Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE SEPARATE GRID-No.3 BASE-PIN TERMINAL FOR "SNIVETS" CONTROL^h For Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Service in Low-B+, Black-and-White TV Receivers

III LOW-DY, BIACK-ANG-	MILTE	IV Receivers	
Electrical:			
Heater Characteristics and Rating	s:		
Current		0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater		2,.	
amperes = 0.45C		. 22.0	volts
amperes = 0.450		. 11	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage:			
Heater negative with			
respect to cathode		. 200 max.	volts
Heater positive with			
respect to cathode		. 200ªmax.	volts
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	S		
(Approx.) b :			
Grid No.1 to plate		. 1.2	ρf
Input: G1 to (K,G3,G2,H)		. 22.0	pf
Output: P to (K,G3,G2,H)			pf
Mechanical:			
Operating Position			Any
Type of Cathode		Coated Uniont	ential
Maximum Overal! Length			3.550"
Maximum Overall Length		2.910" to	3.170"
Diameter		1.438" to	1.562"
8ulb			T12
Bulb	ture (JEDEC No.C1-2 or	C1-3)
Socket			
Bases (Alternates):			
Large-Button Novar 9-Pin (JEDEC	No.E9	9-76)	
Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with E	xhaust	Tip (JEDEC No.E	9-88)
Basing Designation for BOITOM V	TEW		. 9QL
Pin 1 - Grid No.2		н	
Pin 2 - Grid No.1		H P (5) GI	
Pin 3 - Cathode		(4) (6)	
Pin 4 - Heater	K /		2
Pin 5 - Heater	(3 (-
Pin 6 - Grid No.1	,		
Pir 7 - Grid No.2	G, (ᢓҲ ʹ て プノ ⋌ 8)໔	٦.
Pin 8 - Grid No.3	•		•
Pin 9 - Do Not Use		9	
Cap - Plate		u2 IC	
Characteristics:			
		Triode	
		Connec-	



Plate Voltage.

Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage**d**

volts

volts

 $tion^{\mathbf{c}}$

125

50 130

6500

Triode Connectionc

Grid No.3	nnected	to cat	hode at	socket
Grid-No.2 Voltage 125	125	125	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	0	-20	-20	volts
Amplification Factor	-	-	4.7	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	18000	-	ohms
Transconductance		7000	-	μmhos
Plate Current	470 e	45	_	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	32 e	1.5	-	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.)				
for plate ma. = 175	-	-32	-	volts

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings. Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system f	
DC Plate Supply Voltage 770 max.	volts
Peak Positive—Pulse Plate Voltage 6500 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage 1500 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage* 75 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage 220 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:	
Negative-bias value 55 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 Voltage 330 max.	volts
Cathode Current:	
Peak 950 max.	ma
Average 275 max.	ma
	watts
Plate Dissipation J 17 max.	watts
Bulb Temperature (At hottest point	_
on bulb surface) 220 max.	oC.

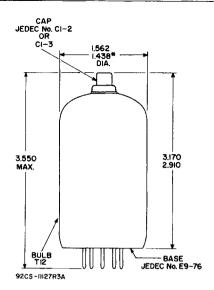
Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1 Circuit Resistance:

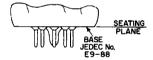
For grid-No.1-resistor-bias operation . 0.47 max. megohm For plate-pulsed operation

(horizontal-deflection circuits only). 10 max. megohms

- The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- Without external shield.
- With grid No.2 connected to plate at socket.
- Under conditions shown in footnote9.
- This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.
- As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.
- This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. in a 525— line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.
- In horizontal-deflection-amplifier service, a positive voltage may be applied to grid No.3 to reduce interference from "snivets" which may occur in both vhf and uhf television recoivers. A typical value for this voltage is 30 volts.
- An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.



Alternative Base Bottom Exhaust



92CS-III27R38

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

A detailed drawing of the E9-88 base is available from RCA, Commercial Engineering 51-2, Harrison, N.J. 07029.

 $[^]st$ Applies to the minimum diameter except in the area of the seal.

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

