

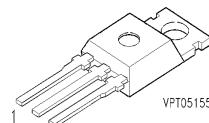
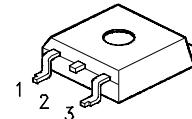
### Smart Lowside Power Switch

#### Features

- Logic Level Input
- Input Protection (ESD)
- Thermal Shutdown
- Overload protection
- Short circuit protection
- Ovvoltage protection
- Current limitation
- Status feedback with external input resistor
- Analog driving possible

#### Product Summary

Drain source voltage	$V_{DS}$	60	V
On-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	28	$\text{m}\Omega$
Current limit	$I_{D(\text{lim})}$	25	A
Nominal load current	$I_{D(\text{ISO})}$	12	A
Clamping energy	$E_{AS}$	4000	mJ

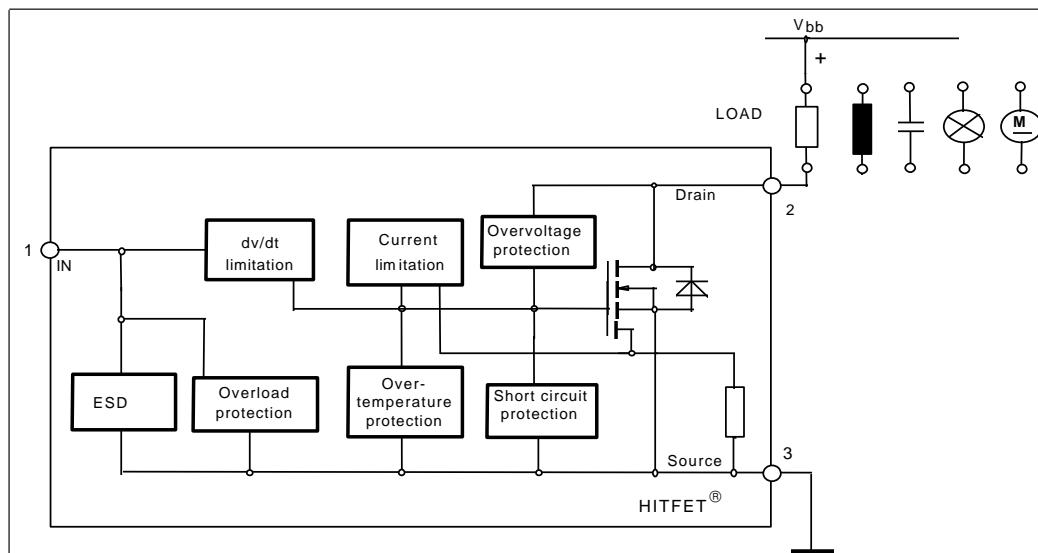


#### Application

- All kinds of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads in switching or linear applications
- µC compatible power switch for 12 V and 24 V DC applications
- Replaces electromechanical relays and discrete circuits

#### General Description

N channel vertical power FET in Smart SIPMOS® chip on chip technology. Fully protected by embedded protected functions.



### Maximum Ratings at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain source voltage	$V_{DS}$	60	V
Drain source voltage for short circuit protection	$V_{DS(\text{SC})}$	32	
Continuous input current <sup>1)</sup> $-0.2\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$ $V_{IN} < -0.2\text{V}$ or $V_{IN} > 10\text{V}$	$I_{IN}$	no limit $ I_{IN}  \leq 2$	mA
Operating temperature	$T_j$	- 40 ... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	- 55 ... +150	
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	149	W
Unclamped single pulse inductive energy $I_D(\text{ISO}) = 12\text{ A}$	$E_{AS}$	4000	mJ
Electrostatic discharge voltage (Human Body Model) according to MIL STD 883D, method 3015.7 and EOS/ESD assn. standard S5.1 - 1993	$V_{ESD}$	3000	V
Load dump protection $V_{LoadDump}^{2)} = V_A + V_S$ $V_{IN}=\text{low or high}; V_A=13.5\text{ V}$ $t_d = 400\text{ ms}, R_l = 2\Omega, I_D=0.5*12\text{A}$ $t_d = 400\text{ ms}, R_l = 2\Omega, I_D= 12\text{A}$	$V_{LD}$	100 84	V
DIN humidity category, DIN 40 040		E	
IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1		40/150/56	

### Thermal resistance

junction - case:	$R_{thJC}$	0.84	K/W
junction - ambient:	$R_{thJA}$	75	
SMD version, device on PCB: <sup>3)</sup>	$R_{thJA}$	45	

<sup>1)</sup>A sensor holding current of 500  $\mu\text{A}$  has to be guaranteed in the case of thermal shutdown (see also page 3)

<sup>2)</sup> $V_{Loaddump}$  is setup without the DUT connected to the generator per ISO 7637-1 and DIN 40839

<sup>3)</sup>Device on 50mm\*50mm\*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm<sup>2</sup> (one layer, 70  $\mu\text{m}$  thick) copper area for Drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

### Electrical Characteristics

Parameter at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Characteristics</b>					
Drain source clamp voltage $T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 10 \text{ mA}$	$V_{DS(AZ)}$	60	-	73	V
Off state drain current $V_{DS} = 32 \text{ V}, T_j = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}, V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	20	$\mu\text{A}$
Input threshold voltage $I_D = 2,7 \text{ mA}$	$V_{IN(th)}$	1.3	1.7	2.2	V
Input current - normal operation, $I_D < I_{D(\text{lim})}$ : $V_{IN} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_{IN(1)}$	-	35	100	$\mu\text{A}$
Input current - current limitation mode, $I_D = I_{D(\text{lim})}$ : $V_{IN} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_{IN(2)}$	-	270	500	
Input current - after thermal shutdown, $I_D = 0 \text{ A}$ : $V_{IN} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_{IN(3)}$	1000	2500	4000	
Input holding current after thermal shutdown $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{IN(H)}$	500 300	- -	- -	
On-state resistance $I_D = 12 \text{ A}, V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_D = 12 \text{ A}, V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$R_{DS(on)}$	- -	31 52	34 68	$\text{m}\Omega$
On-state resistance $I_D = 12 \text{ A}, V_{IN} = 10 \text{ V}, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_D = 12 \text{ A}, V_{IN} = 10 \text{ V}, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	$R_{DS(on)}$	- -	25 45	28 56	
Nominal load current (ISO 10483) $V_{IN} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0.5 \text{ V}, T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{D(\text{ISO})}$	12	-	-	A

### Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified					

### Characteristics

Initial peak short circuit current limit $V_{IN} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 12 \text{ V}$	$I_{D(SCp)}$	-	100	-	A
Current limit <sup>1)</sup> $V_{IN} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 12 \text{ V}, t_m = 350 \mu\text{s}, T_j = -40...+150^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{D(lim)}$	25	35	50	

### Dynamic Characteristics

Turn-on time $V_{IN}$ to 90% $I_D$ : $R_L = 2,2 \Omega, V_{IN} = 0$ to 10 V, $V_{bb} = 12 \text{ V}$	$t_{on}$	-	40	100	$\mu\text{s}$
Turn-off time $V_{IN}$ to 10% $I_D$ : $R_L = 2,2 \Omega, V_{IN} = 10$ to 0 V, $V_{bb} = 12 \text{ V}$	$t_{off}$	-	70	170	
Slew rate on     70 to 50% $V_{bb}$ : $R_L = 2,2 \Omega, V_{IN} = 0$ to 10 V, $V_{bb} = 12 \text{ V}$	$-dV_{DS}/dt_{on}$	-	1	3	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
Slew rate off     50 to 70% $V_{bb}$ : $R_L = 2,2 \Omega, V_{IN} = 10$ to 0 V, $V_{bb} = 12 \text{ V}$	$dV_{DS}/dt_{off}$	-	1	3	

### Protection Functions

Thermal overload trip temperature	$T_{jt}$	150	165	-	$^\circ\text{C}$
Unclamped single pulse inductive energy $I_D = 12 \text{ A}, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, V_{bb} = 32 \text{ V}$	$E_{AS}$	4000	-	-	$\text{mJ}$
$I_D = 12 \text{ A}, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}, V_{bb} = 32 \text{ V}$		900	-	-	

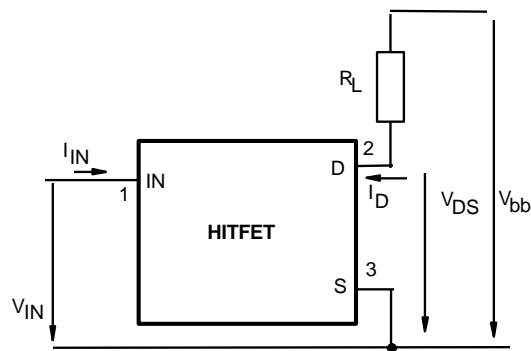
### Inverse Diode

Inverse diode forward voltage $I_F = 5*12\text{A}, t_m = 300 \mu\text{s}, V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$	$V_{SD}$	-	1.13	-	V
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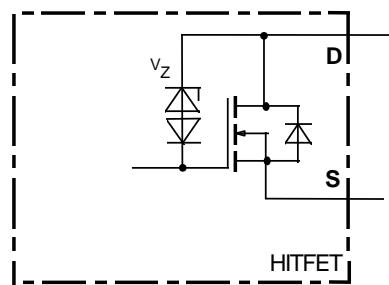
<sup>1)</sup>Device switched on into existing short circuit (see diagram Determination of  $I_{D(lim)}$ ). Dependant on the application, these values might be exceeded for max. 50  $\mu\text{s}$  in case of short circuit occurs while the device is on condition

## Block Diagramm

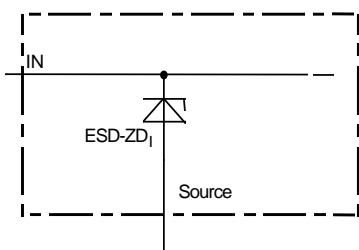
### Terms



### Inductive and overvoltage output clamp

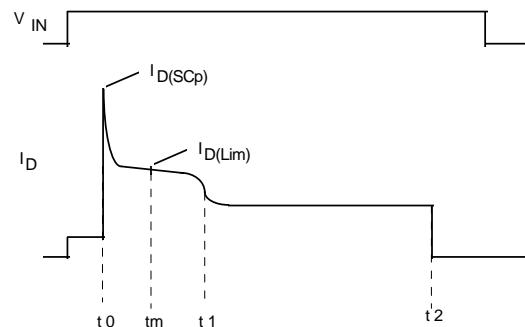


### Input circuit (ESD protection)



ESD zener diodes are not designed for DC current > 2 mA @  $V_{IN} > 10V$ .

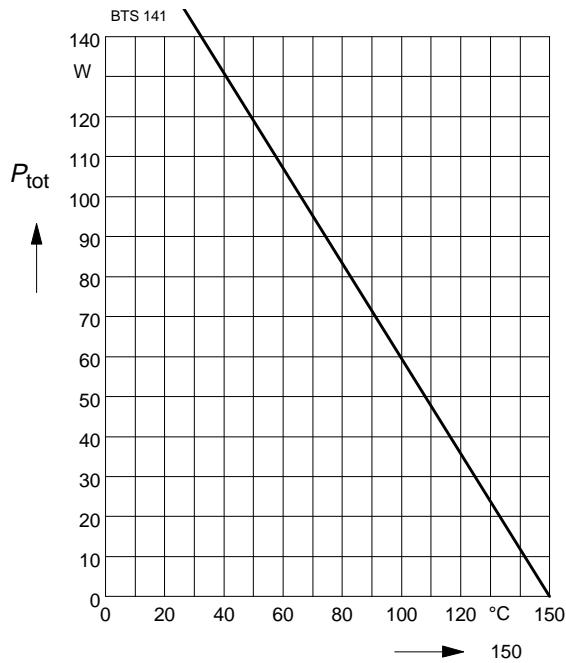
### Short circuit behaviour



- $t_0$ : Turn on into a short circuit
- $t_m$ : Measurement point for  $I_{D(lim)}$
- $t_1$ : Activation of the fast temperature sensor and regulation of the drain current to a level where the junction temperature remains constant.
- $t_2$ : Thermal shutdown caused by the second temperature sensor, achieved by an integrating measurement.

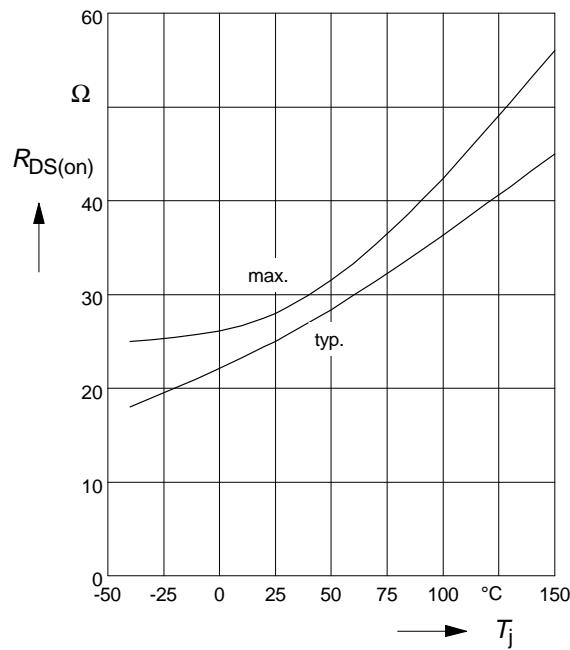
### Maximum allowable power dissipation

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_c)$$



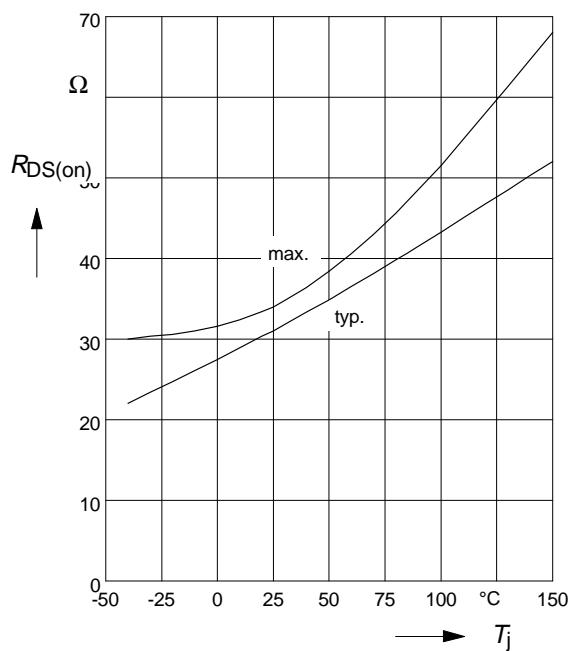
### On-state resistance

$$R_{\text{ON}} = f(T_j); I_D = 12\text{A}; V_{\text{IN}} = 10\text{V}$$



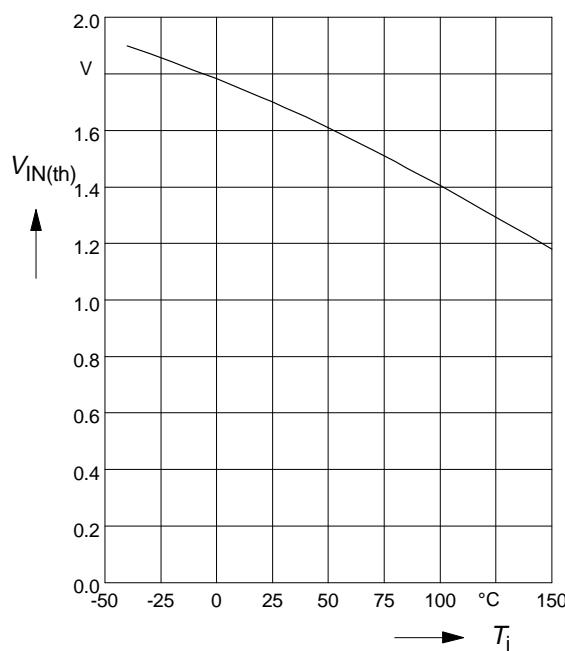
### On-state resistance

$$R_{\text{ON}} = f(T_j); I_D = 12\text{A}; V_{\text{IN}} = 5\text{V}$$



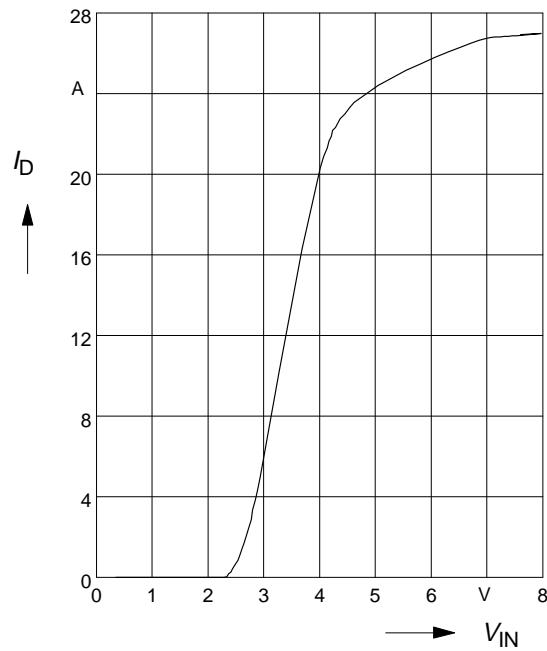
### Typ. input threshold voltage

$$V_{\text{IN}(\text{th})} = f(T_j); I_D = 2,7\text{A}; V_{\text{DS}} = 12\text{V}$$



**Typ. transfer characteristics**

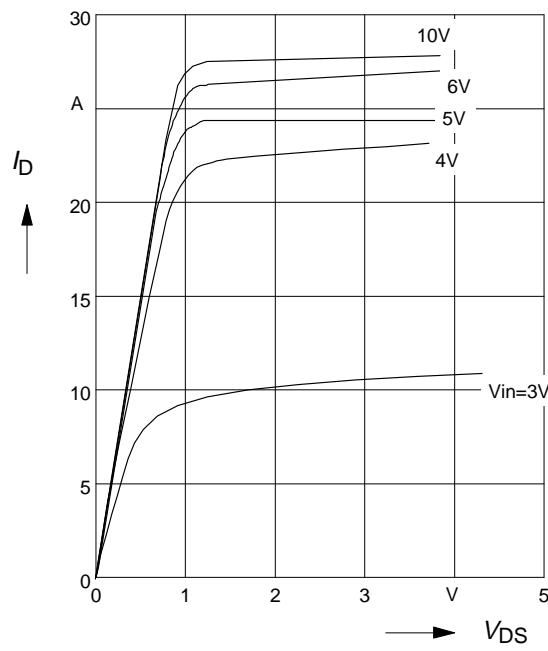
$I_D = f(V_{IN})$ ;  $V_{DS} = 12V$ ;  $T_j = 25^\circ C$



**Typ. output characteristic**

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$ ;  $T_j = 25^\circ C$

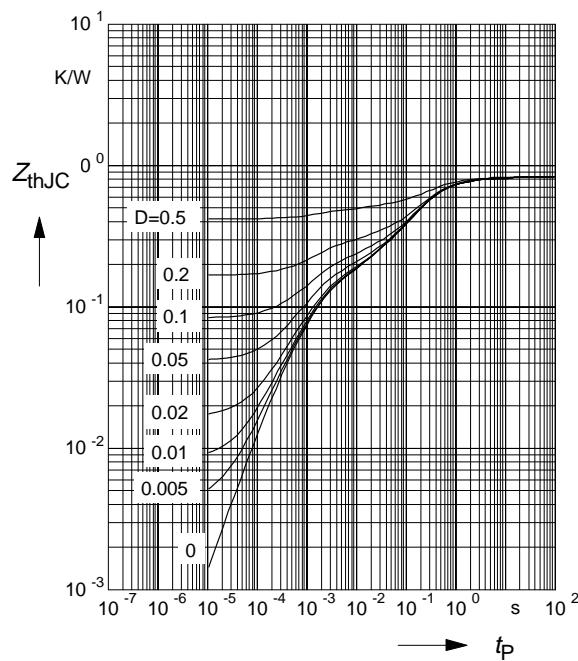
Parameter:  $V_{IN}$



**Transient thermal impedance**

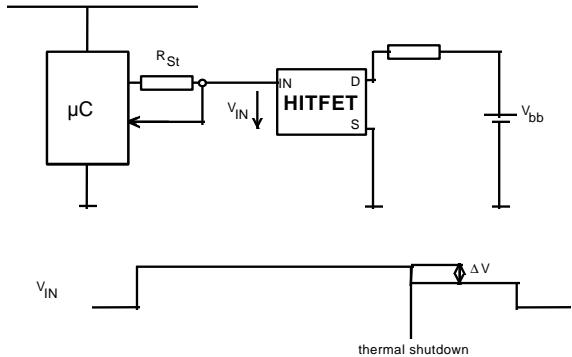
$Z_{thJC} = f(t_P)$

Parameter:  $D=t_P/T$



Application examples:

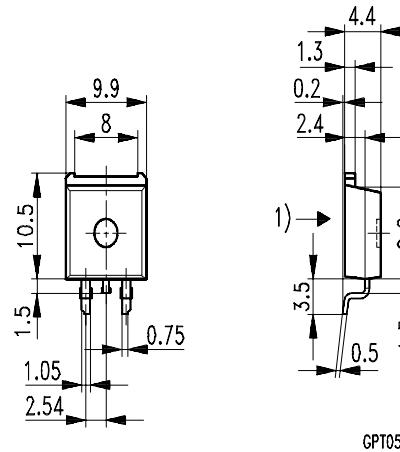
**Status signal of thermal shutdown by monitoring input current**



$$\Delta V = R_{ST} \cdot I_{IN(3)}$$

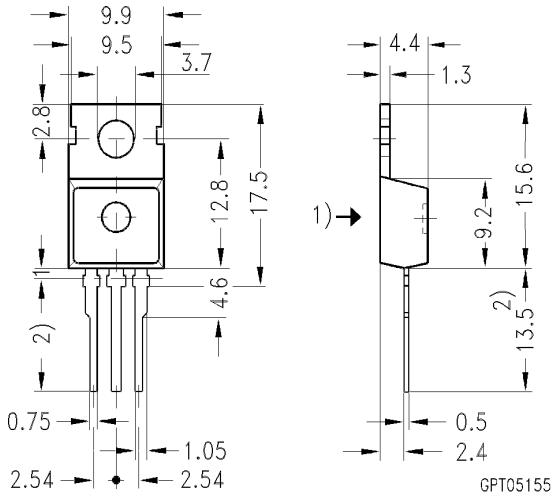
### Package and ordering code all dimensions in mm

Ordering code: Q67060-S6502-A3



1) shear and punch direction no burrs this surface

Ordering Code: Q67060-S6502-A2



- 1) punch direction, burr max. 0.04
- 2) dip tinning
- 3) max. 14.5 by dip tinning press burr max. 0.05

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