Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS -	Bogey Values
Heater Voltage, ac E _h	3.15 V
Heater Current at E _h =3.15 V I _h	0.48 A
Warm-up Time	4 s
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance: au	
P to ($K + IS + H$) c_{p-al}	1.6 pF
Instantaneous Tube Voltage Drop for Instantaneous Plate Current (i _b) = 7 mA e _b	60 V
MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Maximum Overall Length	. 4.312 in (109.52 mm)
Maximum Seated Length	. 3.750 in (95.25 mm)
Maximum Diameter	1.188 in (30.17 mm)
Envelope	JEDEC T9
Top Cap Small en	abossed (JEDEC C1-48)
Base:	
Ultra-Short Small-Wafer with External 6-pin (JEDEC No. B6-253)	Barriers:
Terminal-Connections Designation	JEDEC 8EZ
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Operating Position	
MAXIMUM RATINGS - Design-Maximum	Values b
For operation as a pulsed rectification 525-line, 30-frame system	er tube in a
Inverse Plate Voltage:	
Total DC and Peake _{bm}	38,000 V
DC E _{b(a)}	30,000 V
Plate Current:	
Peak i _b	110 4
	110 mA

Measured without external shield in accordance with the current issue of EIA Standard RS-191.

b As defined in the current issue of EIA Standard RS-239.

This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 µs.

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

Pin 1 - Do Not Use

Pin 2 - Heater

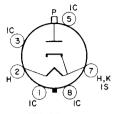
Pin 3 - Do Not Use

Pin 5 - Do Not Use

Pin 7 - Heater, Cathode, Internal Shield

Pin 8 - Do Not Use

Top Cap - Plate



JEDEC 8EZ

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

Socket Connections. The base pins of the 3CZ3 fit the standard octal socket. Socket terminals 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8 may be connected to terminal 7 or to a corona shield which connects to terminal 7. Terminals 4 and 6 may be used as tie points at or near cathode potential. Otherwise, do not use.

High Voltages. The high voltages at which the 3CZ3 is operated may be extremely dangerous to the user. Great care should be taken during the adjustment of circuits. The tube and its associated apparatus, especially all parts which may be at high potential with respect to ground, should be housed in a protective enclosure. The protective housing should be designed with interlocks so that personnel cannot possibly come in contact with any high potential point in the electrical system.

X-Radiation. Operation of the 3CZ3 with a plate voltage above approximately 16,000 V results in the production of X-radiation which can constitute a health hazard on prolonged exposure at close range unless the tube is adequately shielded. Relatively simple shielding should prove adequate, but the need for this precaution should be considered in equipment design.