

## Beam Power Tube

## NOVAR TYPE

*For Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Service  
in Low-B+, Black-and-White TV Receivers*

## ELECTRICAL

## Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Voltage (AC or DC) . . . . .	6.3 ± 0.6	V
Current at 6.3 V. . . . .	1.600	A

Maximum heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode:

Peak. . . . .	200	V
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Heater positive with respect to cathode:

Peak. . . . .	200	V
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DC component. . . . .	100	V
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Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.)<sup>a</sup>

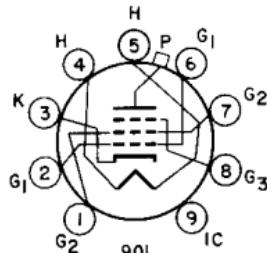
Grid No.1 to plate. . . . .	1.2	pF
Input: G1 to (K, G3, G2, H) . . . . .	22.0	pF
Output: P to (K, G3, G2, H) . . . . .	9.0	pF

## MECHANICAL

Operating Position. . . . .	Any
Type of Cathode . . . . .	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length. . . . .	3.550 in
Seated Length . . . . .	2.910 to 3.170 in
Diameter. . . . .	1.438 to 1.562 in
Dimensional Outline . . . . .	See General Section
Bulb. . . . .	T12
Cap . . . . .	Skirted Miniature (JEDEC No.CI-2 or CI-3)
Base. . . . .	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC No.E9-88)

## TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1 - Grid No.2
- Pin 2 - Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Cathode
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Grid No.1
- Pin 7 - Grid No.2
- Pin 8 - Grid No.3
- Pin 9 - Do Not Use
- Cap - Plate



## CHARACTERISTICS

Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage <sup>b</sup> . . . . .	6500	-	-	V
Plate Voltage . . . . .	-	50	130	V
Grid No.3 . . . . .	Connected to cathode at socket			
Grid-No.2 Voltage . . . . .	125	125	125	V
Grid-No.1 Voltage . . . . .	-	0	-20	V
Plate Resistance (Approx.). . . . .	-	-	12000	Ω



# 6JF6

Transconductance . . . . .	-	-	10000	$\mu$ mho
Plate Current . . . . .	-	525 <sup>c</sup>	80	mA
Grid-No.2 Current . . . . .		32 <sup>c</sup>	2.5	mA
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) . . . . .	-125	-	-40	V
For plate mA = 1				
Triode Amplification Factor (Triode connection: grid No.2 connected to plate at socket. Plate volts = grid-No.2 volts = 125; grid-No.1 volts = -20) . . . . .				4.1

## HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

### Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system

DC Plate Supply Voltage . . . . .	770	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage <sup>d</sup> . . . . .	6500	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage . . . . .	1500	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage <sup>e</sup> . . . . .	100	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage. . . . .	220	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	330	V
Cathode Current		
Peak . . . . .	950	mA
Average . . . . .	275	mA
Grid-No.2 Input . . . . .	3.5	W
Plate Dissipation <sup>f</sup> . . . . .	17	W
Bulb Temperature. . . . .	240	$^{\circ}$ C

At hottest point on bulb surface

### MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

#### Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance

For grid-resistor-bias operation <sup>f</sup> . . . . .	0.47	M $\Omega$
For plate-pulsed operation. . . . .	10	M $\Omega$

(Horizontal-deflection circuits only)

<sup>a</sup> Without external shield.

<sup>b</sup> Under conditions shown in footnote<sup>d</sup>.

<sup>c</sup> This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

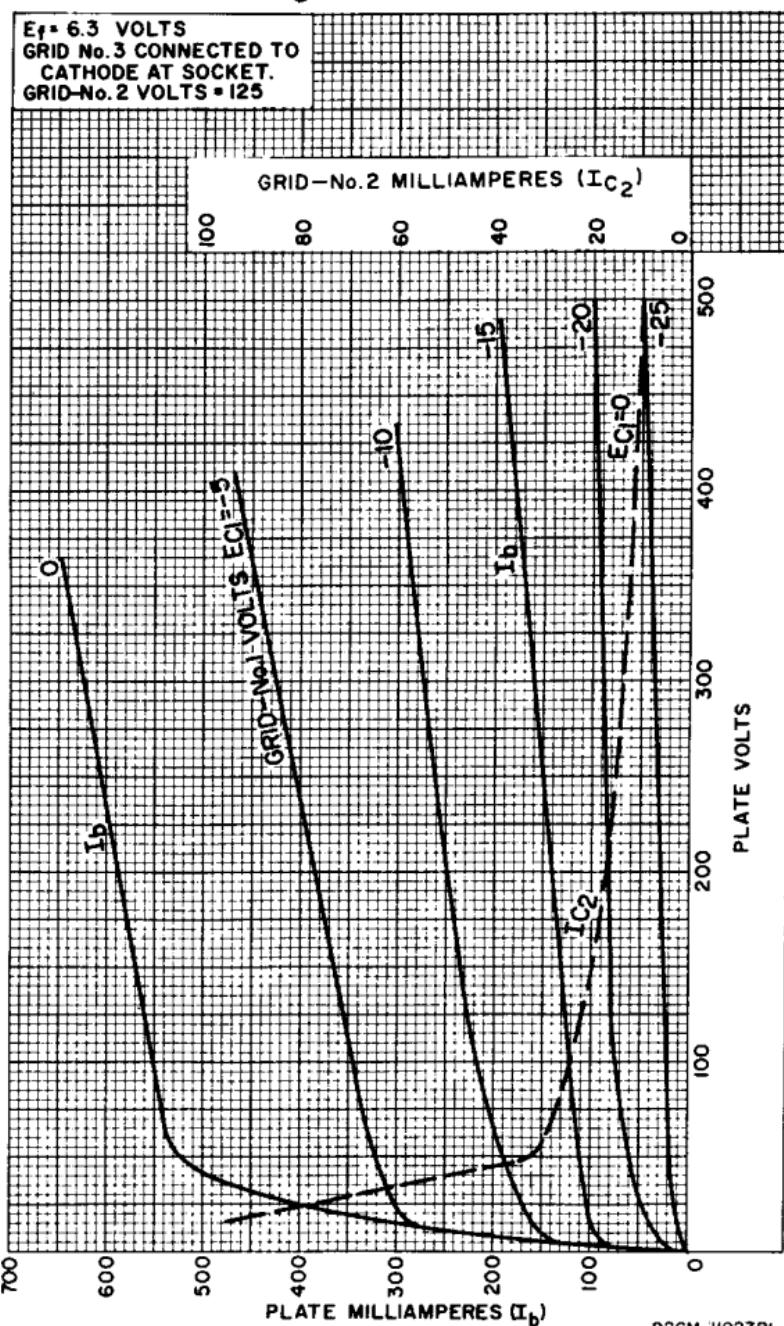
<sup>d</sup> This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 16 microseconds.

<sup>e</sup> In horizontal-deflection-amplifier service, a positive voltage may be applied to grid No.3 to reduce interference from "snivets" which may occur in both vhf and uhf television receivers. A typical value for this voltage is 50 volts.

<sup>f</sup> An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.



## Average Characteristics



92CM-II927RI



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DATA 2  
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