

CERMOLOX®
500 W PEP Output
38 dB Open Loop
Third Order Distortion
43 dB Third Order
Distortion w/Cathode R
Full Input to 400 MHz
Ruggedized, Reliable
Matrix Oxide Cathode

RCA-8791 Beam Power Tube

The RCA-8791* is designed specifically to meet the high linearity and low noise requirements of modern HF, single sideband equipments. In these equipments it can deliver 500 watts peak envelope power output at an open loop third order distortion level of better than 38 dB and a fifth order distortion level of better than 44 dB.

Its high gain, CERMOLOX tube construction and full input rating to 400 MHz also make it ideally suited for higher frequency applications such as VHF-TV modulated driver service and VHF or UHF Class B linear service where it will deliver one kilowatt peak sync. or 200 watts carrier output respectively.

The ruggedized, low inductance, coaxial construction of the 8791 enables the use of simple, economical circuit techniques in all HF, VHF, and UHF applications.

Its matrix oxide cathode enhances system reliability while the efficient, forced-air cooled radiator reduces system air requirements and permits more reliable, lower temperature operation.

To assure compliance with environmental design objectives, sample tubes are regularly subjected to 50g-11 millisecond shock; 500g-3/4 millisecond shock; and also 20g-2000 hertz vibration testing.

*Formerly RCA Dev. Type A2912

General Data

Electrical:

Licentear.	Mechanical;
Heater-Cathode:	Operating Position
Type Unipotential, Oxide	Overall Length (61.0 m
Coated, Matrix Type	Greatest Diameter (64.8
Voltage $^{\mathfrak{a}}$ (ac or dc)	Terminal Connections Sockets
Current at 6.3 volts 7.5 A	Radiator
Minimum heating time 120 s	Weight (Approx.) (0.3
Mu-Factor,	Thermal:
(Grid No.2 to Grid No.1)	Seal Temperature (Plagrid No.2, grid No.1 cathode-heater and Plate-Core Temperature Footnotes for General Da See V.A.3 of 1CE-300. Measured with special of See Dimensional Outline

Mechanical:

Meenanica.
Operating Position Any
Overall Length (61.0 mm) 2.40 max. in
Greatest Diameter (64.8 mm) 2.55 max. in
Terminal Connections See Dimensional Outline
Sockets See page 7
Radiator Integral part of tube
Weight (Approx.) (0.3 kg) 3/4 lb
Thermal:
Seal Temperature ^c (Plate,
grid No.2, grid No.1,
cathode-heater and heater) 250 max. ^o C
Plate-Core Temperature 250 max. ^o C
Footnotes for General Data
 ^a See V.A.3 of 1CE-300. ^b Measured with special Adapter. ^c See <i>Dimensional Outline</i> for temperature measurement points.

This bulletin gives application information unique to the RCA 8791. General information, covering the installation and operation of this tube type, is given in the "Application Guide for RCA Power Tubes", 1CE-300. Close attention to the instructions contained therein will assure longer tube life, safer operation, less equipment downtime, and fewer tube handling accidents.

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Linear RF Power Amplifier, Class AB₁^d Single-Sideband Suppressed-Carrier Service

Peak envelope conditions for a signal having a minimum peak-to-average power ratio of 2

Maximum CCS Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:	Typical Class AB ₁ CCS Operation with "Two-Tone				
Up to 400 MHz	Modulation'':		at 30		
DC PLATE VOLTAGE 3,000 max. V	DC Plate Voltage	2000	2000	2500	V
DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 750 max. V	DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	450	450	350	V
DC PLATE CURRENT AT	DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	-34	-32	-26	V
PEAK OF ENVELOPE ^e 750 max. mA	Zero-Signal DC Plate				
GRID No.2 INPUT 25 max. W	Current	250	250	200	mA
PLATE DISSIPATION 1,000 max. W	Effective RF Load				
,	Resistance	1850	1850	2750	Ω
Maximum Circuit Values:	DC Plate Current at Peak				
GRID-No.1 CIRCUIT	of Envelope	535	545	430	mA
RESISTANCE	Average DC Plate Current	400	410	320	mA
With fixed bias $\dots 15,000$ max. Ω	DC Grid-No.2 Current at				
With cathode bias Not recommended	Peak of Envelope	-1.2	+0.2	-4.0	mA
PLATE CIRCUIT	Average DC Grid-No.2				
IMPEDANCE See Note f	Current	-4.0	-4.0	-3.0	mA
GRID-No.2 CIRCUIT	Peak RF Grid-No.1 Voltage	30	40	22	V
IMPEDANCE See Note g	Output-Circuit Efficiency				
	(Approx.)	90	90	90	%
	Distortion Products Level:				
	Third Order	37	42	37	dB
	Fifth Order	49	54	53	dB
	Unbypassed Cathode				
	Resistor	0	10	0	Ω
	Useful Power Output (Approx.)				
	Average	250	250	250	W
	Peak envelope	500	500	500	W
Linear RF Power Amplifier ^d	•				
Class AB or Class B Telephony					
• •					
Carrier conditions for use with a maximum modulation fac	tor of 1.0				
Maximum CCS Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:	Calculated CCS Operation as a	Class	AB, A	mplifi	er
DC PLATE VOLTAGE 3000 max. V	In a cathode drive circuit, at 40				
DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 750 max. V	circuit bandwidth of 10.0 MHz.h			•	
DC PLATE CURRENT 500 max. mA	DC Plate Voltage			2500) V
GRID-No.2 INPUT 25 max. W	DC Grid-No.2 Voltage			450	
PLATE DISSIPATION 1000 max. W	DC Grid-No.1 Voltage			-45	
I MILL DIDDIT MILLION	DC Plate Current) mA
	DC Grid-No.1 Current) A
	DC Grid-No.2 Current) mA
	20 0114 11012 01110110 1111111				

Footnotes for Ratings -

Output Circuit Efficiency (Approx.)

8.0

80

200 W

d See Section V.C. of 1CE-300.

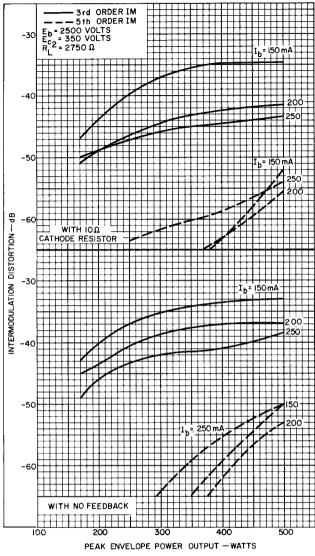
^e During short periods of circuit adjustment, under "Single Tone" conditions, the average plate current may be as high as 750 mA.

f See Sections V.B. and V.B.1 of 1CE-300.

g See Section V.B.2 of 1CE-300.

h Computed between half power points and based on 1-1/2 times tube output capacity.

Intermodulation Distortion Versus Power Output



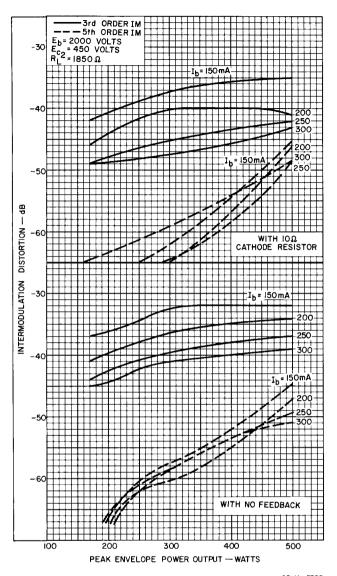
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Grid-Modulated RF Power Amplifier — Class C Television Service^d

Synchronizing-level conditions per tube unless otherwise specified

Maximum CCS Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values: Up to 216 MHz

	OP to 210 Mile
DC PLATE VOLTAGE	3000 max. V
DC GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	750 max. V
DC GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	
(White level)	-250 max. V
DC PLATE CURRENT	750 max. mA
GRID-No.2 INPUT	25 max. W
PLATE DISSIPATION	1000 max. W
GRID-No.1 CURRENT	100 max. mA

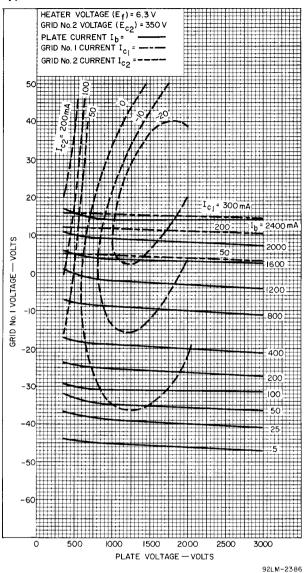


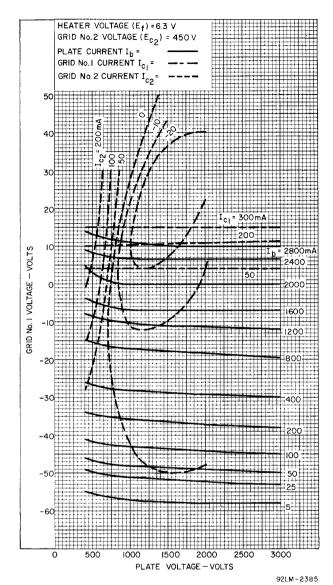
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Calculated Operation in Grid-Drive Circuit at 216 MHz Bandwidth of 8.5 MHz^h

DC Plate Voltage	2700	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	450	\mathbf{V}
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage:		
Synchronizing level	7 0	V
Pedestal level	-80	V
White level	-110	V
Peak RF Grid-No.1 Voltage	70	V
DC Plate Current:		
Synchronizing level	700	mΑ
Pedestal level	500	mA
DC Grid-No.1 Current (Approx.):		
Synchronizing level	0	Α
Pedestal level	0	Α
Driver Power Output (Approx.):		
Synchronizing level	8	W
Pedestal level	4.5	W
Useful Power Output (Approx.):		
Synchronizing level	1100	W
Pedestal level	615	W

Typical Constant Current Characteristics





Characteristics Range Values	Note	Min.	Max.	Unit
 Heater Current				A
Grid No.1 to plate	k	_	0.11	рF
Grid No.1 to cathode & heater	k	26	32	рF
Plate to cathode & heater	k	(0.011	рF

Grid No.1 to grid No.2		Min. 34 4.3	Max. 41 6.3	Unit pF pF
Grid No.2 to cathode & heater	j,m	- - 80	1.1 -50	pF μΑ Α
5. Interelectrode Leakage Resistance		8.0	_ _87	MΩ V

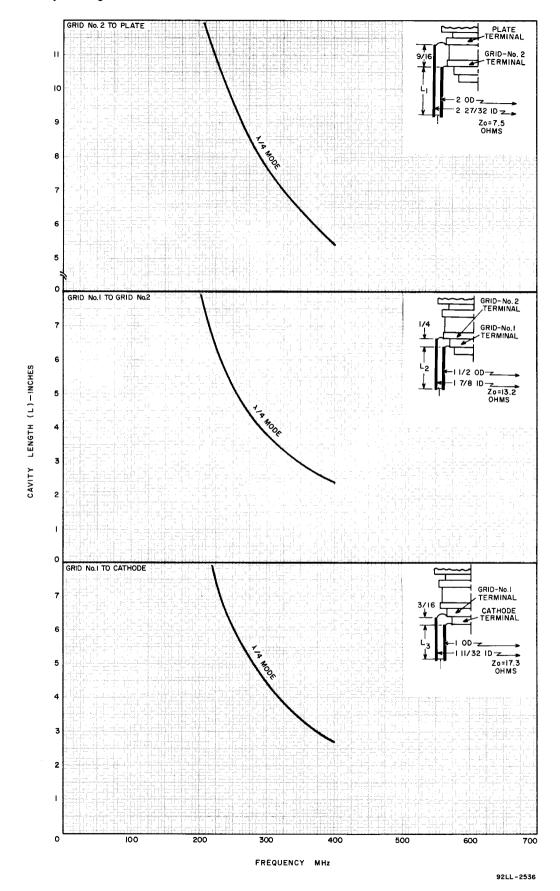
Footnotes for Range Values

- With 6.3 V ac or dc on heater.
- k Measured with special shield adapter.
- With dc plate voltage of 2500 volts, dc grid-No.2 voltage of 400 volts, and dc grid-No.1 voltage adjusted to give a plate current of 240 mA.
- $^{\sf n}$ See V.A.3 of 1CE-300.
- P For conditions with grid-No.1, grid-No.2, and plate tied together; and pulse voltage source of 850 peak volts, between plate and cathode. Pulse duration is 2 microseconds, pulse repetition frequency is 60 pps, and duty

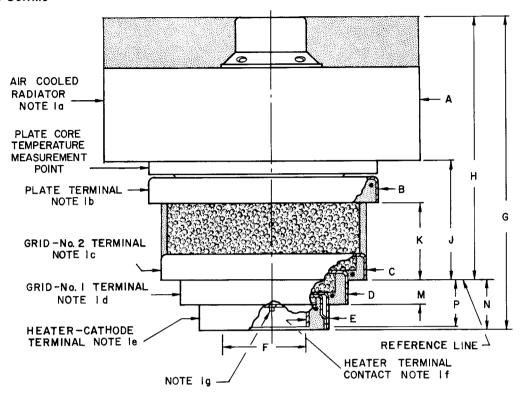
factor is 0.00012. Peak emission current is read after 1 minute.

- Tunder conditions with tube at 20° to 30° C for at least 30 minutes without any voltages applied to the tube. The minimum resistance between any two electrodes (except across heater terminals) is measured with a 200-volt Meggertype ohmmeter having an internal impedance of 1.0 megohm.
- ⁵ With dc plate voltage of 2500 volts, dc grid-No.2 voltage of 400 volts, and dc grid-No.1 voltage adjusted to give a plate current of 5 mA.

Electrode Cavity Tuning Characteristics



Dimensional Outline



CERAMIC



NOTE 2

SEAL TEMPERATURE
MEASUREMENT POINT

92LS-2540

Tabulated Dimensions *

Dimension	V	'alue		
Α	2.52	(64.0)	Max.	Dia.
В	1.745	(44.32)	Min.	Dia.
\mathbf{C}	1.590	(40.38)	Min.	Dia.
D	1.290	(32.76)	Min.	Dia.
${f E}$	0.99	(25.14)	Min.	Dia.
\mathbf{F}	0.67	(17.02)	Max.	Dia.
G	2.40	(60.96)	Max.	
H	$1.94 \pm .04$	(49.28 ± 1.01)		
J	$0.895 \pm .035$	$(22.73 \pm .88)$		
K	$0.575 \pm .025$	$(14.61 \pm .63)$		
M	$0.20 \pm .02$	$(6.08 \pm .50)$		
N	$0.40 \pm .020$	$(10.16 \pm .50)$		
P	$0.385 \pm .025$	$(9.78 \pm .63)$		

^{*}Dimensions are in inches unless otherwise stated. Dimensions in parentheses are in millimeters and are derived from the basic inch dimension (1 inch = 25.4 mm).

Note 1: The contact distance* listed is the indicated, uniform length as measured from the edge of the terminal. Concentricity between the various diameters is maintained within such tolerances that the tube will enter a gauge having suitably spaced apertures or post of the indicated diameters*.

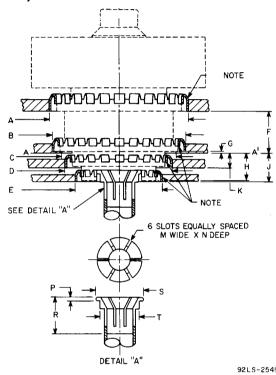
Note	Element	Contact Distance	Gauge Diameter
1a.	Radiator	0.755 (19.1) min.	2.550 (64.70)
1b.	Plate Terminal	0.145 (3.68) min.	1.801 (45.75)
1c.	Grid-No.2 Terminal	0.150 (3.81) min.	1.611 (40.92)
1d.	Grid-No.1 Terminal	0.180 (4.57) min.	1.321 (33.56)
1e.	Heater-Cathode		
	Terminal	0.160 (4.06) min.	1.021 (25.94)
1f.	Heater Terminal (pos	t)0.115 (2.92) max.	0.619 (15.72)
1g.	Pin		0.062 (1.58)

Note 2: Keep all stippled regions clear. Do not allow contacts or circuit components to protrude into these annular volumes. Diameters of stippled areas above air-cooled radiator, plate terminal contact surface, and grid-No.2 terminal contact surface shall not be greater than its associated diameter.

Mounting

See the preferred mounting arrangement below. See section III.C.3a of 1CE-300 for a description of the fixed method of mounting. The adjustable method is not recommended for the 8791. Special sockets are available.

Preferred Mounting Arrangement and Layout of Associated Contacts



Note: Contact Strip: No.97-360A as made by: Instrument Specialties Co., Little Falls, N.J.

Socket	Erie 9806-002 or equivalent
Socket	Jettron 89-081 or equivalent
Grid-No.2 Bypass	Erie 9811-000 or equivalent

Sockets may be obtained from:

Erie Technological Products Inc. 644 West 12th Street, Erie, Pa. 16512

Jettron Products Incorporated 56 Route 10, Hanover, N.J. 07936

Tabulated Dimensions*

Dimension	Val	ue	
Α	$1.938 \pm .001$	$(49.225 \pm .025)$	Dia.
В	$1.746 \pm .001$	$(44.348 \pm .025)$	Dia.
\mathbf{C}	$1.550 \pm .001$	$(39.370 \pm .025)$	Dia.
D	$1.448 \pm .001$	$(36.779 \pm .025)$	Dia.
${f E}$	$1.148 \pm .001$	$(29.159 \pm .025)$	Dia.
\mathbf{F}	$0.591 \pm .005$	$(15.01 \pm .12)$	
\mathbf{G}	$0.040 \pm .005$	$(1.02 \pm .12)$	
H	$0.385 \pm .005$	$(9.78 \pm .12)$	
J	$0.400 \pm .005$	$(10.16 \pm .12)$	
K	$0.184 \pm .005$	$(4.67 \pm .12)$	
M	$0.020 \pm .010$	$(0.51 \pm .25)$	
N	$0.400 \pm .005$	$(10.16 \pm .12)$	
P	$0.050 \pm .005$	$(1.27 \pm .12)$	
R	$0.500 \pm .005$	$(12.70 \pm .12)$	
S	$0.670 \pm .001$	$(17.018 \pm .025)$	Dia.
T	$0.565 \pm .005$	$(14.35 \pm .12)$	Dia.

^{*}Dimensions are in inches unless otherwise stated. Dimensions in parentheses are in millimeters and are derived from the basic inch dimension (1 inch = 25.4 mm).

Forced-Air Cooling

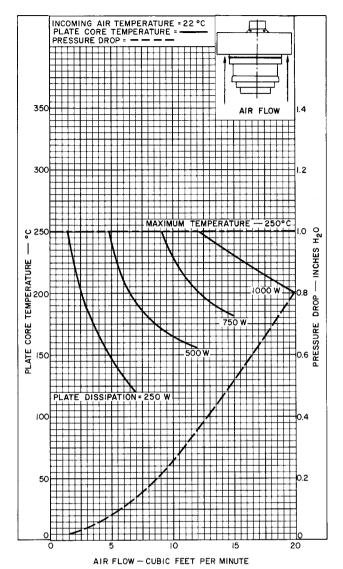
Air Flow:

Through radiator — Adequate air flow to limit the plate-core temperature to 250°C should be delivered by a blower through the radiator before and during the application of filament, plate, grid-No.2, and grid-No.1 voltages. In typical operation at 750 watts plate dissipation and 200°C plate core temperature 12 cfm at 0.36 inch of water at 22°C ambient air temperature should be sufficient as shown on Air Flow Chart.

To Plate, Grid-No.2, Grid-No.1, Cathode-Filament, and Filament Terminals — A sufficient quantity of air should be allowed to flow past each of these terminals so that their temperature does not exceed the specified maximum value of 250° F.

During Standby Operation — Cooling air is required when only filament voltage is applied to the tube.

During Shutdown Operation — Air flow should continue for a few minutes after all electrode power is removed



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