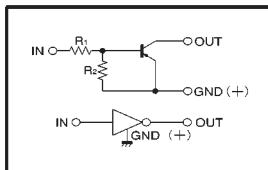


# Digital transistors (built-in resistors)

DTA114WE / DTA114WUA / DTA114WKA / DTA114WSA

**●Features**

- Built-in bias resistors enable the configuration of an inverter circuit without connecting external input resistors.
- The bias resistors consist of thin-film resistors with complete isolation to allow positive biasing of the input, and parasitic effects are almost completely eliminated.
- Only the on / off conditions need to be set for operation, making device design easy.
- Higher mounting densities can be achieved.

**●Circuit schematic****●Electrical characteristics (Ta=25°C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Input voltage	V <sub>i(off)</sub>	—	—	-0.8	V	V <sub>cc</sub> =-50V, I <sub>o</sub> =-100 μA
	V <sub>i(on)</sub>	-3	—	—	V	V <sub>o</sub> =-0.3V, I <sub>o</sub> =-2mA
Output voltage	V <sub>o(on)</sub>	—	-0.1	-0.3	V	I <sub>o</sub> =-10mA, I <sub>i</sub> =-0.5mA
Input current	I <sub>i</sub>	—	—	-0.88	mA	V <sub>i</sub> =-5V
Output current	I <sub>o(off)</sub>	—	—	-0.5	μA	V <sub>cc</sub> =-50V, V <sub>i</sub> =0V
DC current gain	G <sub>i</sub>	24	—	—	—	I <sub>o</sub> =-10mA, V <sub>o</sub> =-5V
Input resistance	R <sub>i</sub>	7	10	13	kΩ	—
Resistance ratio	R <sub>o</sub> /R <sub>i</sub>	0.37	0.47	0.57	—	—
Transition frequency	f <sub>t</sub>	—	250	—	MHz	V <sub>ce</sub> =-10V, I <sub>e</sub> =5mA, f=100MHz *

\* Transition frequency of the device.

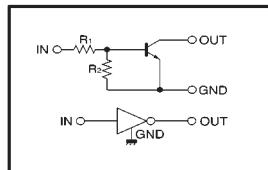
(94S-516-A114W)

# Digital transistors (built-in resistors)

DTC114WE / DTC114WUA / DTC114WKA / DTC114WSA

**●Features**

- Built-in bias resistors enable the configuration of an inverter circuit without connecting external input resistors.
- The bias resistors consist of thin-film resistors with complete isolation to allow negative biasing of the input, and parasitic effects are almost completely eliminated.
- Only the on / off conditions need to be set for operation, making device design easy.
- Higher mounting densities can be achieved.

**●Circuit schematic****●Electrical characteristics (Ta=25°C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Input voltage	V <sub>i(off)</sub>	—	—	0.8	V	V <sub>cc</sub> =5V, I <sub>o</sub> =100 μA
	V <sub>i(on)</sub>	3	—	—	V	V <sub>o</sub> =0.3V, I <sub>o</sub> =2mA
Output voltage	V <sub>o(on)</sub>	—	0.1	0.3	V	I <sub>o</sub> =10mA, I <sub>i</sub> =0.5mA
Input current	I <sub>i</sub>	—	—	0.88	mA	V <sub>i</sub> =5V
Output current	I <sub>o(off)</sub>	—	—	0.5	μA	V <sub>cc</sub> =50V, V <sub>i</sub> =0V
DC current gain	G <sub>i</sub>	24	—	—	—	I <sub>o</sub> =10mA, V <sub>o</sub> =5V
Input resistance	R <sub>i</sub>	7	10	13	kΩ	—
Resistance ratio	R <sub>o</sub> /R <sub>i</sub>	0.37	0.47	0.57	—	—
Transition frequency	f <sub>t</sub>	—	250	—	MHz	V <sub>ce</sub> =10V, I <sub>e</sub> =-5mA, f=100MHz *

\* Transition frequency of the device.

(94S-635-C114W)