# TUNG-SOL

# PRODUCT BULLETIN

# INDUSTRIAL ELECTRON TUBE TYPE 7789

JANUARY, 1963

# HYDROGEN DIODE

diode designed for use in high-voltage rectifier circuits. The 7789 is a rugged diode that can handle higher voltage than comparable xenon-filled tubes, and is more efficient than vacuum rectifiers. An internally-connected hydrogen generator prevents gas clean-up.

Contrasted with a solid state rectifier, the 7789 can withstand high current and inverse voltage surges. This diode also has the advantage of being temperature free and has a wide range of mounting positions as compared with mercury-vapor tubes. The 7789 is capable of delivering 0.4 ampere average at 15 kilovolts peak inverse voltage.

#### FIFCTRICAL DATA

	Min	Bogey	Max	
Heater Voltage	4.75	5.00	5.25	Volts
Heater Current — $E_f = 5.0 \text{ Volts}$	7.7	8.5	9.3	Amperes
Cathode Heating Time	3			Minutes
Anode Voltage Drop	30	40	50	Volts
Initial Firing Voltage	_		70	Volts
Recurrent Firing Voltage	30	_	50	Volts

## MECHANICAL DATA

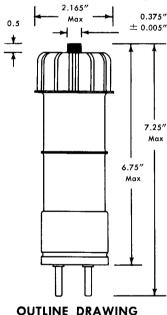
Type of Cooling	Convection
Mounting Position	Horizontal or Vertical (Base Down)
Average Net Weight	12 Ounces
Dimensions	See Outline Drawing
Base	JEDEC A4-81
Anode Connection	See Outline Drawing

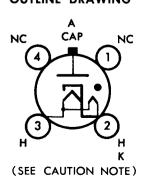
## RATINGS, ABSOLUTE VALUES

	SHUNT DIODE SERVICE Minimum Maximum		RECTIFIER SERVICE Minimum Maximum		=	
Peak Inverse Anode Voltage		10,000		15,000	Volts	
Cathode Current						
Peak	_	150	_	1.6	Amperes	
Average	_	0.2		0.4	Ampere	
RMS		5.5			Amperes	
Fault — 0.1 Second						
Maximum Duration	_	200		30	Amperes	
Averaging Time	_	_	_	15	Seconds	
Ambient Temperature	<del></del> 55	+75	<del></del> 55	十75	Degrees	
					Centigrade	
Altitude	_	10,000		10,000	Feet	

**CAUTION** — In order to avoid damage to tube, the cathode connection must be made to pin 2 only.







BASIC DIAGRAM

BASIC DIAGRAM
BOTTOM VIEW

## MAXIMUM RATING CHART \*

FIG. CIRCUIT TRANSFORME	TDANICEODAAED	NO. OF TUBES	A-C SECONDARY VOLTAGE Erms VOLTS	D-C OUTPUT — APPROX		RIPPLE		
	TRANSFORMER			E⊳c VOLTS	I <sub>DC</sub> AMPS	VOLTS RMS	FREQ	
1	Half-wave 1-phase	1-phase	1	10,500	4,800	0.4	5,250	f
2	Full-wave 1-phase	1-phase C-T	2	5,250	4,800	0.8	2,250	2f
3	Bridge circuit 1-phase	1-phase	4	10,500	9,500	0.8	4,500	2f
4	Half-wave 3-phase	Delta-Wye	3	6,150	7,200	1.2	1,300	3f
5	Full-wave 3-phase	Delta-Wye	6	6,150	14,300	1.2	600	6f
6	Full-wave 3-phase	Delta-Delta	6	10,500	14,300	· 1.2	600	6f
7	Half-wave 6-phase (3-phase supply)	Delta-Star	6	5,250	7,200	2.4	290	6f

For figure references see STANDARD RECTIFIER CIRCUITS AND RATINGS sheet.

The 7789 should be protected from transient voltages in excess of the maximum rating by spark gaps installed either directly across the tube or across each plate transformer secondary leg.

<sup>\*</sup> Values for Figure 1 assume pure resistive load. Values for all other Figures assume infinite inductance choke input filter.