

VS232

## Dual High-Performance RS232 Line Drivers/Receivers

#### **General Description**

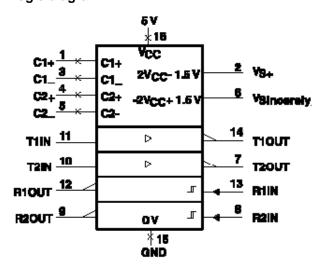
The VS232 is a dual driver/receiver that includes a capacitive voltage generator to supply TIA/EIA-232-F voltage levels from a single 5-V supply. Each receiver converts TIA/EIA-232-F inputs to 5-V TTL/CMOS levels. These receivers have a typical threshold of 1.3 V, a typical hysteresis of 0.5 V, and can accept ±30V inputs. Each driver converts TTL/CMOS input levels into TIA/EIA-232-F levels. The driver, receiver, and voltage-generator functions are available as cells in the Texas Instruments LinASIC ™ library.

The Operating free-air temperature  $T_A$  of VS232 is from 0°C to 70°C.

#### **General Characteristics**

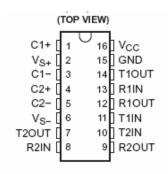
- Operates from a Single 5-V Power Supply
- By LinBiCMOS<sup>TM</sup> technology
- Two Drivers and Two Receivers
- 30-V Input Levels
- Low Supply Current . . . 8 mA Typical
- Compatible with Maxim MAX232
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000V

#### Logic diagram



#### **Pin Configuration**

VS232 . . . DW or N PACKAGE



## **Applications**

- Battery-Powered Systems,
- Terminals,
- Modems, and
- Computers

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

## Absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Input supply voltage range,  $V_{CC}$  = -0.3 V to 6 V

Positive output supply voltage range,  $V_{S+}$   $V_{CC}$  – 0.3 V to 15 V

Input voltage range,  $V_1$ : Driver -0.3 V to VCC + 0.3 V

Receiver  $\pm 30 \text{ V}$ 

Output voltage range,  $V_{0}$  : T10UT, T20UT  $V_{S-}$  = 0.3 V to  $V_{S+}$  + 0.3 V

R10UT, R20UT  $-0.3 \text{ V to V}_{CC} + 0.3 \text{ V}$ 

Short-circuit duration : T10UT, T20UT Unlimited

Operating free-air temperature range,  $T_A$ : VS232 0°C to 70°C

Storage temperature range,  $T_{stg}$   $-65^{\circ}C$  to  $150^{\circ}C$ 

Lead Temperature : 1.6mm from case (1/16 inch), soldering 10sec 260°C

## **Recommended operating conditions**

	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply voltage	4.5	5	5.5	V
V <sub>IH</sub> High-level input voltage (T1IN,T2IN)	2			V
V <sub>IL</sub> Low-level input voltage (T1IN, T2IN)			0.8	V
Receiver input voltage R1IN, R2IN			±30	V
Operating free-air temperature $T_A$	0		70	°C

# Electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air emperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP+	MAX	UNIT
VOH High-level output voltage	TIOUT, T2OUT	R <sub>L</sub> =3 K Ω to GND	5	7		v
	R1OUT, R2OUT	I <sub>OH</sub> =-1 mA	3.5			
VOL Low- level output voltage*	TIOUT, T2OUT	R <sub>L</sub> =3 K Ω to GND		-7	-5	v
	R1OUT, R2OUT	I <sub>OL</sub> =3.2 mA			0.4	
VIT+ receiver positive-going input threshold voltage	R1IN, R2IN	V <sub>CC</sub> =5v T <sub>A</sub> =25℃		1.7	2.4	v
VIT- receiver negative-going input threshold voltage	R1IN, R2IN	V <sub>CC</sub> =5v T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	0.8	1.2		v
V <sub>hys</sub> Input hysteresis voltage	R1IN, R2IN	V <sub>cc</sub> =5v	0.2	0.5	1	v
r <sub>i</sub> Receive Input resistance	R1IN, R2IN	V <sub>cc</sub> =5v T <sub>A</sub> =25℃	3	5	7	kΩ
r <sub>O</sub> Output resistance	TIOUT, T2OUT	$V_{S+}=V_{S-}=0 \ V_0=\pm 2 \ v$	300			Ω
I <sub>OS</sub> Short-circuit ouput current	TIOUT, T2OUT	V <sub>cc</sub> =5.5v V <sub>0</sub> =0		±10		mA
I <sub>IS</sub> Short-circuit iuput current	TIIN, T2IN	V <sub>I</sub> =0			200	uA
I <sub>CC</sub> Supply current		V <sub>CC</sub> =5.5v All outputs open, T <sub>A</sub> =25 °C		8	10	mA

<sup>+</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{\text{CC}}$  = 5 V and  $T_{\text{A}}$  = 25°C.

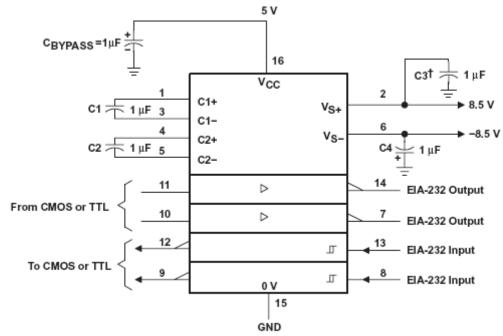
# Switching characteristics, VCC = 5 V, TA = 25°C

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP MAX	UNIT
tPLH(R) Receiver propagation delay time,low-to high-level output	See Figure2	500	ns
tPLH(R) Receiver propagation delay time,high-to low-level output	See Figure2	500	ns
SR Driver siew rate	RL=3 kΩ to 7 kΩ	30	V/ μs
	See Figure3		
SR(tr) Driver transition region slew rate	See Figure4	3	V/ μs

<sup>\*</sup> The algebraic convention, in which the least-positive (most negative) value is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for logic voltage levels only.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Not more than one output should be shorted at a time.

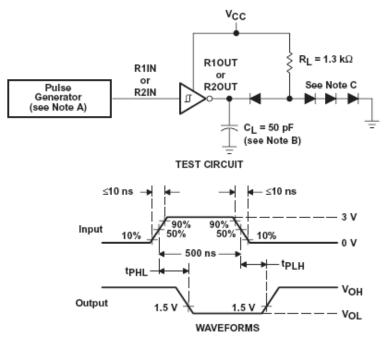
## **Application Information**



† C3 can be connected to V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.

**Typical Operating Circuit** 

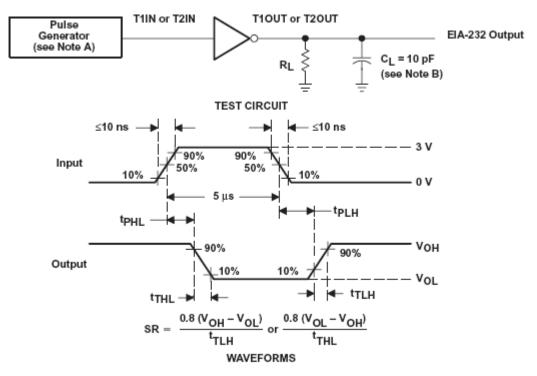
## **Parameter Measurement Information**



NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ , duty cycle  $\leq 50\%$ .

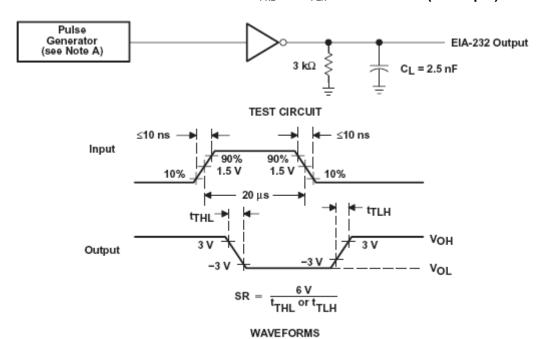
- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- C. All diodes are 1N3064 or equivalent.

Figure 1. Receiver Test Circuit and Waveforms for tpHL and tpLH Measurements



NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , duty cycle  $\leq 50\%$ . B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

## Driver Test Circuit and Waveforms for t<sub>PHL</sub> and t<sub>PLH</sub> Measurements (5-us Input)



NOTE A: The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_O$  = 50  $\Omega$ , duty cycle  $\leq$  50%.

Test Circuit and Waveforms for tTHL and tTLH Measurements (20-µs Input)