

**VND670SP**

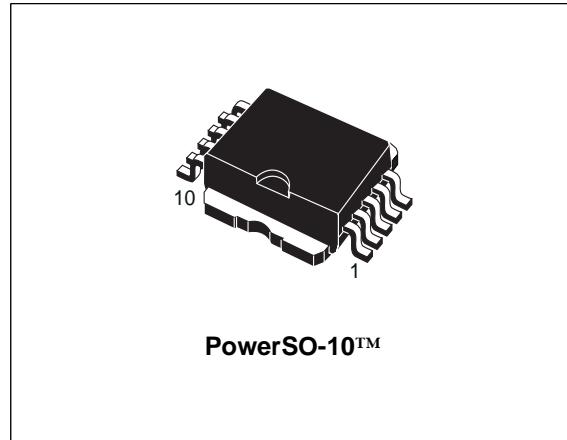
## DUAL HIGH SIDE SWITCH WITH DUAL POWER MOS GATE DRIVER (BRIDGE CONFIGURATION)

TYPE	R <sub>DSS(on)</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>DSS</sub>
VND670SP	30 mΩ	15 A	40 V

- OUTPUT CURRENT:15A PER CHANNEL
- 5V LOGIC LEVEL COMPATIBLE INPUTS
- GATE DRIVE FOR TWO EXTERNAL POWER MOS
- UNDERVOLTAGE AND OVERVOLTAGE SHUT-DOWN
- OVERVOLTAGE CLAMP
- THERMAL SHUT DOWN
- CROSS-CONDUCTION PROTECTION
- CURRENT LIMITATION
- VERY LOW STAND-BY POWER CONSUMPTION
- PWM OPERATION UP TO 10 KHz
- PROTECTION AGAINST:
  - LOSS OF GROUND AND LOSS OF V<sub>CC</sub>
  - REVERSE BATTERY PROTECTION (\*)

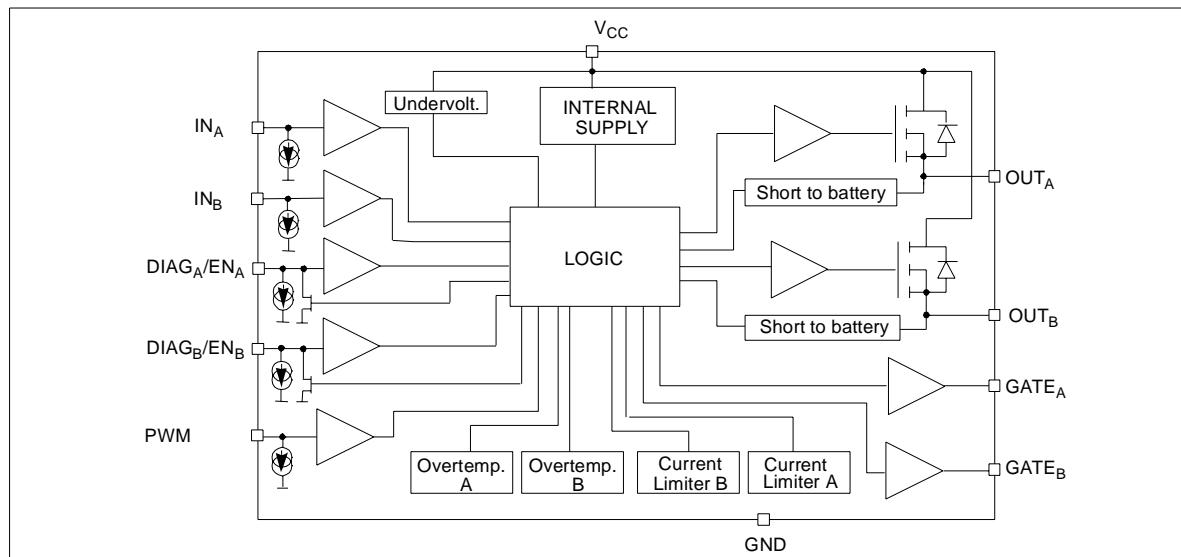
### DESCRIPTION

The VND670SP is a monolithic device made using STMicroelectronics VIPower technology M0-3, intended for driving motors in full bridge

**PowerSO-10™**

configuration. The device integrates two 30 mΩ Power MOSFET in high side configuration, and provides gate drive for two external Power MOSFET used as low side switches. IN<sub>A</sub> and IN<sub>B</sub> allow to select clockwise or counter clockwise drive or brake; DIAG<sub>A</sub>/EN<sub>A</sub>, DIAG<sub>B</sub>/EN<sub>B</sub> allow to disable one half bridge and feedback diagnostic. Built-in thermal shut-down, combined with a current limiter, protects the chip in overtemperature and short circuit conditions. Short to battery protects the external connected low-side Power MOSFET.

### BLOCK DIAGRAM



(\*) See note at page 5

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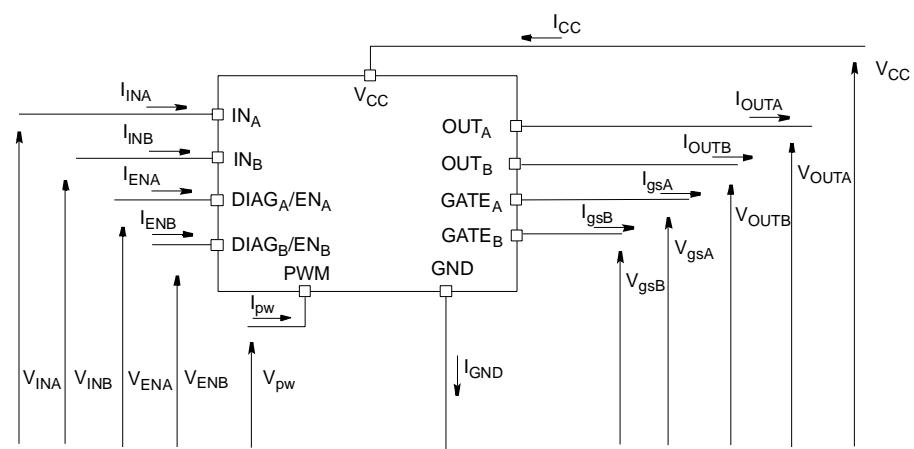
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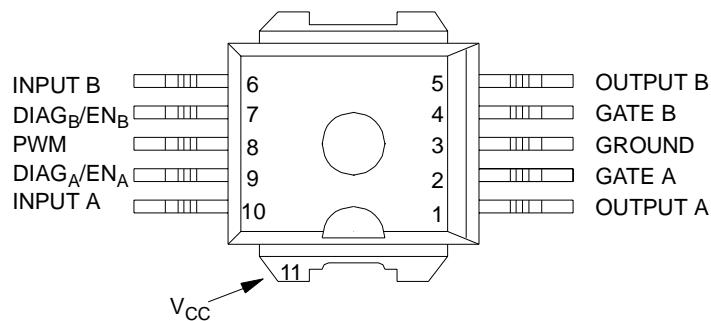
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	-0.3 .. 40	V
$I_{max1}$	Maximum output current (continuous)	15	A
$I_{max2}$	Maximum output current (250 ms pulse duration)	20	A
$I_R$	Reverse output current (continuous)	-15	A
$I_{IN}$	Input current	+/- 10	mA
$I_{EN}$	Enable pin current	+/- 10	mA
$I_{pw}$	PWM pin current	+/- 10	mA
$I_{gs}$	Output gate current	+/- 20	mA
$V_{ESD}$	Electrostatic discharge ( $R=1.5\text{k}\Omega$ , $C=100\text{pF}$ )	2000	V
$T_j$	Junction operating temperature	-40 to 150	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage temperature	-55 to 150	°C

### CURRENT AND VOLTAGE CONVENTIONS



### CONNECTION DIAGRAM (TOP VIEW)



**THERMAL DATA**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{thj-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case (per channel) (MAX)	1.4	°C/W
$R_{thj-amb} (*)$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient (MAX)	50	°C/W

(\*) When mounted using the recommended pad size on FR-4 board (See AN515 Application Note).

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $V_{CC}=9V$  up to  $18V$ ;  $-40^{\circ}C < T_j < 150^{\circ}C$ ; unless otherwise specified)**POWER**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Operating supply voltage		5.5		36	V
$R_{ON}$	On state resistance	$I_{LOAD}=12A$ $I_{LOAD}=12A; T_j=25^{\circ}C$		26	50 30	$m\Omega$ $m\Omega$
$I_s$	Supply current	ON state OFF state			15 40	$mA$ $\mu A$
$V_{gate}$	Gate output voltage		5.0		8.5	V
$V_{gs,cl}$	Gate output clamp voltage	$I_{gs}=-1 mA$	6.0	6.8	8.0	V

**SWITCHING** ( $V_{CC}=13V$ ,  $R_{LOAD} = 1.1\Omega$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	Input rise time < 1μs (see fig. 1)		50	150	μs
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-off delay time			45	135	μs
$t_r$	Output voltage rise time		50	150	μs	
$t_f$	Output voltage fall time		40	120	μs	
$(dV_{OUT}/dt)_{on}$	Turn-on voltage slope		160	500	V/ms	
$(dV_{OUT}/dt)_{off}$	Turn-off voltage slope		230	1200	V/ms	
$t_{dong}$	$V_{gs}$ Turn-on delay time	C1=4.7nF Break to ground configuration (see fig. 2)	0.5	2	μs	
$t_{rg}$	$V_{gs}$ rise time		2.6	10	μs	
$t_{doffg}$	$V_{gs}$ Turn-off delay time		1.0	5.0	μs	
$t_{fg}$	$V_{gs}$ fall time		2.2	10	μs	
$t_{del}$	External MOSFET turn-on dead time	(see fig. 3)	150	600	1800	μs

**PROTECTION AND DIAGNOSTIC**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{USD}$	Undervoltage shut-down				5.5	V
$V_{OV}$	Oversupply shut-down		36	43		V
$I_{LIM}$	Current limitation		30	45		A
$T_{TSD}$	Thermal shut-down temperature	$V_{IN} = 3.25 V$	150	170	200	°C
$V_{ocl}$	Output turn-off clamp voltage	$I_{LOAD}=12A, L=6mH$	$V_{CC}-55$		$V_{CC}-41$	V
$V_{sat}$	External MOSFET saturation voltage detection threshold		2.5	4.2	5.5	V

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### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

#### PWM

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{pwL}$	PWM low level voltage				1.5	V
$I_{pwL}$	PWM pin current	$V_{pw}=1.5V$	1			$\mu A$
$V_{pwH}$	PWM high level voltage		3.25			V
$I_{pwH}$	PWM pin current	$V_{pw}=3.25V$			10	$\mu A$
$V_{pwHyst}$	PWM hysteresis voltage		0.5			V
$V_{pwCl}$	PWM clamp voltage	$I_{pw} = 1 \text{ mA}$ $I_{pw} = -1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CC}+0.3$ -5.0	$V_{CC}+0.7$ -3.5	$V_{CC}+1.0$ -2.0	V
$V_{pwTest}$	Test mode PWM pin voltage		-3.5	-2.0	-0.5	V
$I_{pwTest}$	Test mode PWM pin current	$V_{pwTest} = -2.0 \text{ V}$	-2000	-500		$\mu A$

#### LOGIC INPUT ( $IN_A/IN_B$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{IL}$	Input low level voltage				1.5	V
$I_{INL}$	Input current	$V_{IN}=1.5 \text{ V}$	1			$\mu A$
$V_{IH}$	Input high level voltage		3.25			V
$I_{INH}$	Input current	$V_{IN}=3.25 \text{ V}$			10	$\mu A$
$V_{IHYST}$	Input hysteresis voltage		0.5			V
$V_{ICL}$	Input clamp voltage	$I_{IN}=1\text{mA}$ $I_{IN}=-1\text{mA}$	6.0 -1.0	6.8 -0.7	8.0 -0.3	V

#### ENABLE (LOGIC I/O PIN)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{ENL}$	Enable low level voltage	Normal operation ( $DIAG_X/EN_X$ pin acts as an input pin)			1.5	V
$I_{ENL}$	Enable pin current	$V_{EN}= 1.5 \text{ V}$	1			$\mu A$
$V_{ENH}$	Enable high level voltage	Normal operation ( $DIAG_X/EN_X$ pin acts as an input pin)	3.25			V
$I_{ENH}$	Enable pin current	$V_{EN}= 3.25 \text{ V}$			10	$\mu A$
$V_{EHYST}$	Enable hysteresis voltage	Normal operation ( $DIAG_X/EN_X$ pin acts as an input pin)	0.5			V
$V_{ENCL}$	Enable clamp voltage	$I_{EN}=1\text{mA}$ $I_{EN}=-1\text{mA}$	6.0 -1.0	6.8 -0.7	8.0 -0.3	V
$V_{DIAG}$	Enable output low level voltage	Fault operation ( $DIAG_X/EN_X$ pin acts as an input pin) $I_{EN}=1.6 \text{ mA}$			0.4	V

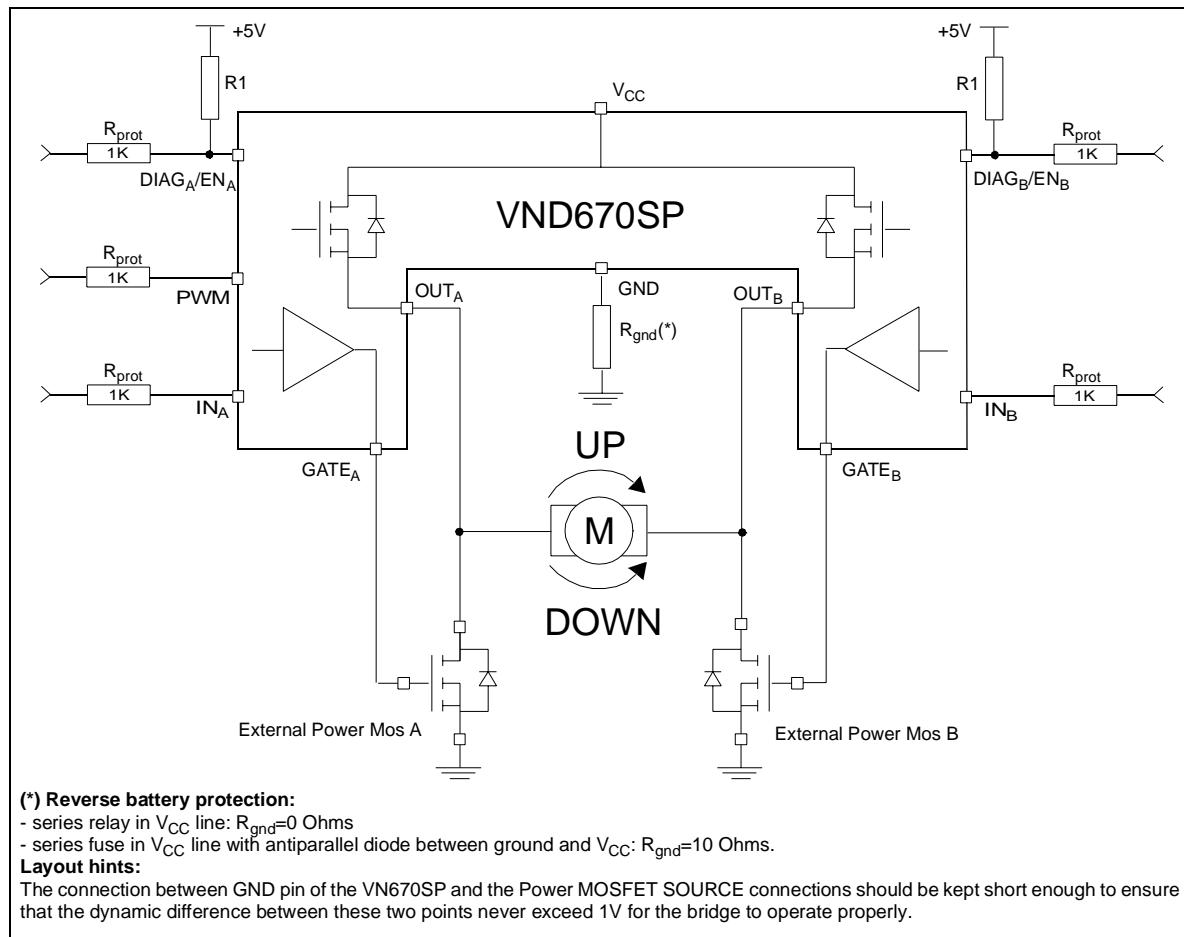
**WAVEFORMS AND TRUTH TABLE****TRUTH TABLE IN NORMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS**

In normal operating conditions the  $\text{DIAG}_X/\text{EN}_X$  pin is considered as an input pin by the device. This pin must be externally pulled high.

$\text{IN}_A$	$\text{IN}_B$	$\text{DIAG}_A/\text{EN}_A$	$\text{DIAG}_B/\text{EN}_B$	$\text{OUT}_A$	$\text{OUT}_B$	$\text{GATE}_A$	$\text{GATE}_B$	Comment
1	1	1	1	H	H	L	L	Brake to $V_{CC}$
1	0	1	1	H	L	L	H	Clockwise
0	1	1	1	L	H	H	L	Counter cw
0	0	1	1	L	L	H	H	Brake to GND
X	X	0	0	L	L	L	L	Stand by
1	X	1	0	H	L	L	L	$\text{HS}_A$ only
0	X	1	0	L	L	H	L	$\text{MOS}_A$ only
X	1	0	1	L	H	L	L	$\text{HS}_B$ only
X	0	0	1	L	L	L	H	$\text{MOS}_B$ only

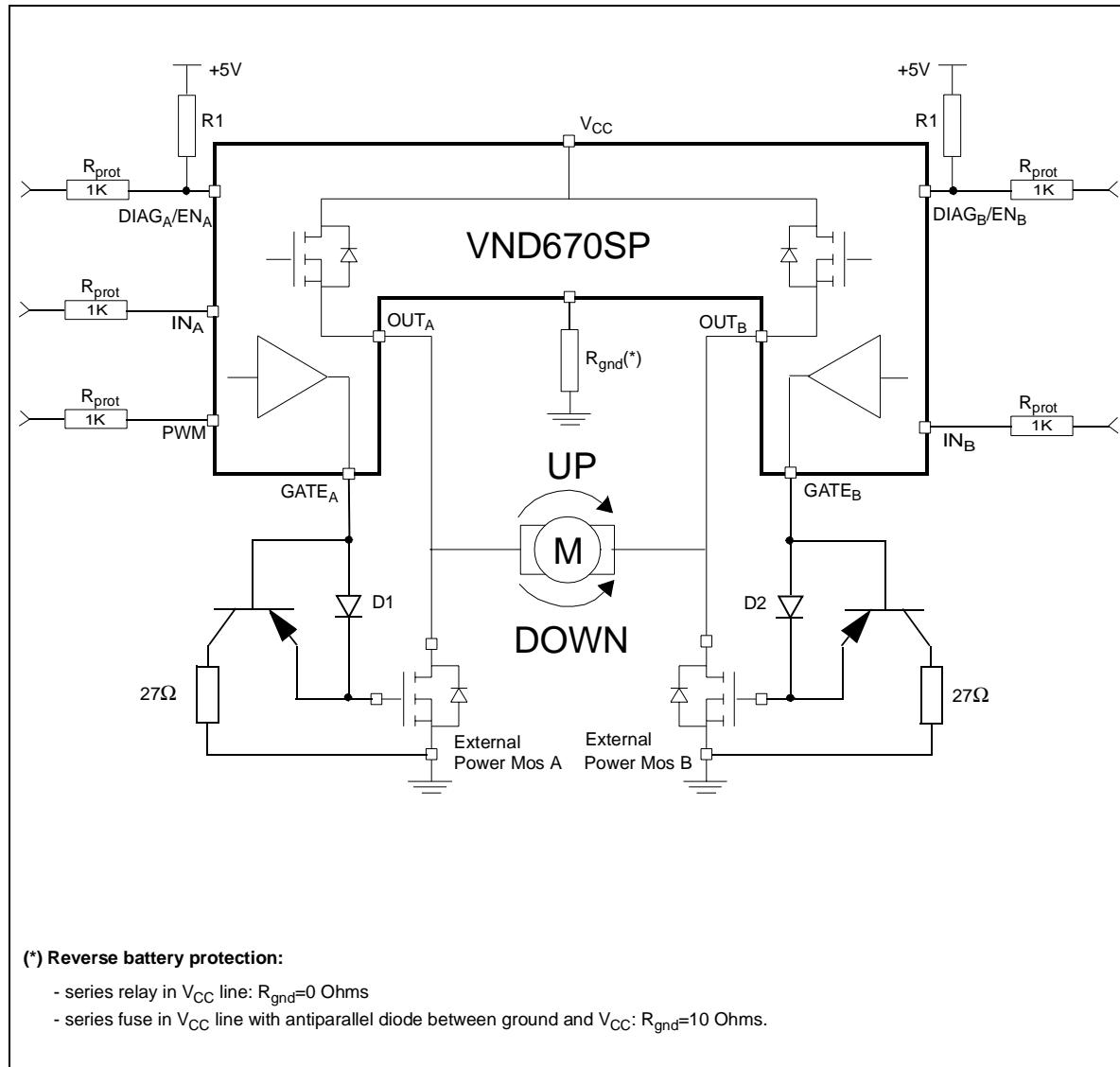
**PWM pin usage:**

In all cases, a "0" on the PWM pin will turn-off both  $\text{GATE}_A$  and  $\text{GATE}_B$  outputs. When PWM rises back to "1",  $\text{GATE}_A$  or  $\text{GATE}_B$  turn on again depending on the input pin state.

**TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT FOR DC TO 10KHz PWM OPERATION**

## VND670SP

### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT FOR A 20KHZ PWM OPERATION



## WAVEFORMS AND TRUTH TABLE (CONTINUED)

In case of a fault condition the  $\text{DIAG}_X/\text{EN}_X$  pin is considered as an output pin by the device.

The fault conditions are:

- overtemperature on one or both high sides;
- short to battery condition on the output (saturation detection on the external connected Power MOSFET).

Possible origins of fault conditions may be:

$\text{OUT}_A$  is shorted to ground  $\rightarrow$  overtemperature detection on high side A.

$\text{OUT}_A$  is shorted to  $V_{CC}$   $\rightarrow$  external Power MOSFET saturation detection (driven by  $\text{GATE}_A$ ).

When a fault condition is detected, the user can know which power element is in fault by monitoring the  $\text{IN}_A$ ,  $\text{IN}_B$ ,  $\text{DIAG}_A/\text{EN}_A$  and  $\text{DIAG}_B/\text{EN}_B$  pins.

In any case, when a fault is detected, the faulty half bridge is latched off. To turn-on the respective output ( $\text{GATE}_X$  or  $\text{OUT}_X$ ) again, the input signal must rise from low to high level.

### TRUTH TABLE IN FAULT CONDITIONS (detected on $\text{OUT}_A$ )

$\text{IN}_A$	$\text{IN}_B$	$\text{DIAG}_A/\text{EN}_A$	$\text{DIAG}_B/\text{EN}_B$	$\text{OUT}_A$	$\text{OUT}_B$	$\text{GATE}_A$	$\text{GATE}_B$
1	1	0	1	OPEN	H	L	L
1	0	0	1	OPEN	OPEN	L	L
0	1	0	1	OPEN	H	L	L
0	0	0	1	OPEN	OPEN	L	L
X	X	0	0	OPEN	OPEN	L	L
1	X	0	0	OPEN	OPEN	L	L
0	X	0	0	OPEN	OPEN	L	L
X	1	0	1	OPEN	H	L	L
X	0	0	1	OPEN	OPEN	L	L



Fault Information



Protection Action

### TEST MODE

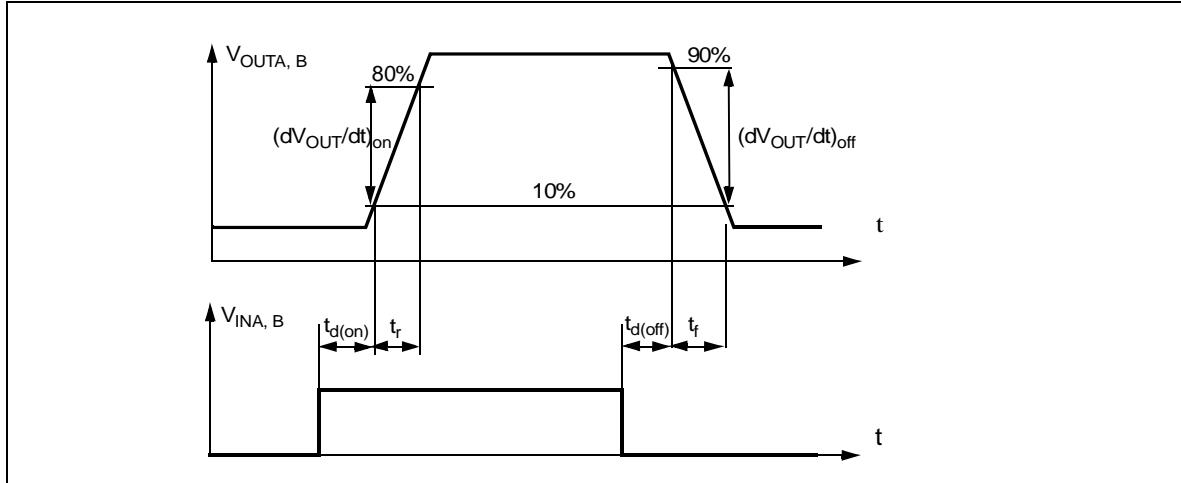
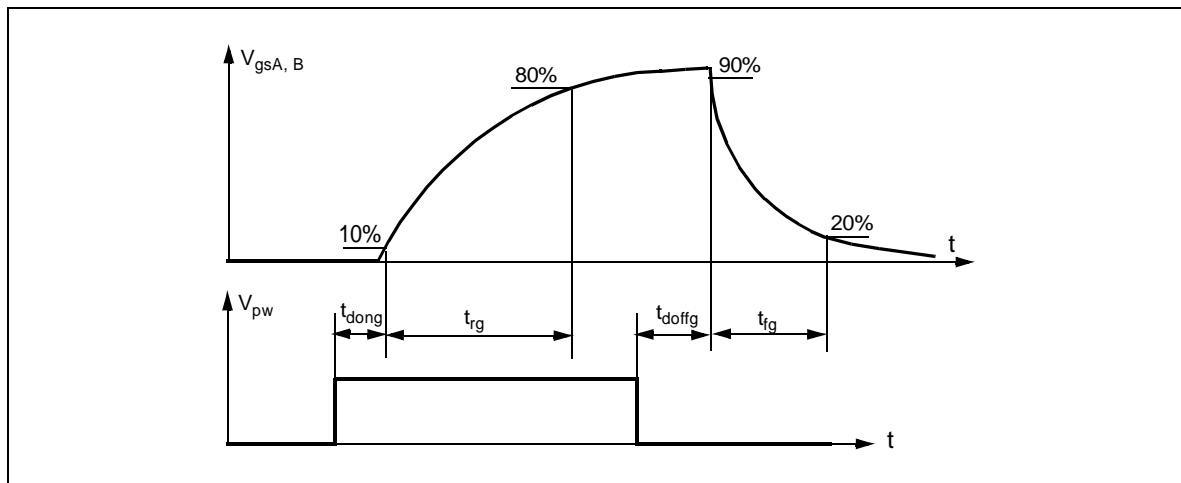
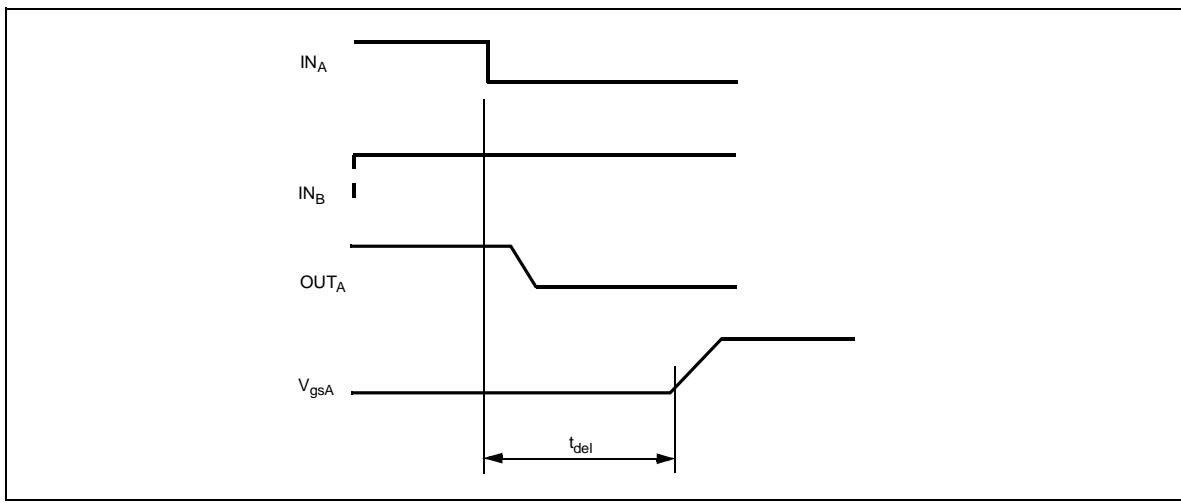
The PWM pin allows to test the load connection between two half-bridges. In the test mode ( $V_{pwm}=-2V$ ) the external Power Mos gate drivers are disabled. The  $\text{IN}_A$  or  $\text{IN}_B$  inputs allow to turn-on the High Side A or B, respectively, in order to connect one side of the load at  $V_{CC}$  voltage. The check of the voltage on the other side of the load allow to verify the continuity of the load connection. In case of load disconnection the  $\text{DIAG}_X/\text{EN}_X$  pin corresponding to the faulty output is pulled down.

**ELECTRICAL TRANSIENT REQUIREMENTS**

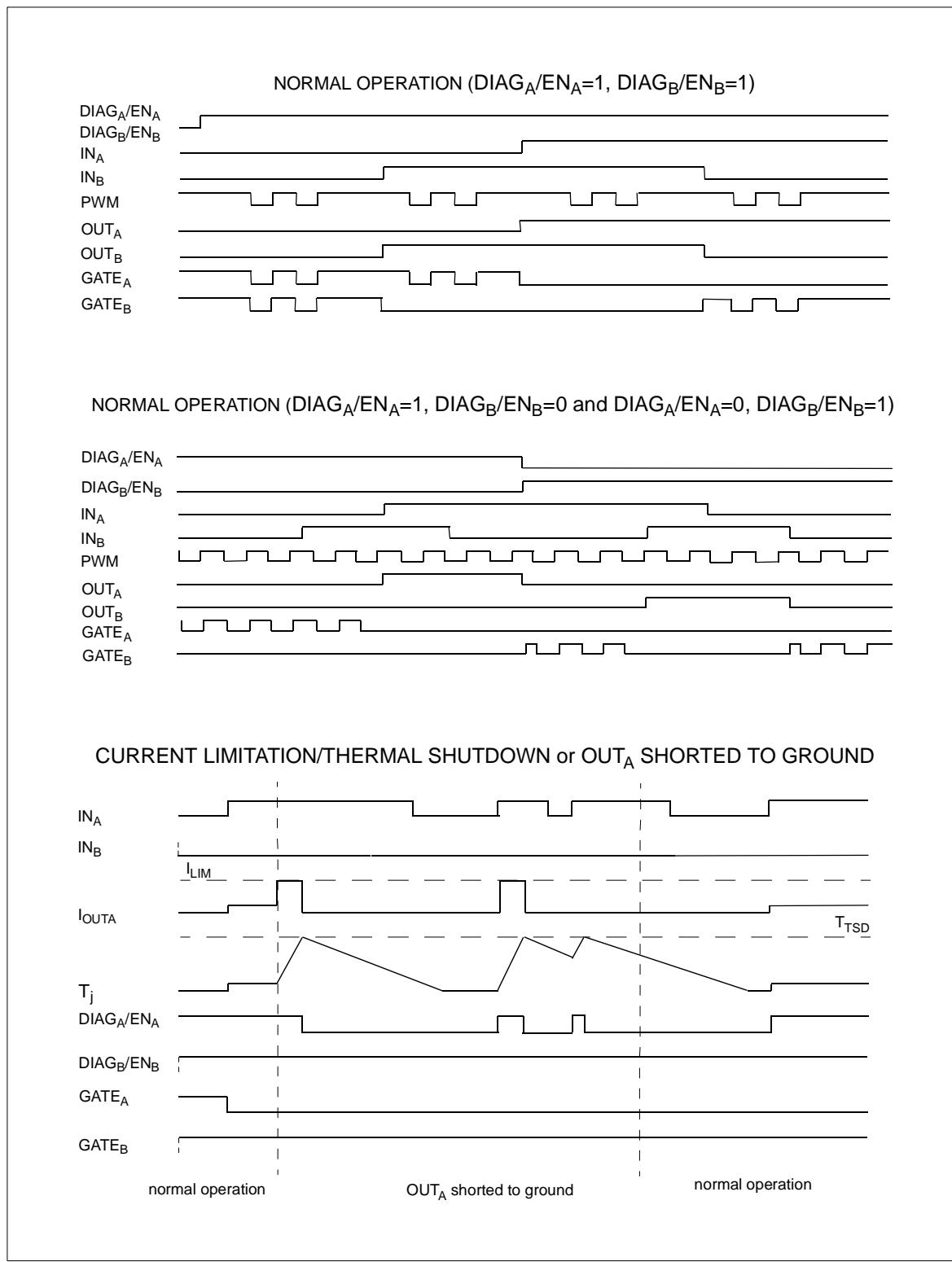
<b>ISO T/R 7637/1 Test Pulse</b>	<b>Test Level I</b>	<b>Test Level II</b>	<b>Test Level III</b>	<b>Test Level IV</b>	<b>Test Levels Delays and Impedance</b>
1	-25V	-50V	-75V	-100V	2ms, 10Ω
2	+25V	+50V	+75V	+100V	0.2ms, 10Ω
3a	-25V	-50V	-100V	-150V	0.1μs, 50Ω
3b	+25V	+50V	+75V	+100V	0.1μs, 50Ω
4	-4V	-5V	-6V	-7V	100ms, 0.01Ω
5	+26.5V	+46.5V	+66.5V	+86.5V	400ms, 2Ω

<b>ISO T/R 7637/1 Test Pulse</b>	<b>Test Levels Result I</b>	<b>Test Levels Result II</b>	<b>Test Levels Result III</b>	<b>Test Levels Result IV</b>
1	C	C	C	C
2	C	C	C	C
3a	C	C	C	C
3b	C	C	C	C
4	C	C	C	C
5	C	E	E	E

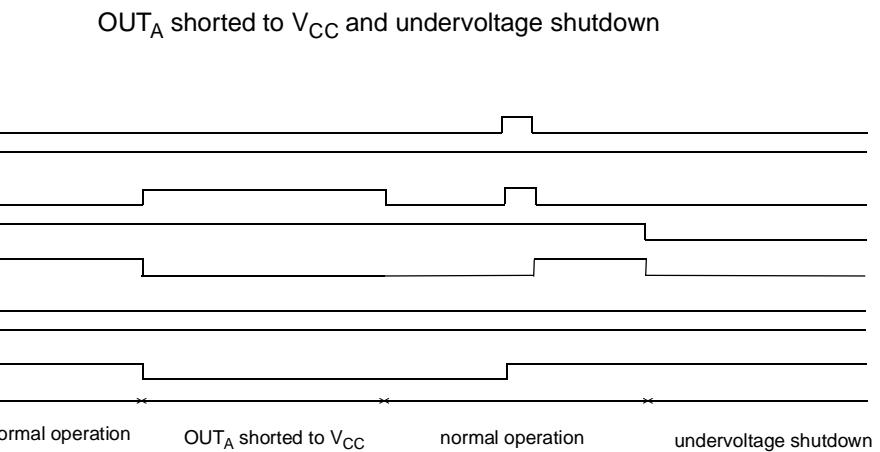
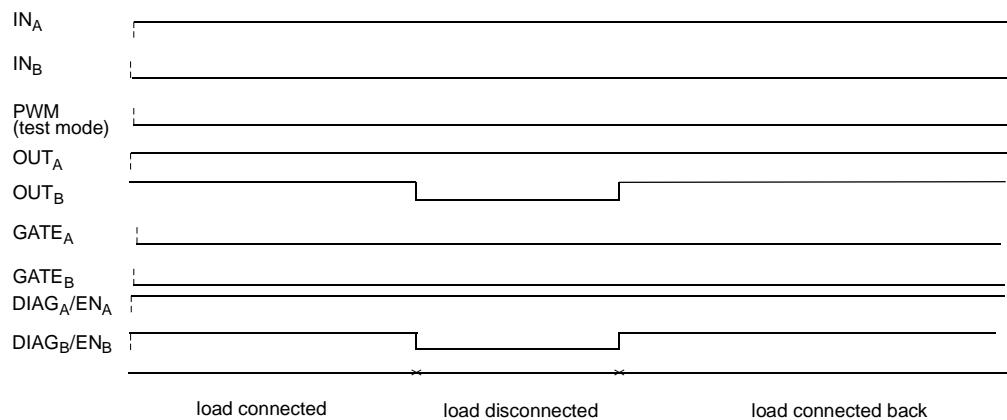
<b>Class</b>	<b>Contents</b>
<b>C</b>	All functions of the device are performed as designed after exposure to disturbance.
<b>E</b>	One or more functions of the device are not performed as designed after exposure to disturbance and cannot be returned to proper operation without replacing the device.

**Figure 1:** Test conditions for High Side switching times measurement.**Figure 2:** Test conditions for external Power MOSFET switching times measurement.**Figure 3:** Definition of the external Power MOSFET turn-on dead time  $t_{del}$ 

### Waveforms



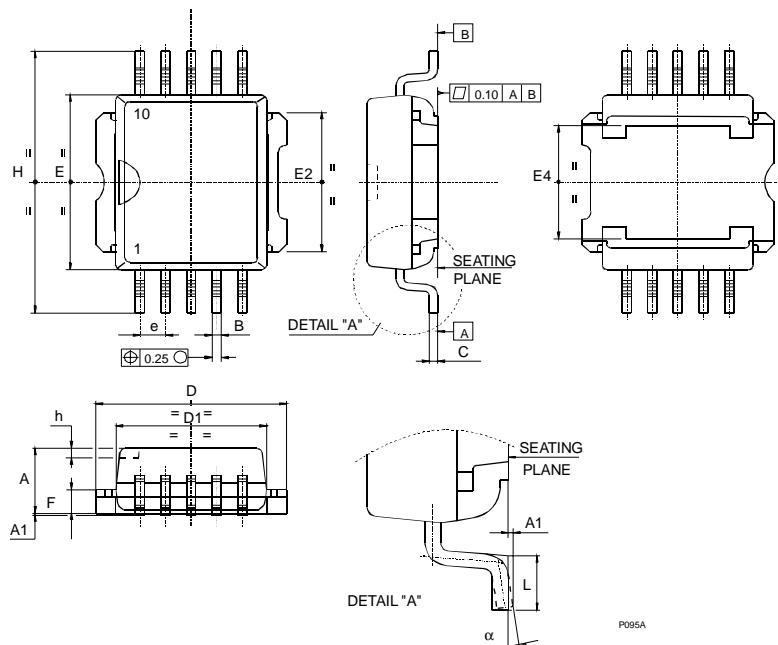
## Waveforms (Continued)

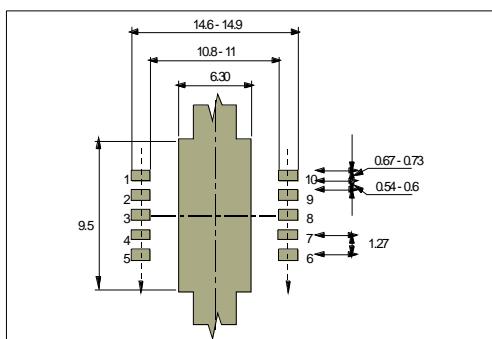
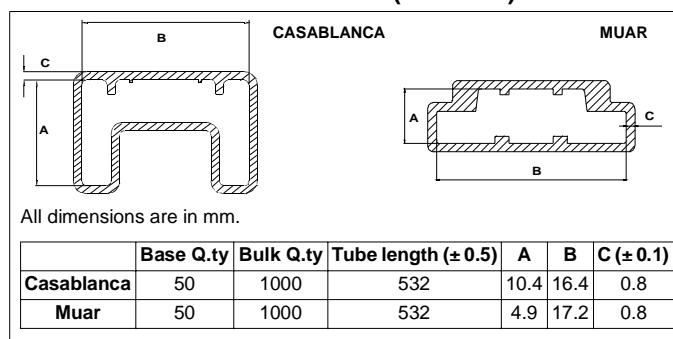
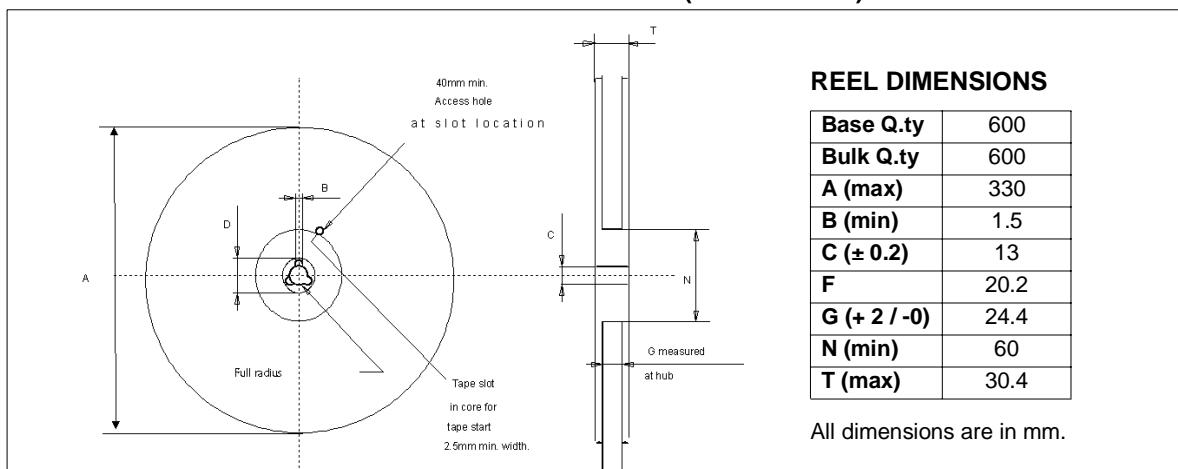
Load disconnection test (IN<sub>A</sub>=1, PWM=-2V)

**PowerSO-10™ MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.	mm.			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A	3.35		3.65	0.132		0.144
A (*)	3.4		3.6	0.134		0.142
A1	0.00		0.10	0.000		0.004
B	0.40		0.60	0.016		0.024
B (*)	0.37		0.53	0.014		0.021
C	0.35		0.55	0.013		0.022
C (*)	0.23		0.32	0.009		0.0126
D	9.40		9.60	0.370		0.378
D1	7.40		7.60	0.291		0.300
E	9.30		9.50	0.366		0.374
E2	7.20		7.60	0.283		300
E2 (*)	7.30		7.50	0.287		0.295
E4	5.90		6.10	0.232		0.240
E4 (*)	5.90		6.30	0.232		0.248
e		1.27			0.050	
F	1.25		1.35	0.049		0.053
F (*)	1.20		1.40	0.047		0.055
H	13.80		14.40	0.543		0.567
H (*)	13.85		14.35	0.545		0.565
h		0.50			0.002	
L	1.20		1.80	0.047		0.070
L (*)	0.80		1.10	0.031		0.043
$\alpha$	0°		8°	0°		8°
$\alpha (*)$	2°		8°	2°		8°

(\*) Muar only POA P013P

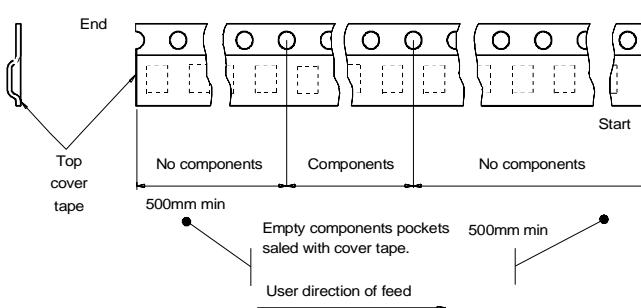
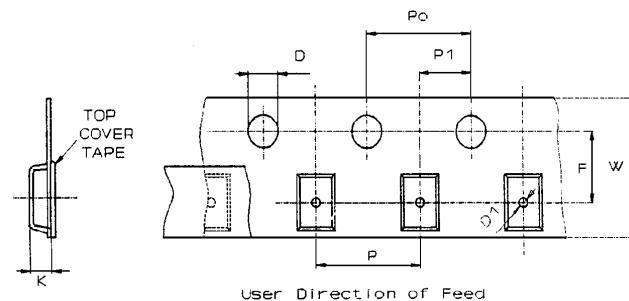


**PowerSO-10™ SUGGESTED PAD LAYOUT****TUBE SHIPMENT (no suffix)****TAPE AND REEL SHIPMENT (suffix "13TR")****TAPE DIMENSIONS**

According to Electronic Industries Association (EIA) Standard 481 rev. A, Feb. 1986

<b>Tape width</b>	<b>W</b>	24
<b>Tape Hole Spacing</b>	<b>P0 (<math>\pm 0.1</math>)</b>	4
<b>Component Spacing</b>	<b>P</b>	24
<b>Hole Diameter</b>	<b>D (<math>\pm 0.1/-0</math>)</b>	1.5
<b>Hole Diameter</b>	<b>D1 (min)</b>	1.5
<b>Hole Position</b>	<b>F (<math>\pm 0.05</math>)</b>	11.5
<b>Compartment Depth</b>	<b>K (max)</b>	6.5
<b>Hole Spacing</b>	<b>P1 (<math>\pm 0.1</math>)</b>	2

All dimensions are in mm.



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