



The Infinite Bandwidth Company™

MIC6270

IttyBitty™ Comparator

Final Information

General Description

The MIC6270 is a precision voltage comparator with an offset voltage specification of 5mV maximum.

The MIC6270 is designed to operate from a single 2V to 36V power supply. Operation from split power supplies is also possible. Its low supply current drain is independent of the magnitude of the supply voltage.

This comparator also features an input common-mode voltage range that includes ground. Inputs are protected against reverse polarity (input voltage less than V^-) and ESD.

The MIC6270 has an open-collector output that directly interfaces with TTL, CMOS, and other types of logic. Several MIC6270 outputs can be connected together for wired-OR logic. The output also features an internal pull-up current source that can be used instead of an external load in some applications.

Features

- 2V to 36V supply
- 300 μ A supply current independent of supply
- 25nA input bias current
- ± 5 nA input offset current
- ± 3 mV input offset voltage
- Input common-mode voltage range includes ground
- Differential input voltage range equal to the power supply voltage
- 250mV at 4mA output saturation voltage
- Output compatible with TTL, DTL, ECL, MOS, and CMOS logic

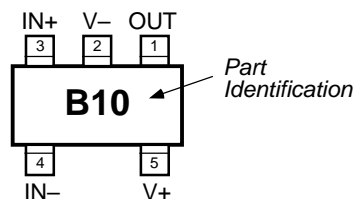
Applications

- Limit comparators
- A/D converters
- Pulse, square wave, time delay generators
- Wide range VCO
- MOS clock timers
- Multivibrators and high-voltage digital logic gates

Ordering Information

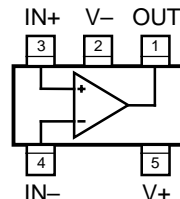
Part Number	Temperature Range	Package
MIC6270BM5	-40°C to +85°C	SOT-23-5

Pin Configuration



SOT-23-5 (M5)

Functional Configuration



SOT-23-5 (M5)

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	OUT	Comparator Output:
2	V-	Negative Supply: Negative supply for split supply application or ground for single supply application.
3	IN+	Noninverting Input:
4	IN-	Inverting Input:
5	V+	Positive Supply:

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage ($V_{V+} - V_{V-}$)	36V or $\pm 18V$
Differential Input Voltage ($V_{IN+} - V_{IN-}$)	$\pm 36V$
Input Voltage	$-0.3V$ to $+36V$
Input Current ($V_{IN} < -0.3V$)	50mA
Output Short-Circuit to GND, Note 1	∞
Storage Temperature Range	$-65^{\circ}C$ to $+150^{\circ}C$
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 secs.)	$260^{\circ}C$

Operating Ratings

Supply Voltage	2V to 36V
Ambient Temperature Range	$-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$
SOT-23-5 Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA})	$220^{\circ}C/W$ (mounted to printed circuit board)

Electrical Characteristics

$V_+ = 5V$; $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, **bold** values indicate $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}C$, $T_A = T_J$; unless noted

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	Note 2		2	5 9	mV mV
I_B	Input Bias Current	$I_{IN(+)}$ or $I_{IN(-)}$ with output in linear range, $V_{CM} = 0V$, Note 3		25	250 400	nA nA
I_{OS}	Input Offset Current	$I_{IN(+)} - I_{IN(-)}$, $V_{CM} = 0V$		5	50 150	nA nA
V_{CM}	Input Voltage Range	$V_+ = 30V$, Note 4	0		$V_+ - 1.5V$ $V_+ - 2V$	V V
I_S	Supply Current	$R_L = \infty$ $R_L = \infty$, $V_+ = 36V$		0.3 0.4	0.9 1.2	mA mA
	Voltage Gain	$R_L \geq 15k\Omega$, $V_+ = 15V$ $V_O = 1V$ to $11V$	50	200		V/mV
	Large Signal Response Time	V_{IN} = TTL logic swing, $V_{REF} = 1.4V$ $V_{RL} = 5V$, $R_L = 5.1k\Omega$		300		ns
	Response Time	$V_{RL} = 5V$, $R_L = 5.1k\Omega$, Note 5		0.6		μs
	Output Sink Current	$V_{IN(-)} = 1V$, $V_{IN(+)} = 0$, $V_O \leq 1.5V$	10	20		mA
	Output Pull-Up Current			15	50	μA
	Saturation Voltage	$V_{IN(-)} = 1V$, $V_{IN(+)} = 0$, $I_{SINK} \leq 4mA$		250	400 700	mV mV
	Differential Input Voltage	$V_{IN(+)}$, $V_{IN(-)} \geq 0V$ (or V_- , if used), Note 6			36	V

General Note: Devices are ESD protected; however, handling precautions are recommended.

Note 1: A short circuit from OUT to V_+ can cause excessive heating and damage the device. The maximum short circuit output current (OUT to V_-) is approximately 20mA, independent of V_{V+} .

Note 2: Measured at the output switch point where $V_{OUT} \equiv 1.4Vdc$ with $R_S = 0\Omega$, $V_+ = 5Vdc$ to $30Vdc$, and over the full input common-mode range ($0Vdc$ to $V_+ - 1.5Vdc$).

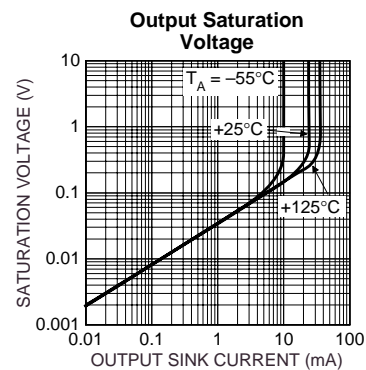
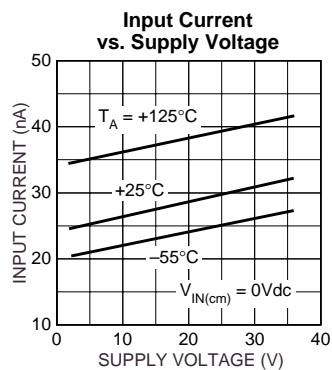
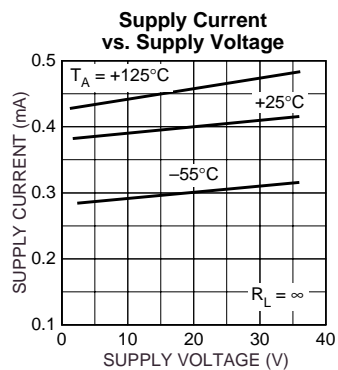
Note 3: The direction of input current is out of the device due to its PNP input.

Note 4: The input common-mode voltage, V_{IN+} , or V_{IN-} must not go below $-0.3V$. The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is $V_+ - 1.5V$ at $25^{\circ}C$, but either or both inputs can go to $+36Vdc$ without damage, independent of V_{V+} .

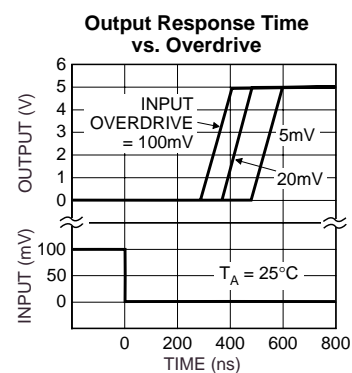
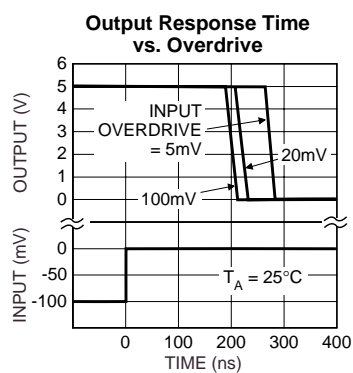
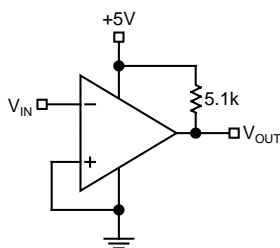
Note 5: The response time measured using a 100mV input step with 5mV overdrive. With greater overdrive, 300ns can be obtained. See "Typical Characteristics."

Note 6: Positive excursions of input voltage may exceed the power supply level. As long as the other voltage remains within the common-mode range, the comparator will provide a proper output state. The low input voltage state must not be below $-0.3Vdc$ (or $0.3Vdc$ below V_{V-}).

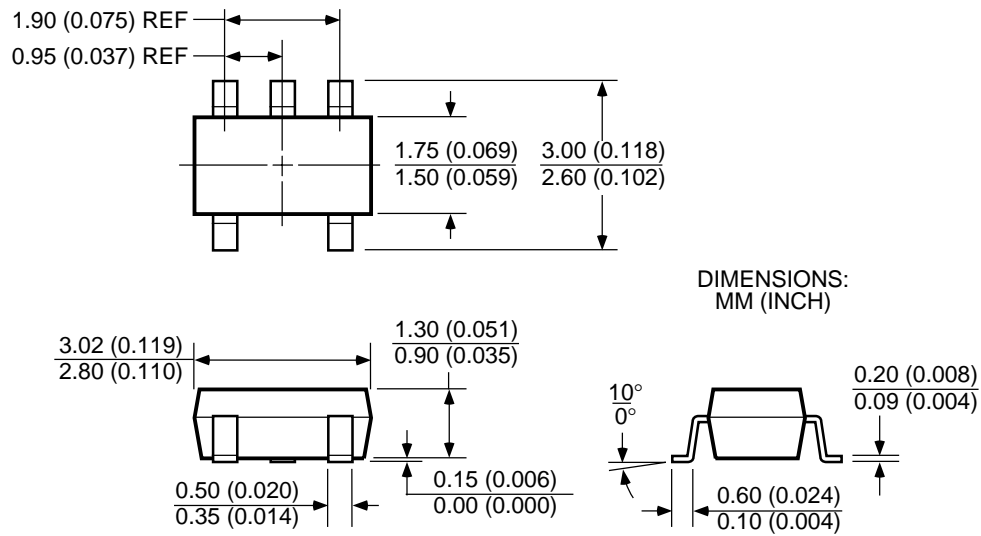
Typical Characteristics



Output Response Time vs. Overdrive (Test Circuit)



Package Information



SOT-23-5 (M5)

MICREL INC. 1849 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA

TEL + 1 (408) 944-0800 FAX + 1 (408) 944-0970 WEB <http://www.micrel.com>

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