

# 5BP-A CATHODE-RAY TUBES

The Type 5BP-A Cathode-ray Tubes are electrostatically focussed and deflected cathode-ray tubes with four free deflection plates for balanced deflection. Employing low accelerating voltages, the Type 5BP-A Cathode-ray Tubes are designed for applications where the use of an intensifier is not essential. The electron gun is designed to draw negligible focusing electrode current.

The Type 5BP-A is recommended for replacement only.



## GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

### Electrical

Heater Voltage .....	6.3 Volts
Heater Current .....	0.6 $\pm$ 10% Ampere
Focusing Method .....	Electrostatic
Deflecting Method .....	Electrostatic
Phosphor	No. 1
Fluorescence	Green
Persistence	Medium
	No. 11
	Blue
	Short

### Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, Nominal

Grid No. 1 to all other electrodes .....	8.0 $\mu\text{uf}$ .
D1 to D2 .....	1.4 $\mu\text{uf}$ .
D3 to D4 .....	1.2 $\mu\text{uf}$ .
D1 to all other electrodes except D2 .....	8.0 $\mu\text{uf}$ .
D2 to all other electrodes except D1 .....	7.5 $\mu\text{uf}$ .
D3 to all other electrodes except D4 .....	10.0 $\mu\text{uf}$ .
D4 to all other electrodes except D3 .....	7.5 $\mu\text{uf}$ .

### Mechanical

Overall Length .....	16 $\frac{3}{4}$ $\pm$ $\frac{3}{8}$ Inches
Greatest Diameter of Bulb .....	5 $\frac{1}{4}$ + 1/16, Inches -3/32 Inches
Minimum Useful Screen Diameter .....	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ Inches
Base .....	Medium Magnal
Basing .....	11N
Base Alignment	
3D4 trace aligns with Pin No. 1 and tube axis .....	$\pm$ 10 Degrees
Positive voltage on D1 deflects beam approximately toward Pin No. 4.	
Positive voltage on D3 deflects beam approximately toward Pin No. 1.	
Angle between 3D4 and 1D2 traces .....	90 $\pm$ 3 Degrees

## MAXIMUM RATINGS—(Design Center Values)

Anode No. 2 Voltage .....	2000 Max. Volts D-C
Anode No. 1 Voltage <sup>1</sup> .....	1000 Max. Volts D-C
Grid No. 1 Voltage	
Negative Bias Value .....	125 Max. Volts D-C
Positive Bias Value .....	0 Max. Volts D-C
Positive Peak Value .....	2 Max. Volts
Peak Voltage between Anode No. 2 and any Deflection Electrode .....	500 Max. Volts

## TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

For Anode No. 2 Voltage of .....	1500	2000	Volts
Anode No. 1 Voltage for focus .....	253 to 422	338 to 562	Volts
Grid No. 1 Voltage <sup>2</sup> .....	-15 to -45	-20 to -60	Volts

### Deflection Factors:

D1 and D2 .....	52 to 74	70 to 98	Volts D-C per Inch
D3 and D4 .....	47 to 67	63 to 89	Volts D-C per Inch

Anode No. 1 Voltage for focus .....	16.9% to 28.1% of Eb2 Volts
Grid No. 1 Voltage <sup>2</sup> .....	1% to 3% of Eb2 Volts
Anode No. 1 Current for any operating condition .....	-50 to +10 Microamperes

### Deflection Factors:

D1 and D2 .....	35 to 49 Volts D-C per Inch per Kilovolt of Eb2
D3 and D4 .....	31.5 to 44.5 Volts D-C per Inch per Kilovolt of Eb2

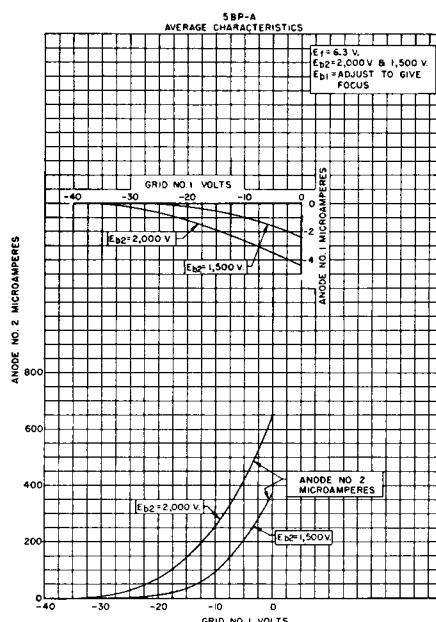
Spot Position (Undeflected)<sup>3</sup> ..... Within 15 Millimeters square

## MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

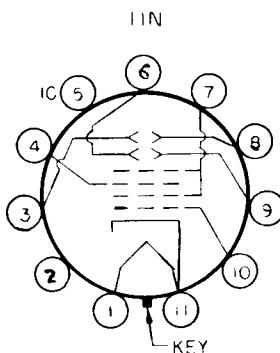
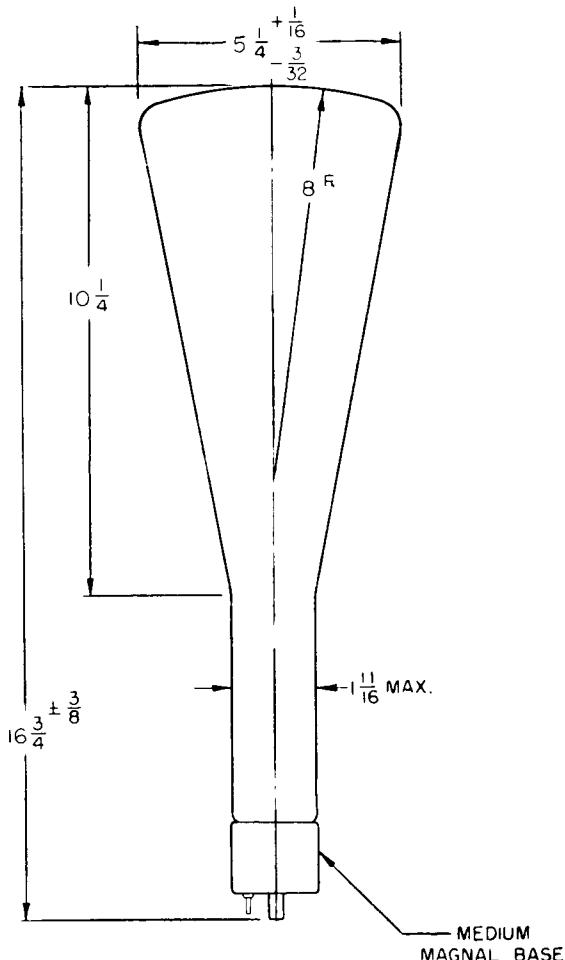
Grid No. 1 Circuit Resistance .....	1.5 Max. Megohms
Resistance in any Deflecting Electrode Circuit <sup>4</sup> .....	5 Max. Megohms

## N O T E S

1. Anode No. 2 and Grid No. 2, which are connected together within the tube, are referred to herein as Anode No. 2.
2. Visual extinction of undeflected focused spot.
3. With Eb2=1500 volts and Eb1 adjusted for focus.
4. It is recommended that the deflecting electrode circuit resistances be approximately equal.
5. For optimum focus the average potentials of the deflection plates and second anode should be the same.



## TYPE 5BP-A



BOTTOM VIEW OF BASE

PIN NO	ELEMENT
1	HEATER
2	NO CONNECTION
3	DEFLECTING ELECTRODE D <sub>1</sub>
4	ANODE NO. 1
5	INTERNAL CONNECTION
6	DEFLECTING ELECTRODE D <sub>4</sub>
7	ANODE NO. 2, GRID NO. 2
8	DEFLECTING ELECTRODE D <sub>2</sub>
9	DEFLECTING ELECTRODE D <sub>3</sub>
10	GRID NO. 1
11	HEATER AND CATHODE