

AN6500, AN6500S, AN6501

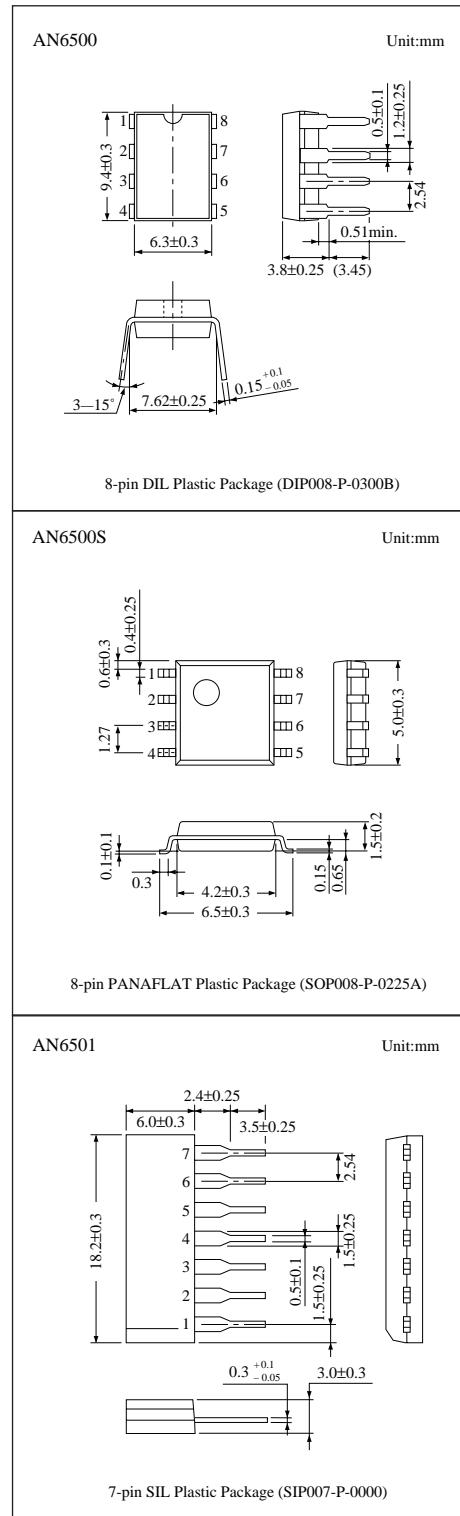
Built-in Reference Voltage Operational Amplifiers

■ Overview

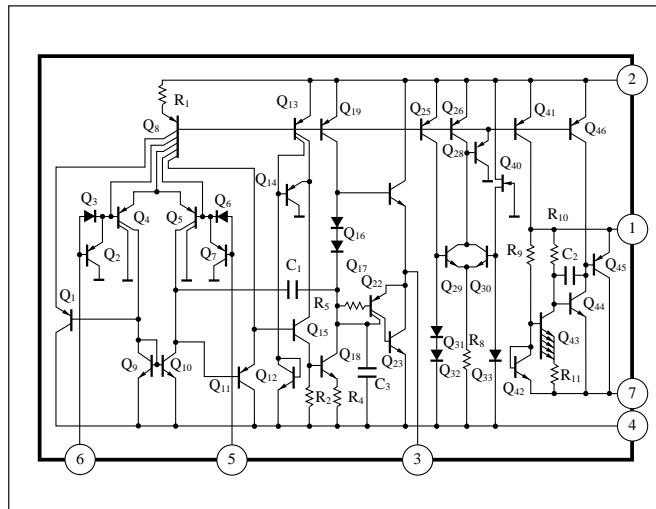
The AN6500, the AN6500S, and the AN6501 are high-performance operational amplifiers with reference voltage built-in, allowing single power supply voltage operation and wide application with reference voltage.

■ Features

- Wide range of operating voltage:3 to 24V
- Single power supply voltage operation
- Large output current: $I_o = +120mA$ typ.
 $-110mA$ typ.
- Low reference voltage: $V_{REF}=1.33V$ typ.
- Easy to compose variable regulator with reference voltage
- 3 types of packages are available
- Little cross-over distortion in operational amplifier circuit



■ Block Diagram



■ Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name
1	Ref. voltage (+)
2	Supply voltage
3	OP. amp. output
4	GND
5	OP. amp. input (+)
6	OP. amp. input (-)
7	Ref. voltage (-)
8	NC

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

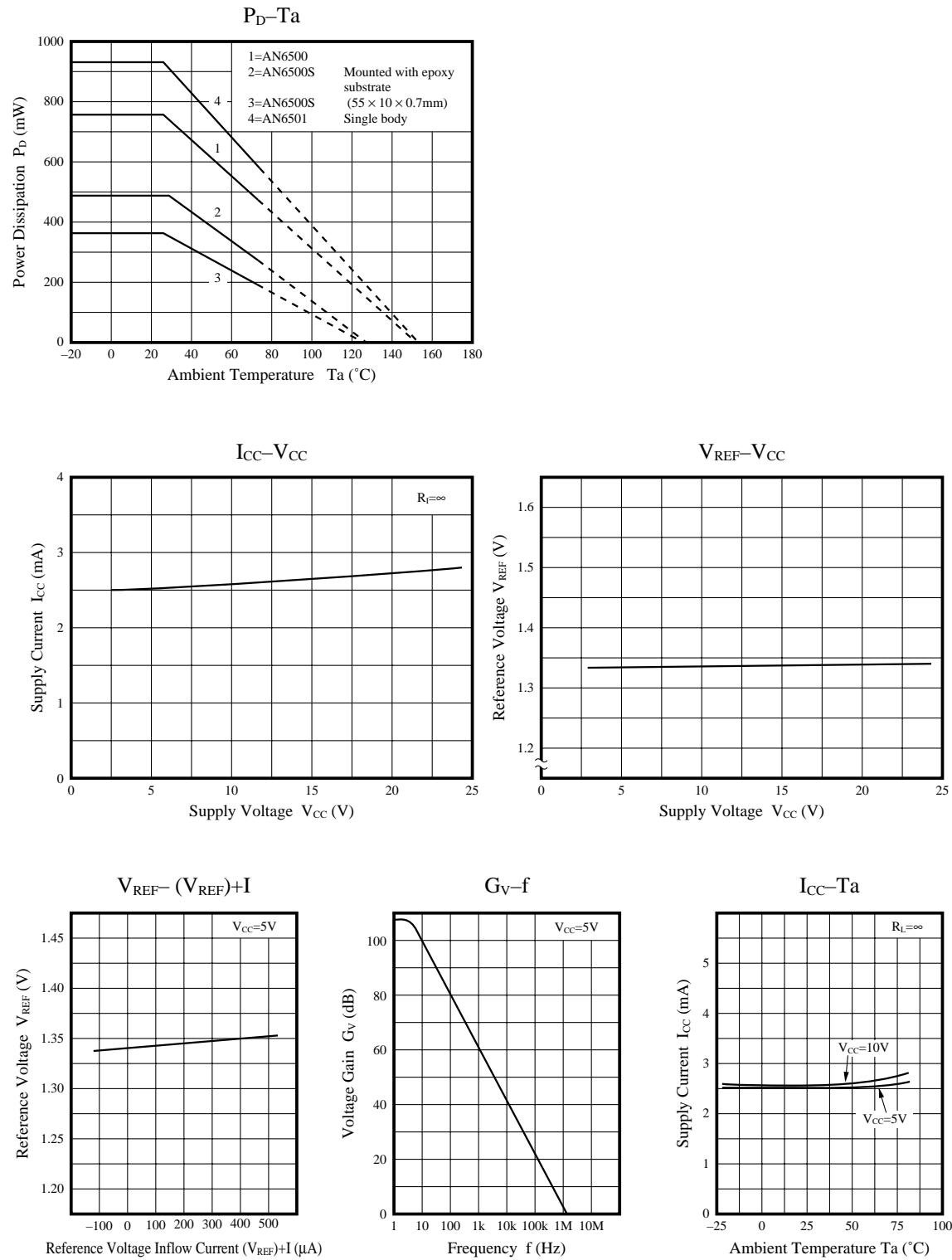
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	24	V
Supply current	I _{CC}	160	mA
Reference voltage outflow current	(V _{REF}) -I * ¹	-100	μA
Reference voltage inflow current	(V _{REF}) +I * ²	500	μA
Common-mode input voltage range	V _{ICM}	-0.3 to +24	V
Differential input voltage	V _{ID}	24	V
Output sink current	V _{SINK}	150	mA
Power dissipation	AN6500	750	mW
	AN6500S	360	mW
	AN6501	925	mW
Operating ambient temperature	T _{opr}	-20 to +75	°C
Storage temperature	AN6500, AN6501	-55 to +150	°C
	AN6500S	-40 to +125	°C

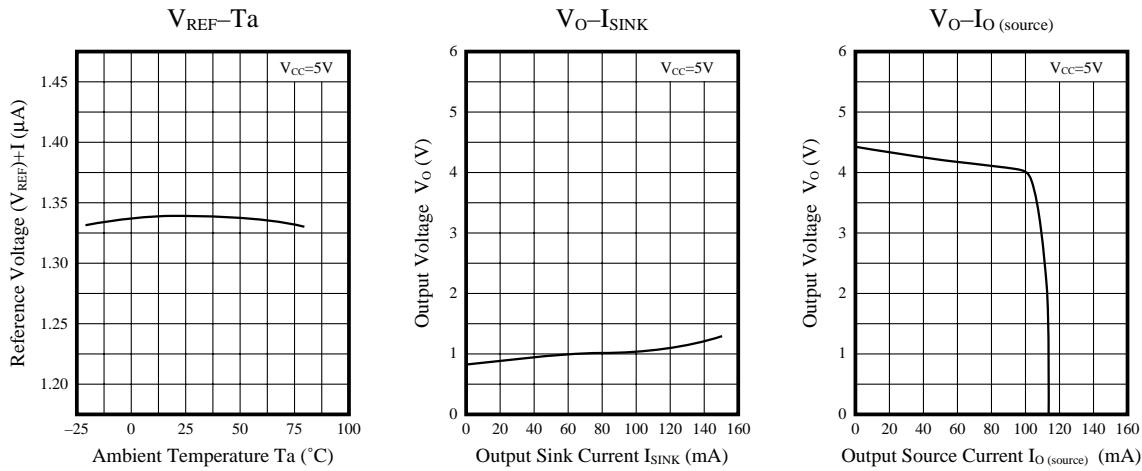
*1 Current flowed out from Pin1. *2 Current flowed into Pin1. *3 When enlarging output current, watch power consumption.

■ Electrical Characteristics (V_{CC}=5V, Ta=25°C±2°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Reference voltage	V _{REF}		1.25	1.33	1.45	V
Reference voltage temperature variation characteristics	ΔV _{REF} /Ta	Ta=0 to 50°C	—	-30	—	ppm/°C
Input offset voltage	V _I (offset)	R _S =50Ω	—	2	7	mV
Input bias current	I _{Bias}		—	100	500	nA
Input offset current	I _{IO}		—	5	300	nA
Common-mode input voltage range	V _{CM}		—	—	3.5	V
Supply current	I _{CC}	R _L =∞	—	2.5	3.5	mA
Voltage gain	G _V	R _L ≥ 2kΩ	80	108	—	dB
Maximum output voltage (1)	V _O (max)1	R _L ≥ 2kΩ	3.5	—	—	V
Maximum output voltage (2)	V _O (max)2	V _{CC} =5V, I _O =70mA	3	4.1	—	V
Common-mode rejection ratio	CMR		—	85	—	dB
Supply voltage rejection ratio	SVR		—	90	—	dB
Output source current	I _O (source)	V _{IN} ⁺ =1V, V _{IN} ⁻ =0V	70	110	—	mA
Output sink current	I _{SINK}	V _{IN} ⁺ =0V, V _{IN} ⁻ =1V	70	120	—	mA
Zero-cross frequency	f _(T)		—	1	—	MHz

■ Characteristics Curve

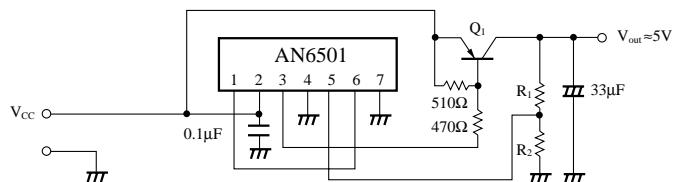




■ Application Circuits

1. Voltage Regulator Circuit

High efficiency circuit with small I/O voltage difference



- Output voltage (V_{out}) is calculated by the following formula,

$$V_{out} = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2} V_{REF}$$

$$\approx \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2} \times 1.33 \text{ (V)}$$

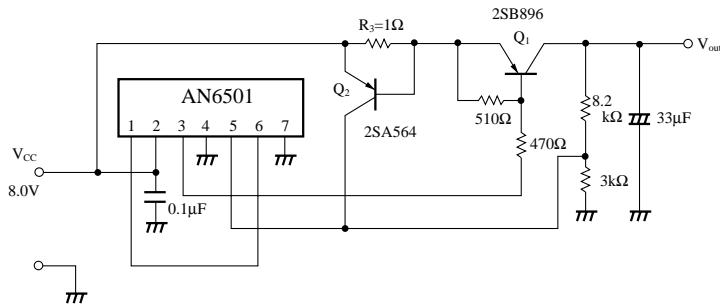
- I/O Voltage difference

2SB896 is applied for Q_1 when output current is 330mA. The minimum I/O voltage difference is 0.2V.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	typ	Unit
Line regulation	REG _{IN}	$V_{CC}=6$ to $20V$, $I_o=1A$	16	mV
Load regulation	REG _L	$V_{CC}=10V$, $I_o=5mA$ to $1A$	R ₁ =8.2kΩ R ₂ =3kΩ	9 mV
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	$V_{CC}=8$ to $18V$, $I_o=100mA$, $f=120Hz$	57.4	dB

2. Voltage Regulator Circuit

With output current limiter



- Limit Current $I_{O(Lim)}$ is calculated by the following formula

$$I_{O(Lim)} = \frac{V_{BE}(Q_2)}{R_3}$$

When $V_{BE}(Q_2) = 0.7V$,
and $R_3=1\Omega$,

$$I_{O(Lim)} = \frac{0.7}{1} = 0.7A$$