

(6)

POWER AMPLIFIER PENTODE

Por applications requiring continu	LIVIODE uity of service			
Heater Coated Unipotential Cat	hode			
Voltage 6.3	a-c or d-c volts			
Current 0.7	amp.			
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Appr	rox.): ⁰			
Grid to Plate 0.20	f بربر			
Input 7.5	ք պպ			
Output 11.5	μμ f			
Maximum Overall Length	3-1/4"			
Maximum Seated Height	2-11/16"			
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"			
Bulb	Metal Shell, MT-8			
	all Wafer Octal 7-Pin			
Pin 1-Shell Pin 2-Heater	Pin 5-Grid Pin 7-Heater			
Pin 3-Plate	Pin 8 - Cathode			
Pin 4 – Screen	rin 6 = Cathode			
Mounting Position BOTTOM VIEW	Any			
Maximum Ratings Are Design-Cer	iter Values			
PUSH-PULL AMPLIFIER - Triode (
Recommended with Cathode-Bias Of				
Plate Voltage	300 max. volts			
Plate Dissipation	8.3 max. watts			
Typical Operation - Class A Amplifier				
Unless otherwise specified, values				
Plate Supply *	327.5 volts			
Cathode Resistor	500 ohms			
Peak A-F Grid-to-Grid Voltage	54 volts			
Zero-Sig. Plate Current Max:-Sig. Plate Current	55 ma.			
	59 ma. 5000 ohms			
Load Resistance (plate-to-plate) Total Harmonic Distortion	5000 ohms 1 %			
Power Output	2 watts			
* Actual voltage between cathode and plate will minus drop in cathode resistor.				
Type of input coupling used should not intro in the grid circuit. Transformer- or impeda	duce too much resistance			
recommended. The grid circuit may have a resis	tance as high as, but not			
recommended. The grid circuit may have a resis greater than, 0.5 megohm provided the heater v- rise more than 10% above rated value under any	oltage is not allowed to			
PUSH-PULL AMPLIFIER - Pentode				
Plate Voltage Screen Voltage	300 max. volts			
Plate Dissipation	300 max. volts			
Screen Input	7.9 max. watts 1.9 max. watts			
Typical Operation - Class A, Amplifier:	1.3 max. watts			
Unless otherwise specified, values Plate				
Screen	300 volts 300 volts			
D-C Grid Voltage #	-30 volts			
Peak A-F Grid-to-Grid Voltage	60 volts			
Zero-Sig. Plate Current	38 ma.			
MaxSig. Plate Current	69 ma.			
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Zero-Sig. Screen Current	6.5	ma.
MaxSig. Screen Current	13	ma.
Load Resistance (plate-to-plate)	4000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	3	%
Power Output	5	watts

In circuits where the cathode is not directly connected to the heater, the potential difference between heater and cathode should be kept as low as possible.
With shell connected to cathode.

With shell connected to cathode. Screen connected to plate.

Type of input coupling used should not introduce too much resistance in the grid circuit. Transformer—or impedance—coupling devices are recommended. When the grid circuit has a resistance not higher than 0.05 megohm, fixed bias may be used; for higher values, cathode bias is required. With cathode bias, the grid circuit may have a resistance as high as, but not greater than, 0.5 megohm provided the heater voltage is not allowed to rise more than 10% above rated value under any conditions of operation.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS for the 1621 are the same as those for Type 12A6.

Curves under Type 6F6 also apply to the 1621.