



The Infinite Bandwidth Company™

MIC860

Teeny™ Ultra Low Power Op Amp

Final Information

General Description

The MIC860 is a rail-to-rail output, operational amplifier in *Teeny™* SC70 packaging. The MIC860 provides 4MHz gain-bandwidth product while consuming an incredibly low 30µA supply current.

The SC70 packaging achieves significant board space savings over devices packaged in SOT-23 or MSOP-8 packaging. The SC70 occupies approximately half the board area of a SOT-23 package.

Features

- *Teeny™* SC70 packaging
- 4MHz gain-bandwidth product
- 30µA supply current
- Rail-to-Rail output
- Ground sensing at input common mode to GND
- Common mode to GND
- Drive large capacitive loads

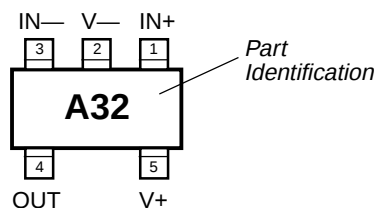
Applications

- Portable equipment
- PDAs
- Pagers
- Cordless Phones
- Consumer Electronics

Ordering Information

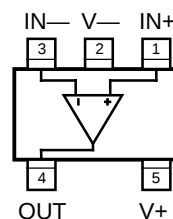
Part Number	Marking	Ambient Temp. Range*	Package
MIC860BC5	A32	–40°C to +85°C	SC70-5

Pin Configuration



SC-70

Functional Pinout



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Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Supply Voltage ($V_{V+} - V_{-}$) +6.0V
 Differential Input Voltage ($|V_{IN+} - V_{IN-}|$), Note 4 +6.0V
 Input Voltage ($V_{IN+} - V_{IN-}$) $V_{+} + 0.3V$, $V_{-} - 0.3V$
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 5 sec.) 260°C
 Output Short Circuit Current Duration Indefinite
 Storage Temperature (T_S) 150°C
 ESD Rating, **Note 3**

Operating Ratings (Note 2)

Supply Voltage ($V_{+} - V_{-}$) +2.43V to +5.25V
 Ambient Temperature Range -40°C to +85°C
 Package Thermal Resistance 450°C/W

Electrical Characteristics

$V_{+} = +2.7V$, $V_{-} = 0V$, $V_{CM} = V_{+}/2$; $R_L = 500k\Omega$ to $V_{+}/2$; $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted. **Bold** values indicate $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}C$.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage		-20	-5	15	mV
			-25		20	mV
	Input Offset Voltage Temp Coefficient			20		$\mu V/^{\circ}C$
I_B	Input Bias Current			20		pA
I_{OS}	Input Offset Current			10		pA
V_{CM}	Input Voltage Range	CMRR > 60dB	1	1.8		V
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$0 < V_{CM} < 1.35V$	38	76		dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	Supply voltage change of 3V	40	78		dB
A_{VOL}	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L = 5k$, V_{OUT} 2V peak to peak	50	66		dB
		$R_L = 100k$, V_{OUT} 2V peak to peak	66	81		dB
		$R_L = 500k$, V_{OUT} 2V peak to peak	76	91		dB
V_{OUT}	Maximum Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 5k$	$V_{+} - 70mV$	$V_{+} - 34mV$		V
		$R_L = 500k$	$V_{+} - 2mV$	$V_{+} - 0.7mV$		V
V_{OUT}	Minimum Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 5k$		$V_{-} + 11mV$	$V_{-} + 50mV$	mV
		$R_L = 500k$		$V_{-} + 0.2mV$	$V_{-} + 2mV$	mV
GBW	Gain-Bandwidth Product			4		MHz
SR	Slew Rate			3		V/ μs
I_{SC}	Short-Circuit Output Current	Source	4.5	6		mA
		Sink	10	16		mA
I_S	Supply Current	No Load		30	50	μA

$V_{+} = +5V$, $V_{-} = 0V$, $V_{CM} = V_{+}/2$; $R_L = 500k\Omega$ to $V_{+}/2$; $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted. **Bold** values indicate $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}C$.

V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage		-20	-5	20	mV
	Input Offset Voltage Temp Coefficient			20		$\mu V/^{\circ}C$
I_B	Input Bias Current			20		pA
I_{OS}	Input Offset Current			10		pA
V_{CM}	Input Voltage Range	CMRR > 60dB	3.5	4.2		V
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$0 < V_{CM} < 3.5V$	44	77		dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	Supply voltage change of 1V	40	79		dB
A_{VOL}	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L = 5k$, V_{OUT} 4.8V peak to peak	52	66		dB
		$R_L = 100k$, V_{OUT} 4.8V peak to peak	67	80		dB
		$R_L = 500k$, V_{OUT} 4.8V peak to peak	75	90		dB

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{OUT}	Maximum Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 5k$	$V+75mV$	$V+37mV$		V
		$R_L = 500k$	$V+35mV$	$V+4mV$		V
V_{OUT}	Minimum Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 5k$		$V-14mV$	$V-40mV$	mV
		$R_L = 500k$		$V-0.4mV$	$V-5mV$	mV
GBW	Gain-Bandwidth Product			4		MHz
SR	Slew Rate			3		V/ μs
I_{SC}	Short-Circuit Output Current	Source	15	23		mA
		Sink	30	47		mA
I_S	Supply Current	No Load		33	55	μA

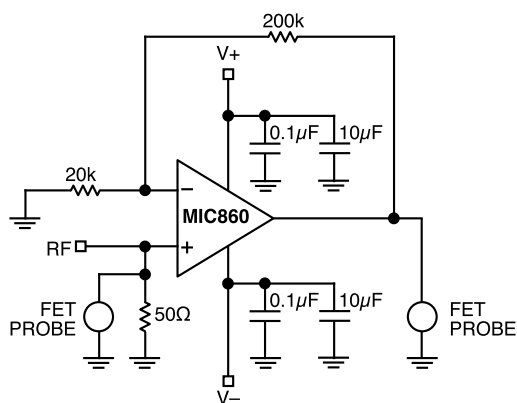
Note 1. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.

Note 2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.

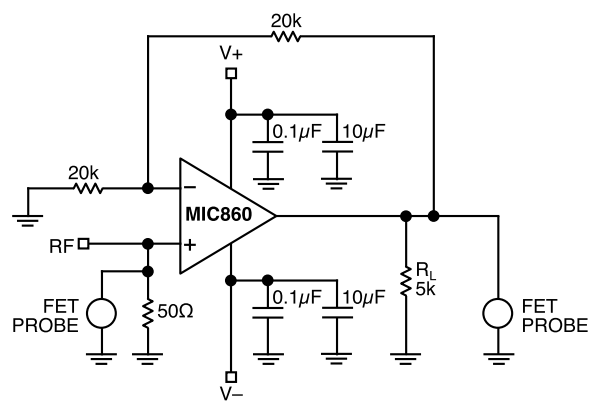
Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended. Human body model, 1.5k in series with 100pF. Pin 4 is ESD sensitive

Note 4. Exceeding the maximum differential input voltage will damage the input stage and degrade performance (in particular, input bias current is likely to increase).

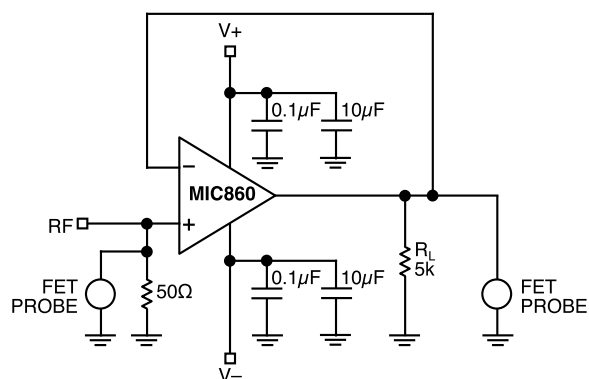
Test Circuits



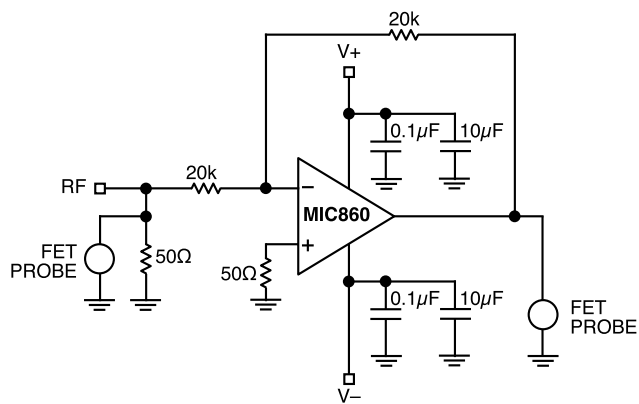
Test Circuit 1. $A_V = 10$



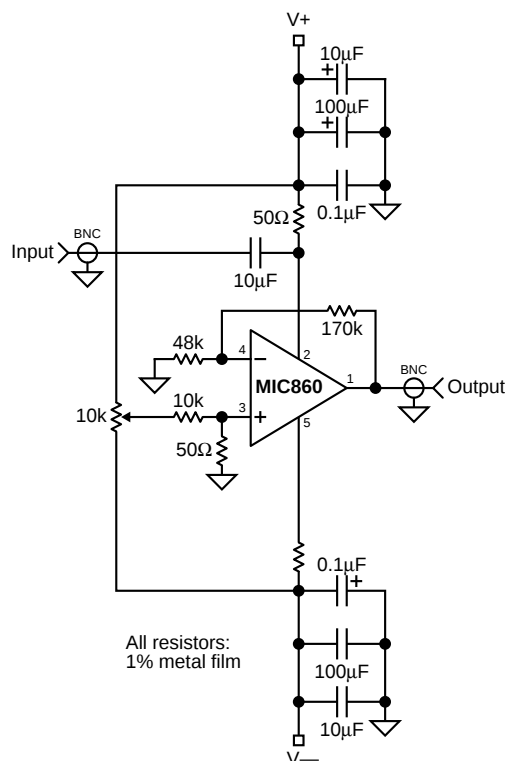
Test Circuit 2: $A_V = 2$



Test Circuit 3. $A_V = 1$

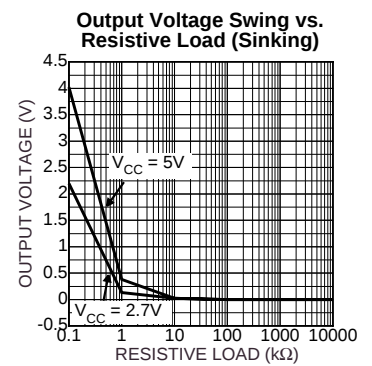
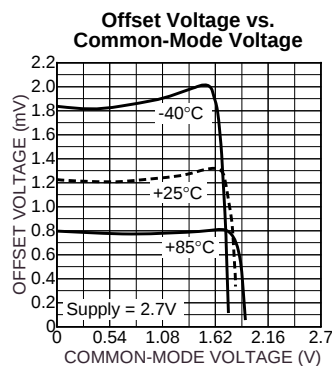
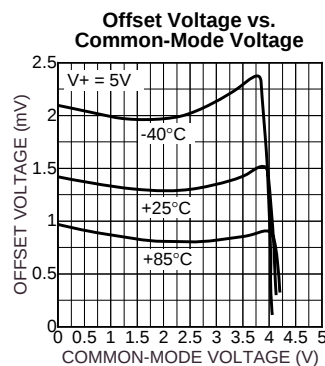
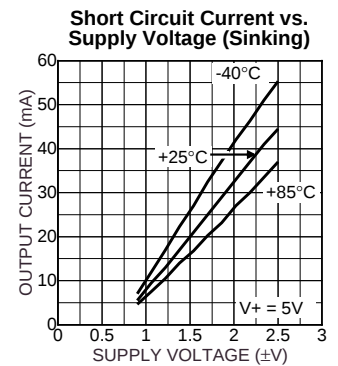
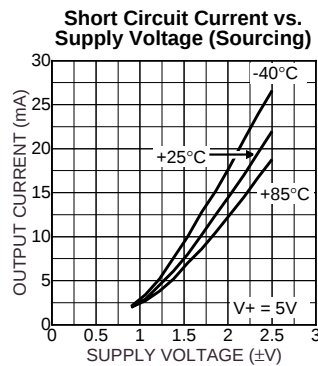
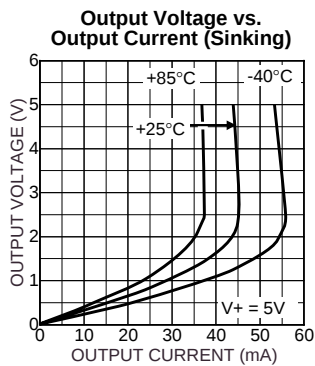
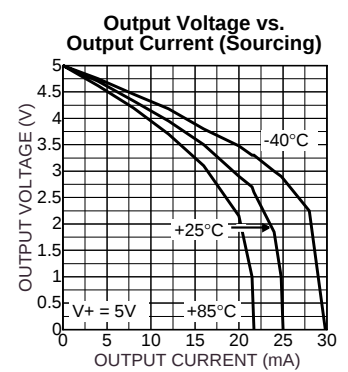
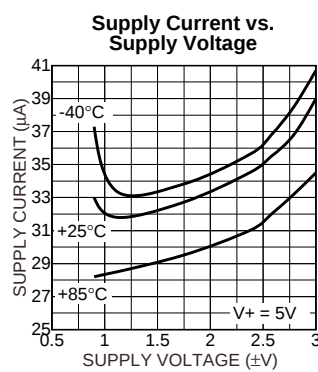
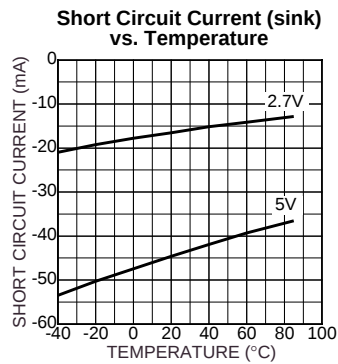
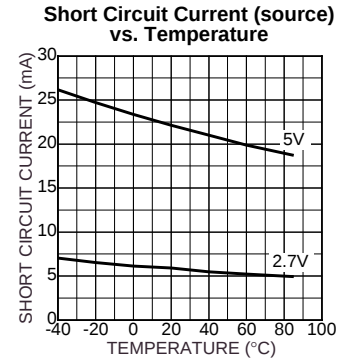
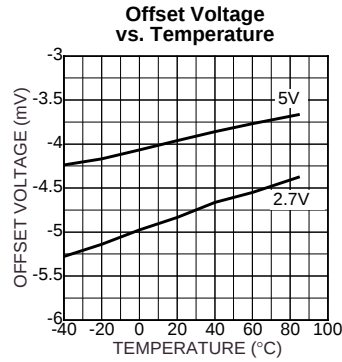
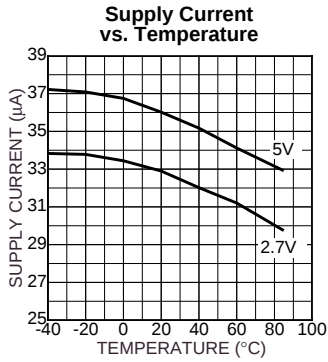


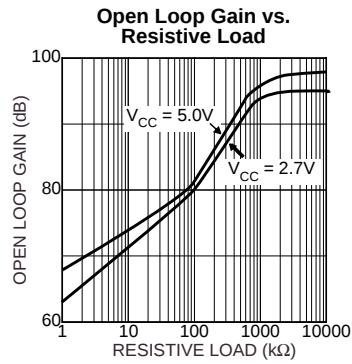
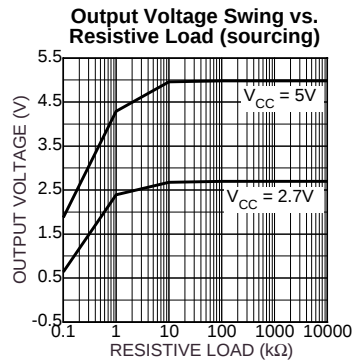
Test Circuit 4. $A_V = -1$



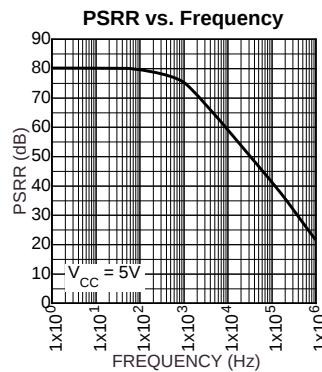
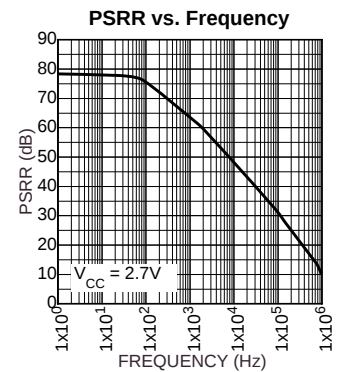
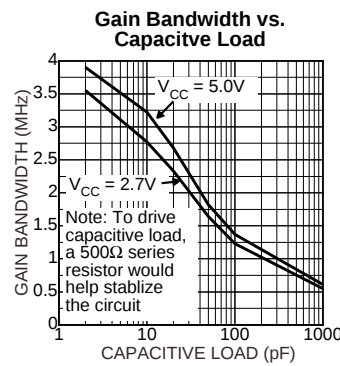
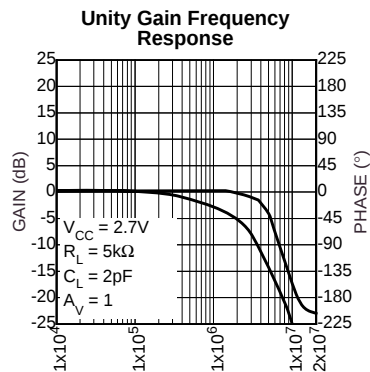
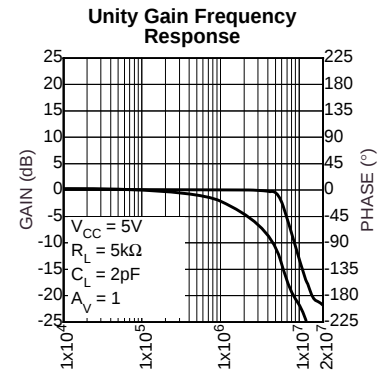
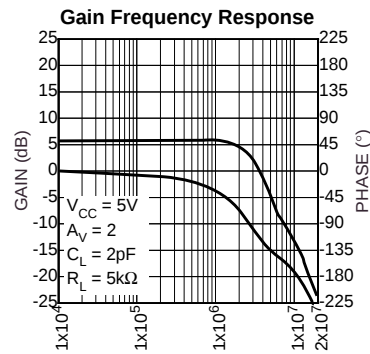
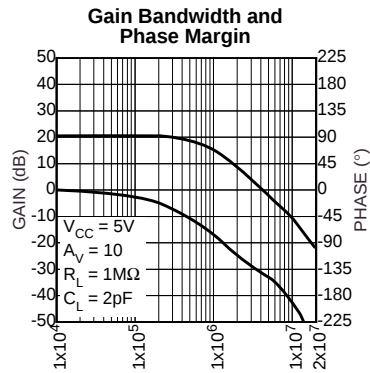
Test Circuit 5. Positive Power Supply Rejection Ratio Measurement

Typical Characteristics

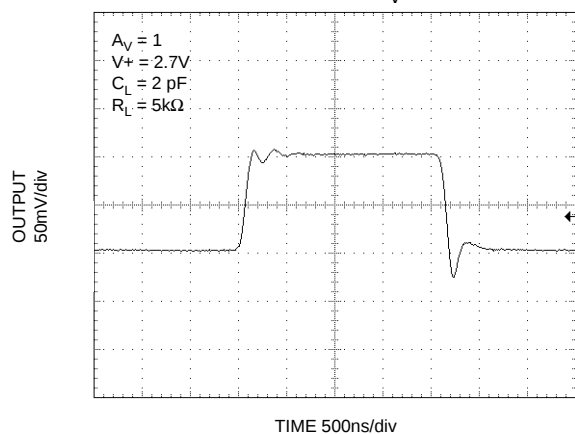




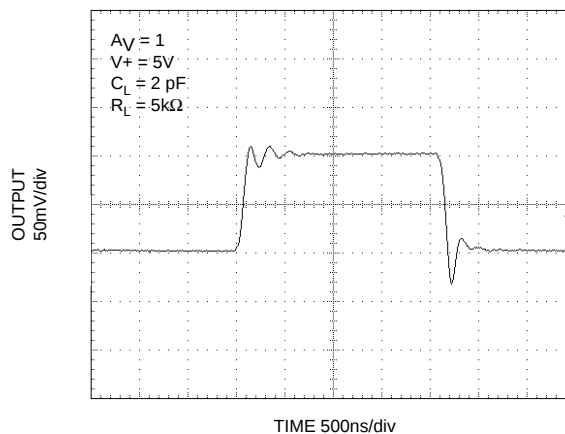
Functional Characteristics



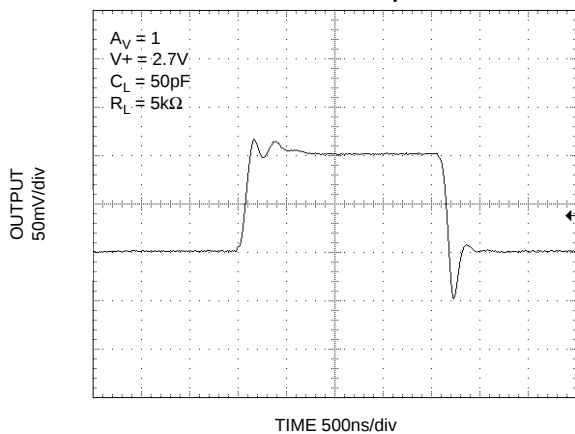
Small Signal Response
Test Circuit 3: $A_V = 1$



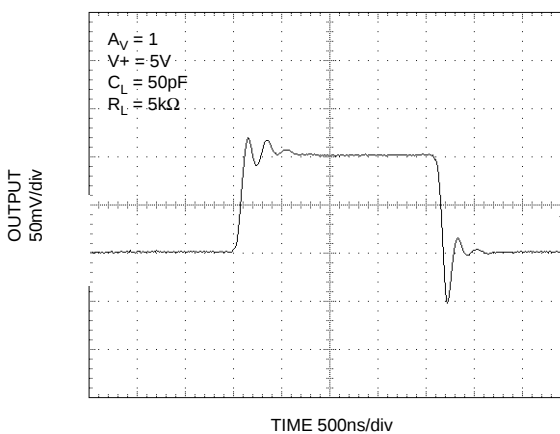
Small Signal Response
Test Circuit 3: $A_V = 1$



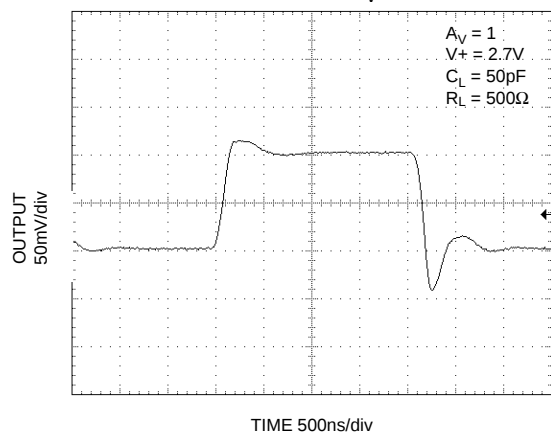
Small Signal Response
Test Circuit 3: $A_V = 1$



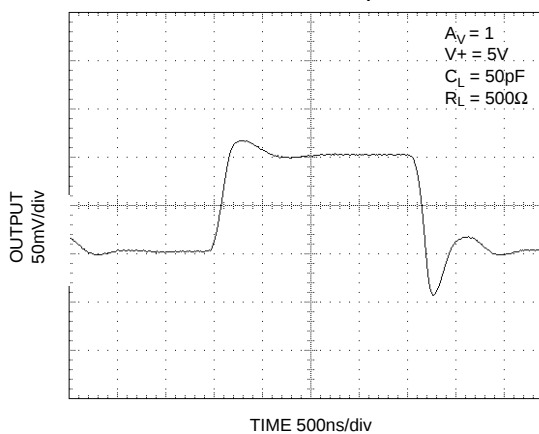
Small Signal Response
Test Circuit 3: $A_V = 1$



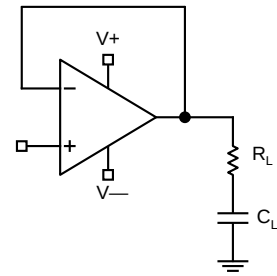
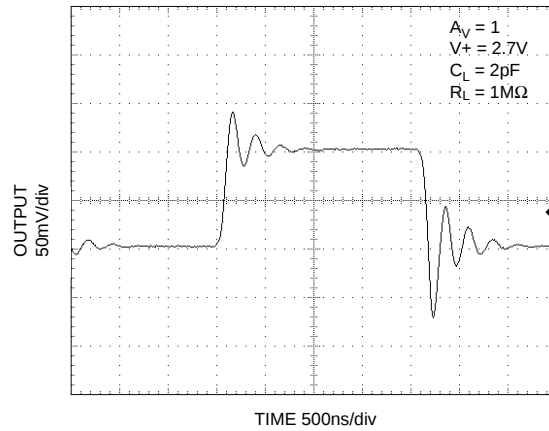
Small Signal Response
Test Circuit 3: $A_V = 1$



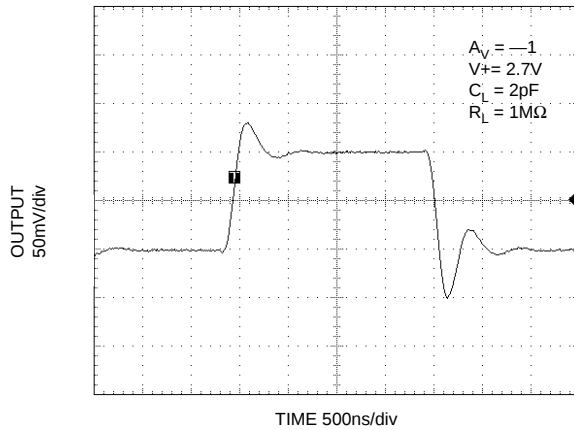
Small Signal Response
Test Circuit 3: $A_V = 1$



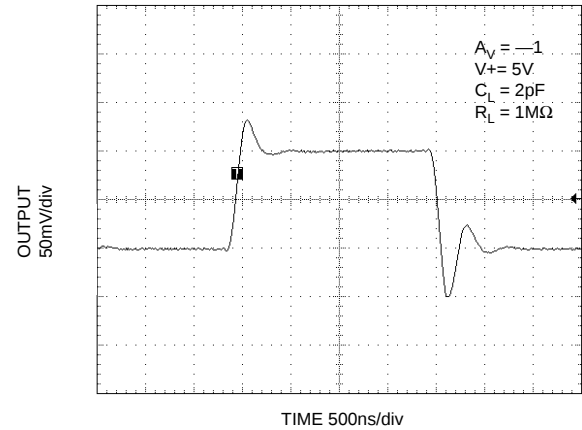
Small Signal Response
Test Circuit 3: $A_v = 1$



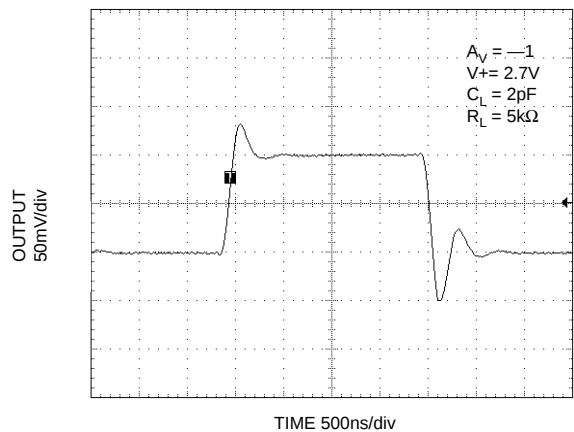
Small Signal Response
Test Circuit 4: $A_v = -1$



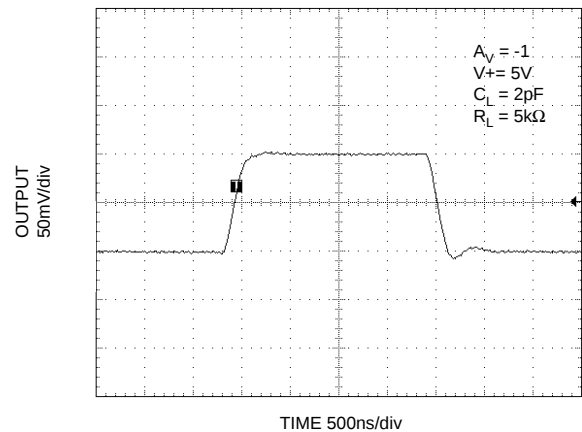
Small Signal Response
Test Circuit 4: $A_v = -1$



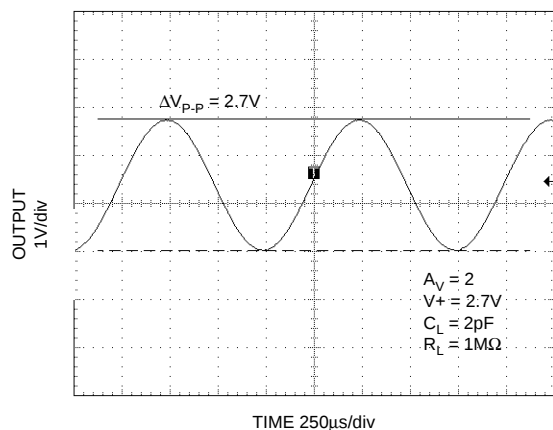
Small Signal Response
Test Circuit 4: $A_v = -1$



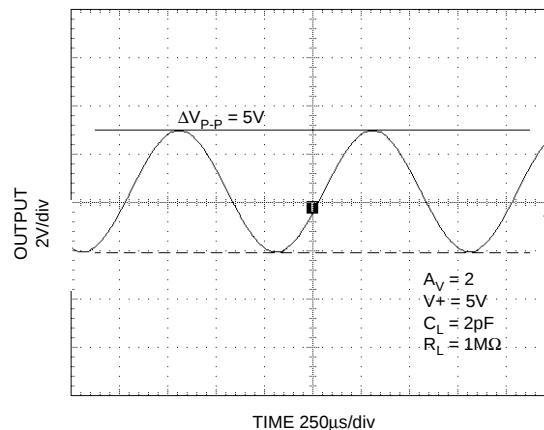
Small Signal Response
Test Circuit 4: $A_v = -1$



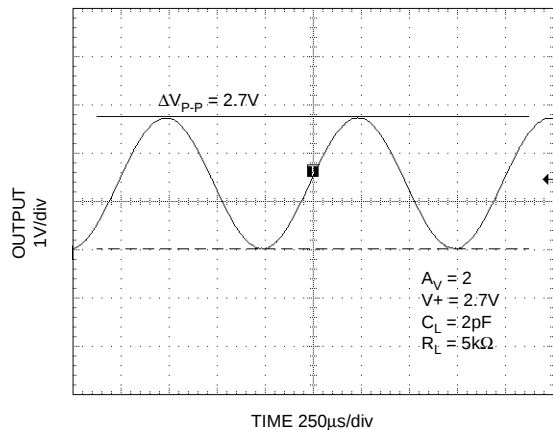
Rail to Rail Output Operation
Test Circuit 2: $A_V = 2$



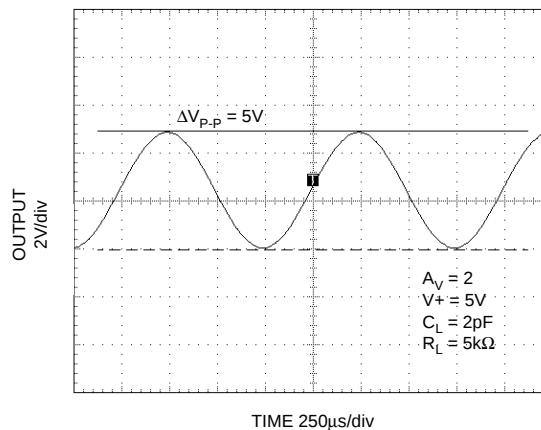
Rail to Rail Output Operation
Test Circuit 2: $A_V = 2$



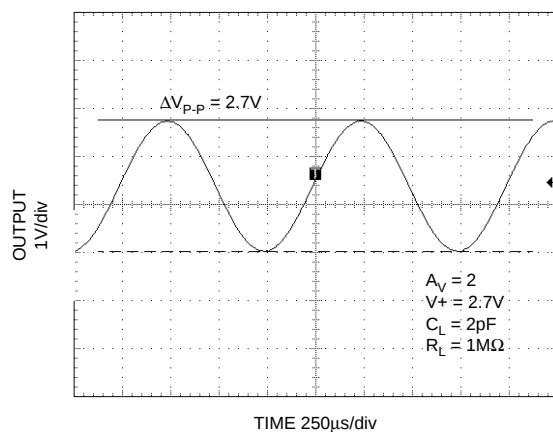
Rail to Rail Output Operation
Test Circuit 2: $A_V = 2$



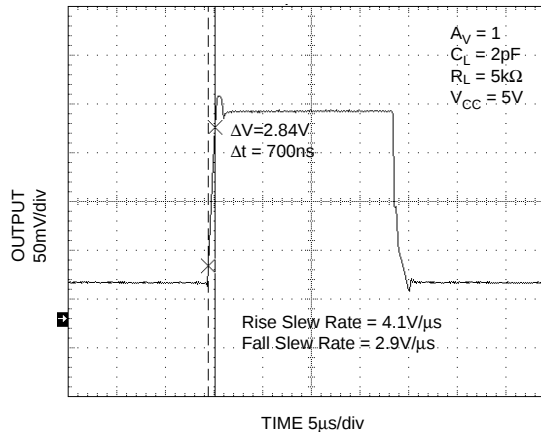
Rail to Rail Output Operation
Test Circuit 2: $A_V = 2$

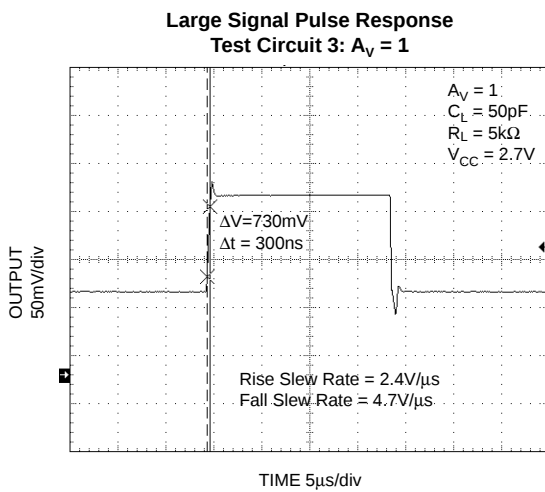


Rail to Rail Output Operation
Test Circuit 2: $A_V = 2$



Large Signal Pulse Response
Test Circuit 3: $A_V = 1$





Applications Information

Power Supply Bypassing

Regular supply bypassing techniques are recommended. A 10 μ F capacitor in parallel with a 0.1 μ F capacitor on both the positive and negative supplies are ideal. For best performance all bypassing capacitors should be located as close to the op amp as possible and all capacitors should be low ESL (equivalent series inductance), ESR (equivalent series resistance). Surface-mount ceramic capacitors are ideal.

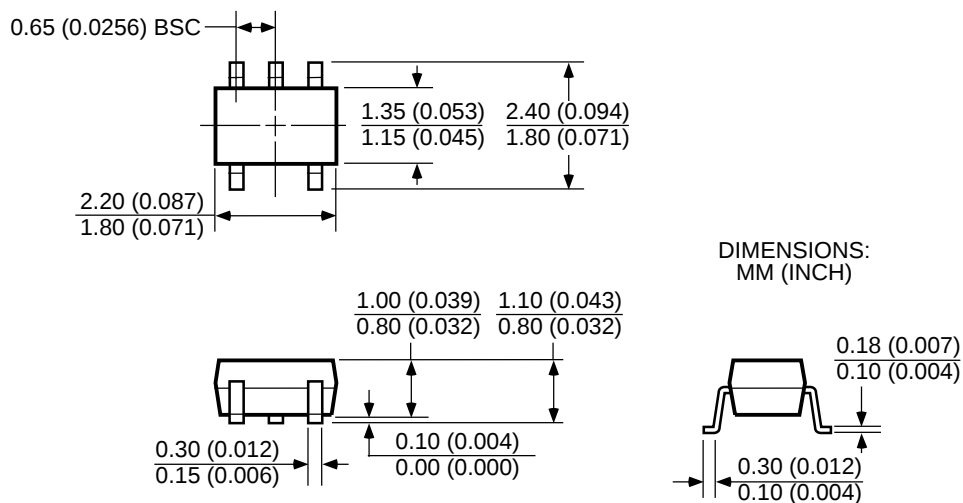
Supply and Loading Considerations

The MIC860 is intended for single supply applications configured with a grounded load. It is not advisable to operate the MIC860 with either:

- 1). A grounded load and split supplies (+/-V) or
- 2). A single supply where the load is terminated above ground.

Under the above conditions, if the load is less than 20kOhm and the output swing is greater than 1V(peak), there may be some instability when the output is sinking current.

Package Information



SC70-5

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