

DOUBLE PENTODE

Double pentode intended for use as video output tube, sync. separator, A.G.C. amplifier or I.F. sound amplifier.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA			
<u>F section</u>			
Anode current	I _a	10	mA
Transconductance	S	8.5	mA/V
Amplification factor	$\mu_{g_2} g_1$	38	-
Internal resistance	R _i	150	kΩ
<u>L section</u>			
Anode current	I _a	30	mA
Transconductance	S	22	mA/V
Amplification factor	$\mu_{g_2} g_1$	38	-
Internal resistance	R _i	33	kΩ

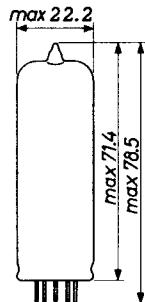
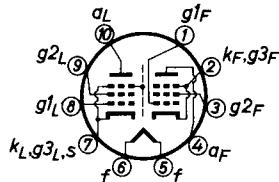
HEATING: Indirect by A.C. or D.C.; series supply

Heater current	I _f	300	mA
Heater voltage	V _f	17	V

DIMENSIONS AND CONNECTIONS

Dimensions in mm

Base: Decal



CAPACITANCES

	L section	F section
Anode to all except grid No.1	$C_a(g_1)$	6.5 pF
Grid No.1 to all except anode	$C_{g1(a)}$	12.5 pF
Anode to grid No.1	C_{ag_1}	0.100 pF
Grid No.1 to heater	C_{gf}	max. 0.15 pF

Between the two pentode sections

Anode L section to anode F section	$C_{aL}a_F$	max. 0.15 pF
Grid No.1 L section to grid No.1 F section	$C_{g1L}g_{1F}$	max. 0.01 pF
Anode L section to grid No.1 F section	$C_{aL}g_{1F}$	max. 0.10 pF
Grid No.1 L section to anode F section	$C_{g1L}a_F$	max. 0.005 pF

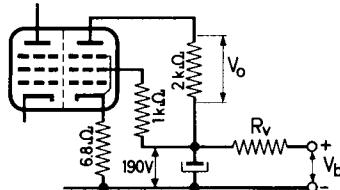
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Output pentode (L section)

Anode voltage	V_a	170 V
Grid No.2 voltage	V_{g2}	170 V
Grid No.1 voltage	V_{g1}	-2.7 V
Anode current	I_a	30 mA
Grid No.2 current	I_{g2}	7 mA
Transconductance	S	22 mA/V
Internal resistance	R_i	33 kΩ
Amplification factor	μ_{g2g1}	38 -

Amplifier pentode (F section)

Anode voltage	V_a	150 V
Grid No.2 voltage	V_{g2}	150 V
Grid No.1 voltage	V_{g1}	-2.1 V
Anode current	I_a	10 mA
Grid No.2 current	I_{g2}	3.0 mA
Transconductance	S	8.5 mA/V
Internal resistance	R_i	150 kΩ
Amplification factor	μ_{g2g1}	38 -

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICSOutput pentode (L section) as video output tubeSupply voltage V_b = 210 230 VSeries resistor R_v = 390 820 ΩR_v should be added to avoid excessive dissipation

Input voltage (peak to peak)

 V_{ip-p} = 3.6 V

Output voltage (peak to peak)

 V_{op-p} = 100 VAmplifier pentode (F section)

	Sync Separator	A.G.C. amplifier	I.F. amplifier
Supply voltage	V_b 200 to 250 V		
Anode resistor	R_a 50 kΩ		
Anode voltage	V_a	100 to 150 V	150 V
Grid No. 2 voltage	V_{g2} 75 V	60 V	150 V
Grid No. 1 resistor	R_{g1} 1 MΩ		
Grid No. 1 voltage	V_{g1} -2.7 V	-1.5 V	-2.1 V
Anode current	I_a 0.1 mA	1 mA	10 mA
Transconductance	S 0.2 mA/V	2.0 mA/V	8.5 mA/V

LIMITING VALUES (Design centre rating system)Output pentode (L section)

Anode voltage	V_{a_0}	max.	550	V
	V_a	max.	250	V
Anode dissipation	W_a	max.	5.1	W
Grid No. 2 voltage	$V_{g_{20}}$	max.	550	V
	V_{g_2}	max.	250	V
Grid No. 2 dissipation	W_{g_2}	max.	2.5	W ¹⁾
Grid No. 1 resistor	R_{g_1}	max.	1	MΩ
Cathode current	I_k	max.	60	mA ²⁾
Cathode to heater voltage	V_{kf}	max.	200	V

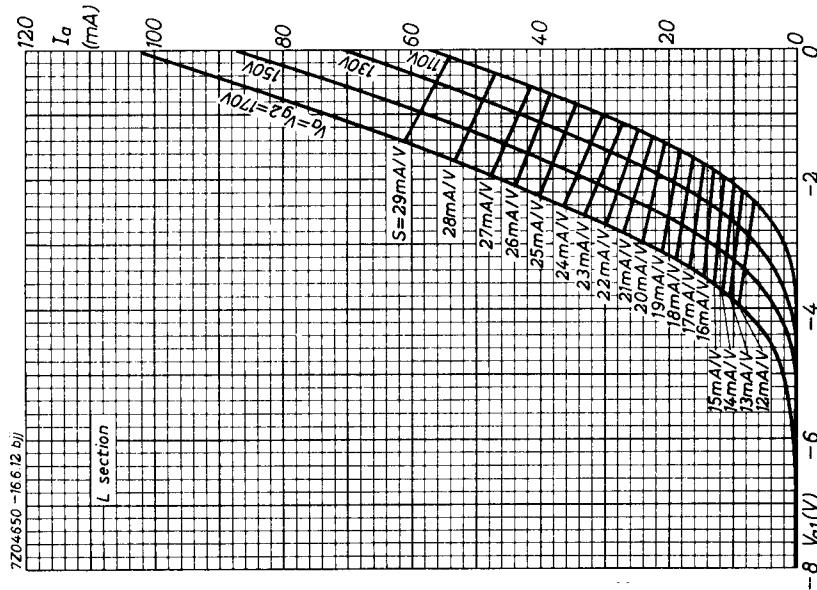
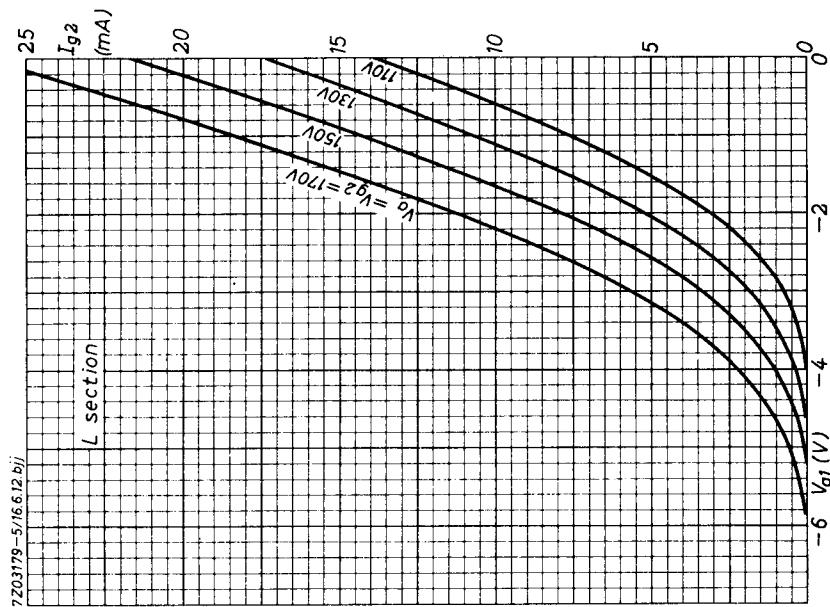
Amplifier pentode (F section)

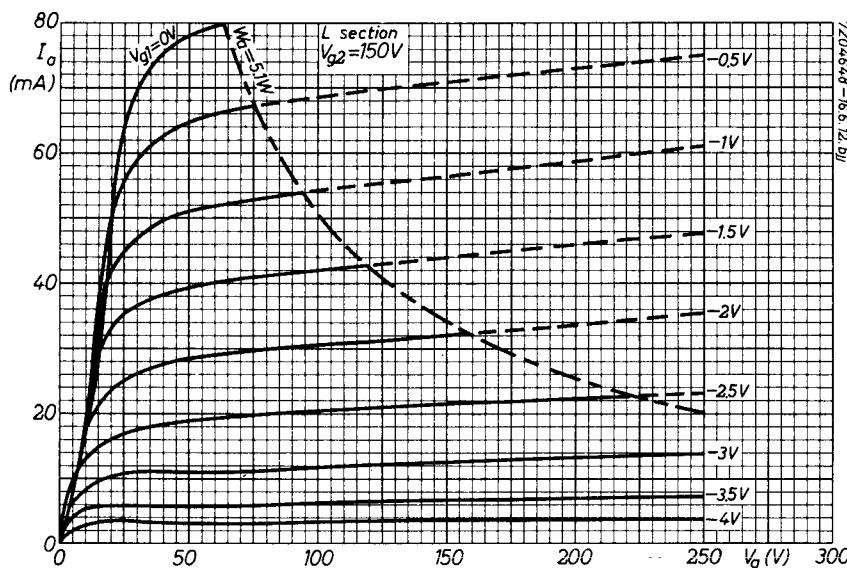
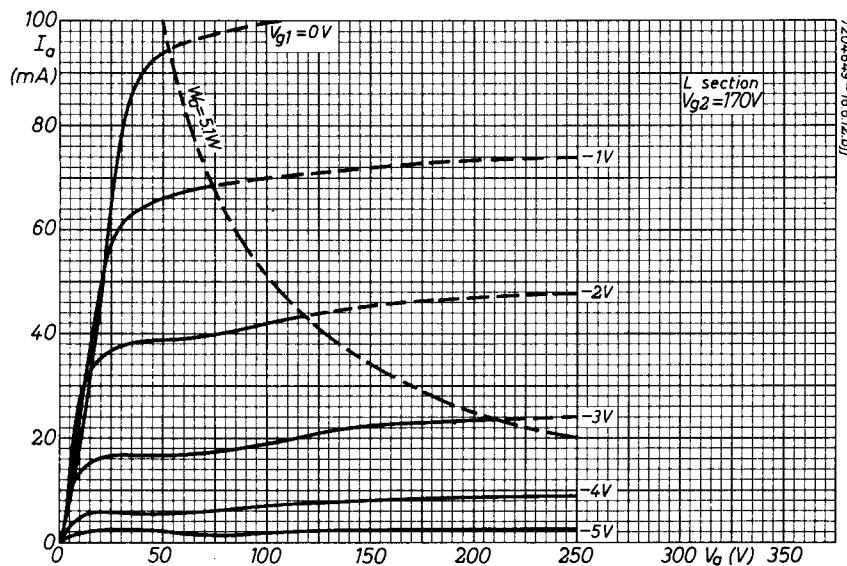
Anode voltage, peak ($I_a < 0.1$ mA)	V_{ap}	max.	600	V ³⁾
	V_{a_0}	max.	550	V
	V_a	max.	250	V
Anode dissipation	W_a	max.	1.5	W
Grid No. 2 voltage	$V_{g_{20}}$	max.	550	V
	V_{g_2}	max.	250	V
Grid No. 2 dissipation	W_{g_2}	max.	0.5	W
Grid No. 1 resistor	R_{g_1}	max.	1	MΩ
Cathode current	I_k	max.	15	mA
Cathode to heater voltage	V_{kf}	max.	200	V

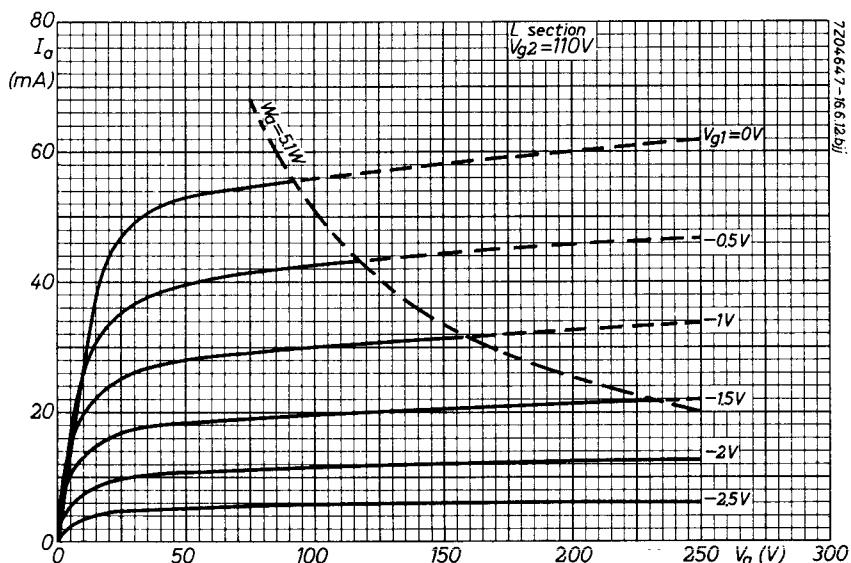
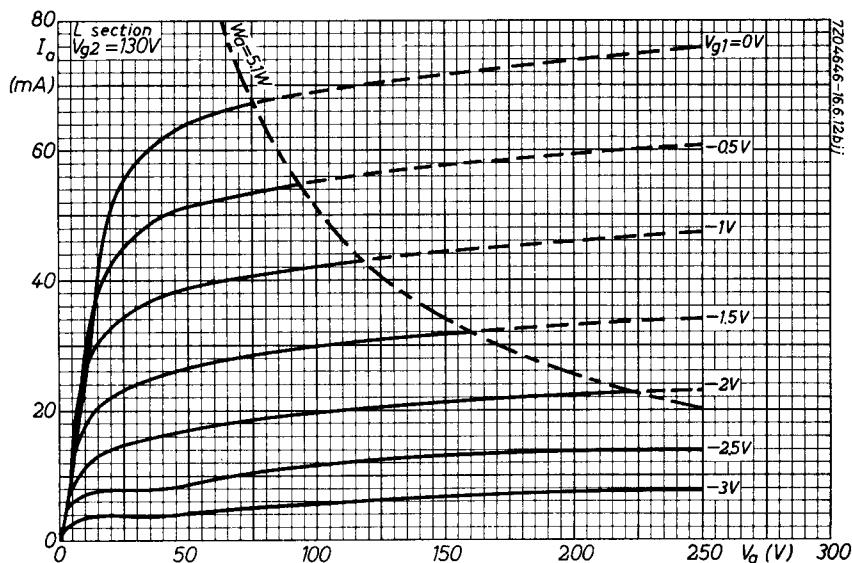
¹⁾ During short periods $W_{g_2} = \text{max. } 3.2 \text{ W}$

²⁾ During short periods $I_k = \text{max. } 85 \text{ mA}$

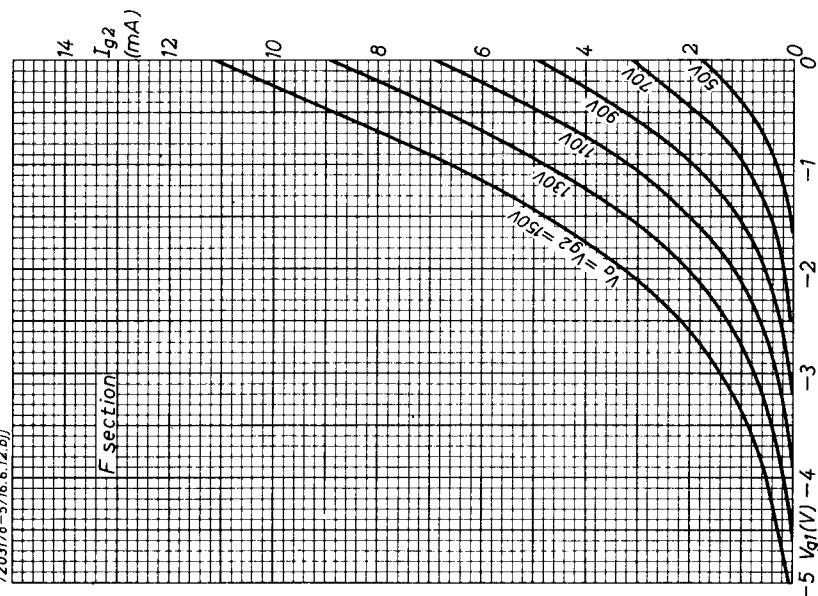
³⁾ Max. pulse duration 18% of a cycle, with a max. of 18 μsec.



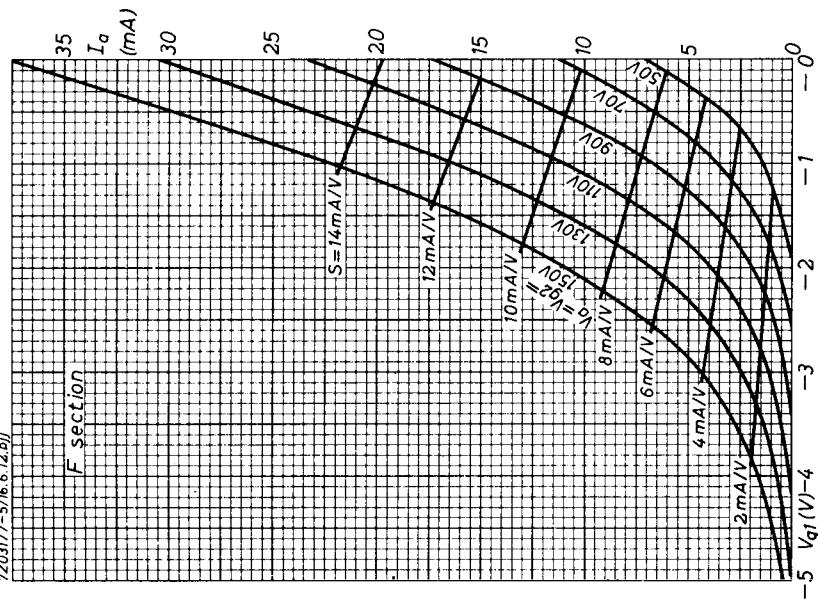


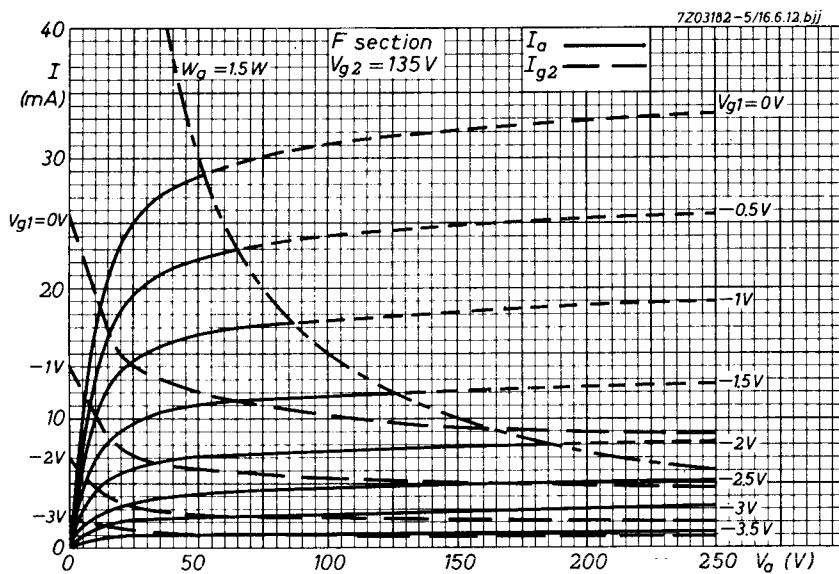
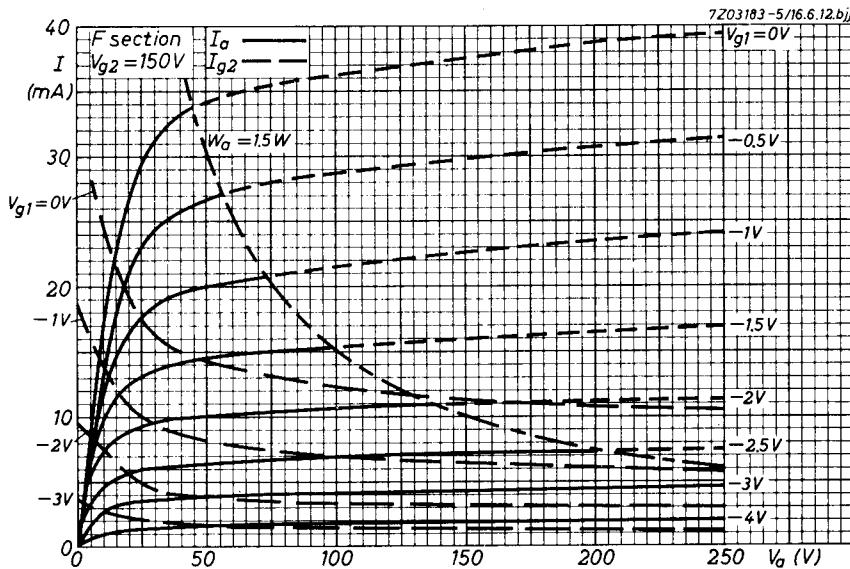


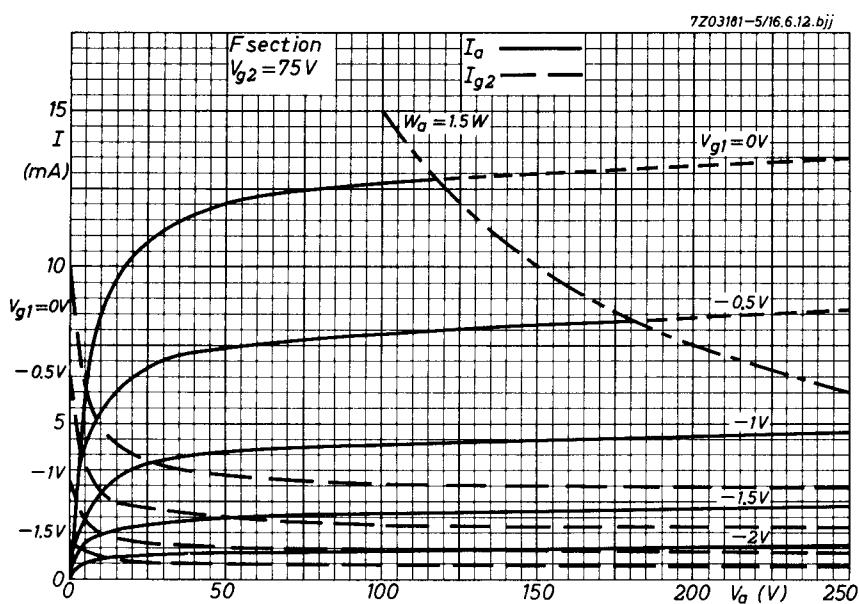
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PHILIPS

Data handbook



**Electronic
components
and materials**

PFL200

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