5YP- CATHODE-RAY TUBES

The Type 5YP- is an electrostatic focus and deflection cathode-ray tube, with very high sensitivity D3D4 deflection plates, featuring an intensifier for increased brightness and writing rate, with a minimum loss in deflection sensitivity.

The high D3D4 sensitivity is achieved by using long deflection plates and limiting the D3D4 scan to a useful portion of the full screen diameter. Capacitances are low, being comparable to other types such as the 5JP-A and 5RP-A, where deflection connections are made through the neck instead of the base.

The 5YP- is particularly useful for wide band oscillographs and for any application requiring high D3D4 deflection plate sensitivity.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical

Electrical				
Heater Voltage			6	3 Volts
Heater Current		0.6	± 10% /	Ampere
Focusing Method	l 		Elect	rostatic
Deflecting Metho	od		Elect	rostatic
Phosphor	No. 1	No. 2	No. 7	No. 11
Fluorescence	Green	Green	Blue	Blue
Phosphorescene	ce —	Green	Yellow	-
Persistence	Medium	Long	Long	Short
Direct Interelects	ode Capa	citances,	Approx.	
Cathode to all oth	ner electro	des	·····	5 $\mu\mu$ f.
Grid No. 1 to all				
D1 to D2				2 μμ f .
D3 to D4				
D1 to all other electrodes except D22.5 $\mu\mu$ f.				
D2 to all other electrodes except D12.5 $\mu\mu$ f.				
D3 to all other electrodes except D4 $2 \mu \mu f$.				
D4 to all other electrodes except D3 $2 \mu \mu f$.				



Mechanical

Overall Length	
Greatest Diameter of Bulb	$5\frac{1}{4} \pm 3/32$ Inches
Minimum Useful Screen Diameter	4 ½ Inches
Bulb Contact (Recessed Small Ball Cap)	J1-22
Neck Contacts (Small Ball Caps)	J1-25
Base (Medium Shell Diheptal 12-Pin)	B12-37
Basing	
Base Alignment:	·
D1D2 trace aligns with Pin No. 5 and tube axis	± 10 Degrees
Positive voltage on D1 deflects beam approximately toward Pin No. 5	S
Positive voltage on D3 deflects beam approximately toward Pin No. 2	
Angle between D3D4 and D1D2 traces	90 ± 2 Degrees
Bulb Contact Alignment:	3
J1-22 contact aligns with D1D2 trace	± 10 Degrees
J1-22 contact on same side as Pin No. 5	· ·

MAXIMUM RATINGS—(Design Center Values)

Post Accelerator Voltage	. 8,000 Max. Volts D-C
Accelerator Voltage ¹	3.500 Max. Volts D-C
Ratio Post Accelerator Voltage to Accelerator Voltage	
Focusing Voltage	1.550 Max. Volts D-C

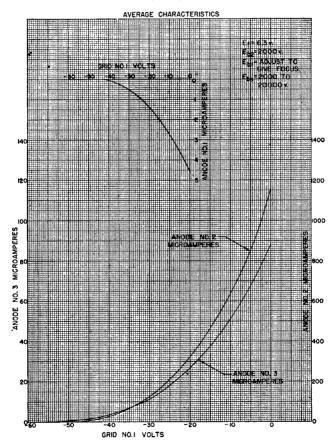
Grid No. 1 Voltage				
Negative Bias Value				
Positive Bias Value				
Positive Peak Value				
Peak Heater Cathode Voltage				
Heater Negative with respect to Cathode				
Heater Positive with respect to Cathode				
Peak Voltage between Accelerator and any				
Deflection Electrode				
TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS				
For Post Accelerator Voltage of				
For Accelerator Voltage of				
Focusing Voltage				
Grid No. 1 Voltage ²				
Modulation ³				
Line Width A ³				
P1 Light Output ³				
Deflection Factors:				
D1 and D2				
D3 and D4				
Deflection Factor Uniformity ⁴				
Useful Scan ⁵ :				
D1 and D2				
D3 and D4				
Pattern Distortion at 75% of useful scan ⁶ 2½% Max.				
Frequency for 10% reduction in D3D4 deflection amplitude				
due to transit time ⁷				
Spot Position (Focused and Undeflected) Within a 5/16-inch radius circle ⁹				
CIRCUIT DESIGN VALUES				
Focusing Voltage				
Focusing Current for any operating condition				
Grid No. 1 Voltage ²				
Grid No. 1 Circuit Resistance				
Deflection Factors:				
Post Accelerator Voltage - Accelerator Voltage				

NOTES

- The product of accelerator voltage and average accelerator current should be limited to 6 watts.
- 2. Visual extinction of undeflected focused spot.
- 3. Measured in accordance with JAN-1A Specifications at a post accelerator current of
- 4. The deflection factor (for both D1D2 and D3D4 plate pairs, separately) for a deflection of less than 75% of the useful scan will not differ from the deflection factor for a deflection at 25% of the useful scan by more than the indicated value.
- 5. Reduction in useful scan when post accelerator voltage is greater than accelerator voltage is determined by the ratio of these voltages measured with respect to cathode. Values shown are therefore applicable to any operating condition with the same voltage ratios.
- 6. The edges of a raster pattern, whose mean dimensions are the indicated percentage of useful scan, shall not deviate from the mean dimension rectangle by more than the specified amount.
- 7. Computed.

- 8. Deflection accuracy may be obtained by combining angle between traces, deflection factor uniformity and pattern distortion characteristics. In general, for deflections less than those indicated, the accuracy will improve.
- 9. Centered with respect to the tube face with the tube shielded.
- 10. It is recommended that the deflecting electrode circuit resistances be approximately equal.
- For optimum focus the average potentials of the deflection plates and second anode should be the same.

5YP1, 5YP2, 5YP11



TYPE 5YP-

