

IRF7805/IRF7805A

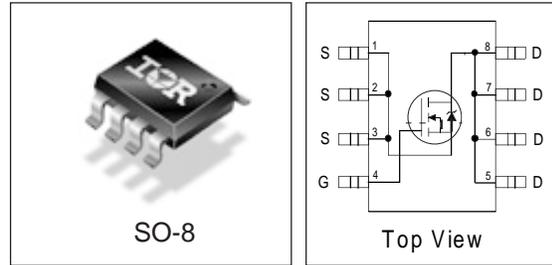
HEXFET® Chip-Set for DC-DC Converters

- N Channel Application Specific MOSFETs
- Ideal for Mobile DC-DC Converters
- Low Conduction Losses
- Low Switching Losses

Description

These new devices employ advanced HEXFET Power MOSFET technology to achieve an unprecedented balance of on-resistance and gate charge. The reduced conduction and switching losses make them ideal for high efficiency DC-DC Converters that power the latest generation of mobile microprocessors.

The IRF7805/IRF7805A offers maximum efficiency for mobile CPU core DC-DC converters.



Device Features

	IRF7805	IRF7805A
V _{ds}	30V	30V
R _{ds(on)}	11mΩ	11mΩ
Q _g	31nC	31nC
Q _{sw}	11.5nC	
Q _{oss}	36nC	36nC

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	IRF7805	IRF7805A	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V _{DS}	30		V
Gate-Source Voltage	V _{GS}	±12		
Continuous Drain or Source Current (V _{GS} ≥ 4.5V)	I _D	13	13	A
		70°C	10	
Pulsed Drain Current ^①	I _{DM}	100	100	
Power Dissipation	P _D	2.5		W
		70°C		
Junction & Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{STG}	-55 to 150		°C
Continuous Source Current (Body Diode) ^①	I _S	2.5	2.5	A
Pulsed source Current	I _{SM}	106	106	

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Max.	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^③	R _{θJA}	50	°C/W

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Electrical Characteristics		IRF7805			IRF7805A			Units	Conditions
Parameter		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage*	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	30	-	-	30	-	-	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
Static Drain-Source on Resistance*	$R_{DS(on)}$		9.2	11		9.2	11	m Ω	$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 7A$ ②
Gate Threshold Voltage*	$V_{GS(th)}$	1.0			1.0			V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
Drain-Source Leakage Current*	I_{DSS}			30			30	μA	$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0$
				150			150		$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0,$ $T_j = 100^\circ C$
Gate-Source Leakage Current*	I_{GSS}			± 100			± 100	nA	$V_{GS} = \pm 12V$
Total Gate Charge*	Q_g		22 ^④	31 ^④		22 ^④	31 ^④	nC	$V_{GS} = 5V, I_D = 7A$
Pre-Vth Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs1}		3.7			3.7			$V_{DS} = 16V, I_D = 7A$
Post-Vth Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs2}		1.4			1.4			
Gate to Drain Charge	Q_{gd}		6.8			6.8			
Switch Charge* ($Q_{gs2} + Q_{gd}$)	Q_{SW}		8.2	11.5		8.2			
Output Charge*	Q_{oss}		30	36		30	36		$V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0$
Gate Resistance	R_g		1.7			1.7		Ω	
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_d(on)$		16			16		ns	$V_{DD} = 16V$
Rise Time	t_r		20			20			$I_D = 7A$
Turn-off Delay Time	$t_d(off)$		38			38			$R_g = 2\Omega$
Fall Time	t_f		16			16			$V_{GS} = 4.5V$ Resistive Load

Source-Drain Rating & Characteristics

Parameter		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Diode Forward Voltage*	V_{SD}			1.2			1.2	V	$I_S = 7A$ ②, $V_{GS} = 0V$
Reverse Recovery Charge ^⑤	Q_{rr}		88			88		nC	$di/dt = 700A/\mu s$ $V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V, I_S = 7A$
Reverse Recovery Charge (with Parallel Schottky) ^⑤	$Q_{rr(s)}$		55			55			$di/dt = 700A/\mu s$ (with 10BQ040) $V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V, I_S = 7A$

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
 - ② Pulse width $\leq 300 \mu s$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
 - ③ When mounted on 1 inch square copper board, $t < 10$ sec.
 - ④ Measured at $V_{DS} < 100mV$. This approximates actual operation of a synchronous rectifier.
 - ⑤ Typ = measured - Q_{oss}
- * Devices are 100% tested to these parameters.

Power MOSFET Selection for DC/DC Converters

Control FET

Special attention has been given to the power losses in the switching elements of the circuit - Q1 and Q2. Power losses in the high side switch Q1, also called the Control FET, are impacted by the $R_{ds(on)}$ of the MOSFET, but these conduction losses are only about one half of the total losses.

Power losses in the control switch Q1 are given by;

$$P_{loss} = P_{conduction} + P_{switching} + P_{drive} + P_{output}$$

This can be expanded and approximated by;

$$P_{loss} = (I_{rms}^2 \times R_{ds(on)}) + \left(I \times \frac{Q_{gd}}{i_g} \times V_{in} \times f \right) + \left(I \times \frac{Q_{gs2}}{i_g} \times V_{in} \times f \right) + (Q_g \times V_g \times f) + \left(\frac{Q_{oss}}{2} \times V_{in} \times f \right)$$

This simplified loss equation includes the terms Q_{gs2} and Q_{oss} which are new to Power MOSFET data sheets.

Q_{gs2} is a sub element of traditional gate-source charge that is included in all MOSFET data sheets. The importance of splitting this gate-source charge into two sub elements, Q_{gs1} and Q_{gs2} , can be seen from Fig 1.

Q_{gs2} indicates the charge that must be supplied by the gate driver between the time that the threshold voltage has been reached (t1) and the time the drain current rises to I_{dmax} (t2) at which time the drain voltage begins to change. Minimizing Q_{gs2} is a critical factor in reducing switching losses in Q1.

Q_{oss} is the charge that must be supplied to the output capacitance of the MOSFET during every switching cycle. Figure 2 shows how Q_{oss} is formed by the parallel combination of the voltage dependant (non-linear) capacitance's C_{ds} and C_{dg} when multiplied by the power supply input buss voltage.

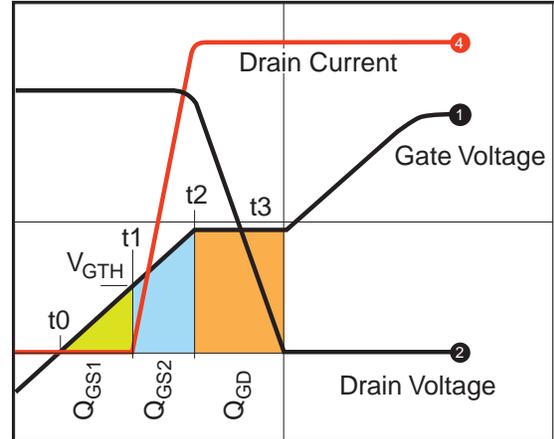


Figure 1: Typical MOSFET switching waveform

Synchronous FET

The power loss equation for Q2 is approximated by;

$$P_{loss} = P_{conduction} + P_{drive} + P_{output}^*$$

$$P_{loss} = (I_{rms}^2 \times R_{ds(on)}) + (Q_g \times V_g \times f) + \left(\frac{Q_{oss}}{2} \times V_{in} \times f \right) + (Q_{rr} \times V_{in} \times f)$$

*dissipated primarily in Q1.

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For the synchronous MOSFET Q2, $R_{ds(on)}$ is an important characteristic; however, once again the importance of gate charge must not be overlooked since it impacts three critical areas. Under light load the MOSFET must still be turned on and off by the control IC so the gate drive losses become much more significant. Secondly, the output charge Q_{oss} and reverse recovery charge Q_{rr} both generate losses that are transferred to Q1 and increase the dissipation in that device. Thirdly, gate charge will impact the MOSFETs' susceptibility to Cdv/dt turn on.

The drain of Q2 is connected to the switching node of the converter and therefore sees transitions between ground and V_{in} . As Q1 turns on and off there is a rate of change of drain voltage dV/dt which is capacitively coupled to the gate of Q2 and can induce a voltage spike on the gate that is sufficient to turn

the MOSFET on, resulting in shoot-through current. The ratio of Q_{gd}/Q_{gs1} must be minimized to reduce the potential for Cdv/dt turn on.

Spice model for IRF7805 can be downloaded in machine readable format at www.irf.com.

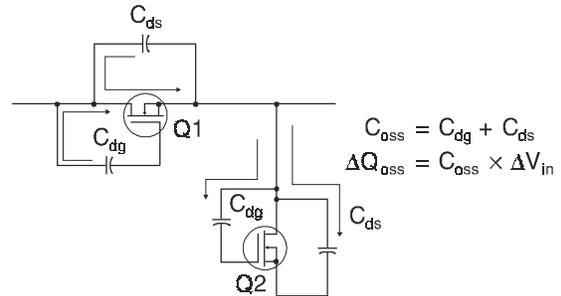
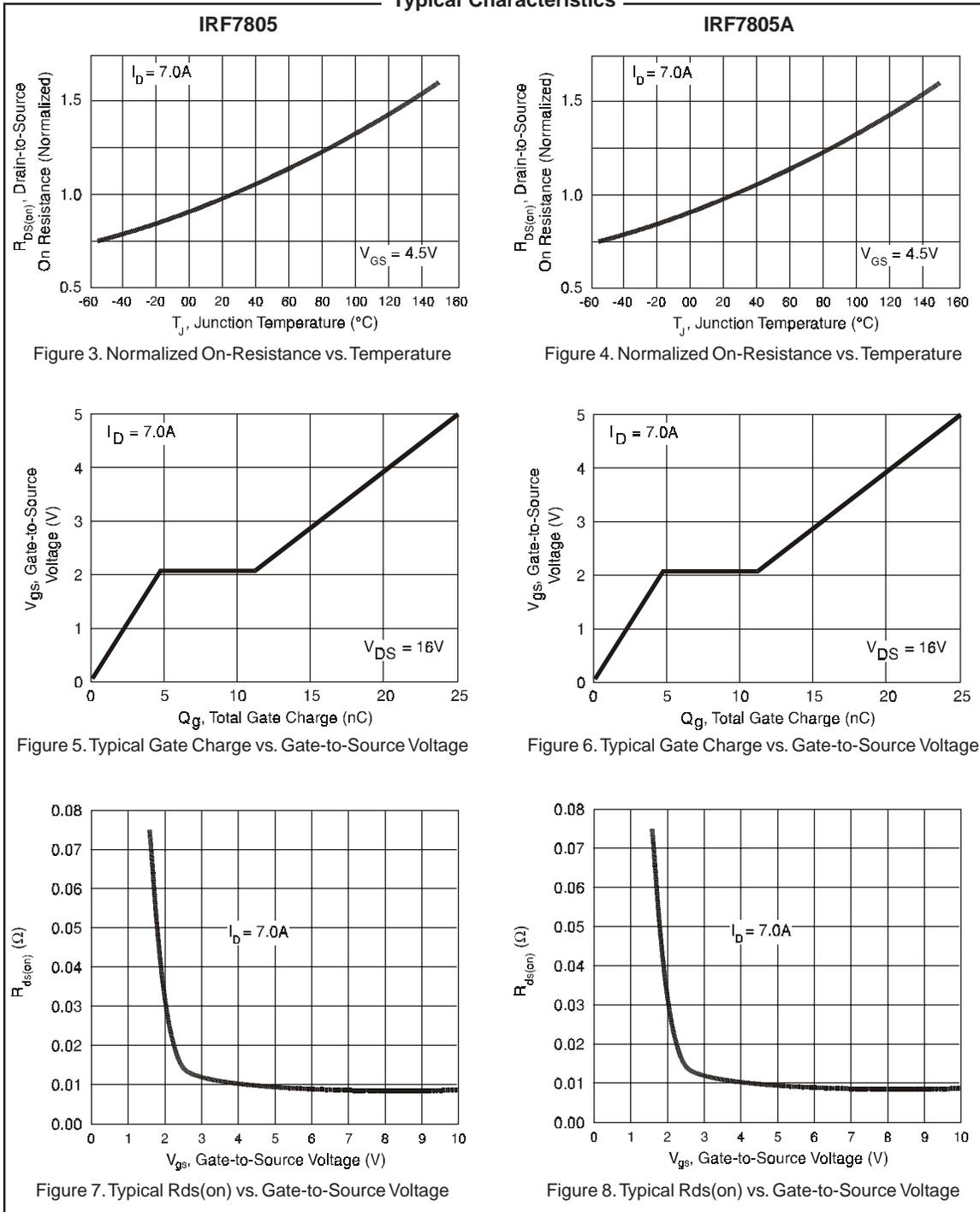
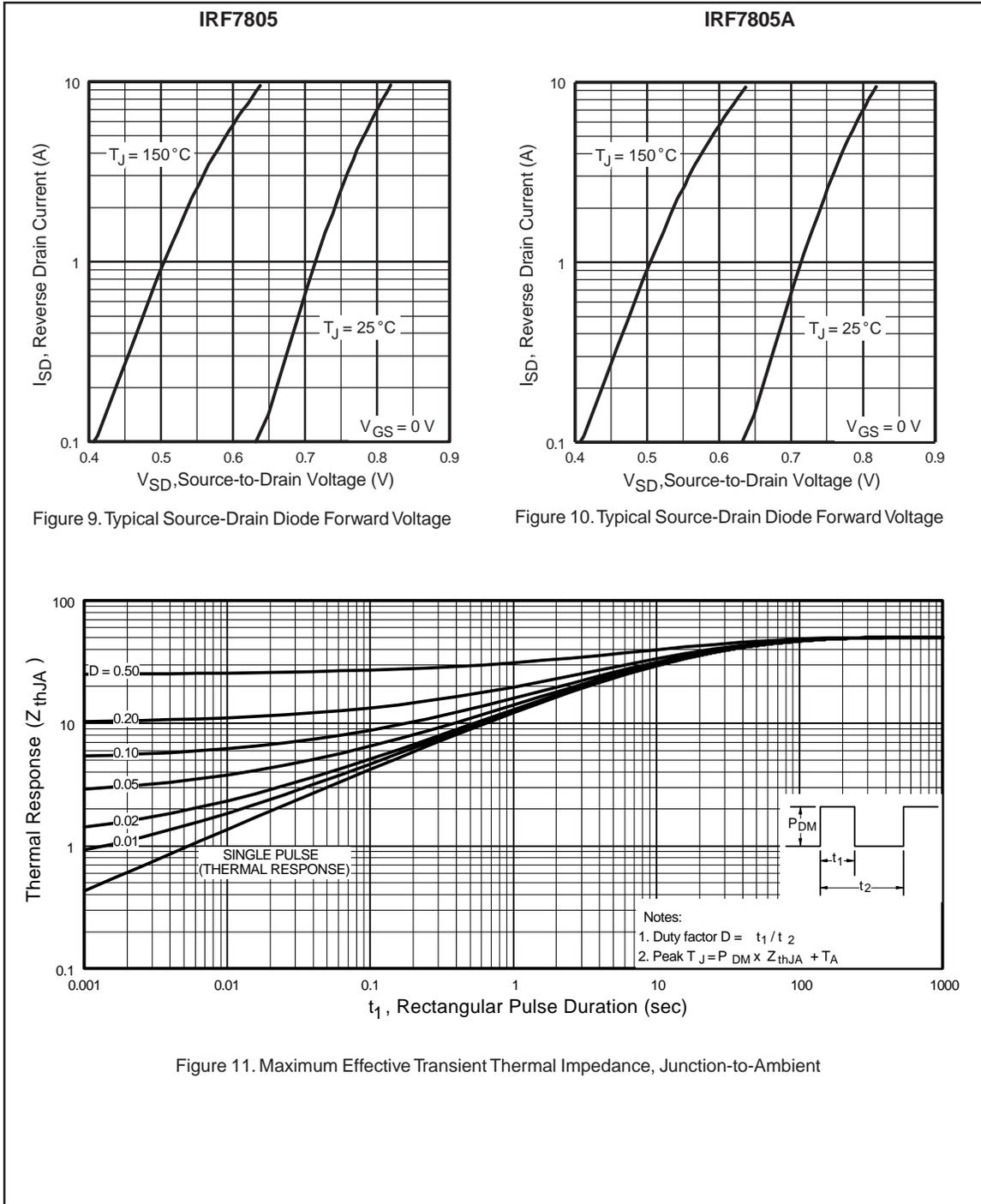


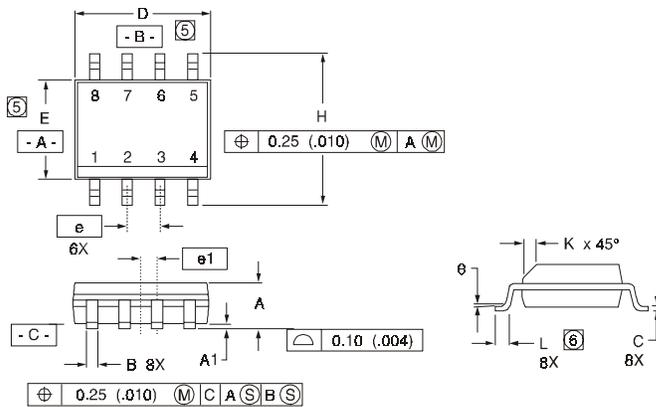
Figure 2: Q_{oss} Characteristic

Typical Characteristics





Package Outline SO-8 Outline

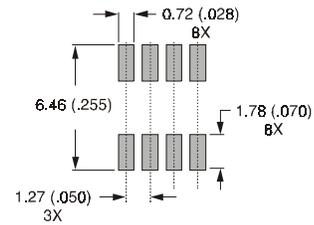


DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.0532	.0688	1.35	1.75
A1	.0040	.0098	0.10	0.25
B	.014	.018	0.36	0.46
C	.0075	.0098	0.19	0.25
D	.189	.196	4.80	4.98
E	.150	.157	3.81	3.99
e	.050 BASIC		1.27 BASIC	
e1	.025 BASIC		0.635 BASIC	
H	.2284	.2440	5.80	6.20
K	.011	.019	0.28	0.48
L	.16	.050	0.41	1.27
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

NOTES:

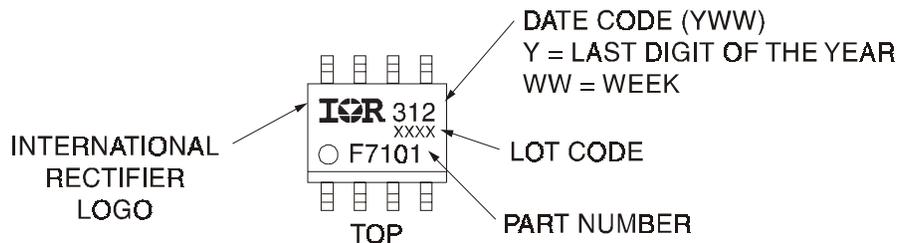
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS-012AA.
5. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS
MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.25 (.006).
6. DIMENSIONS IS THE LENGTH OF LEAD FOR SOLDERING TO A SUBSTRATE..

RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT



Part Marking Information SO-8

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF7101



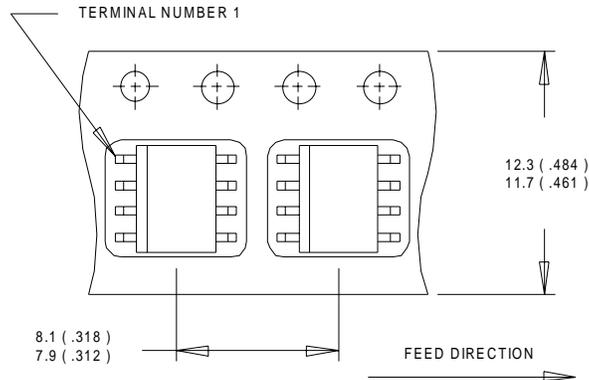
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Tape & Reel Information

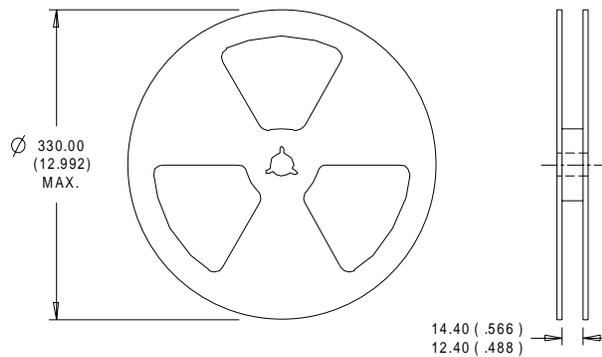
SO-8

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS(INCHES).
3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



NOTES:

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.

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Data and specifications subject to change without notice. 10/00