

**RADIATION HARDENED
POWER MOSFET
THRU-HOLE (TO-254AA)**

**IRHM7Z60
30V, N-CHANNEL
RAD-Hard™ HEXFET® TECHNOLOGY**

Product Summary

Part Number	Radiation Level	R _{Ds(on)}	I _D
IRHM7Z60	100K Rads (Si)	0.014Ω	35*A
IRHM3Z60	300K Rads (Si)	0.014Ω	35*A
IRHM4Z60	600K Rads (Si)	0.014Ω	35*A
IRHM8Z60	1000K Rads (Si)	0.014Ω	35*A

International Rectifier's RAD-Hard HEXFET® technology provides high performance power MOSFETs for space applications. This technology has over a decade of proven performance and reliability in satellite applications. These devices have been characterized for both Total Dose and Single Event Effects (SEE). The combination of low R_{Ds(on)} and low gate charge reduces the power losses in switching applications such as DC to DC converters and motor control. These devices retain all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of electrical parameters.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter		Units
I _D @ V _{GS} = 12V, T _C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	35*	A
I _D @ V _{GS} = 12V, T _C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current	35*	
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	140	W
P _D @ T _C = 25°C	Max. Power Dissipation	250	
	Linear Derating Factor	2.0	W/°C
V _{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	V
E _{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	500	mJ
I _{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	35	A
E _{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	25	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	0.35	V/ns
T _J	Operating Junction	-55 to 150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s)	g
	Weight	9.3 (Typical)	

For footnotes refer to the last page

*Current is limited by internal wire diameter



Features:

- Single Event Effect (SEE) Hardened
- Low R_{Ds(on)}
- Low Total Gate Charge
- Proton Tolerant
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Hermetically Sealed
- Ceramic Package
- Light Weight

Pre-Irradiation

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	30	—	—	V	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 1.0\text{mA}$
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_j$	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.02	—	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $\text{I}_D = 1.0\text{mA}$
$\text{R}_{\text{DS(on)}}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	0.014	Ω	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 12\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 35\text{A}$ ④
$\text{V}_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = \text{V}_{\text{GS}}, \text{I}_D = 1.0\text{mA}$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	21	—	—	$\text{S} (\Omega)$	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} > 15\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{DS}} = 35\text{A}$ ④
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	25	μA	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 24\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	250		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 24\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{T}_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	100	nA	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{V}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	-100		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}$
Q_{g}	Total Gate Charge	—	—	421	nC	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 12\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 35\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	104		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 15\text{V}$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	115		
$\text{t}_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	32	ns	$\text{V}_{\text{DD}} = 15\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 35\text{A}$ $\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 12\text{V}, \text{R}_G = 2.35\Omega$
t_r	Rise Time	—	—	370		
$\text{t}_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	177		
t_f	Fall Time	—	—	280		
$\text{L}_{\text{S}} + \text{L}_{\text{D}}$	Total Inductance	—	6.8	—	nH	Measured from drain lead (6mm/0.25in. from package) to source lead (6mm/0.25in. from package)
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	7000	—	pF	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}$ $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	4800	—		
Crss	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	1800	—		

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I_{S}	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	35*	A	
I_{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	140		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.5	V	$\text{T}_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, \text{I}_{\text{S}} = 35\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	220	nS	$\text{T}_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, \text{I}_{\text{F}} = 35\text{A}, \frac{\text{dI}}{\text{dt}} \leq 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $\text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 50\text{V}$ ④
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	930	μC	
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $\text{L}_{\text{S}} + \text{L}_{\text{D}}$.				

*Current is limited by the internal wire diameter

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
R_{thJC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.50	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	
R_{thCS}	Case-to-Sink	—	0.21	—		
R_{thJA}	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	48		Typical Socket Mount

Note: Corresponding Spice and Saber models are available on the G&S Website.

For footnotes refer to the last page

Radiation Characteristics

IRHM7Z60

International Rectifier Radiation Hardened MOSFETs are tested to verify their radiation hardness capability. The hardness assurance program at International Rectifier is comprised of two radiation environments. Every manufacturing lot is tested for total ionizing dose (per notes 5 and 6) using the TO-3 package. Both pre- and post-irradiation performance are tested and specified using the same drive circuitry and test conditions in order to provide a direct comparison.

Table 1. Electrical Characteristics @ T_j = 25°C, Post Total Dose Irradiation ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾

	Parameter	100K Rads(S) ¹		300 - 1000K Rads (S) ²		Units	Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
BV _{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	30	—	30	—	V	V _{GS} = 12V, I _D = 1.0mA
V _{GS(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	4.0	1.25	4.5		V _{GS} = V _{DS} , I _D = 1.0mA
I _{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	100	—	100	nA	V _{GS} = 20V
I _{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	-100	—	-100		V _{GS} = -20 V
I _{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	25	—	50	μA	V _{DS} =24V, V _{GS} =0V
R _{D(on)}	Static Drain-to-Source ⁽⁴⁾ On-State Resistance (TO-3)	—	0.014	—	0.035	Ω	V _{GS} = 12V, I _D = 15A
R _{D(on)}	Static Drain-to-Source ⁽⁴⁾ On-State Resistance (TO-254AA)	—	0.014	—	0.035	Ω	V _{GS} = 12V, I _D = 15A
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ⁽⁴⁾	—	1.5	—	1.5	V	V _{GS} = 0V, I _S = 35A

1. Part number IRHM7Z60

2. Part numbers IRHM3Z60, IRHM4Z60 and IRHM8Z60

International Rectifier radiation hardened MOSFETs have been characterized in heavy ion environment for Single Event Effects (SEE). Single Event Effects characterization is illustrated in Fig. a and Table 2.

Table 2. Single Event Effect Safe Operating Area

Ion	LET MeV/(mg/cm ²)	Energy (MeV)	Range (μm)	V _{DS} (V)				
				@V _{GS} =0V	@V _{GS} =-5V	@V _{GS} =-10V	@V _{GS} =-15V	@V _{GS} =-20V
Br	36.8	305	39	30	30	30	25	20
I	59.9	345	32.8	25	25	20	15	10
AU	80.3	313	26.5	22.5	22.5	15	10	—

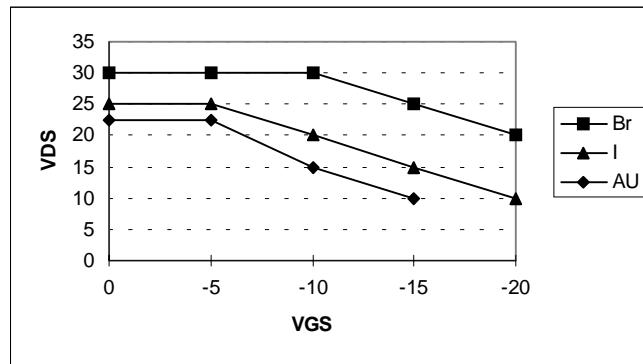
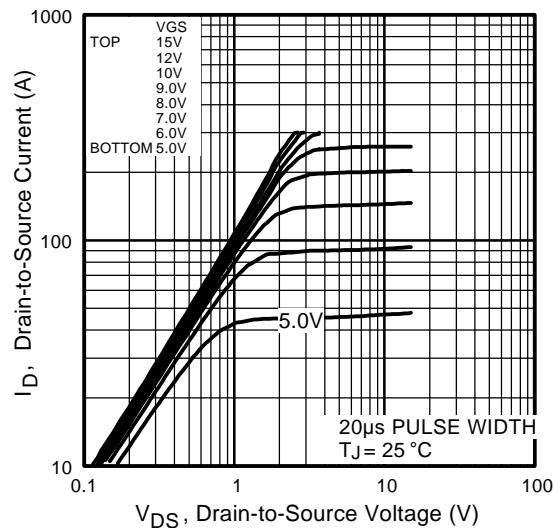
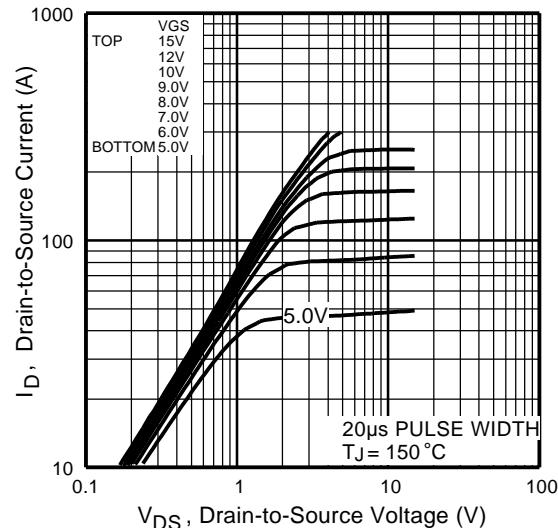
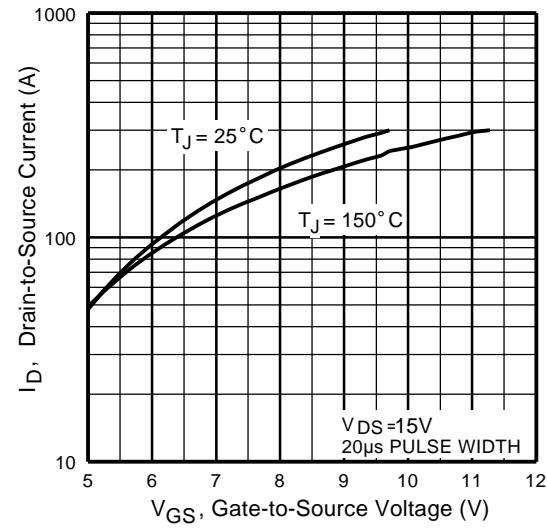
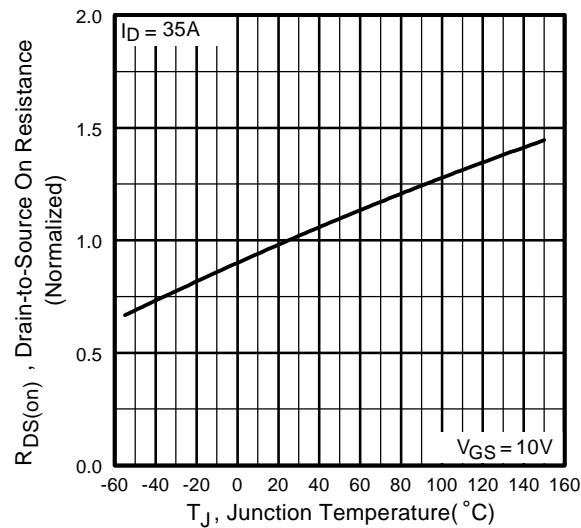


Fig a. Single Event Effect, Safe Operating Area

For footnotes refer to the last page

IRHM7Z60**Pre-Irradiation****Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics**Fig 4.** Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

Pre-Irradiation

IRHM7Z60

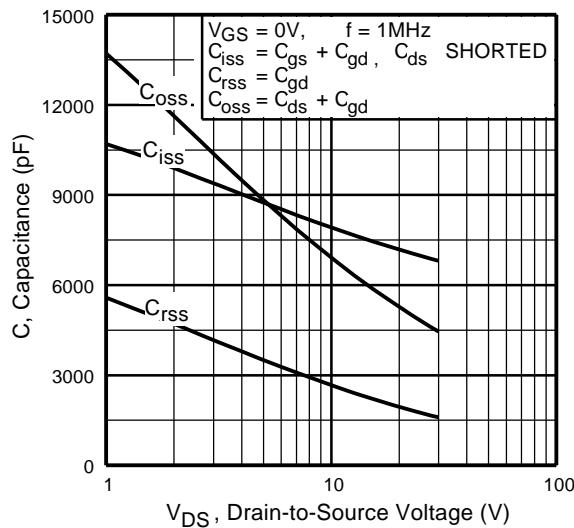


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs.
Drain-to-Source Voltage

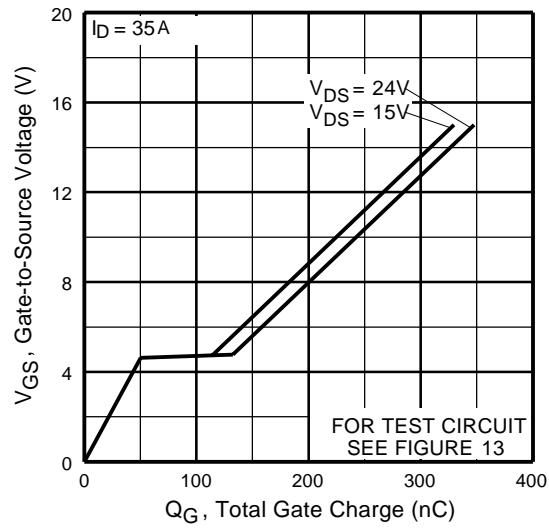


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs.
Gate-to-Source Voltage

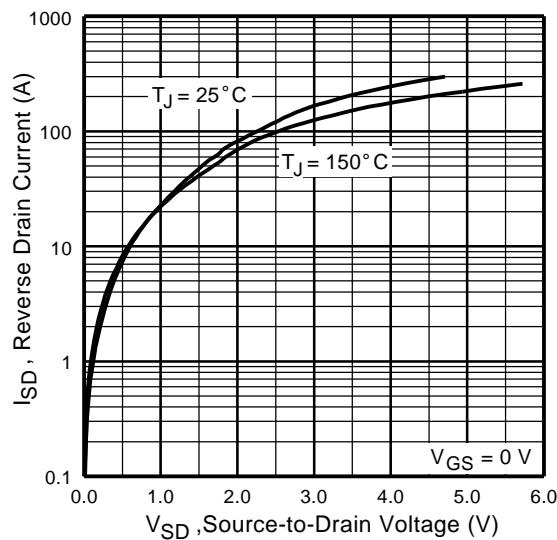


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode
Forward Voltage

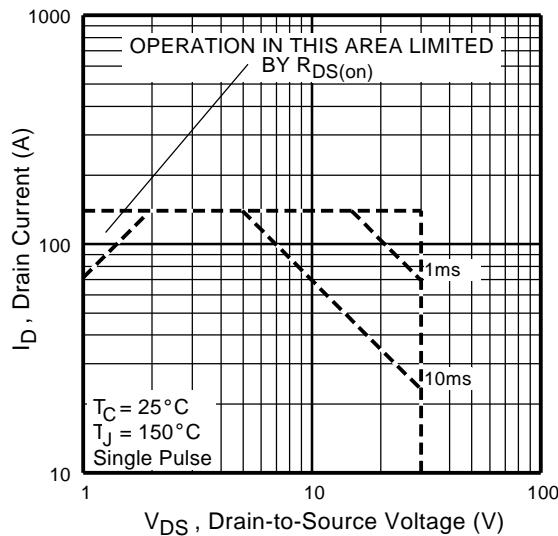


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

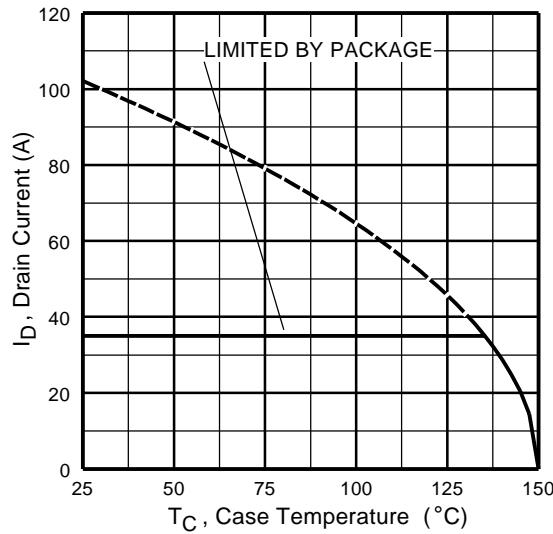


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

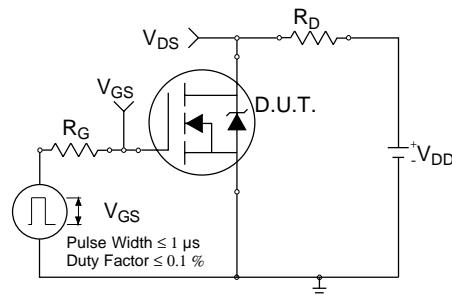


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

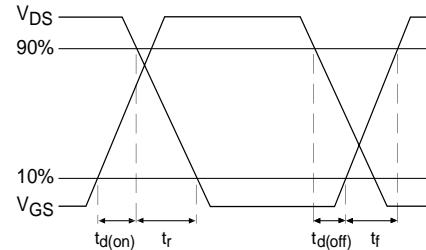


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

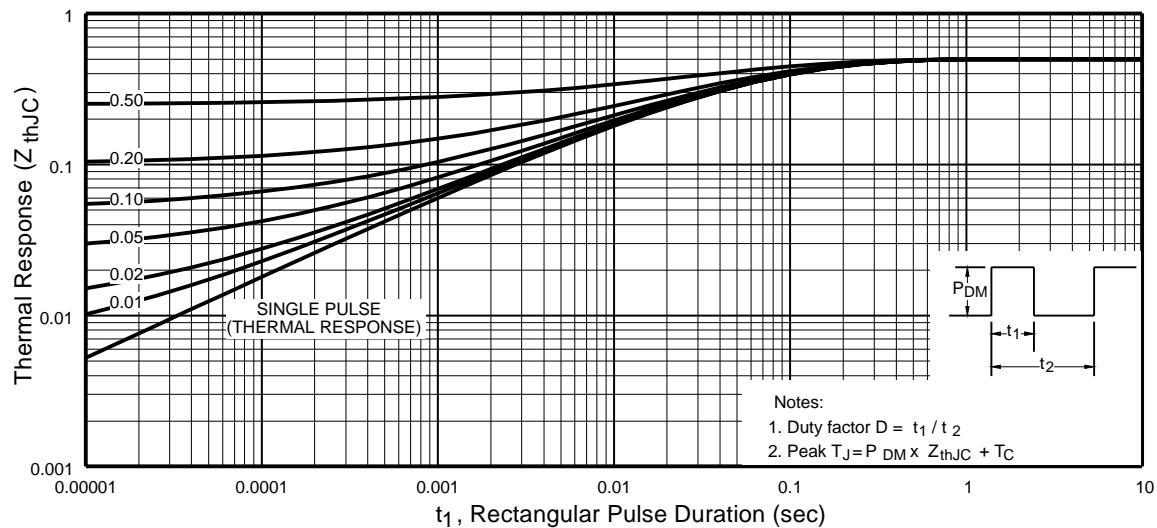
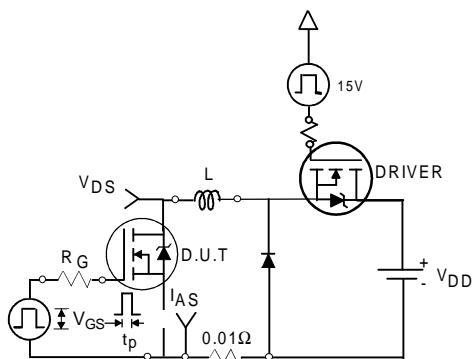
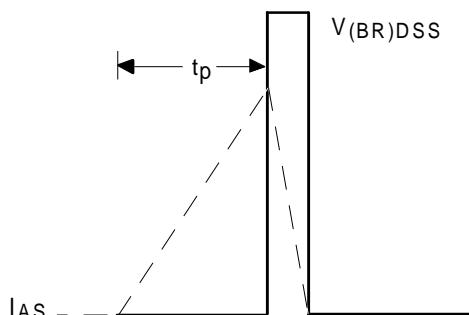
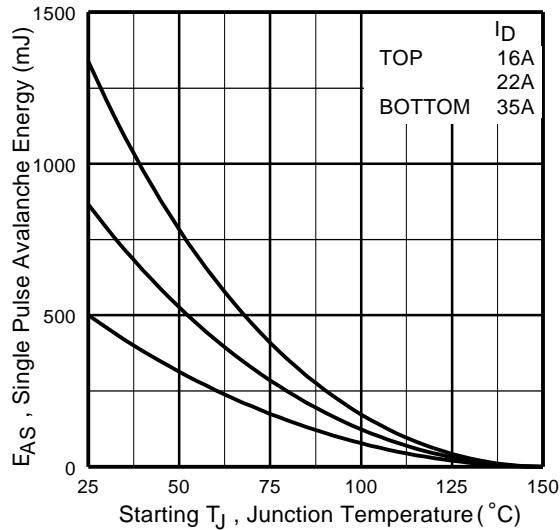
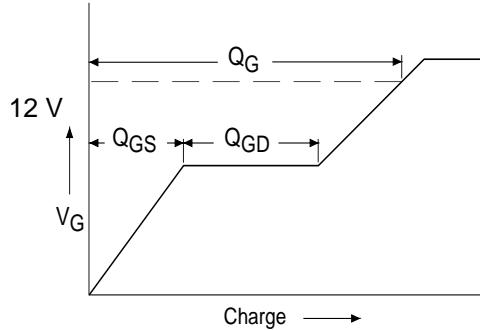
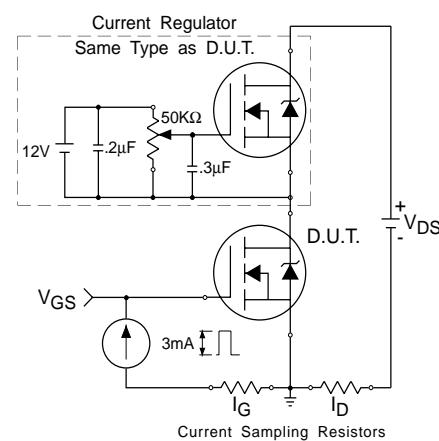
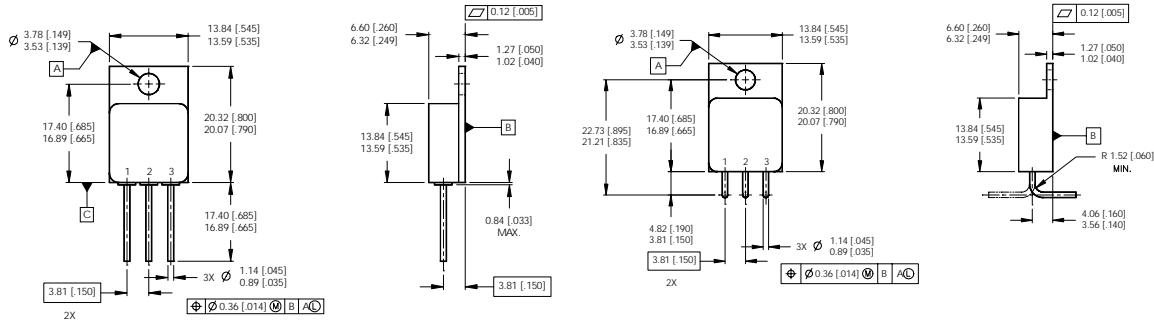


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

**Fig 12a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit**Fig 12c.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current**Fig 12b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms**Fig 13a.** Basic Gate Charge Waveform**Fig 13b.** Gate Charge Test Circuit

Foot Notes:

- ① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ② $V_{DD} = 25V$, starting $T_J = 25^\circ C$, $L=0.82mH$
Peak $I_L = 35A$, $V_{GS} = 12V$
- ③ $ISD \leq 35A$, $dI/dt \leq 81A/\mu s$,
 $V_{DD} \leq 30V$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ C$
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 300 \mu s$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$
- ⑤ **Total Dose Irradiation with V_{GS} Bias.**
12 volt V_{GS} applied and $V_{DS} = 0$ during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.
- ⑥ **Total Dose Irradiation with V_{DS} Bias.**
24 volt V_{DS} applied and $V_{GS} = 0$ during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.

Case Outline and Dimensions — TO-254AA

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
3. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
4. CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-254AA.

PIN ASSIGNMENTS

- 1 = DRAIN
- 2 = SOURCE
- 3 = GATE

CAUTION**BERYLLOID WARNING PER MIL-PRF-19500**

Packages containing beryllia shall not be ground, sandblasted, machined or have other operations performed on them which will produce beryllia or beryllium dust. Furthermore, beryllium oxide packages shall not be placed in acids that will produce fumes containing beryllium.

International
IR Rectifier

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