## **3ABP- CATHODE-RAY TUBE**

The Du Mont Type 3ABP- is a flat-faced electrostatically focused and deflected cathode-ray tube containing two separate electron-guns. Each electron beam is independent of the other except for the accelerator, heater and cathode connections. For high brightness with maximum deflection sensitivity, post-acceleration is utilized. The Type 3ABP- is one of the line of Du Mont tight-tolerance cathode-ray tubes.

The Type 3ABP- is used in applications requiring a two-beam presentation with high deflection sensitivity and good tracking accuracy on a short three-inch cathode-ray tube.

Deflection electrodes are designed for excellent deflection and tracking accuracy and are electrostatically shielded from each other to prevent interaction.

Both electron-guns employ a design requiring essentially zero focusing anode current.

All connections except for the accelerator and post-accelerator are brought out to the base pins to simplify the problem of connection. For insulation, the accelerator and post-accelerator connections are bulb terminals.



## **GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)**

## **Electrical**

$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$						
Phosphor	No. 1	No. 2	No. 7	<b>N</b> o. 11		
Fluorescence	Green	Green	$\mathbf{Blue}$	$\mathbf{B}$ lue		
Phosphorescence		Green	Yellow			
Persistence	Medium	Long	Long	Short		
Direct Interelectrode Cap	Min.	Max.				
Cathodes to all other electrodes		4.8	7.2	$\mu\mu\mathbf{f}$		
Grid No. 1 to all other electrodes		3.7	5.5	$\mu\mu f$		
D1 to D2		1.7	2.6	$\mu\mu\mathbf{f}$		
D3 to D4		1.7	2.6	$\mu\mu\mathbf{f}$		
D1 to all other electro	D2 5.6	8.4	$\mu\mu\mathbf{f}$			
D2 to all other electro	D1 5.6	8.4	$\mu \mu \mathbf{f}$			
D3 to all other electro	D4 4.9	7.3	$\mu\mu\mathbf{f}$			
D4 to all other electrodes except D3			7.3	$\mu\mu\mathbf{f}$		

## Mechanical

Overall Length Greatest Diameter of Bulb	,
Minimum Useful Screen Diameter	
Bulb Contacts (Recessed Small Ball Caps)	J1-22
Base (Medium shell diheptal, 14 Pin)	B14-38
Basing	14 <b>T</b>
Base Alignment	
D3D4 trace aligns with Pin No. 5 and Tube Avis	+10 Degrees

Positive voltage on D1 deflects beam approximately towards Pin No. 1 Positive voltage on D3 deflects beam approximately towards Pin No. 12				
Bulb Contact Aligment				
J1-22 contacts align with D3D4 trace ±10 Degree				
I1-22 contacts on same side as Pin No. 5	•			
Trace Alignent				
Angle between D1D2 and D3D4 traces	e			
Corresponding traces of each gun align with each other				
	_			
MAXIMUM RATINGS	_			
Post-Accelerator Voltage	2			
Accelerator Voltage (Note 2)	٦			
Ratio Post-Accelerator Voltage to				
Accelerator Voltage (Note 3) 3 Max				
Focusing Voltage	_			
Grid No. 1 Voltage Negative Bias Value	~			
Positive Peak Value				
Positive Bias Value				
Peak Voltage between Accelerator and any	.5			
Deflection Electrode	to.			
	.3			
TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS				
For Post-Accelerator Voltage of				
For Accelerator Voltage of				
Focusing Voltage				
Grid No. 1 Voltage (Note 4)	C			
Modulation Factor (Note 5)				
Line Width "A" (Note 6) .018 Max. Inche				
P1 Light Output (Note 6)	n.			
Deflection Factors:				
D1 and D2				
D3 and D4				
Deflection Factor Uniformity (Note 7) 2½% Maximur Tracking Error (Note 8) 29	.n.			
Pattern Distortion @ 75% of Minimum	О			
Useful Screen Diameter (Note 9) 2% Max	.,			
Interaction Factor (Note 11)	1+			
Spot Position (Undeflected, Focused) (Note 12) Within a 1/4 Inch Radius Circl				
	Е			
CIRCUIT DESIGN VALUES				
Focusing Voltage 190 to 290 Volts per Kilovolt of Accelerator Voltag				
Focusing Current for any operating condition ————————————————————————————————————				
Grid No. 1 Voltage (Note 4)22.5 to -37.5 Volts per Kilovolt of Accelerator Voltage				
Grid No. 1 Circuit Resistance 1.5 Max. Megohm	iS			
Deflection Factors:				
Post-Accelerator Voltage = Accelerator Voltage				
D1 and D2 63 to 77 Volts D-C/Inch/KV of Accelerator Voltage				
D3 and D4 59.5 to 72.5 Volts D-C/Inch/KV of Accelerator Voltage				
Resistance in any Deflecting-Electrode Circuit (Note 13) 5.0 Max. Megohm	15			
NOTES				
1. Values are for each unit unless otherwise stated				

- 1. Values are for each unit unless otherwise stated.
- 2. Accelerator power input (avg.) should be limited to 6 watts.
- 3. This tube is designed for optimum performance when operating at an Eb3/Eb2 ratio of 2.0. Operation at other ratios of Eb3/Eb2 may result in increased deflection (non) uniformity, pattern distortion and tracking error.
- 4. For visual extinction of the focused undeflected spot.
- 5. The increase in Grid No. 1 voltage from cut-off to produce an Ib3 of 25 μADC.
- Measured in accordance with MIL-E-1 specifications using an Ib3 of 25 μADC.
- 7. The deflection factor (For both D1D2 and D3D4 plate pairs, separately) for deflections of less than 75% of the useful scan will not differ from the deflection factor for a deflection of 25% of the useful scan by more than the indicated value.

- 8. The positions of the spot of each beam, when deflected from the center by applied voltages proportional to the deflection factor will not deviate from each other by more than the indicated percentage of the deflection.
- 9. The edges of a raster pattern, whose mean dimensions are the indicated percentage of useful screen diameter, shall not deviate from the mean dimension rectangle by more than the specified amount.
- Deflection accuracy may be obtained by combining angle between traces, deflection
  factor uniformity and pattern distortion characteristics. In general, for deflections less
  than those indicated the accuracy will improve.
- 11. The deflection of one beam when balanced DC Voltages are applied to the deflection electrodes of the other beam will not be greater than the indicated value.
- 12. Centered with respect to the tube face and with the tube shielded.
- 13. Deflection electrode circuit resistance should be equal.

TYPE 3ABP-AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



