

RCA-30

DETECTOR, AMPLIFIER

The 30 is a detector and amplifier tube of the three-electrode type for battery-operated radio receivers where economy of filament-current drain is important.



CHARACTERISTICS

FILAMENT VOLTAGE (D. C.)	2.0	Volts A mpere
GRID-PLATE CAPACITANCE		μμf
GRID-FILAMENT CAPACITANCE	3.0	μμf μμf
PLATE-FILAMENT CAPACITANCE		μμt ST-12
Bulb		Small 4/Pin
BASE		Small 4-Pin

As Class A₁ Amplifier

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90	135	180 max.	Volts
-4.5	_		Volts
2.5	3.0	3.1	Milliamperes
11000	10300	10300	Ohms
9.3	9.3	9.3	
850	900	900	Micromhos
	-4.5 2.5 11000 9.3	-4.5 -9 2.5 3.0 11000 10300 9.3 9.3	-4.5 -9 -13.5 2.5 3.0 3.1 11000 10300 10300 9.3 9.3 9.3

As Class B Amplifier

PLATE VOLTAGE	180 max.	Volts
MAXIMUM-SIGNAL PLATE CURRENT	50 max.	Milliamperes
ZERO-SIGNAL PLATE CURRENT (Per tube)	1.5 max.	Milliamperes
Typical Operation (2 tubes)		

Values are for two tubes.

Plate Voltage	157.5	Volts
Grid Voltage	-15	\mathbf{Volts}
Zero-Signal Plate Current (Per tube)	1.0	Milliampere
Effective Load Resistance (Plate-to-plate)	8000	Ohms -
Maximum-Signal Driving Power	260	Milliwatts 4 1
Power Output, Approximate*	2.1	Watts

^{*} With one type 30 as driver operated under the following conditions: Plate voltage, 157.5 volts, negative grid bias voltage, 11.3 volts; plate load of approximately 18000 ohms; and input transformer ratio (primary to one-half secondary), 1.165: Total distortion is 6 to 7%.

INSTALLATION AND APPLICATION

The base pins of the 30 fit the standard four contact socket which should be installed to hold the tube in a vertical position. Cushioning of the socket in the detector stage may be desirable if microphonic disturbances are encountered. For filament operation, refer to INSTALLATION on type 1A6.

As a detector, the 30 may be operated either with grid leak and condenser or with grid-bias. The plate voltage for the former method should not be more than 45 volts. A grid leak of from 1 to 5 megohms used with a grid condenser of $0.00025~\mu f$ is satisfactory. The grid return should be connected to the positive filament socket terminal. For grid-bias detection, plate voltages up to the maximum value of 180 volts may be used. The corresponding grid-bias should be adjusted so that the plate current is about 0.2 milliampere when no signal is being received.

In resistance coupled service, the maximum d-c resistance in the grid circuit should not exceed 2 megohms.

A family of plate characteristic curves is given on page 102.