Powe	r* -	-	95	105	115	watts
MAX-SIGNAL PER TUBI	D-C PLATE	CUR	KENT	: .		1.25	MAX	. AMP	S.					inal Pl				- 1	:	1500 4500	1500 5600	1450 7000	watts watts
				_									7										

IF IT IS DESIRED TO OPERATE THIS TUBE UNDER CONDITIONS WIDELY DIFFERENT FROM THOSE GIVEN UNDER "TYPICAL OPERATION", POSSIBLY EXCEEDING THE MAXIMUM RATINGS GIVEN FOR CW SERVICE, WRITE EITEL-McCULLOUGH, INC., FOR INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

*Approximate values.

*Bias should be obtained by means of an adjustable grid-leak resistor.

*Adjust to give stated Zero-Signal D-C Plate Current.

1500 MAX. WATTS

125 MAX. WATTS

PLATE DISSIPATION, PER TUBE - - -

GRID DISSIPATION, PER TUBE -

APPLICATION

MECHANICAL

Mounting—The 1500T must be mounted vertically, base up or base down. Flexible leads should be provided between the grid and plate terminals and the external grid and plate circuits. The tube must be protected from vibration and shock.

Cooling—Forced-air cooling is required on the envelope and also in the base of the tube. Envelope cooling may be accomplished by locating an ordinary 8- or 10-inch fan about one foot from the tube and directing the air at the middle of the envelope.

Base cooling requires an air flow of $2\frac{1}{2}$ cu. ft. per min. directed up through the bottom of the base toward the filament press. The base of the tube is provided with a 1-inch diameter hole for this purpose. If a socket is used with a 1-inch diameter matching hole and the manifold is of the same diameter, a static pressure of less than 0.1 inch of water is required at the manifold to provide the $2\frac{1}{2}$ cu. ft. per min.

One type of socket provides a $\frac{1}{4}$ inch diameter pipe for the air inlet to the base. With this type of socket a static pressure of $\frac{5}{2}$ inches of water is required at the pipe to obtain the necessary $\frac{2}{2}$ cu. ft. per min. volume.

Suitable electrical interlocks should be provided to remove the plate and filament voltages in the event that the supply of cooling air is interrupted.

ELECTRICAL

Filament Voltage— The filament voltage, as measured directly at the filament pins, should be between 7.125 and 7.875 volts. All four socket terminals should be used by employing two for each connection to filament supply. See base diagram and outline drawing.

Bias Voltage—There is little advantage in using bias voltages in excess of those given under "Typical Operation," except in certain very specialized applications. Where bias is obtained by a grid leak resistor, suitable protective means must be provided to prevent excessive plate dissipation in the event of loss of excitation. The grid-leak resistor should be adjustable to facilitate maintaining the bias voltage and plate current at the desired values from tube to tube.

Grid Dissipation—The power dissipated by the grid of the 1500T must not exceed 125 watts. Grid dissipation may be calculated from the following expression:

 $P_g = e_{emp}I_e$

where: $P_g = Grid$ dissipation,

ecmp = Peak positive grid voltage, and

 $I_c = D-C$ grid current.

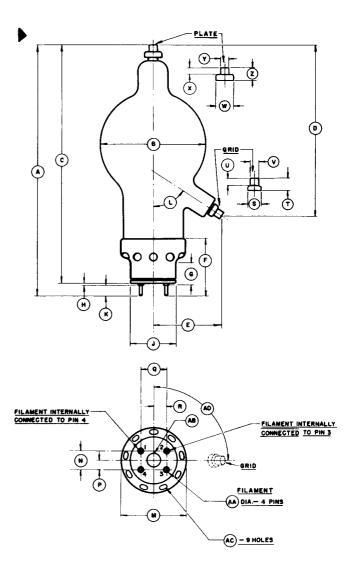
e_{cmp} may be measured by means of a suitable peak voltmeter connected between filament and grid. In equipment in which the plate loading varies widely, such as oscillators used for radio-frequency heating, care should be taken to make certain that the grid dissipation does not exceed the maximum rating under any condition of loading.

Plate Dissipation—The plate is a red-orange color when dissipating 1500 watts. Under normal operating conditions, the power dissipated by the plate of the 1500T should not be allowed to exceed the maximum rating. Plate dissipation in excess of the maximum rating is permissible for short periods of time, such as during tuning procedures.

DIMENSION DATA						
REF	MIN.	MAX.				
Α	16.000	17.000				
В		7.125				
С	15.250	16.250				
D	10.875	11.625				
E	4.313	4.813				
F	3.7	50				
G	1.3	13				
н	.0	94				
J		3.031				
K	.731	.763				
L	37°	87°				
M		4250				
N	N 1.250					

Р	.625							
Q	1.688							
R	.844							
S	.875							
T	.812							
υ	.484							
٧	.558	.568						
W	1.125							
Х	.453							
Y	.558	.568						
Z	.797							
AA	.249	.251						
AB	.750 DIA.							
AC	.250 DIA.							
ΑD	80°	100°						

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES



DRIVING POWER vs. POWER OUTPUT

The three charts on this page show the relationship of plate efficiency, power output and approximate grid driving power at plate voltages of 5000, 6000, and 7000 volts. These charts show combined grid and bias losses only. The driving power and power output figures do not include circuit losses. The plate dissipation in watts is indicated by Pp.

Points A, B, and C are identical to the typical Class C operating conditions shown on the first page under 5000, 6000, and 7000 volts respectively.

