

# TGS 823 - for the detection of Organic Solvent Vapors

# **Features:**

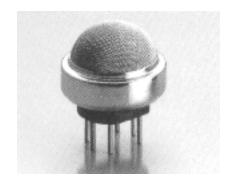
- \* High sensitivity to organic solvent vapors such as ethanol
- \* High stability and reliability over a long period
- \* Long life and low cost
- \* Ceramic base resistant to extreme environments

# **Applications:**

- \* Breath alcohol detectors
- \* Gas leak detectors/alarms
- \* Solvent detectors for factories, dry cleaners, and semiconductor industries

The sensing element of Figaro gas sensors is a tin dioxide ( $SnO_2$ ) semiconductor which has low conductivity in clean air. In the presence of a detectable gas, the sensor's conductivity increases depending on the gas concentration in the air. A simple electrical circuit can convert the change in conductivity to an output signal which corresponds to the gas concentration.

The **TGS 823** has high sensitivity to the vapors of organic solvents as well as other volatile vapors. It also has sensitivity to a variety of combustible gases such as carbon monoxide, making it a good general purpose sensor. Its ceramic base can withstand severe environments as high as 200°C.



The figure below represents typical sensitivity characteristics, all data having been gathered at standard test conditions (see reverse side of this sheet). The Y-axis is indicated as sensor resistance ratio (Rs/Ro) which is defined as follows:

Rs = Sensor resistance of displayed gases at various concentrations

Ro = Sensor resistance in 300ppm ethanol

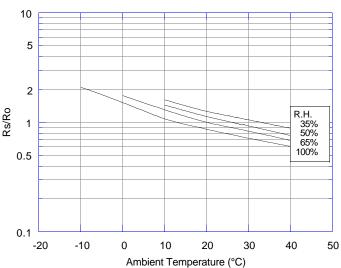
The figure below represents typical temperature and humidity dependency characteristics. Again, the Y-axis is indicated as sensor resistance ratio (Rs/Ro), defined as follows:

Rs = Sensor resistance at 300ppm of ethanol at various temperatures/humidities
Ro = Sensor resistance at 300ppm of ethanol at 20°C and 65% R.H.

### **Sensitivity Characteristics:**

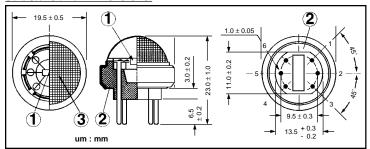
# Air 10 Methane Carbonmonoxide Isobutane n-Hexane Benzene Ethanol Acetone 50 500 1000 100 5000 Concentration (ppm)

# **Temperature/Humidity Dependency:**



IMPORTANT NOTE: OPERATING CONDITIONS IN WHICH FIGARO SENSORS ARE USED WILL VARY WITH EACH CUSTOMER'S SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS. FIGARO STRONGLY RECOMMENDS CONSULTING OUR TECHNICAL STAFF BEFORE DEPLOYING FIGARO SENSORS IN YOUR APPLICATION AND, IN PARTICULAR, WHEN CUSTOMER'S TARGET GASES ARE NOT LISTED HEREIN. FIGARO CANNOT ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY USE OF ITS SENSORS IN A PRODUCT OR APPLICATION FOR WHICH SENSOR HAS NOT BEEN SPECIFICALLY TESTED BY FIGARO.

#### **Structure and Dimensions:**



(1) Sensing Element:

SnO<sub>2</sub> is sintered to form a thick film on the surface of an alumina ceramic tube which contains an internal heater.

- (2) Sensor Base:
  - Alumina ceramic
- (**3**) Flame Arrestor:

100 mesh SUS 316 double gauze

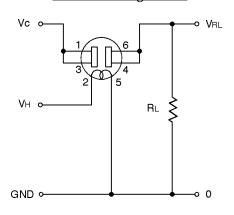
# Pin Connection and Basic Measuring Circuit:

The numbers shown around the sensor symbol in the circuit diagram at the right correspond with the pin numbers shown in the sensor's structure drawing (above). When the sensor is connected as shown in the basic circuit, output across the Load Resistor ( $V_{RL}$ ) increases as the sensor's resistance (Rs) decreases, depending on gas concentration.

### **Standard Circuit Conditions:**

Item	Symbol	Rated Values	Remarks
Heater Voltage	Vн	5.0±0.2V	AC or DC
Circuit Voltage	Vc	Max. 24V	AC or DC *PS 15mW
Load Resistance	R∟	Variable	*PS 15mW

# **Basic Measuring Circuit:**



#### **Electrical Characteristics:**

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Specification
Sensor Resistance	Rs	Ethanol at 300ppm/Air	1k ~ 10k
Change Ratio of Sensor Resistance	Rs/Ro	Rs (Ethanol at 300ppm/Air) Rs (Ethanol at 50ppm/Air)	0.40 ± 0.1
Heater Resistance	Rн	Room temperature	38.0 ± 3.0
Heater Power Consumption	Рн	VH=5.0V	660mW ± 55mW

#### **Standard Test Conditions:**

TGS 823 complies with the above electrical characteristics when the sensor is tested in standard conditions as specified below:

Test Gas Conditions:  $20^{\circ}\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $65\pm5^{\circ}\text{R.H.}$ Circuit Conditions:  $V_{\text{C}} = 10.0\pm0.1 \text{V}$  (AC or DC),  $V_{\text{H}} = 5.0\pm0.05 \text{V}$  (AC or DC),

 $R_L = 10.0 k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 

Preheating period before testing: More than 7 days

### FIGARO USA, INC.

3703 West Lake Ave. Suite 203 Glenview, Illinois 60025 Phone: (847)-832-1701 Fax: (847)-832-1705

email: figarousa@figarosensor.com

Sensor Resistance (Rs) is calculated by the following formula:

$$Rs = (\frac{V_C}{V_{RL}} - 1) \times R_L$$

Power dissipation across sensor electrodes (Ps) is calculated by the following formula:

$$Ps = \frac{Vc \times Rs}{(Rs + RL)}$$

For information on warranty, please refer to Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale of Figaro USA Inc.