



The Infinite Bandwidth Company™

MIC39150/39151

1.5A Low-Voltage Low-Dropout Regulator

Final Information

General Description

The MIC39150 and MIC39151 are 1.5A low-dropout linear voltage regulators that provide a low voltage, high current output with a minimum of external components. Utilizing Micrel's proprietary Super β PNP™ pass element, the MIC39150/1 offers extremely low dropout (typically 375mV at 1.5A) and low ground current (typically 17mA at 1.5A).

The MIC39150/1 is ideal for PC add-in cards that need to convert from 3.3V to 2.5V or 2.5V to 1.8V. A guaranteed maximum dropout voltage of 500mV over all operating conditions allows the MIC39150/1 to provide 2.5V from a supply as low as 3V or 1.8V from a supply as low as 2.3V. The MIC39150/1 also has fast transient response for heavy switching applications. This device requires only 10 μ F of output capacitance to maintain stability and achieve fast transient response

The MIC39150/1 is fully protected with overcurrent limiting, thermal shutdown, reversed-battery protection, reversed-lead insertion, and reverse-leakage protection. The MIC39151 offers a TTL-logic compatible enable pin and an error flag that indicates undervoltage and over current conditions. Offered in fixed voltages of 2.5V, 1.8V and 1.65V, the MIC39150/1 comes in the TO-220 and TO-263 packages and is an ideal upgrade to older, NPN-based linear voltage regulators.

For applications requiring input voltage greater than 16V or automotive load dump protection, see the MIC29150/1/2/3 family.

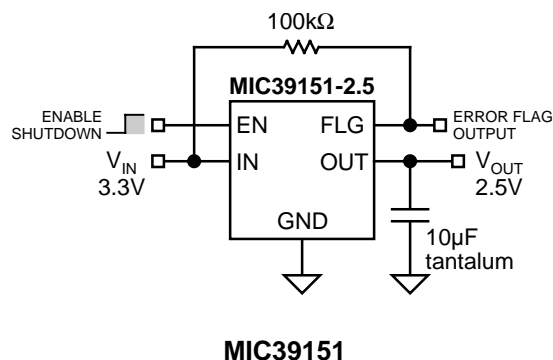
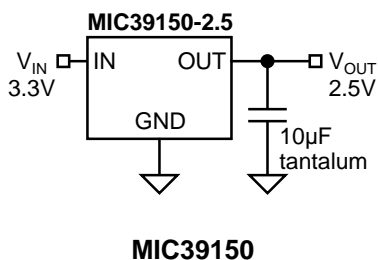
Features

- 1.5A minimum guaranteed output current
- 500mV maximum dropout voltage over temperature
 - Ideal for 3.0V to 2.5V conversion**
 - Ideal for 2.5 to 1.8V or 1.65V conversion**
- 1% initial accuracy
- Low ground current
- Current limiting and Thermal shutdown
- Reversed-battery and reversed lead insertion protection
- Reversed-leakage protection
- Fast transient response
- TO-263 and TO-220 packaging
- TTL/CMOS compatible enable pin (MIC39151 only)
- Error flag output (MIC39151 only)

Applications

- Low-voltage digital ICs
- LDO linear regulator for PC add-in cards
- High-efficiency linear power supplies
- SMPS post regulator
- Low-voltage microcontrollers
- StrongARM™ processor supply

Typical Application



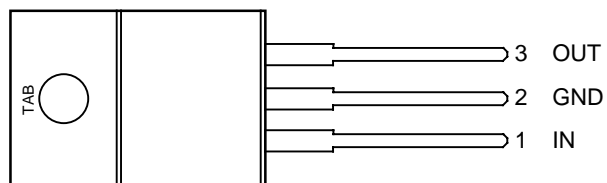
StrongARM is a trademark of Advanced RSIC Machines, Ltd.

Micrel, Inc. • 1849 Fortune Drive • San Jose, CA 95131 • USA • tel + 1 (408) 944-0800 • fax + 1 (408) 944-0970 • <http://www.micrel.com>

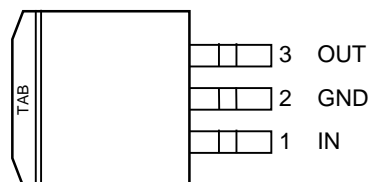
Ordering Information

Part Number	Voltage	Temperature Range	Package
MIC39150-1.65BT	1.65V	−40°C to +125°C	3-lead TO-220
MIC39150-1.65BU	1.65V	−40°C to +125°C	3-lead TO-263
MIC39151-1.65BT	1.65V	−40°C to +125°C	5-lead TO-220
MIC39151-1.65BU	1.65V	−40°C to +125°C	5-lead TO-263
MIC39150-1.8BT	1.8V	−40°C to +125°C	3-lead TO-220
MIC39150-1.8BU	1.8V	−40°C to +125°C	3-lead TO-263
MIC39151-1.8BT	1.8V	−40°C to +125°C	5-lead TO-220
MIC39151-1.8BU	1.8V	−40°C to +125°C	5-lead TO-263
MIC39150-2.5BT	2.5V	−40°C to +125°C	3-lead TO-220
MIC39150-2.5BU	2.5V	−40°C to +125°C	3-lead TO-263
MIC39151-2.5BT	2.5V	−40°C to +125°C	5-lead TO-220
MIC39151-2.5BU	2.5V	−40°C to +125°C	5-lead TO-263

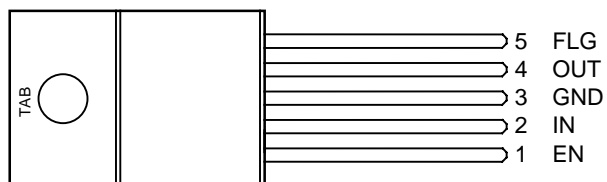
Pin Configuration



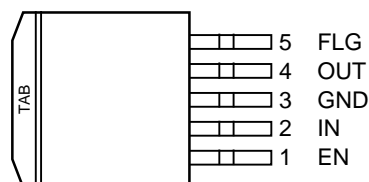
**MIC39150-x.xBT
TO-220-3 (T)**



**MIC39150-x.xBU
TO-263-3 (U)**



**MIC39151-x.xBT
TO-220-5 (T)**



**MIC39151-x.xBU
TO-263-5 (U)**

Pin Description

Pin Number MIC39150	Pin Number MIC39151	Pin Name	Pin Function
	1	EN	Enable (Input): TTL/CMOS compatible input. Logic high = enable; logic low or open = shutdown
1	2	IN	Unregulated Input: +16V maximum supply.
2, TAB	3, TAB	GND	Ground: Ground pin and TAB are internally connected.
3	4	OUT	Regulator Output
	5	FLG	Error Flag (Output): Open-collector output. Active low indicates an output fault condition.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Supply Voltage (V_{IN})	–20V to +20V
Enable Voltage (V_{EN})	+20V
Storage Temperature (T_S)	–65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 5 sec.)	260°C
ESD, Note 3	

Operating Ratings (Note 2)

Supply Voltage (V_{IN})	+2.25V to +16V
Enable Voltage (V_{EN})	+16V
Maximum Power Dissipation ($P_{D(max)}$)	Note 4
Junction Temperature (T_J)	–40°C to +125°C
Package Thermal Resistance	
TO-263 (θ_{JC})	2°C/W
TO-220 (θ_{JC})	2°C/W

Electrical Characteristics

$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$; $V_{EN} = 2.4V$; $T_J = 25^\circ C$; **bold** values indicate $-40^\circ C \leq T_J \leq +125^\circ C$; unless noted

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	10mA	–1		1	%
		$10mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1.5A$, $V_{OUT} + 1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 8V$	–2		2	%
				0.06	0.5	%
	Line Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$, $V_{OUT} + 1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 16V$				%
	Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$, $10mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1.5A$,		0.2	1	%
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta T$	Output Voltage Temp. Coefficient, Note 5			20	100	ppm/°C
V_{DO}	Dropout Voltage, Note 6	$I_{OUT} = 100mA$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = -1\%$		80	200	mV
		$I_{OUT} = 750mA$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = -1\%$		260		mV
		$I_{OUT} = 1.5A$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = -1\%$		375	500	mV
I_{GND}	Ground Current, Note 7	$I_{OUT} = 750mA$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		4	20	mA
		$I_{OUT} = 1.5A$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		17		mA
$I_{GND(do)}$	Dropout Ground Pin Current	$V_{IN} \leq V_{OUT(nominal)} - 0.5V$, $I_{OUT} = 10mA$		1.1		mA
$I_{OUT(lim)}$	Current Limit	$V_{OUT} = 0V$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		2.8		A
$I_{OUT(min)}$	Minimum Load Current			7	10	mA

Enable Input (MIC39151)

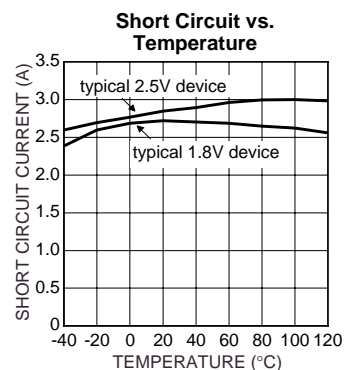
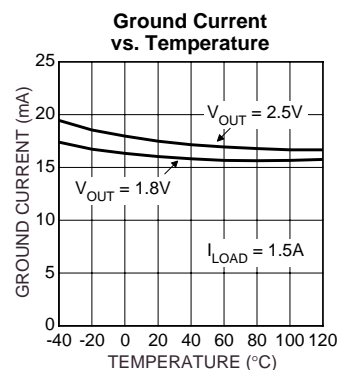
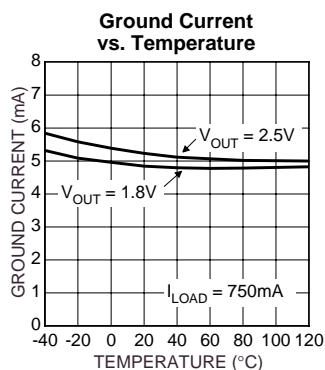
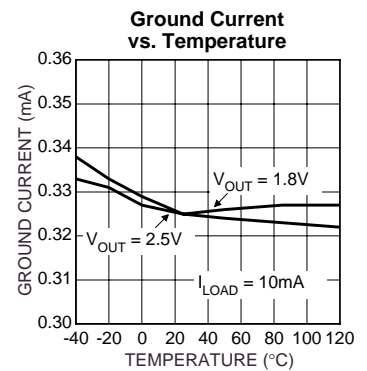
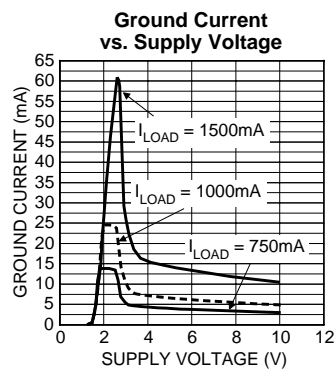
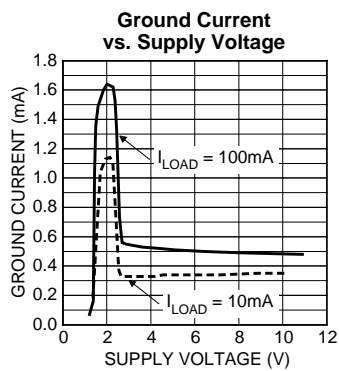
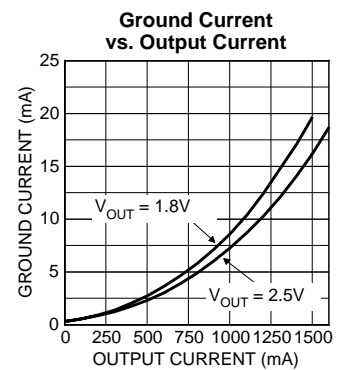
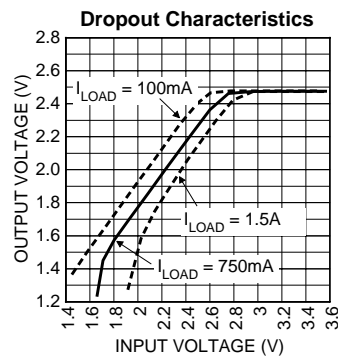
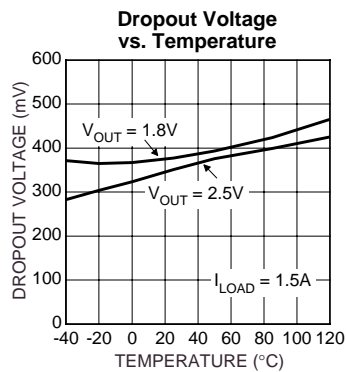
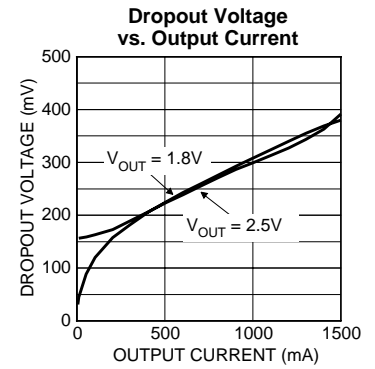
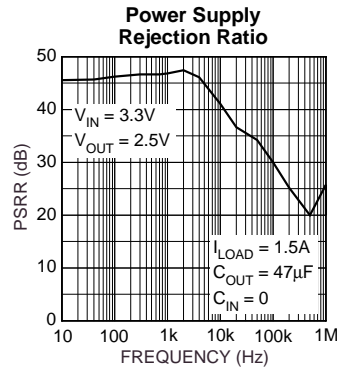
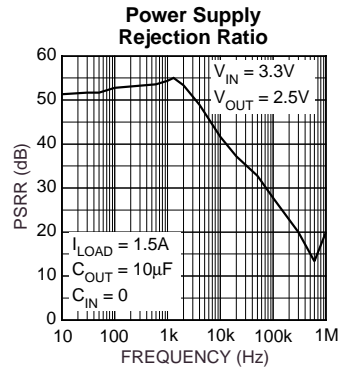
V_{EN}	Enable Input Voltage	logic low (off)			0.8	V
		logic high (on)	2.25			V
I_{IN}	Enable Input Current	$V_{EN} = 2.25V$	1	15	30 75	μA μA
		$V_{EN} = 0.8V$			2 4	μA μA
$I_{OUT(shdn)}$	Shutdown Output Current	Note 8		10	20	μA

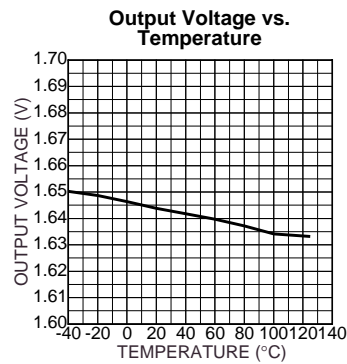
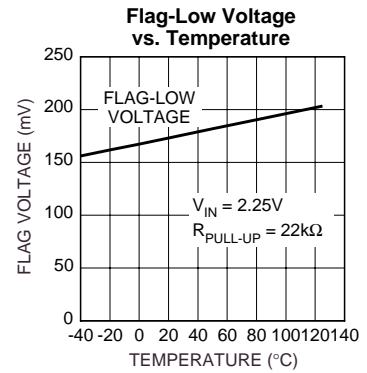
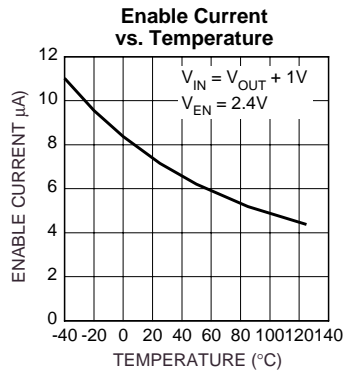
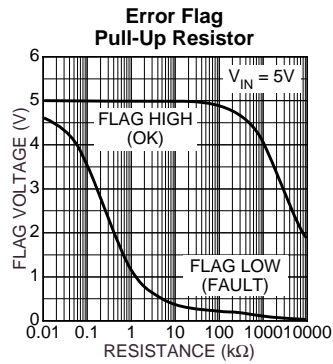
Flag Output (MIC39151)

$I_{FLG(leak)}$	Output Leakage Current	$V_{OH} = 16V$		0.01	1 2	μA μA
$V_{FLG(do)}$	Output Low Voltage	$V_{IN} = 2.250V$, $I_{OL} = 250\mu A$, Note 9		180	300 400	mV mV
V_{FLG}	Low Threshold	% of V_{OUT}	93			%
	High Threshold	% of V_{OUT}			99.2	%
	Hysteresis			1		%

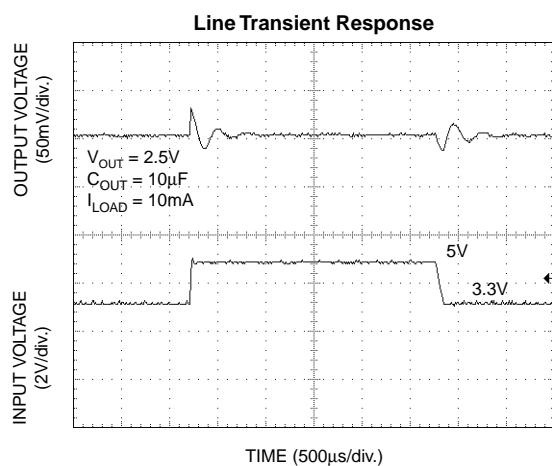
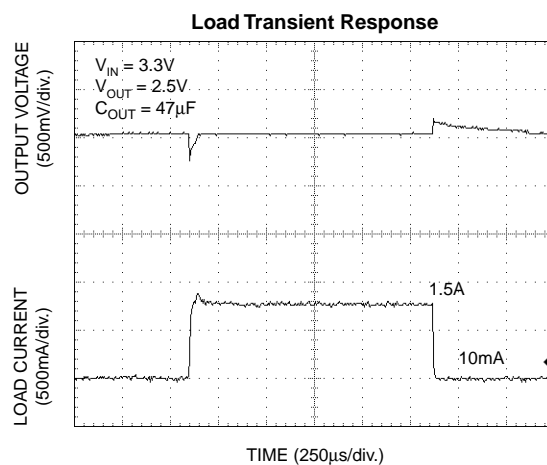
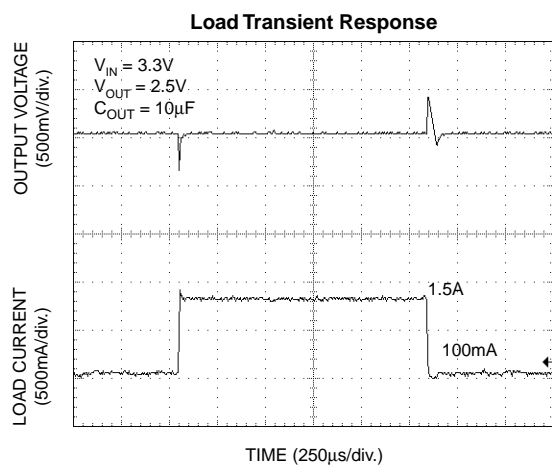
- Note 1.** Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings June damage the device.
- Note 2.** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- Note 3.** Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended.
- Note 4.** $P_{D(max)} = (T_{J(max)} - T_A) \div \theta_{JA}$, where θ_{JA} depends upon the printed circuit layout. See "Applications Information."
- Note 5.** Output voltage temperature coefficient is $\Delta V_{OUT(worst\ case)} \div (T_{J(max)} - T_{J(min)})$ where $T_{J(max)}$ is +125°C and $T_{J(min)}$ is -40°C.
- Note 6.** $V_{DO} = V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ when V_{OUT} decreases to 98% of its nominal output voltage with $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$. For output voltages below 2.25V, dropout voltage is the input-to-output voltage differential with the minimum input voltage being 2.25V. Minimum input operating voltage is 2.25V.
- Note 7.** I_{GND} is the quiescent current. $I_{IN} = I_{GND} + I_{OUT}$.
- Note 8.** $V_{EN} \leq 0.8V$, $V_{IN} \leq 8V$, and $V_{OUT} = 0V$.
- Note 9.** For a 2.5V device, $V_{IN} = 2.250V$ (device is in dropout).

Typical Characteristics

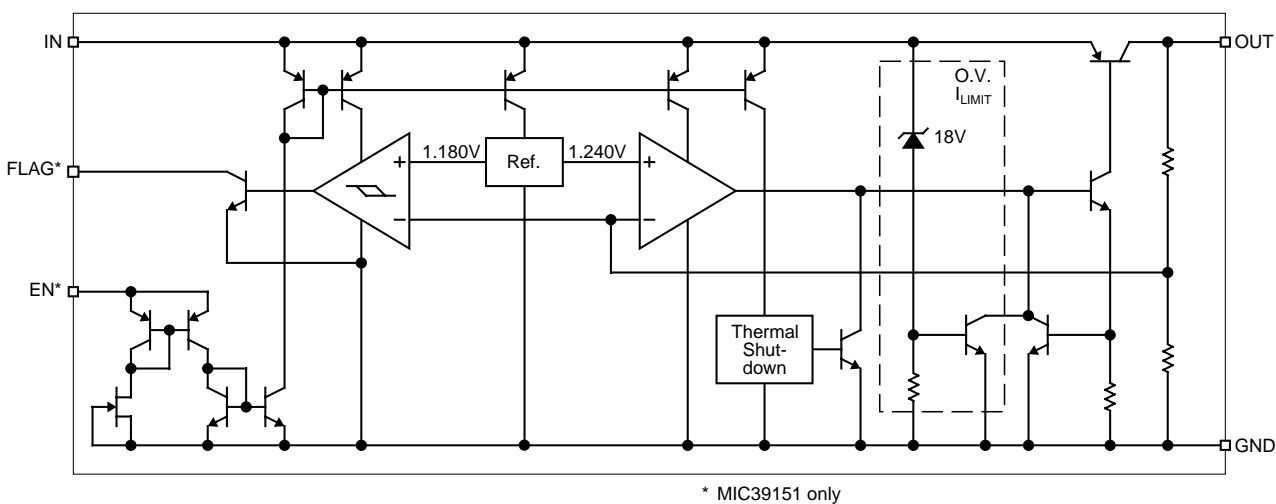




Functional Characteristics



Functional Diagram



Applications Information

The MIC39150/1 is a high-performance low-dropout voltage regulator suitable for moderate to high-current voltage regulator applications. Its 500mV dropout voltage at full load and overtemperature makes it especially valuable in battery-powered systems and as high-efficiency noise filters in post-regulator applications. Unlike older NPN-pass transistor designs, where the minimum dropout voltage is limited by the base-to-emitter voltage drop and collector-to-emitter saturation voltage, dropout performance of the PNP output of these devices is limited only by the low V_{CE} saturation voltage.

A trade-off for the low dropout voltage is a varying base drive requirement. Micrel's Super β PNP™ process reduces this drive requirement to only 2% to 5% of the load current.

The MIC39150/1 regulator is fully protected from damage due to fault conditions. Current limiting is provided. This limiting is linear; output current during overload conditions is constant. Thermal shutdown disables the device when the die temperature exceeds the maximum safe operating temperature. Transient protection allows device (and load) survival even when the input voltage spikes above and below nominal. The output structure of these regulators allows voltages in excess of the desired output voltage to be applied without reverse current flow.

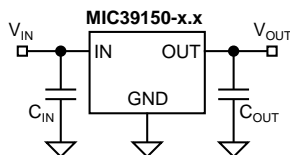


Figure 1. Capacitor Requirements

Thermal Design

Linear regulators are simple to use. The most complicated design parameters to consider are thermal characteristics. Thermal design requires the following application-specific parameters:

- Maximum ambient temperature (T_A)
- Output Current (I_{OUT})
- Output Voltage (V_{OUT})
- Input Voltage (V_{IN})
- Ground Current (I_{GND})

First, calculate the power dissipation of the regulator from these numbers and the device parameters from this datasheet.

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) I_{OUT} + V_{IN} I_{GND}$$

where the ground current is approximated by using numbers from the "Electrical Characteristics" or "Typical Characteristics." Then the heat sink thermal resistance is determined with this formula:

$$\theta_{SA} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{P_D} - (\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS})$$

Where $T_{J(max)} \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ and θ_{CS} is between 0° and 2°C/W .

The heat sink can be significantly reduced in applications where the minimum input voltage is known and is large

compared with the dropout voltage. Use a series input resistor to drop excessive voltage and distribute the heat between this resistor and the regulator. The low dropout properties of Micrel Super β PNP regulators allow significant reductions in regulator power dissipation and the associated heat sink without compromising performance. When this technique is employed, a capacitor of at least $1\mu\text{F}$ is needed directly between the input and regulator ground.

Refer to *Application Note 9* for further details and examples on thermal design and heat sink specification.

Output Capacitor

The MIC39150/1 requires an output capacitor to maintain stability and improve transient response. Proper capacitor selection is important to ensure proper operation. The MIC39150/1 output capacitor selection is dependent upon the ESR (equivalent series resistance) of the output capacitor to maintain stability. When the output capacitor is $10\mu\text{F}$ or greater, the output capacitor should have an ESR less than 2Ω . This will improve transient response as well as promote stability. Ultralow ESR capacitors ($<100\text{m}\Omega$), such as ceramic chip capacitors, promote instability. These very low ESR levels cause an oscillation and/or underdamped transient response. A low-ESR solid tantalum capacitor works extremely well and provides good transient response and stability over temperature. Aluminum electrolytics can also be used, as long as the ESR of the capacitor is $< 2\Omega$.

The value of the output capacitor can be increased without limit. Higher capacitance values help to improve transient response and ripple rejection and reduce output noise.

Input Capacitor

An input capacitor of $1\mu\text{F}$ or greater is recommended when the device is more than 4 inches away from the bulk ac supply capacitance, or when the supply is a battery. Small, surface-mount, ceramic chip capacitors can be used for the bypassing. The capacitor should be placed within 1" of the device for optimal performance. Larger values will help to improve ripple rejection by bypassing the input to the regulator, further improving the integrity of the output voltage.

Transient Response and 3.3V to 2.5V or 2.5V to 1.8V Conversion

The MIC39150/1 has excellent transient response to variations in input voltage and load current. The device has been designed to respond quickly to load current variations and input voltage variations. Large output capacitors are not required to obtain this performance. A standard $10\mu\text{F}$ output capacitor, preferably tantalum, is all that is required. Larger values help to improve performance even further.

By virtue of its low-dropout voltage, this device does not saturate into dropout as readily as similar NPN-based designs. When converting from 3.3V to 2.5V, or 2.5V to 1.8V, the NPN-based regulators are already operating in dropout, with typical dropout requirements of 1.2V or greater. To convert down to 2.5V without operating in dropout, NPN-based regulators require an input voltage of 3.7V at the very least. The MIC39150/1 regulator will provide excellent performance with an input as low as 3.0V or 2.5V, respectively. This gives

the PNP-based regulators a distinct advantage over older, NPN-based linear regulators.

Minimum Load Current

The MIC39150 regulator is specified between finite loads. If the output current is too small, leakage currents dominate and the output voltage rises. A 10mA minimum load current is necessary for proper regulation.

Error Flag

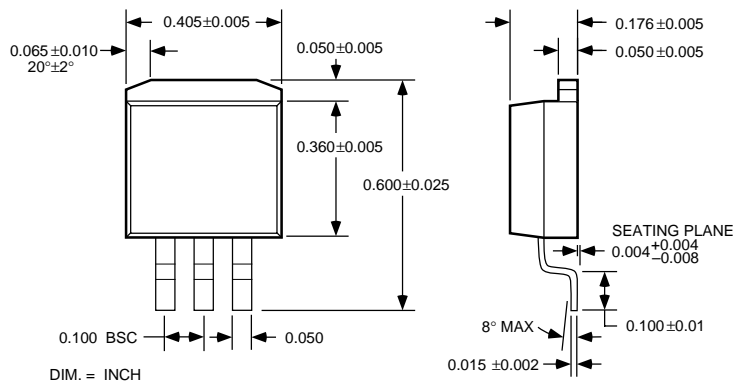
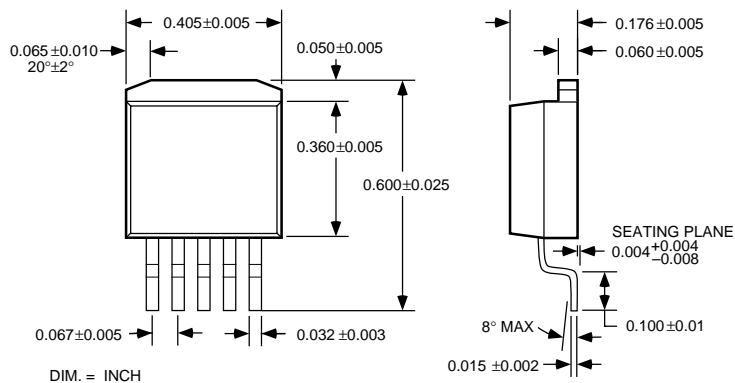
The MIC39151 version features an error flag circuit which monitors the output voltage and signals an error condition when the voltage 5% below the nominal output voltage. The error flag is an open-collector output that can sink 10mA during a fault condition.

Low output voltage can be caused by a number of problems, including an overcurrent fault (device in current limit) or low input voltage. The flag is inoperative during overtemperature shutdown.

When the error flag is not used, it is best to leave it open. The flag pin can be tied directly to pin 4, the output pin.

Enable Input

The MIC39151 version features an enable input for on/off control of the device. Its shutdown state draws “zero” current (only microamperes of leakage). The enable input is TTL/CMOS compatible for simple logic interface, but can be connected to up to 20V. When enabled, it draws approximately 15 μ A.

**3-Lead TO-263 (U)****5-Lead TO-263-5 (U)**

MICREL INC. 1849 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA

TEL + 1 (408) 944-0800 FAX + 1 (408) 944-0970 WEB <http://www.micrel.com>

This information is believed to be accurate and reliable, however no responsibility is assumed by Micrel for its use nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties resulting from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent right of Micrel Inc.

© 2001 Micrel Incorporated