



TS3V555

3V LOW POWER SINGLE TIMERS

- DEDICATED TO 3.3V OR BATTERY SUPPLY (Specified at 3V and 5V)
- VERY LOW POWER CONSUMPTION : **90µA typ at V_{CC} = 3V**
- WIDE SINGLE SUPPLY RANGE : **+2.7V to +16V**
- HIGH OUTPUT CURRENT CAPABILITY
- SUPPLY CURRENT SPIKES REDUCED DURING OUTPUT TRANSITIONS
- HIGH INPUT IMPEDANCE : **10¹²Ω**
- PIN-TO-PIN AND FUNCTIONALLY COMPATIBLE WITH BIPOLAR NE555 AND CMOS TS555
- OUTPUT COMPATIBLE WITH TTL, CMOS AND LOGIC MOS

DESCRIPTION

The TS3V555 with its low consumption (90µA at V_{CC} = 3V) is a single CMOS timer dedicated to 3.3V or battery supply (specified at 3V and 5V) offering also a high frequency (f_(max) 2MHz at V_{CC} = 3V and 2.7MHz at V_{CC} = 5V). Thus, either in monostable or astable mode, timing remains very accurate.

Timing capacitors can also be minimized due to high input impedance (10¹²Ω).

ORDER CODE

| Part Number | Temperature Range | Package | |
|-------------|-------------------|---------|---|
| | | N | D |
| TS3V555I | -40, +125°C | • | • |

N = Dual in Line Package (DIP)

D = Small Outline Package (SO) - also available in Tape & Reel (DT)

P = Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP) - only available in Tape & Reel (PT)

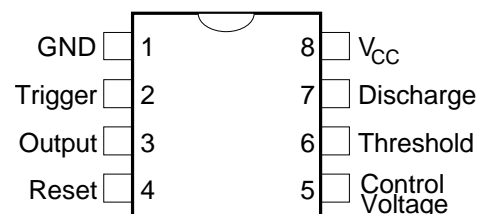


N
DIP8
(Plastic Package)

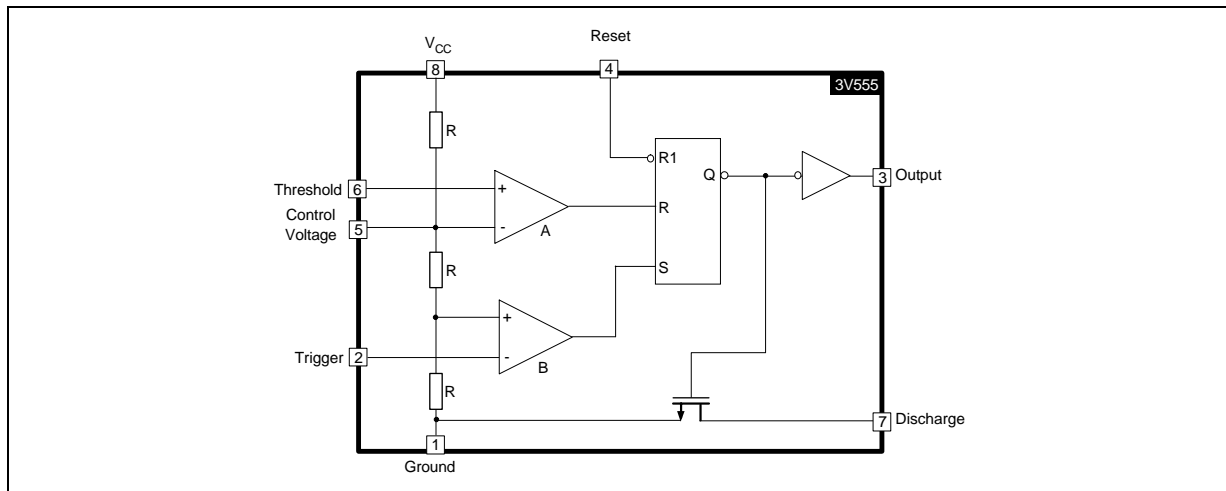


D
SO8
(Plastic Micropackage)

PIN CONNECTIONS (top view)



BLOCK DIAGRAM



| RESET | TRIGGER | THRESHOLD | OUTPUT |
|-------|---------|-----------|----------------|
| Low | x | x | Low |
| High | Low | x | High |
| High | High | High | Low |
| High | High | Low | Previous State |

LOW <----> Level Voltage \leq Min voltage specified

HIGH <----> Level Voltage \geq Max voltage specified

x <----> Irrelevant

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|----------|----------------------|-------|------|
| V_{CC} | Supply Voltage | +18 | V |
| T_j | Junction Temperature | +150 | °C |

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|------------|--|-------------|------|
| T_{oper} | Operating Free Air Temperature Range TS3V555I, AI | -40 to 125 | °C |
| T_{stg} | Storage Temperature Range | -65 to +150 | °C |

OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|----------|----------------|-------------|------|
| V_{CC} | Supply Voltage | +2.7 to +16 | V |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC} = +3V$, $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$, Reset to V_{CC} (unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------|--|------------|------|-------------|---------|
| I_{CC} | Supply Current (no load, High and Low States) $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | | 90 | 230 230 | μA |
| V_{CL} | Control Voltage Level $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | 1.8 1.7 | 2 | 2.2 2.3 | V |
| V_{dis} | Discharge Saturation Voltage ($I_{dis} = 1mA$) $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | | 0.05 | 0.2 0.25 | V |
| V_{OL} | Low Level Output Voltage ($I_{sink} = 1mA$) $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | | 0.1 | 0.3 0.35 | V |
| V_{OH} | High Level Output Voltage ($I_{source} = -0.3mA$) $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | 2.5 2.5 | 2.9 | | V |
| V_{trig} | Trigger Voltage $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | 0.9 0.8 | 1 | 1.1 1.2 | V |
| I_{trig} | Trigger Current | | 10 | | pA |
| I_{TH} | Threshold Current | | 10 | | pA |
| V_{reset} | Reset Voltage $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | 0.4 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 2.0 | V |
| I_{reset} | Reset Current | | 10 | | pA |
| I_{dis} | Discharge Pin Leakage Current | | 1 | 100 | nA |

DYNAMIC

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------|---|------|------|------|------------------|
| | Timing Accuracy (Monostable) - note 1) $R = 10k\Omega$, $C = 0.1\mu F$ | | 1 | | % |
| | Timing Shift with Supply Voltage Variations (Monostable) $R = 10k\Omega$, $C = 0.1\mu F$, $V_{CC} = +3V \pm 0.3V$ - see note 1 | | 0.5 | | %/V |
| | Timing Shift with Temperature - see note 1 $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | | 75 | | ppm/ $^{\circ}C$ |
| f_{max} | Maximum Astable Frequency - note 2) $R_A = 470\Omega$, $R_B = 200\Omega$, $C = 200pF$ | | 2 | | MHz |
| | Astable Frequency Accuracy - see note 2 $R_A = R_B = 1k\Omega$ to $100k\Omega$, $C = 0.1\mu F$ | | 5 | | % |
| | Timing Shift with Supply Voltage Variations (Astable mode) - see note 2 $R_A = R_B = 1k\Omega$ to $100k\Omega$, $C = 0.1\mu F$, $V_{CC} = +3$ to $+5V$ | | 0.5 | | %/V |
| t_r | Output Rise Time ($C_{load} = 10pF$) | | 25 | | ns |
| t_f | Output Fall Time ($C_{load} = 10pF$) | | 20 | - | ns |
| t_{pd} | Trigger Propagation Delay) | | 100 | | ns |
| t_{rpw} | Minimum Reset Pulse Width ($V_{trig} = +3V$) | | 350 | | ns |

1. see figure 2

2. see figure 4



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC} = +5V$, $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$, Reset to V_{CC} (unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------|--|--------------|------|--------------|---------|
| I_{CC} | Supply Current (no load, High and Low States) $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | | 110 | 250 250 | μA |
| V_{CL} | Control Voltage Level $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | 2.9 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.8 3.9 | V |
| V_{dis} | Discharge Saturation Voltage ($I_{dis} = 10mA$) $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | | 0.2 | 0.3 0.35 | V |
| V_{OL} | Low Level Output Voltage ($I_{sink} = 8mA$) $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | | 0.3 | 0.6 0.8 | V |
| V_{OH} | High Level Output Voltage ($I_{source} = -2mA$) $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | 4.4 4.4 | 4.6 | | V |
| V_{trig} | Trigger Voltage $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | 1.36 1.26 | 1.67 | 1.96 2.06 | V |
| I_{trig} | Trigger Current | | 10 | | pA |
| I_{TH} | Threshold Current | | 10 | | pA |
| V_{reset} | Reset Voltage $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.}$ | 0.4 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 2.0 | V |
| I_{reset} | Reset Current | | 10 | | pA |
| I_{dis} | Discharge Pin Leakage Current | | 1 | 100 | nA |

DYNAMIC

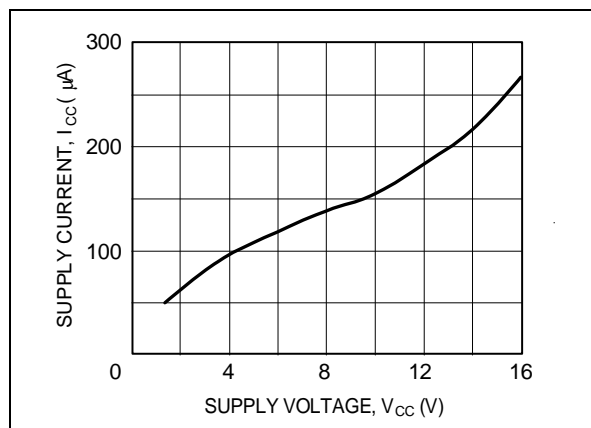
| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------|---|------|------|------|------------------|
| | Timing Accuracy (Monostable) - note 1) $R = 10k\Omega$, $C = 0.1\mu F$ | | 2 | | % |
| | Timing Shift with Supply Voltage Variations (Monostable) $R = 10k\Omega$, $C = 0.1\mu F$, $V_{CC} = +5V \pm 1V$ - see note 1 | | 0.38 | | %/V |
| | Timing Shift with Temperature - see note 1 $T_{min.} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max.} \cdot 5$ | | 75 | | ppm/ $^{\circ}C$ |
| f_{max} | Maximum Astable Frequency - note 2) $R_A = 470\Omega$, $R_B = 200\Omega$, $C = 200pF$ | | 2.7 | | MHz |
| | Astable Frequency Accuracy - see note 2 $R_A = R_B = 1k\Omega$ to $100k\Omega$, $C = 0.1\mu F$ | | 3 | | % |
| | Timing Shift with Supply Voltage Variations (Astable mode) - see note 2 $R_A = R_B = 10k\Omega$, $C = 0.1\mu F$, $V_{CC} = +5$ to $+12V$ | | 0.1 | | %/V |
| t_r | Output Rise Time ($C_{load} = 10pF$) | | 25 | | ns |
| t_f | Output Fall Time ($C_{load} = 10pF$) | | 20 | - | ns |
| t_{pd} | Trigger Propagation Delay) | | 100 | | ns |
| t_{rpw} | Minimum Reset Pulse Width ($V_{trig} = +5V$) | | 350 | | ns |

1. see figure 2

2. see figure 4

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1 : Supply Current (each timer) versus Supply Voltage

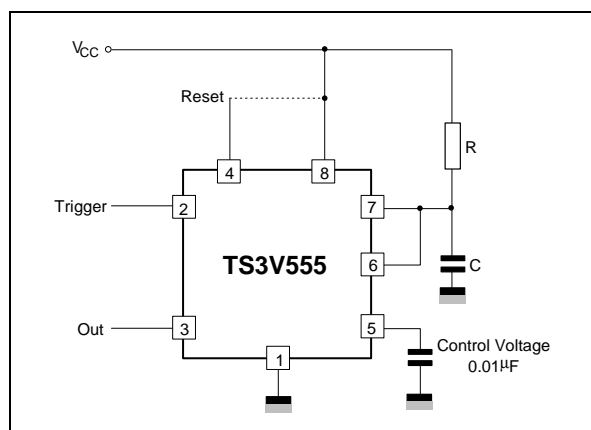


APPLICATION INFORMATION

MONOSTABLE OPERATION

In the monostable mode, the timer functions as a one-shot. Referring to figure 2 the external capacitor is initially held discharged by a transistor inside the timer.

Figure 2 :



The circuit triggers on a negative-going input signal when the level reaches $1/3 V_{CC}$. Once triggered, the circuit remains in this state until the set time has elapsed, even if it is triggered again during

this interval. The duration of the output HIGH state is given by $t = 1.1 R \times C$.

Notice that since the charge rate and the threshold level of the comparator are both directly proportional to supply voltage, the timing interval is independent of supply. Applying a negative pulse simultaneously to the Reset terminal (pin 4) and the Trigger terminal (pin 2) during the timing cycle discharges the external capacitor and causes the cycle to start over. The timing cycle now starts on the positive edge of the reset pulse. During the time the reset pulse is applied, the output is driven to its LOW state.

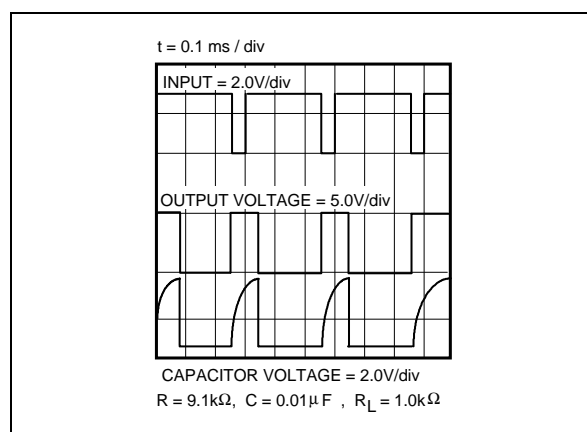
When a negative trigger pulse is applied to pin 2, the flip-flop is set, releasing the short circuit across the external capacitor and driving the output HIGH. The voltage across the capacitor increases exponentially with the time constant $\tau = R \times C$.

When the voltage across the capacitor equals $2/3 V_{CC}$, the comparator resets the flip-flop which then discharges the capacitor rapidly and drives the output to its LOW state.

Figure 3 shows the actual waveforms generated in this mode of operation.

When Reset is not used, it should be tied high to avoid any possible or false triggering.

Figure 3 :



ASTABLE OPERATION

When the circuit is connected as shown in figure 4 (pin 2 and 6 connected) it triggers itself and free runs as a multivibrator. The external capacitor charges through R_A and R_B and discharges through R_B only. Thus the duty cycle may be precisely set by the ratio of these two resistors.

In the astable mode of operation, C charges and discharges between $1/3 V_{CC}$ and $2/3 V_{CC}$. As in the triggered mode, the charge and discharge times and therefore frequency, are independent of the supply voltage.

Figure 4 :

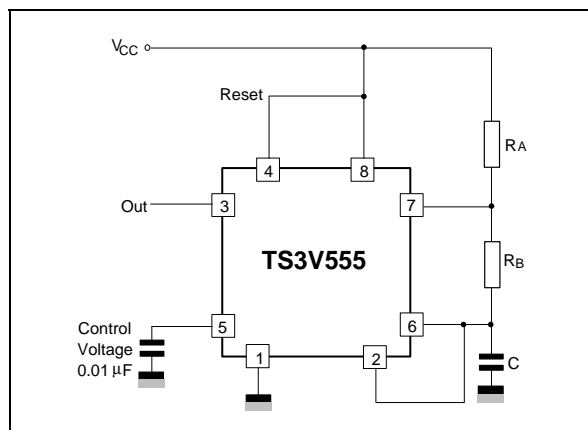


Figure 5 shows actual waveforms generated in this mode of operation.

The charge time (output HIGH) is given by :

$$t_1 = 0.693 (R_A + R_B) C$$

and the discharge time (output LOW) by :

$$t_2 = 0.693 (R_B) C$$

Thus the total period T is given by :

$$T = t_1 + t_2 = 0.693 (R_A + 2R_B) C$$

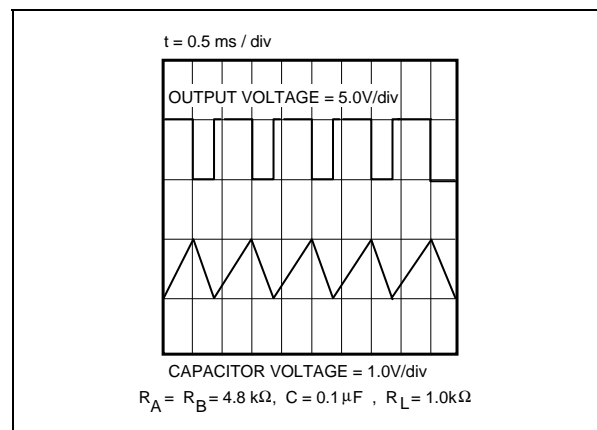
The frequency of oscillation is then :

$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1.44}{(R_A + 2R_B) C}$$

The duty cycle is given by :

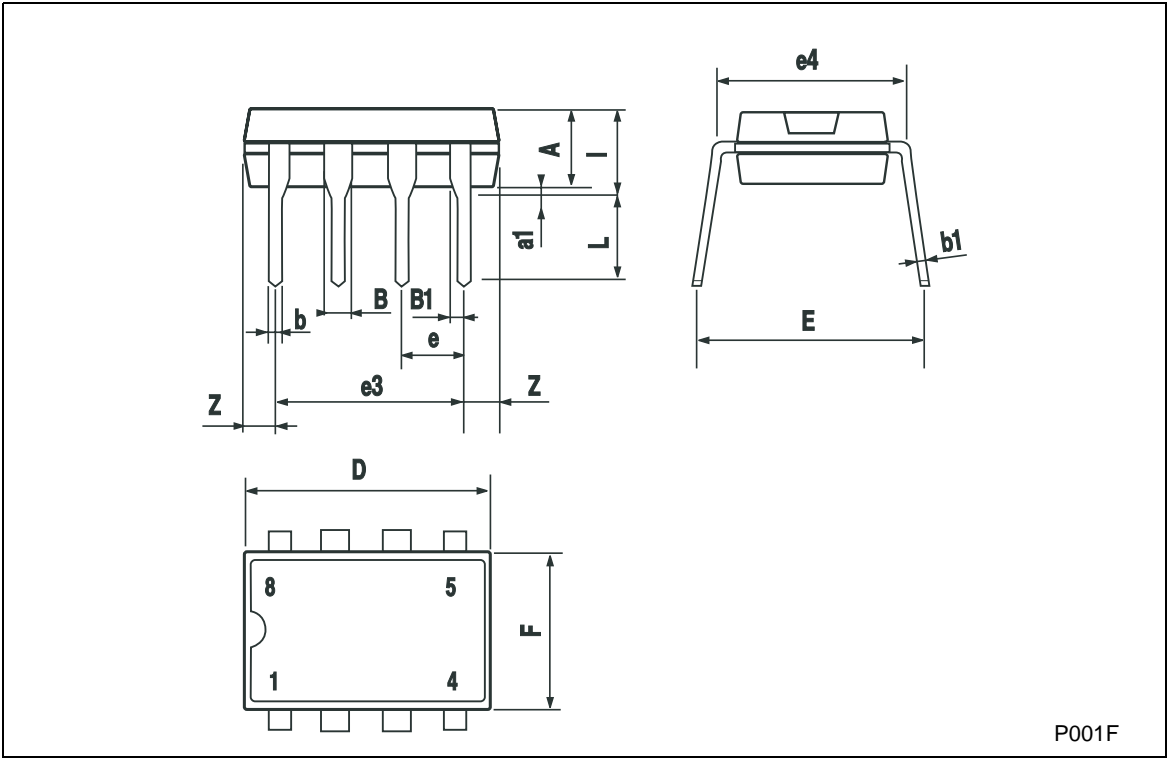
$$D = \frac{R_B}{R_A + 2R_B}$$

Figure 5 :



PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

| Plastic DIP-8 MECHANICAL DATA | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| DIM. | mm. | | | inch | | |
| | MIN. | TYP | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A | | 3.3 | | | 0.130 | |
| a1 | 0.7 | | | 0.028 | | |
| B | 1.39 | | 1.65 | 0.055 | | 0.065 |
| B1 | 0.91 | | 1.04 | 0.036 | | 0.041 |
| b | | 0.5 | | | 0.020 | |
| b1 | 0.38 | | 0.5 | 0.015 | | 0.020 |
| D | | | 9.8 | | | 0.386 |
| E | | 8.8 | | | 0.346 | |
| e | | 2.54 | | | 0.100 | |
| e3 | | 7.62 | | | 0.300 | |
| e4 | | 7.62 | | | 0.300 | |
| F | | | 7.1 | | | 0.280 |
| I | | | 4.8 | | | 0.189 |
| L | | 3.3 | | | 0.130 | |
| Z | 0.44 | | 1.6 | 0.017 | | 0.063 |



PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

| SO-8 MECHANICAL DATA | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| DIM. | mm. | | | inch | | |
| | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A | 1.35 | | 1.75 | 0.053 | | 0.069 |
| A1 | 0.10 | | 0.25 | 0.04 | | 0.010 |
| A2 | 1.10 | | 1.65 | 0.043 | | 0.065 |
| B | 0.33 | | 0.51 | 0.013 | | 0.020 |
| C | 0.19 | | 0.25 | 0.007 | | 0.010 |
| D | 4.80 | | 5.00 | 0.189 | | 0.197 |
| E | 3.80 | | 4.00 | 0.150 | | 0.157 |
| e | | 1.27 | | | 0.050 | |
| H | 5.80 | | 6.20 | 0.228 | | 0.244 |
| h | 0.25 | | 0.50 | 0.010 | | 0.020 |
| L | 0.40 | | 1.27 | 0.016 | | 0.050 |
| k | 8° (max.) | | | | | |
| ddd | | | 0.1 | | | 0.04 |

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