MIC2212



Dual µCap LDO and Power-On Reset

General Description

The MIC2212 is a dual μ Cap low dropout regulator with power-on reset circuit. The first regulator is capable of sourcing 150mA, while the second regulator can source up to 300mA and includes a power-on reset function.

Ideal for battery operated applications, the MIC2212 offers 1% accuracy, extremely low dropout voltage (80mV @ 100mA), and extremely low ground current, only $48\mu A$ total. Equipped with TTL-logic-compatible enable pins, the MIC2212 can be put into a zero-off-mode current state, drawing no current when disabled.

The MIC2212 is a μ Cap design, operating with very small ceramic output capacitors for stability, reducing required board space and component cost.

The MIC2212 is available in fixed output voltages in the 10-pin $3mm \times 3mm$ MLFTM leadless package.

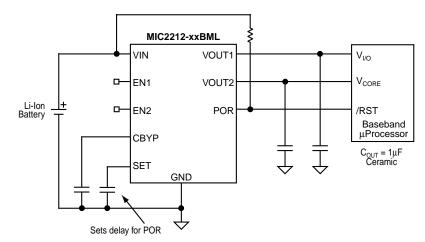
Features

- Input voltage range: 2.25V to 5.5V
- Stable with ceramic output capacitor
- 2 LDO outputs
 - Output 1 150mA output current
 - Output 2 300mA output current
- · Power-on reset function with adjustable delay time
- Low dropout voltage of 80mV @ 100mA
- Ultra-low quiescent current of 48µA
- High output accuracy:
 - +1.0% initial accuracy
 - +2.0% over temperature
- Thermal shutdown protection
- Current limit protection
- Tiny 10-pin 3mm × 3mm MLF[™] package

Applications

- Cellular/PCS phones
- Wireless modems
- PDAs

Typical Application



MIC2212 Typical Cell Phone Application

*Micro*LeadFrame and MLF are trademarks of Amkor Technology.

Ordering Information

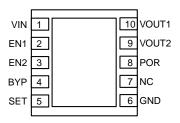
| Full Part Number | Manufacturing Part Number | Voltage* (Vo1/Vo2) | Junction Temp. Range | Package |
|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| MIC2212-1.8/2.8BML | MIC2212-GMBML | 1.8V/2.8V | –40°C to +125°C | 10-Pin 3×3 MLF™ |
| MIC2212-1.85/2.85BML | MIC2212-DNBML | 1.85V/2.85V | –40°C to +125°C | 10-Pin 3×3 MLF™ |
| MIC2212-1.85/2.9BML | MIC2212-DOBML | 1.85V/2.9V | –40°C to +125°C | 10-Pin 3×3 MLF™ |
| MIC2212-2.6/2.8BML | MIC2212-KMBML | 2.6V/2.8V | –40°C to +125°C | 10-Pin 3×3 MLF™ |
| MIC2212-2.6/2.85BML | MIC2212-KNBML | 2.6V/2.85V | –40°C to +125°C | 10-Pin 3×3 MLF™ |
| MIC2212-2.7/2.9BML | MIC2212-LOBML | 2.7V/2.9V | –40°C to +125°C | 10-Pin 3×3 MLF™ |
| MIC2212-2.8/2.8BML | MIC2212-MMBML | 2.8V/2.8V | –40°C to +125°C | 10-Pin 3×3 MLF™ |
| MIC2212-3.0/2.8BML | MIC2212-PMBML | 3.0V/2.8V | -40°C to +125°C | 10-Pin 3×3 MLF™ |
| MIC2212-3.3/2.8BML | MIC2212-SMBML | 3.3V/2.8V | –40°C to +125°C | 10-Pin 3×3 MLF™ |

* For other output voltage options, contact Micrel marketing.

| Voltage | Code |
|---------|------|
| Adj. | A |
| 1.5 | F |
| 1.6 | W |
| 1.8 | G |
| 1.85 | D |
| 1.9 | Y |
| 2.0 | Н |
| 2.1 | E |
| 2.5 | J |
| 2.6 | K |
| 2.7 | L |
| 2.8 | М |
| 2.850 | N |
| 2.9 | 0 |
| 3.0 | Р |
| 3.1 | Q |
| 3.2 | R |
| 3.3 | S |
| 3.4 | Т |
| 3.5 | U |
| 3.6 | V |

Table 1. Voltage Codes

Pin Configuration



10-Pin 3mm × 3mm MLF™ (ML) (Top View)

Pin Description

| Pin Number MLF-10 (3x3) | Pin Name | Pin Function | | | |
|----------------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | VIN | Supply Input: (VIN1 and VIN2 are internally tied together.) | | | |
| 2 | EN1 | Enable Input to Regulator 1: Enables regulator 1 output. Active high input. High = on, low = off. Do not leave floating. | | | |
| 3 | EN2 | Enable Input to Regulator 2: Enables regulator 2 output. Active high input. High = on, low = off. Do not leave floating. | | | |
| 4 | CBYP | Reference Bypass: Connect external 0.01µF to GND to reduce output nois May be left open. | | | |
| 5 | SET | Delay Set Input: Connect external capacitor to GND to set the internal delay for the POR output. When left open, there is no delay. This pin cannot be grounded. | | | |
| 6 | GND | Ground: Connect externally to Exposed Pad. | | | |
| 7 | NC | No Connection. | | | |
| 8 | POR | Power-On Reset Output: Open-drain output. Active low indicates an output undervoltage condition on regulator 2. | | | |
| 9 | VOUT2 | Output of Regulator 2: 300mA output current. | | | |
| 10 | VOUT1 | Output of Regulator 1: 150mA output current. | | | |
| EP | GND | Ground: Internally connected to the Exposed Pad. Connect externally to pin 6 of the IC. | | | |

Absolute Maximum Rating (Note 1)

| Supply Input Voltage (VIN) | 0V to 7V |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Enable Input Voltage (V _{EN}) | 0V to 7V |
| Power Dissipation (P _D) | Internally Limited, Note 3 |
| Junction Temperature | –40°C to +125°C |
| Storage Temperature (T _S) | –65°C to 150°C |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 5 | sec.) 260°C |

Operating Ratings (Note 2)

| Supply Input Voltage (VIN) | 2.25V to 5.5V |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Enable Input Voltage (V _{EN}) | 0V to Vin |
| Junction Temperature (T _J) | –40°C to +125°C |
| Package Thermal Resistance | |
| MLF™-10 (θ _{JA}) | 60°C/W |

Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

 $V_{IN} = V_{OUT}$ +1.0V for higher output of the regulator pair; $C_{OUT} = 1.0\mu$ F, $I_{OUT} = 100\mu$ A; $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C, **bold** values indicate -40° C $\leq T_J \leq +125^{\circ}$ C; unless noted.

| Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------|---------------------|----------|
| Output Voltage Accuracy | Variation from nominal V _{OUT} | -1.0 -2.0 | | +1.0 +2.0 | % % |
| Output Voltage Temp. Coefficient | | | 40 | | ppm/C |
| Line Regulation; Note 5 | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ to 5.5V | -0.3 - 0.6 | 0.02 | 0.3 0.6 | %/V |
| Load Regulation | I_{OUT} = 100µA to 150mA (Regulator 1 and 2) | | 0.2 | 1.0 | % |
| | I _{OUT} = 100μA to 300mA (Regulator 2) | | | 1.5 | % |
| Dropout Voltage, Note 6 | I _{OUT} = 150mA (Regulator 1 and 2) | | 120 | 190 250 | mV mV |
| | I _{OUT} = 300mA (Regulator 2) | | 240 | 340 420 | mV |
| Ground Pin Current | $I_{OUT1} = I_{OUT2} = 0\mu A$ | | 48 | 65 80 | μΑ μΑ |
| | I _{OUT1} = 150mA and I _{OUT2} = 300mA | | 60 | | μA |
| Ground Pin Current in Shutdown | $V_{EN} \le 0.4V$ | | | 2.0 | μΑ |
| Ripple Rejection | f = 1kHz; C_{OUT} = 1.0µF ceramic; C_{BYP} = 10nF | | 60 | | dB |
| | f = 20kHz; C_{OUT} = 1.0µF ceramic; C_{BYP} = 10nF | | 40 | | dB |
| Current Limit | V _{OUT} = 0V (Regulator 1) | 150 | 280 | 460 | mA |
| | V _{OUT} = 0V (Regulator 2) | 300 | 450 | 700 | mA |
| Output Voltage Noise | $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $C_{BYP} = 0.01\mu F$, 10Hz to 100kHz | | 30 | | μVrms |
| Enable Input | | • | • | - | |
| Enable Input Voltage | Logic Low (Regulator Shutdown) | | | 0.6 | V |
| | Logic High (Regulator Enabled) | 1.8 | | | V |
| Enable Input Current | V _{IL} < 0.6V (Regulator Shutdown) | -1 | 0.01 | +1 | μA |
| | V _{IH} > 1.8V (Regulator Enabled) | -1 | 0.01 | +1 | μΑ |
| POR Output | • | | • | • | • |
| V _{TH} | Low Threshold, % of nominal V _{OUT2} (Flag ON) | 90 | | | % |
| | High Threshold, % of nominal V _{OUT2} (Flag OFF) | | | 96 | % |
| V _{OL} | POR Output Logic Low Voltage; I _L = 250µA | | 0.02 | 0.1 | V |
| IPOR | Flag Leakage Current, Flag OFF | -1 | 0.01 | +1 | μΑ |

| Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| SET Input | | | | | |
| SET Pin Current Source | $V_{SET} = 0V$ | 0.75 | 1.25 | 1.75 | μΑ |
| SET Pin Threshold Voltage | P _{OR} = High | | 1.25 | | V |

Note 1. Exceeding maximum rating may damage the device.

Note 2. The device is not guaranteed to work outside its operating rating.

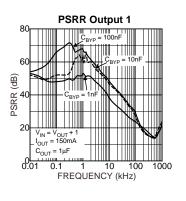
Note 3. The maximum allowable power dissipation of any T_A (ambient temperature) is $(P_{D(max)} = T_{J(max)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.

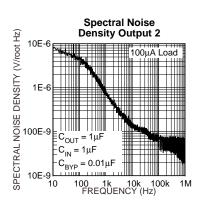
Note 4. Specification for packaged product only.

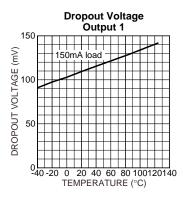
Note 5. Minimum input for line regulation test is set to V_{OUT} + 1V relative to the highest output voltage.

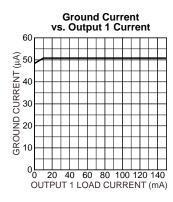
Note 6. Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to-output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at 1V differential. For outputs below 2.25V, dropout voltage is the input-to-output voltage differential with the minimum input voltage 2.25V. Minimum input operating voltage is 2.25V.

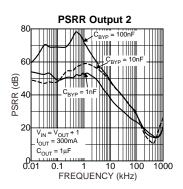
Typical Characteristics

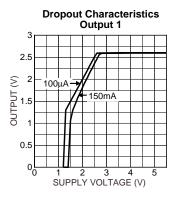












Dropout Voltage Output 2

TEMPERATURE (°C)

20 40 60 80 100120140

350

300mA

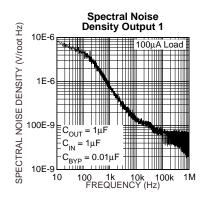
0

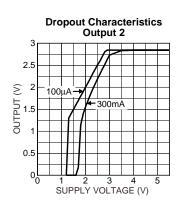
-20

<u>}</u>300

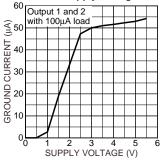
200 150

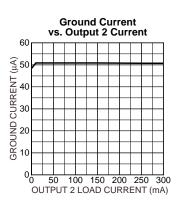
0⊾ -40

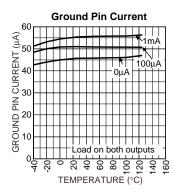


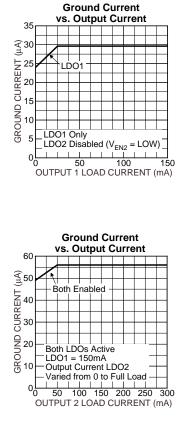


Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage



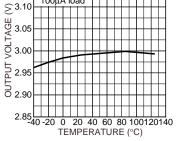


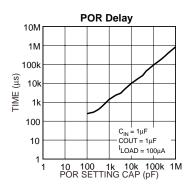


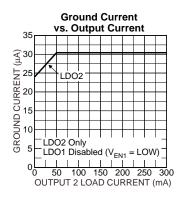


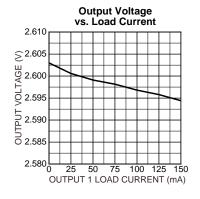
Output Voltage 1 vs. Temperature

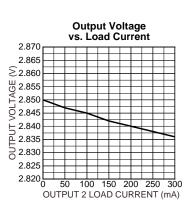
3.1











Ground Current

vs. Output Current

Both Enabled

Both LDOs Active

50

LDO2 = 300mA Output Current LDO1 Varied from 0 to Full Load

OUTPUT 1 LOAD CURRENT (mA)

100

150

60

40

30

QNNON 10

υ

<u>4</u>50

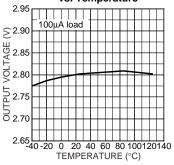
CURRENT

COTTOT 2 LOAD CONNENT (IIIA

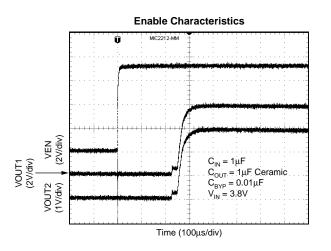
Enable Voltage Threshold ys. Supply Voltage

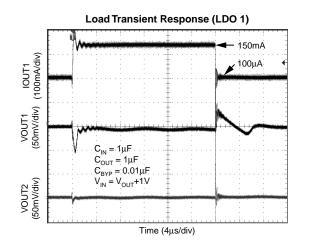


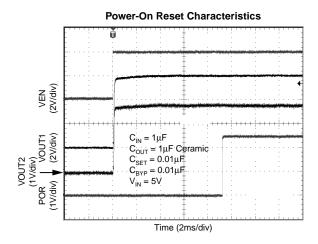
Output Voltage 2 vs. Temperature

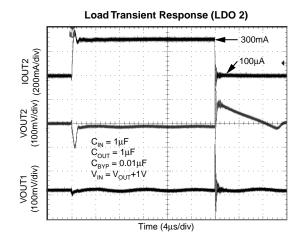


Functional Characteristics

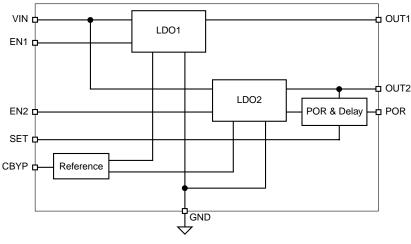








Functional Diagram



MIC2212 Fixed Voltage Block Diagram

Functional Description

The MIC2212 is a high performance, low quiescent current power management IC consisting of two μ Cap low dropout regulators, a power-on reset (POR) circuit and an open-drain driver. The first regulator is capable of sourcing 150mA at output voltages from 1.25V to 5V. The second regulator is capable of sourcing 300mA of current at output voltages from 1.25V to 5V. The second regulator has a POR circuit that monitors its output voltage and indicates when the output voltage is within 5% of nominal. The POR offers a delay time that is externally programmable with a single capacitor to ground.

Enable 1 and 2

The enable inputs allow for logic control of both output voltages with individual enable inputs. The enable input is active high, requiring 1.8V for guaranteed operation. The enable input is CMOS logic and cannot by left floating.

Power-On Reset (POR)

The power-on reset output is an open-drain N-Channel device, requiring a pull-up resistor to either the input voltage or output voltage for proper voltage levels. The POR output has a delay time that is programmable with a capacitor from the SET pin to ground. The delay time can be programmed to be as long as 1 second.

The SET pin is a current source output that charges a capacitor that sets the delay time for the power-on reset output. The current source is a 1μ A current source that charges a capacitor up from 0V. When the capacitor reaches 1.25V, the output of the POR is allowed to go high.

Input Capacitor

Good bypassing is recommended from input to ground to help improve AC performance. A 1μ F capacitor or greater located close to the IC is recommended.

Bypass Capacitor

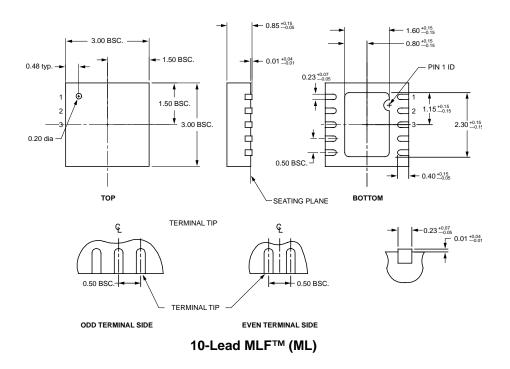
The internal reference voltage of the MIC2212 can be bypassed with a capacitor to ground to reduce output noise and increase power supply rejection (PSRR). A quick-start feature allows for quick turn-on of the output voltage regardless of the size of the capacitor. The recommended nominal bypass capacitor is 0.01μ F, but it can be increased without limit.

Output Capacitor

Each regulator output requires a 1μ F ceramic output capacitor for stability. The output capacitor value can be increased to improve transient response, but performance has been optimized for a 1μ F ceramic type output capacitor.

X7R/X5R dielectric-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because of their temperature performance. X7Rtype capacitors change capacitance by 15% over their operating temperature range and are the most stable type of ceramic capacitors. Z5U and Y5V dielectric capacitors change value by as much as 50% and 60% respectively over their operating temperature ranges. To use a ceramic chip capacitor with Y5V dielectric, the value must be much higher than a X7R ceramic capacitor to ensure the same minimum capacitance over the equivalent operating temperature range.

Package Information



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