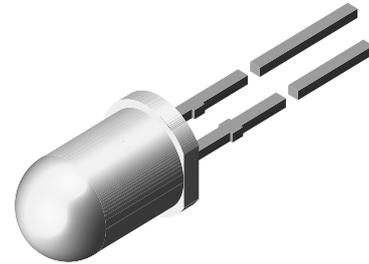


High Speed Infrared Emitting Diode, 870 nm, GaAIAs Double Hetero

Description

The TSHA520. series are high efficiency infrared emitting diodes in GaAIAs on GaAIAs technology, molded in a clear, untinted plastic package.

In comparison with the standard GaAs on GaAs technology these high intensity emitters feature about 70 % radiant power improvement.



94 8390

Features

- Extra high radiant power and radiant intensity
- Suitable for high pulse current operation
- Standard T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$ (\varnothing 5 mm) package
- Angle of half intensity $\varphi = \pm 12^\circ$
- Peak wavelength $\lambda_p = 875$ nm
- High reliability
- Good spectral matching to Si photodetectors
- Lead-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC

Applications

Infrared remote control and free air transmission systems with high power and long transmission distance requirements in combination with PIN photodiodes or phototransistors.

Because of the reduced radiance absorption in glass at the wavelength of 875 nm, this emitter series is also suitable for systems with panes in the transmission range between emitter and detector.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse Voltage		V_R	5	V
Forward current		I_F	100	mA
Peak Forward Current	$t_p/T = 0.5$, $t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$	I_{FM}	200	mA
Surge Forward Current	$t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$	I_{FSM}	2.5	A
Power Dissipation		P_V	210	mW
Junction Temperature		T_j	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range		T_{amb}	- 55 to + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range		T_{stg}	- 55 to + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature	$t \leq 5$ sec, 2 mm from case	T_{sd}	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance Junction/Ambient		R_{thJA}	350	K/W

Electrical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$, $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$	V_F		1.5	1.8	V
Temp. Coefficient of V_F	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	TK_{V_F}		-1.6		mV/K
Reverse Current	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$	I_R			100	μA
Junction capacitance	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $E = 0$	C_j		20		pF

Optical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Temp. Coefficient of ϕ_e	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$	$TK\phi_e$		-0.7		%/K
Angle of Half Intensity		ϕ		± 12		deg
Peak Wavelength	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	λ_p		875		nm
Spectral Bandwidth	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	$\Delta\lambda$		80		nm
Temp. Coefficient of λ_p	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	$TK\lambda_p$		0.2		nm/K
Rise Time	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	t_r		600		ns
	$I_F = 1.5\text{ A}$	t_r		300		ns
Fall Time	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	t_f		600		ns
	$I_F = 1.5\text{ A}$	t_f		300		ns
Virtual Source Diameter		\emptyset		3.7		mm

Type Dedicated Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	$I_F = 1.5\text{ A}$, $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	TSHA5200	V_F		3.2	4.9	V
		TSHA5201	V_F		3.2	4.9	V
		TSHA5202	V_F		3.2	4.5	V
		TSHA5203	V_F		3.2	4.5	V
Radiant Intensity	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$, $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$	TSHA5200	I_e	25	40	125	mW/sr
		TSHA5201	I_e	30	50	125	mW/sr
		TSHA5202	I_e	36	60	125	mW/sr
		TSHA5203	I_e	50	65	125	mW/sr
	$I_F = 1.5\text{ A}$, $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	TSHA5200	I_e	300	500		mW/sr
		TSHA5201	I_e	400	600		mW/sr
		TSHA5202	I_e	500	700		mW/sr
		TSHA5203	I_e	600	800		mW/sr
Radiant Power	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$, $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$	TSHA5200	ϕ_e		22		mW
		TSHA5201	ϕ_e		23		mW
		TSHA5202	ϕ_e		24		mW
		TSHA5203	ϕ_e		25		mW

Typical Characteristics ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

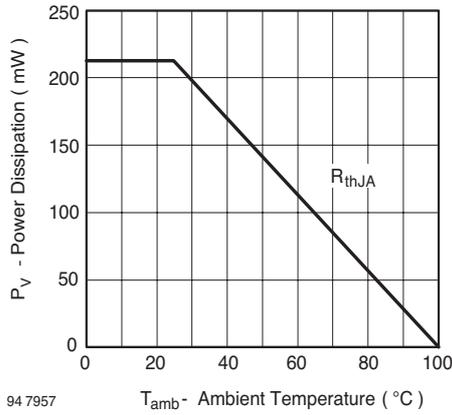


Figure 1. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

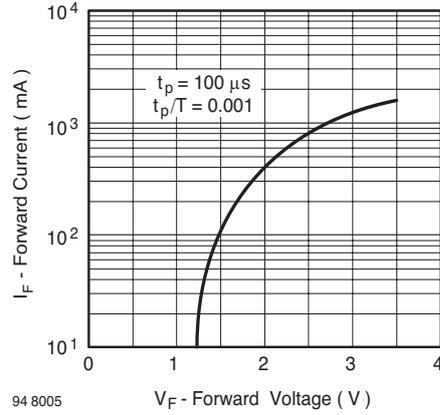


Figure 4. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

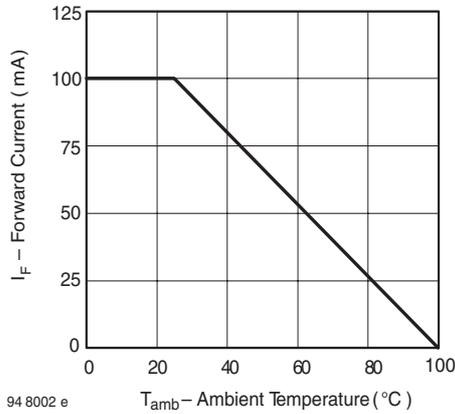


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

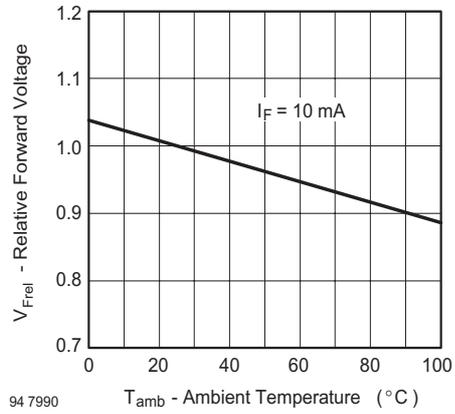


Figure 5. Relative Forward Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

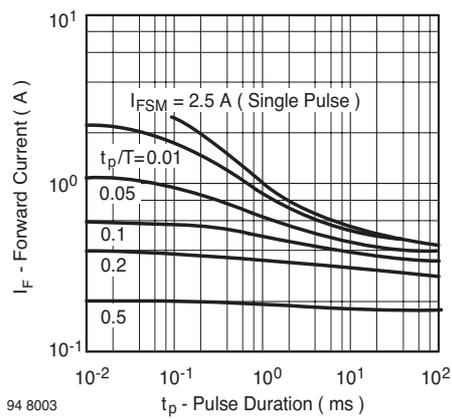


Figure 3. Pulse Forward Current vs. Pulse Duration

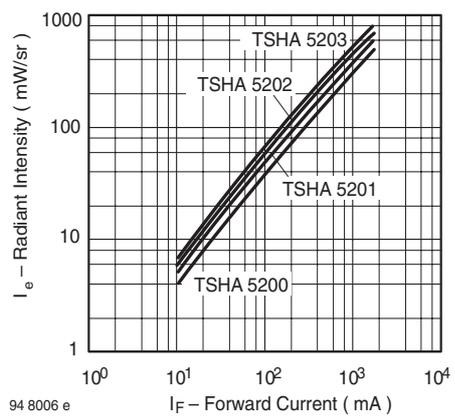


Figure 6. Radiant Intensity vs. Forward Current

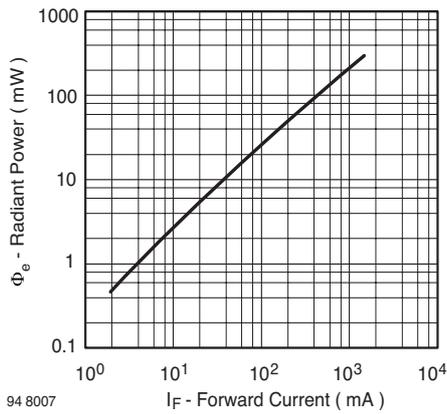


Figure 7. Radiant Power vs. Forward Current

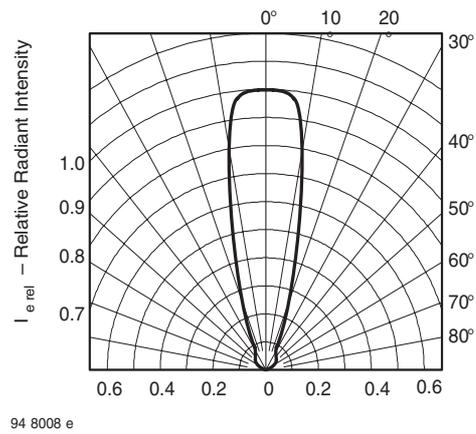


Figure 10. Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

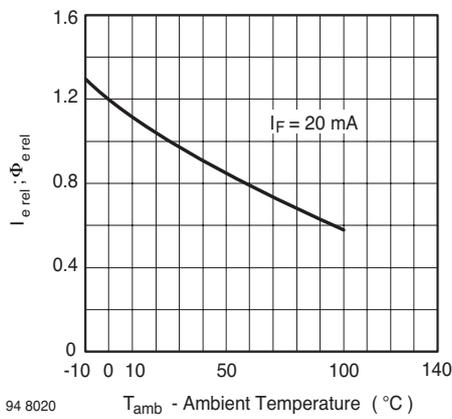


Figure 8. Rel. Radiant Intensity/Power vs. Ambient Temperature

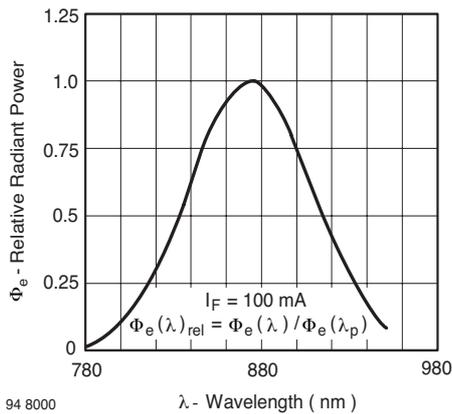
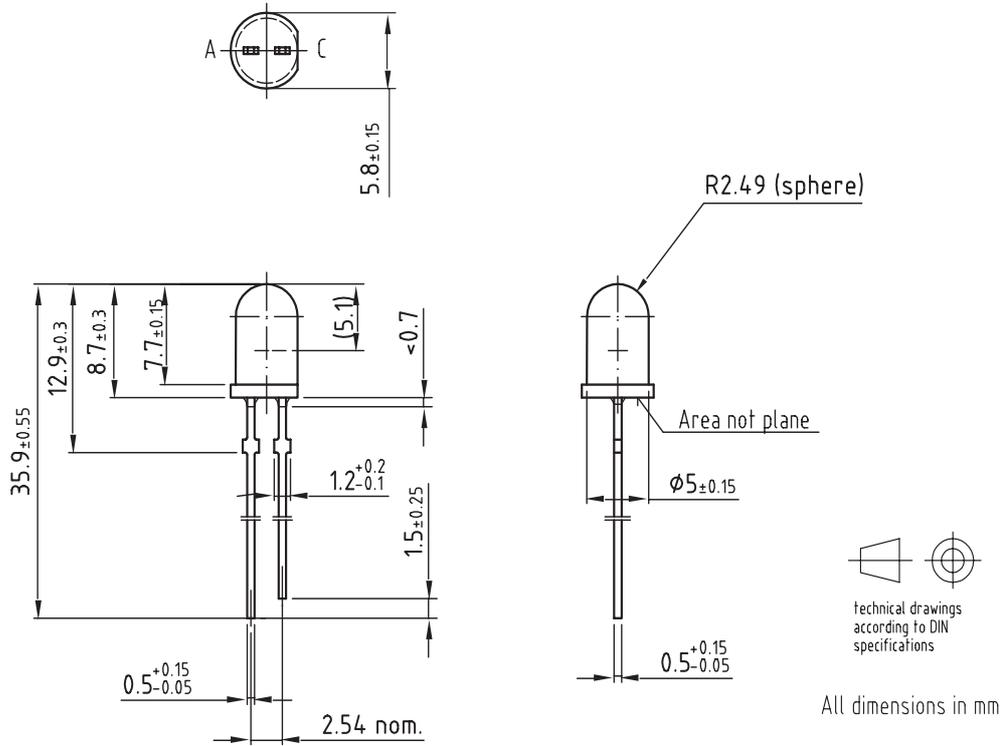


Figure 9. Relative Radiant Power vs. Wavelength

Package Dimensions in mm



Drawing-No.: 6.544-5258.04-4
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Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design
and may do so without further notice.

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