

Dual operational amplifier

μA747C

DESCRIPTION

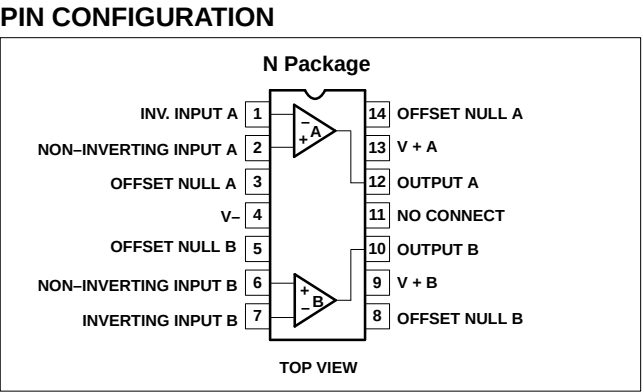
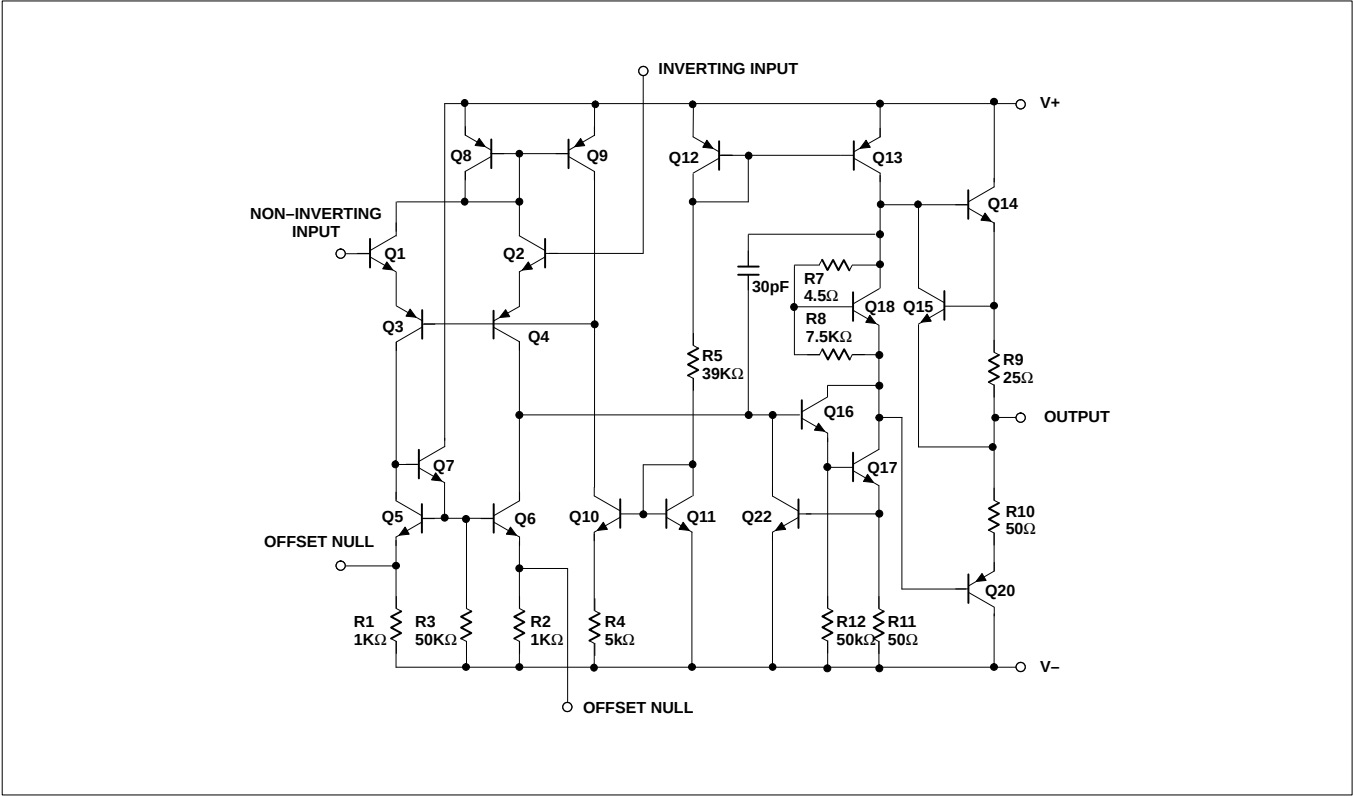
The 747 is a pair of high-performance monolithic operational amplifiers constructed on a single silicon chip. High common-mode voltage range and absence of “latch-up” make the 747 ideal for use as a voltage-follower. The high gain and wide range of operating voltage provides superior performance in integrator, summing amplifier, and general feedback applications. The 747 is short-circuit protected and requires no external components for frequency compensation. The internal 6dB/octave roll-off insures stability in closed-loop applications. For single amplifier performance, see μA741 data sheet.

- FEATURES**
- No frequency compensation required
 - Short-circuit protection
 - Offset voltage null capability
 - Large common-mode and differential voltage ranges
 - Low power consumption
 - No latch-up

ORDERING INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE	DWG #
14-Pin Plastic DIP	0°C to 70°C	μA747CN	0405B

EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT
V_S	Supply voltage	± 18	V
$P_{D\text{ MAX}}$	Maximum power dissipation $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ (still air) ¹	1500	mW
V_{IN}	Differential input voltage	± 30	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage ²	± 15	V
	Voltage between offset null and V-	± 0.5	V
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_A	Operating temperature range	0 to +70	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{SOLD}	Lead temperature (soldering, 10sec)	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
I_{SC}	Output short-circuit duration	Indefinite	

NOTES:

- Derate above 25°C at the following rates:
N package at $12\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$
- For supply voltages less than $\pm 15\text{V}$, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{V}$ unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	μA747C			UNIT
			Min	Typ	Max	
V_{OS}	Offset voltage	$R_S \leq 10\text{k}\Omega$		2.0	6.0	mV
		$R_S \leq 10\text{k}\Omega$, over temp.		3.0	7.5	mV
$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$				10		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{OS}	Offset current			20	200	nA
		Over temperature		7.0	300	nA
$\Delta I_{OS}/\Delta T$				200		$\text{pA}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{BIAS}	Input current			80	500	nA
		Over temperature		30	800	nA
$\Delta I_B/\Delta T$				1		$\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$
V_{OUT}	Output voltage swing	$R_L \geq 2\text{k}\Omega$, over temp.	± 10	± 13		V
		$R_L \geq 10\text{k}\Omega$, over temp.	± 12	± 14		V
I_{CC}	Supply current each side			1.7	2.8	mA
		Over temperature		2.0	3.3	mA
P_d	Power consumption			50	85	mW
		Over temperature		60	100	mW
C_{IN}	Input capacitance			1.4		pF
	Offset voltage adjustment range			± 15		mV
R_{OUT}	Output resistance			75		Ω
	Channel separation			120		dB
PSRR	Supply voltage rejection ratio	$R_S \leq 10\text{k}\Omega$, over temp.		30	150	$\mu\text{V}/\text{V}$
A_{VOL}	Large-signal voltage gain (DC)	$R_L \geq 2\text{k}\Omega$, $V_{OUT} = \pm 10\text{V}$ Over temperature	25,000 15,000			V/V V/V
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$R_S \leq 10\text{k}\Omega$, $V_{CM} = \pm 12\text{V}$ Over temperature	70			dB

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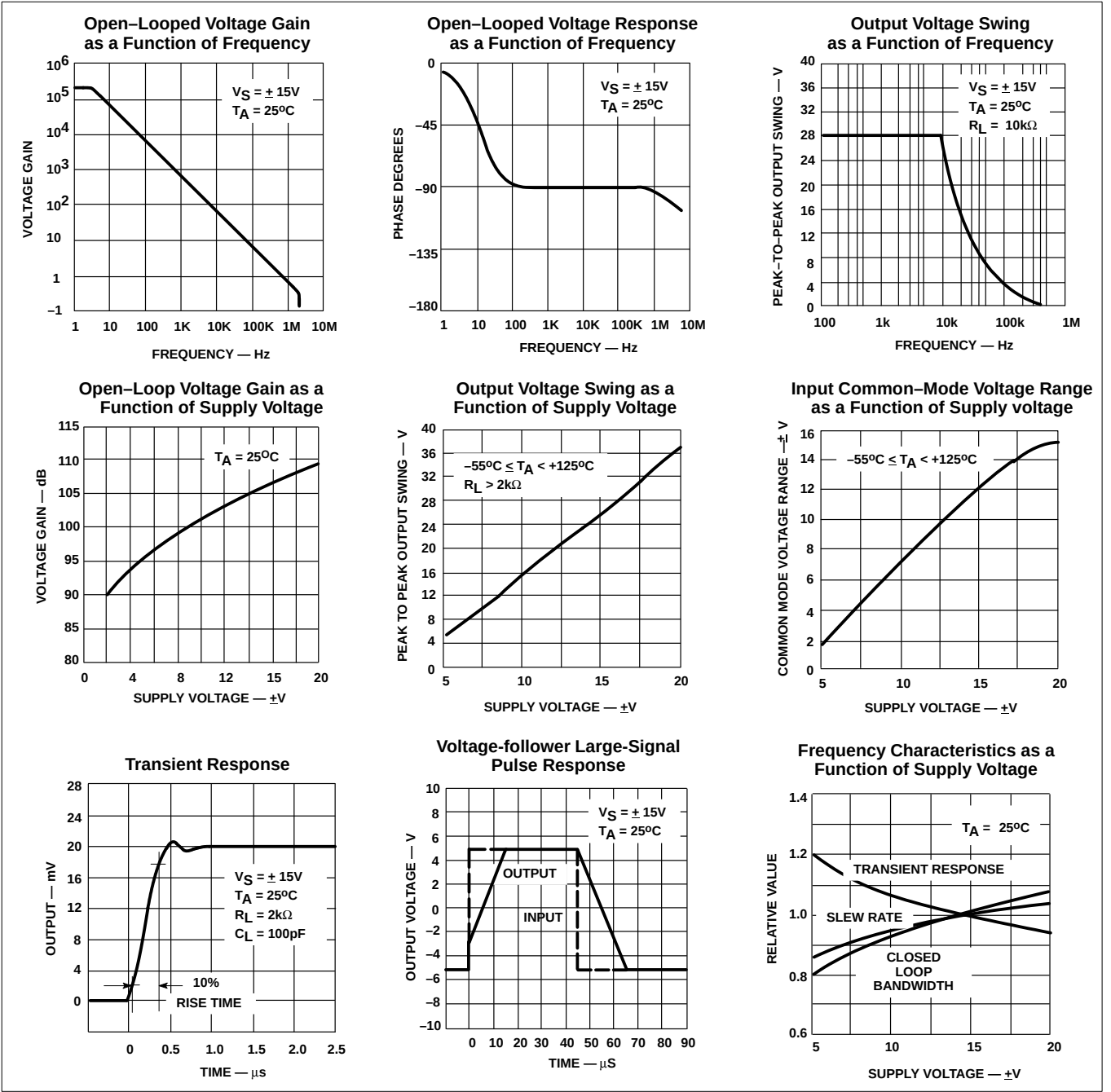
μA747C

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

T_A=25°C, V_S = ±15V unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	μA747C			UNIT
			Min	Typ	Max	
t _R	Transient response	V _{IN} =20mV, R _L =2kΩ, C _L <100pF				
	Rise time	Unity gain C _L ≤100pF		0.3		μs
	Overshoot	Unity gain C _L ≤100pF		5.0		%
SR	Slew rate	R _L >2kΩ		0.5		V/μs

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

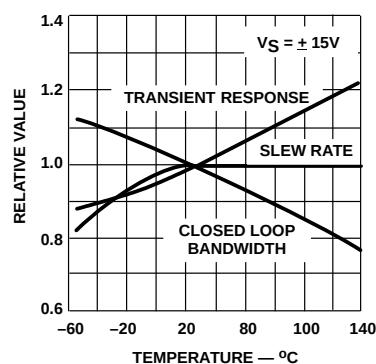


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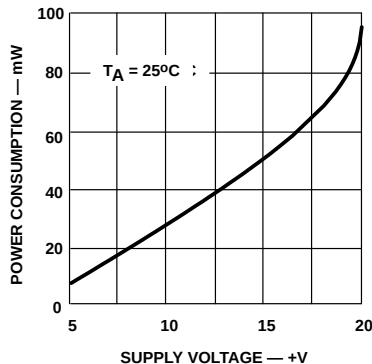
 μ A747C

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

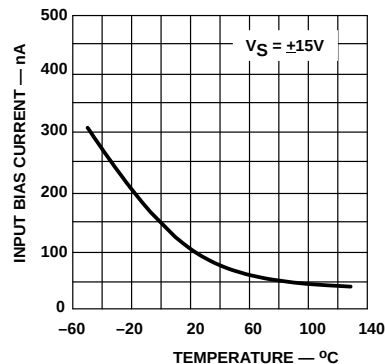
Frequency Characteristics as a Function of Ambient Temperature



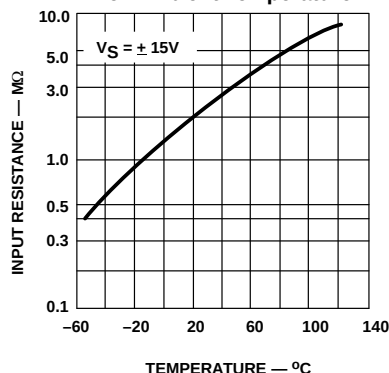
Power Consumption as a Function of Supply Voltage



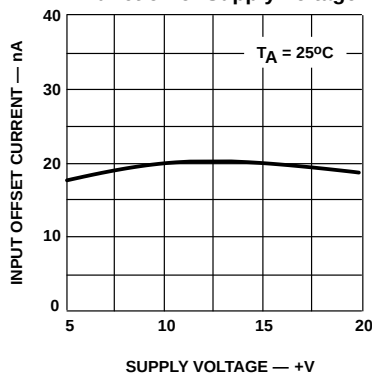
Input Bias Current as a Function of Ambient Temperature



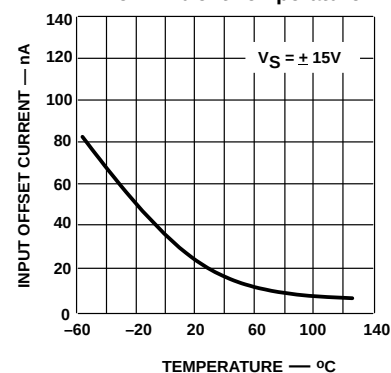
Input Resistance as a Function of Ambient Temperature



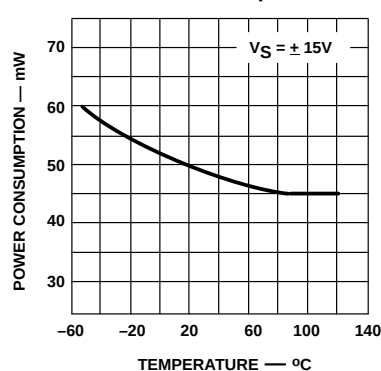
Input Offset Current as a Function of Supply Voltage



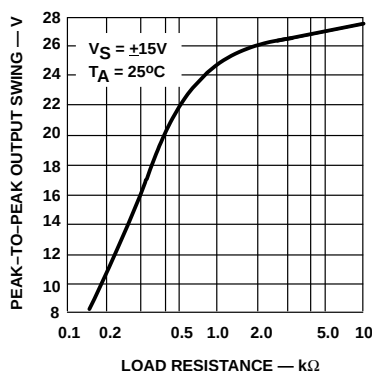
Input Offset Current as a Function of Ambient Temperature



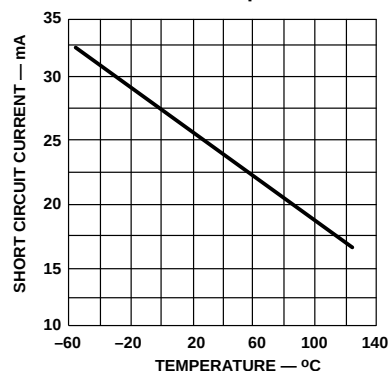
Power Consumption as a Function of Ambient Temperature



Output Voltage Swing as a Function of Load Resistance



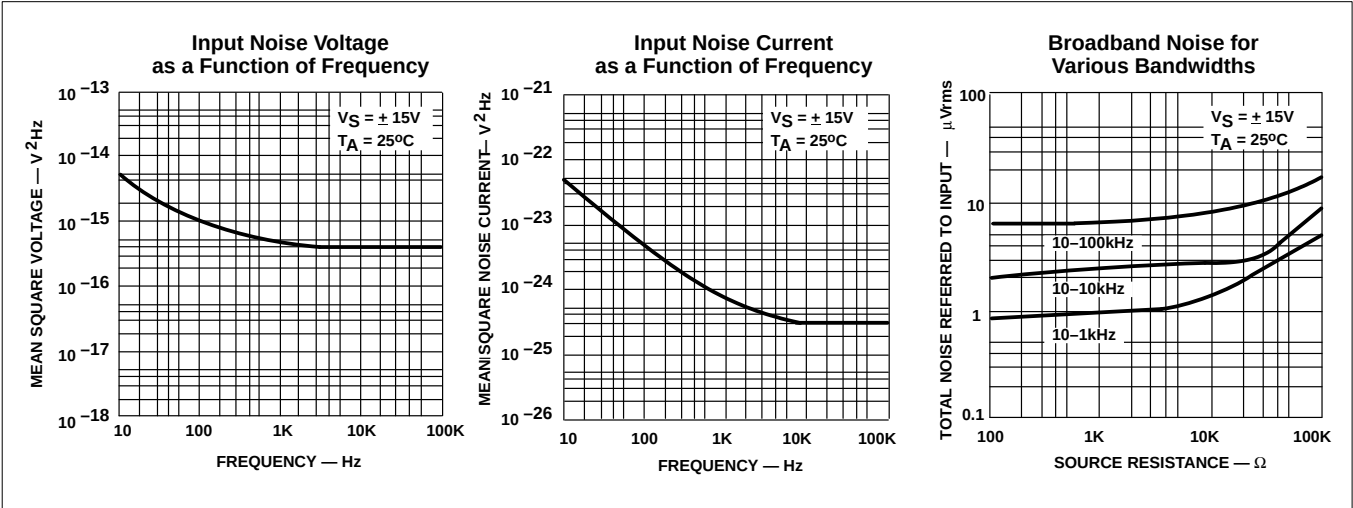
Output Short-Circuit Current as a Function of Ambient Temperature



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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)



TEST CIRCUITS

