

3.3V, 2.5Gbps ANY INPUT-to-LVPECL DUAL TRANSLATOR

SuperLite™ SY55857L

FEATURES

- Input accepts virtually all logic standards
 - Single-ended: SSTL, TTL, CMOS
 - Differential: LVDS, HSTL, CML
- Guaranteed AC parameters over temperature:
 - f_{MAX} > 2.5Gbps (2.5GHz toggle)
 - $t_r / t_f < 200 ps$
 - Within-device skew < 50ps
 - Propagation delay < 400ps
- Low power: 46mW/channel (typ)
- 3.0V to 3.6V power supply
- 100K LVPECL outputs
- Flow-through pinout and fully differential design
- Two channels in a 10-pin (3mm × 3mm) MSOP package

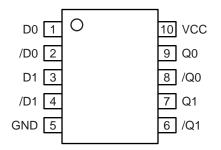


SuperLite™

DESCRIPTION

The SY55857L is a fully differential, high-speed dual translator optimized to accept any logic standard from single-ended TTL/CMOS to differential LVDS, HSTL, or CML and translate it to LVPECL. Translation is guaranteed for speeds up to 2.5Gbps (2.5GHz toggle frequency). The SY55857L does not internally terminate its inputs, as different interfacing standards have different termination requirements. Data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at www.micrel.com.

PIN CONFIGURATION

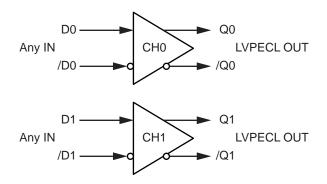


10-Pin MSOP (K10-1)

APPLICATIONS

- High-speed logic
- Data communications systems
- Wireless communications systems
- Telecom systems

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Description | | | |
|-----------------|----------|---|--|--|--|
| D0, /D0 | 1, 2 | Channel 0 differential inputs (clock or data). See Figure 1 for input structure. See <i>"Input Interface"</i> section for typical interface recommendations. | | | |
| D1, /D1 | 3, 4 | Channel 1 differential inputs (clock or data). See Figure 1 for input structure. See <i>"Input Interface"</i> section for typical interface recommendations. | | | |
| Q0, /Q0 | 9, 8 | Channel 0 differential 100k compatible LVPECL outputs. Terminate to V _{CC} – 2V. See <i>"LVPECL Output Termination"</i> section. Outputs are low impedance, emitter-followers. For AC-coupled applications, a pull-down resistor is required on Q and /Q to ensure a DC current path to GND. | | | |
| Q1, /Q1 | 7, 6 | Channel 1 differential 100k compatible LVPECL outputs. Terminate to V _{CC} – 2V. See <i>"LVPECL Output Termination"</i> section. Outputs are low impedance, emitter-followers. For AC-coupled applications, a pull-down resistor is required on Q and /Q to ensure a DC current path to GND. | | | |
| GND | 5 | Device ground. Typically connected to Logic ground. | | | |
| V _{CC} | 10 | Supply Voltage. Typically connect to +3.3V \pm 10% supply. Bypass with 0.01 μ F//0.1 μ F low ESR capacitors. | | | |

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Establishing Static Logic Inputs

Do not leave unused inputs floating. Tie either the true or complement inputs to ground, but not both. A logic zero is achieved by connecting the complement input to ground with the true input floating. For a TTL input, tie a $2.5k\Omega$ resistor between the complement input and ground. See *"Input Interface"* section.

Input Levels

LVDS, CML and HSTL differential signals may be connected directly to the D inputs. Depending on the actual worst case voltage seen, performance of SY55857L varies as per the following table:

| Input Voltage Range | Minimum Voltage Swing | Maximum Translation Speed | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 to 2.4V | 100mV | 2.5Gbps | | |
| 0 to V _{CC} +0.3 | 200mV | 1.25Gbps | | |

For LVDS applications, only point-to-point interfaces are supported. Due to the current required by the input structure shown in Figure 1, multidrop and multipoint architectures are not supported.

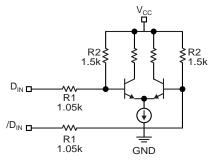


Figure 1. Simplified Input Structure

Absolute Maximum Ratings^(Note 1)

| Power Supply Voltage (V _{CC}) –0.5V to +6.0V | –0.5V to +6.0V |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Input Voltage (V _{IN})–0.5V to V _{CC} +0.5V |).5V to V _{CC} +0.5V |
| Output Current (I _{OUT}) | |
| Continuous | 50mA |
| Surge100mA | 100mA |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec.) +220°C | +220°C |
| Storage Temperature Range (T_S)–65°C to +150°C | –65°C to +150°C |
| | |

Operating Ratings^(Note 2)

| Power Supply Voltage (V _{CC}) | 3.0V to 3.6V |
|---|----------------|
| Ambient Temperature Range (T _A) | –40°C to +85°C |
| Package Thermal Resistance | |
| MSOP (θ _{JA}) | |
| Still-Air | 113°C/W |
| 500lpfm | |
| MSOP (θ _{IC}) | |
| MSOP (θ _{JC}) Junction-to-Case | |

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Note 3)

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
|-----------------|----------------------|------|------|------|------|---------------------|
| V _{CC} | Power Supply Voltage | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V | |
| I _{CC} | Power Supply Current | _ | 28 | 45 | mA | Inputs/Outputs Open |

INPUT ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Note 3)

 V_{CC} = 3.0V to 3.6V; GND = 0V; T_A = -40°C to +85°C

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
|-----------------|---------------------|------|------|-----------------------|------|---|
| V _{ID} | Input Voltage Swing | 100 | | — | mV | See Figure 2a, V _{IN} < 2.4V |
| | | 200 | — | _ | mV | V _{IN} < V _{CC} +0.3V |
| V _{IH} | Input HIGH Voltage | — | — | V _{CC} +0.3V | V | |
| V _{IL} | Input LOW Voltage | -0.3 | — | — | V | |

(100k) LVPECL OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS(Note 4)

 V_{CC} = 3.0V to 3.6V; GND = 0V; T_A = -40°C to +85°C; R_L = 50 Ω to V_{CC} -2V, unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|---------------|
| V _{OL} | Output LOW Voltage | 1355 | 1480 | 1605 | mV | |
| V _{OH} | Output HIGH Voltage | 2155 | 2280 | 2405 | mV | |
| V _{DIFF_OUT} | Differential Output Voltage Swing | 600 | 700 | — | mV _{p-p} | See Figure 2b |

Note 1. Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note 2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.

Note 3. The specifications shown are valid after thermal equilibrium has been established.

Note 4. 100k circuits are designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established. The circuit is in a test socket or mounted on a printed circuit board and traverse airflow greater than 500lfpm is maintained. Input and output parameters are at $V_{CC} = 3.3V$. They vary 1:1 with V_{CC} .

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC} = 3.3V ±10%; T_A= -40°C to +85°C; R_L = 50 Ω to V_{CC} -2V, unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|----------|------|-----|-----|-----------|
| f _{MAX} | Maximum Operating Frequency | V _{IN} < 2.4V | NRZ Data | 2.5 | | | Gbps |
| | Note 5 | V _{IN} < 2.4V | Clock | 2.5 | | | GHz |
| | | V _{IN} < V _{CC} +0.3V | NRZ Data | 1.25 | | | Gbps |
| | | V _{IN} < V _{CC} +0.3V | Clock | 1.25 | | | GHz |
| t _{pd} | Propagation Delay D-to-Q | | | | | 400 | ps |
| ^t SKEW | Within-Device-Skew (Differential) | Note 6 | | | | 50 | ps |
| Ì | Part-to-Part Skew (Differential) | Note 7 | | | | 200 | ps |
| t _{JITTER} | Random Jitter (RJ) | Note 8 | | | | 1 | ps(rms) |
| | Deterministic Jitter (DJ) | Note 9 | | | | 10 | ps(pk-pk) |
| | Total Jitter (TJ) | Note 10 | | | 1 | 10 | ps(pk-pk) |
| t _r , t _f | Output Rise/Fall Time 20% to 80% | At full output swing | | | | 200 | ps |

Note 5. Clock frequency is defined as the maximum toggle frequency, and guaranteed for functionality only. Measured with a 750mV signal, 50% duty cycle. High -frequency AC-parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 6. Within-device skew is measured between two different outputs under identical transitions.

Note 7. Part-to-part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and with no skew of the edges at the respective inputs.

Note 8. Random jitter is measured with a K28.7 comma detect character pattern, measured at 2.5Gbps.

Note 9. Deterministic jitter is measured at 2.5Gbps with both K28.5 and 2²³–1 PRBS pattern.

Note 10. Total jitter definition: With an ideal differential clock input of frequency ≤ f_{MAX}, no more than one output edge in 10¹² output edges will deviate by more than the specified peak-to-peak jitter value.

SINGLE-ENDED AND DIFFERENTIAL SWINGS

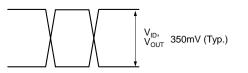


Figure 2a. Single-Ended Voltage Swing



| Ordering Code | Package Type | Operating Range | Package Marking |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| SY55857LKI | K10-1 | Industrial | 857L |
| SY55857LKITR ^(Note 1) | K10-1 | Industrial | 857L |

Note 1. Tape and Reel.

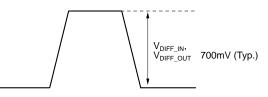


Figure 2b. Differential Voltage Swing

INPUT INTERFACE

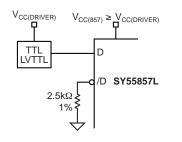


Figure 3. 5V, 3.3V "TTL"

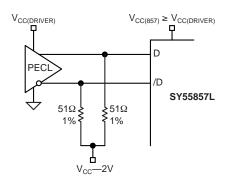


Figure 6. PECL-DC Coupled

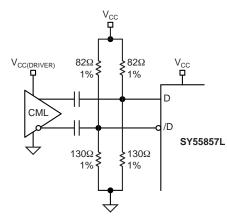


Figure 9. CML-AC Coupled Long Lines

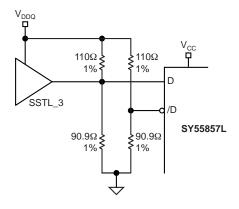
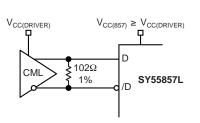


Figure 12. SSTL_3





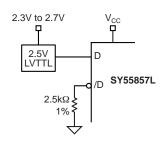


Figure 5. 2.5V "TTL"

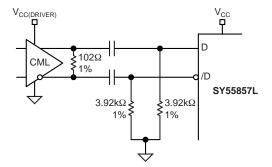
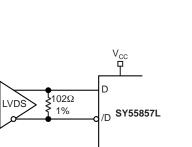


Figure 8. CML-AC Coupled Short Lines



V_{DDQ} V_{CC} t105Ω 105Ω ≶ 1% 1% D /D SSTL_2 100Ω **.** 100Ω SY55857L 1% 1%

Figure 10. LVDS

Figure 11. SSTL_2

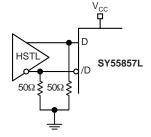
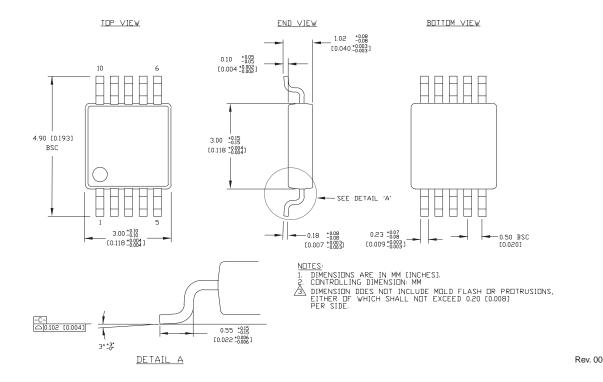


Figure 7. HSTL

10 LEAD MSOP (K10-1)



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