# **Beam Triode**

High Voltage (Max. DC Plate Volts = 27000), Low Current Type. Especially Useful as a Shunt Voltage-Regulator Tube in High-Voltage Power Supply Circuits in Color TV Receivers.

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Heater Characteristics and Ratings:  Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 ±0.6 volt  Current at heater volts = 6.3 0.200 am  Peak heater-cathode voltage:  Heater negative with	_
respect to cathode 200 max. volt Heater positive with	s
respect to cathode Not Recommende Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.): a	d
Grid to plate 0.03 p Grid to cathode and heater 2.6 p Plate to cathode and heater 1.0 p	f
Mechanical:	
Operating Position	.] ;"

Bases (Alternates):
 Short Jumbo-Shell Octal with External Barriers:
 8-Pin (JEDEC Group 1, No.88-71)

Short Medium-Shell Octal with External Barriers:

8-Pin, Style B (JEDEC Group 1, No.B8-118)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW . . . . .

Pin 1 – Cathode

Pin 6 - Do Not Use Pin 7 - Heater Pin 8 - Do Not Use Cap - Plate

Small (JEDEC No.C1-1 or C1-34)

. . . . .T12

8GC

#### SHUNT VOLTAGE-REGULATOR SERVICE

#### Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

DC Plate Voltage	٠		٠	27000 max.	volts
Unregulated DC Supply Voltage.				60000 max.	volts
Grid Voltage:					
Peak b				-440 max.	volts
DC.				125	

Pin 2 - Heater

Pin 5 - Grid

Pin 3 - Do Not Use Pin 4 - Do Not Use

# 6BK4A

DC Plate Current		1.6 max							
Plate Dissipation		30 max. watts							
Typical Operation:									
As shunt voltage-regulator tub	e-See Accomp	anying Circuit							
Unregulated Supply:									
DC voltage		36000 volts							
Equivalent resistance		11 megohms							
Voltage-Divider Values:		9							
R <sub>1</sub> (5 watts)		220 megohms							
$\mathcal{R}_{2}$ (2 watts)		1 megohm							
$\mathbb{R}_3^2$ (1/2 watt)		0.82 megohm							
Reference-Voltage Supply:									
DC value		200 volts							
Equivalent resistance		1000 ohms							
Effective Grid-Plate									
Transconductance		200 μmhos							
DC Plate Current:									
for load current of 0 ma		1000 да							
For load current of 1 ma		45 µа							
Regulated DC Output Voltage:									
For load current of 0 ma		25000 volts							
For load current of 1 ma. , .		24500 volts							
Maximum Circuit Values:									
Grid-Circuit Resistance		3 max. megohms							
$f{a}$ Without external shield. $f{b}$ For 20 seconds maximum duration during equipment warm-up period.									

### CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES

Note

Min.

Max.

							,,	
Grid Voltage	(1)				1	-7	_	volts
Grid Voltage	(2)				2	_	-40	volts
Grid-Voltage	Change				3	-	9	volts

Note 1: With dc plate voltage of 30000 volts and dc plate current of 1 ma. Note 2: With dc plate voltage of 30000 volts and dc plate current of 0.1 ma.

Note 3: Difference between grid voltage (1) and grid voltage (2).

#### OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

The base pins of the 6BK4A fit the standard octal socket. Socket terminals for pins 3,4.6, and 8 should not be used for tie points. If this precaution is not followed, tube performance may be adversely affected.

The high voltages at which the CRKAA is operated may be extremely dangerous to the user. Great care should be taken during adjustment of circuits. The tube and its associated apparatus, especially those parts which may be at high potential with respect to ground, should be housed in a protective enclosure. The protective housing should contain interlocks so that personnel cannot possibly come incontact with any high



potential point in the electrical system. The interlocks should break the primary circuit of the high-voltage supply when any gate or door on the protective housing is opened, and should prevent the closing of this primary circuit until the door is locked again.

It should be noted that  $high\ voltages$  may appear at normally low-potential points in the circuit as a result of capacitor breakdown or incorrect circuit connections. Therefore, before any part of the circuit is touched, the power-supply switch should be turned off and both terminals of the circuit capacitors should be grounded.

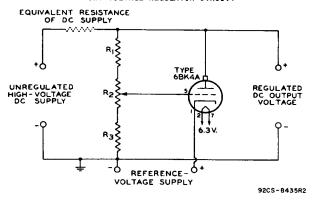
The bulb of the 6BK4A becomes hot during operation. To insure adequate cooling, it is essential that free circulation of air be provided around the 6BK4A. The bulb will eventually darken during service. This darkening is normal and has no effect on tube performance.

The plate of the 6BK4A shows a dull red color when the tube is operated at maximum plate dissipation. Connection to the plate cap should be made by a suitable connector with flexible lead to prevent any strain on the seal of the cap.

Operation of the 6BK4A with a plate voltage above approximately 16000 volts (absolute value) results in the production of K-Rays which can constitute a health hazard on prolonged exposure at close range unless the tube is adequately shielded. Relatively simple shielding should prove adequate, but the need for this precaution should be considered in equipment design.

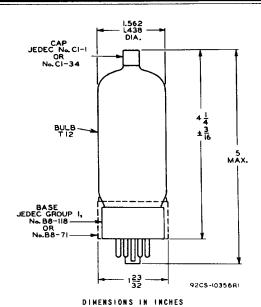
The 6BK4A may exhibit a blue glow on the upper half of the inner surface of the bulb wall under normal operating conditions. This effect is caused by fluorescence and is not to be mistaken for gas. 6BK4A

#### SHUNT VOLTAGE-REGULATOR CIRCUIT



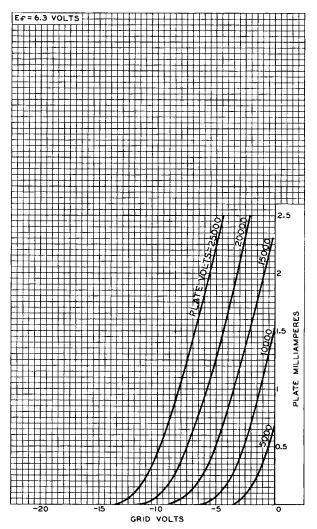
Typical performance data for this basic circuit with certain characteristics of the unregulated dc supply and related voltage-divider values are given in the tabulated data. Other combinations are feasible within the maximum ratings and the maximum circuit values for the 6BK4A.

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# 6BK4A

## **AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS**



92CM-8432RI

