- Equivalent Full-Range Temperature Coefficient . . . 30 ppm/°C
- 0.2-Ω Typical Output Impedance
- Sink-Current Capability . . . 1 mA to 100 mA
- Low Output Noise
- Adjustable Output Voltage . . . V<sub>ref</sub> to 36 V
- Available in a Wide Range of High-Density Packages

#### description

The TL431 and TL431A are three-terminal adjustable shunt regulators with specified thermal stability over applicable automotive, commercial, and military temperature ranges. The output voltage can be set to any value between  $V_{ref}$  (approximately 2.5 V) and 36 V with two external resistors (see Figure 17). These devices have a typical output impedance of 0.2  $\Omega$ . Active output circuitry provides a very sharp turn-on characteristic, making these devices excellent replacements for Zener diodes in many applications, such as onboard regulation, adjustable power supplies, and switching power supplies.

The TL431C and TL431AC are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C, and the TL431I and TL431AI are characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.





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AVAILABLE OPTIONS									
			PACKAGED	DEVICES					
TA	SMALL OUTLINE (D)	PLASTIC FLANGE MOUNT (KTP)	TO-226AA (LP)	PLASTIC DIP (P)	SOT-89 (PK)	SHRINK SMALL OUTLINE (PW)	CHIP FORM (Y)		
0°C to 70°C	TL431CD TL431ACD	TL431CKTPR	TL431CLP TL431ACLP	TL431CP TL431ACP	TL431CPK	TL431CPW	TL431Y		
–40°C to 85°C	TL431ID TL431AID		TL431ILP TL431AILP	TL431IP TL431AIP	TL431IPK		164311		

The D and LP packages are available taped and reeled. The KTP and PK packages are only available taped and reeled. Add the suffix R to device type (e.g., TL431CDR). Chip forms are tested at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

#### symbol



#### functional block diagram







<sup>†</sup> All component values are nominal.



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#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Cathode voltage, V <sub>KA</sub> (see Note 1)		
Continuous cathode current range, IKA		–100 mA to 150 mA
Reference input current range		–50 μA to 10 mA
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Notes 2 and	3): D package	
	LP package	
	KTP package	
	P package	127°C/W
	PK package	52°C/W
	PW package	
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for		
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for		
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>		–65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. Voltage values are with respect to the anode terminal unless otherwise noted.

- 2. Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can impact reliability.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51, except for through-hole packages, which use a trace length of zero.

#### recommended operating conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Cathode voltage, VKA		Vref	36	V
Cathode current, IKA		1	100	mA
	TL431C, TL431AC	0	70	°C
Operating free-air temperature range, TA	TL431I, TL431AI	-40	85	C



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PARAMETER		TEST	TEST CONDITIONS					
		CIRCUIT			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>ref</sub>	Reference voltage	2	$V_{KA} = V_{ref}$	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA	2440	2495	2550	mV
V <sub>I(dev)</sub>	Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	2	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref,</sub> I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = full range <sup>†</sup>			4	25	mV
$\Delta V_{ref}$	Ratio of change in reference voltage	3	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA	$\Delta V_{KA} = 10 V - V_{ref}$		-1.4	-2.7	mV
$\overline{\Delta V_{KA}}$	to the change in cathode voltage	5	IKA = 10 IIIA	$\Delta V_{KA} = 36 V - 10 V$		-1	-2	mV V
I <sub>ref</sub>	Reference current	3	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA, R1 = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞			2	4	μA
I <sub>I(dev)</sub>	Deviation of reference current over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	3	$I_{KA} = 10 \text{ mA}, \text{R1} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{R2} = \infty,$ T <sub>A</sub> = full range <sup>†</sup>			0.4	1.2	μA
I <sub>min</sub>	Minimum cathode current for regulation	2	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub>			0.4	1	mA
loff	Off-state cathode current	4	V <sub>KA</sub> = 36 V,	$V_{ref} = 0$		0.1	1	μA
zKA	Dynamic impedance (see Figure 1)	1	$I_{KA} = 1 \text{ mA to } 100 \text{ f} \le 1 \text{ kHz}$	) mA, $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ ,		0.2	0.5	Ω

electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

<sup>†</sup> Full range is 0°C to 70°C for the TL431C.

The deviation parameters  $V_{ref(dev)}$  and  $I_{ref(dev)}$  are defined as the differences between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the recommended temperature range. The average full-range temperature coefficient of the reference voltage,  $\alpha_{Vref}$ , is defined as:



where:

 $\Delta T_A$  is the recommended operating free-air temperature range of the device.

 $\alpha_{Vref}$  can be positive or negative, depending on whether minimum V<sub>ref</sub> or maximum V<sub>ref</sub>, respectively, occurs at the lower temperature.

Example: maximum  $V_{ref}$  = 2496 mV at 30°C, minimum  $V_{ref}$  = 2492 mV at 0°C,  $V_{ref}$  = 2495 mV at 25°C,  $\Delta T_{\Delta} = 70^{\circ}C$  for TL431C

$$\left|\alpha_{Vref}\right| = \frac{\left(\frac{4 \text{ mV}}{2495 \text{ mV}}\right) \times 10^{6}}{70^{\circ}\text{C}} \approx 23 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$$

Because minimum V<sub>ref</sub> occurs at the lower temperature, the coefficient is positive.

Calculating Dynamic Impedance The dynamic impedance is defined as:  $|z_{KA}| = \frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta I_{KA}}$ 

When the device is operating with two external resistors (see Figure 3), the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is given by:

$$|z'| = \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta I} \approx \left| z_{KA} \right| \left( 1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right)$$

#### Figure 1. Calculating Deviation Parameters and Dynamic Impedance



## electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions, $T_{\text{A}}$ = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST			TL431I			UNIT
		CIRCUIT		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>ref</sub>	Reference voltage	2	$V_{KA} = V_{ref}$	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA	2440	2495	2550	mV
V <sub>I(dev)</sub>	Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	2	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref,</sub> I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = full rangeT			5	50	mV
$\Delta V_{ref}$	Ratio of change in reference voltage	3	h 10 mA	$\Delta V_{KA} = 10 V - V_{ref}$		-1.4	-2.7	mV
$\overline{\Delta V_{KA}}$	to the change in cathode voltage	3	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA	$\Delta V_{KA} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$		-1	-2	V
I <sub>ref</sub>	Reference current	3	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA, R1 = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞			2	4	μΑ
I <sub>I(dev)</sub>	Deviation of reference current over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	3	$I_{KA}$ = 10 mA, R1 = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞, T <sub>A</sub> = full range <sup>†</sup>			0.8	2.5	μΑ
I <sub>min</sub>	Minimum cathode current for regulation	2	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub>			0.4	1	mA
loff	Off-state cathode current	4	V <sub>KA</sub> = 36 V,	V <sub>ref</sub> = 0		0.1	1	μA
z <sub>KA</sub>	Dynamic impedance (see Figure 1)	2	$I_{KA} = 1 \text{ mA to } 100 \text{ f} \le 1 \text{ kHz}$	mA, $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ ,		0.2	0.5	Ω

<sup>†</sup> Full range is –40°C to 85°C for the TL431I.

## electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions, $T_{\text{A}}$ = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST	TEST TEST CONDITIONS		TL431AC			
		CIRCUIT			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>ref</sub>	Reference voltage	2	$V_{KA} = V_{ref}$	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA	2470	2495	2520	mV
V <sub>I(dev)</sub>	Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	2	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub> , I <sub>KA</sub> = T <sub>A</sub> = full range†	10 mA,		4	25	mV
$\Delta V_{ref}$	Ratio of change in reference voltage	3	h 10 mA	$\Delta V_{KA} = 10 V - V_{ref}$		-1.4	-2.7	mV
$\overline{\Delta V_{KA}}$	to the change in cathode voltage	3	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA	$\Delta V_{KA} = 36 V - 10 V$		-1	-2	V
I <sub>ref</sub>	Reference current	3	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA, R1 = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞			2	4	μA
I <sub>I(dev)</sub>	Deviation of reference current over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	3	$I_{KA} = 10 \text{ mA}, \text{ R1} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ R2} = \infty,$ $T_A = \text{full range}^{\ddagger}$			0.8	1.2	μΑ
I <sub>min</sub>	Minimum cathode current for regulation	2	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub>			0.4	0.6	mA
loff	Off-state cathode current	4	V <sub>KA</sub> = 36 V,	$V_{ref} = 0$		0.1	0.5	μΑ
zka	Dynamic impedance (see Figure 1)	1	$I_{KA} = 1 \text{ mA to } 100 \text{ f} \le 1 \text{ kHz}$	) mA, $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ ,		0.2	0.5	Ω

<sup>‡</sup>Full range is 0°C to 70°C for the TL431AC.



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# electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST	TEST TEST CONDITIONS		TL431AI			LINUT
		CIRCUIT			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>ref</sub>	Reference voltage	2	$V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ ,	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA	2470	2495	2520	mV
V <sub>I(dev)</sub>	Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	2	$V_{KA} = V_{ref, IKA} = 10 \text{ mA},$ T <sub>A</sub> = full rangeT			5	50	mV
$\Delta V_{ref}$	Ratio of change in reference voltage	3	h 10 mA	$\Delta V_{KA} = 10 V - V_{ref}$		-1.4	-2.7	mV
$\overline{\Delta V_{KA}}$	to the change in cathode voltage	3	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA	$\Delta V_{KA} = 36 V - 10 V$		-1	-2	mV V
I <sub>ref</sub>	Reference current	3	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA, R1 = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞			2	4	μA
ll(dev)	Deviation of reference current over full temperature range (see Figure 1)	3	$I_{KA}$ = 10 mA, R1 = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞, T <sub>A</sub> = full range <sup>†</sup>			0.8	2.5	μΑ
I <sub>min</sub>	Minimum cathode current for regulation	2	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub>			0.4	0.7	mA
loff	Off-state cathode current	4	V <sub>KA</sub> = 36 V,	V <sub>ref</sub> = 0		0.1	0.5	μA
zka	Dynamic impedance (see Figure 1)	2	$I_{KA} = 1 \text{ mA to } 100 \text{ f} \le 1 \text{ kHz}$	mA, $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ ,		0.2	0.5	Ω

<sup>†</sup> Full range is –40°C to 85°C for the TL431AI.

## electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions, $T_{\text{A}}$ = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST	TEST TEST CONDITIONS		TL431Y			UNIT
	PARAMETER				MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Vref	Reference voltage	2	$V_{KA} = V_{ref}$	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA		2495		mV
$\Delta V_{ref}$	Ratio of change in reference voltage	3	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA	$\Delta V_{KA} = 10 V - V_{ref}$		-1.4		mV
$\overline{\Delta V_{KA}}$	to the change in cathode voltage	5	KA = 10 MA	$\Delta V_{KA} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$	-1			$\frac{mV}{V}$
Iref	Reference input current	3	I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA, R1 = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞			2		μA
I <sub>min</sub>	Minimum cathode current for regulation	2	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub>			0.4		mA
l <sub>off</sub>	Off-state cathode current	4	V <sub>KA</sub> = 36 V,	$V_{ref} = 0$		0.1		μΑ
z <sub>KA</sub>	Dynamic impedance‡	2	$I_{KA} = 1 \text{ mA to } 10 \text{ f} \le 1 \text{ kHz}$	0 mA, $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ ,		0.2		Ω

‡ Calculating dynamic impedance:

The dynamic impedance is defined as:  $|z_{KA}| = \frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta I_{KA}}$ 

When the device is operating with two external resistors (see Figure 3), the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is given by:

 $|z'| = \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta I} \approx |z_{KA}| \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$ 



#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



Figure 2. Test Circuit for  $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ 



Figure 3. Test Circuit for  $V_{KA} > V_{ref}$ 



Figure 4. Test Circuit for Ioff



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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### Table 1. Graphs

	FIGURE
Reference input voltage vs Free-air temperature	5
Reference input current vs Free-air temperature	6
Cathode current vs Cathode voltage	7, 8
Off-state cathode current vs Free-air temperature	9
Ratio of delta reference voltage to change in cathode voltage vs Free-air temperature	10
Equivalent input noise voltage vs Frequency	11
Equivalent input noise voltage over a 10-second period	12
Small-signal voltage amplification vs Frequency	13
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#### **Table 2. Application Circuits**

	FIGURE
Shunt regulator	17
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Precision 5-V 1.5-A regulator	23
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PWM converter with reference	25
Voltage monitor	26
Delay timer	27
Precision current limiter	28
Precision constant-current sink	29



#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>**



<sup>†</sup> Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the recommended operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>** 

<sup>†</sup> Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the recommended operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.







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Figure 13

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 





TEST CIRCUIT FOR REFERENCE IMPEDANCE





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<sup>†</sup> The areas under the curves represent conditions that may cause the device to oscillate. For curves B, C, and D, R2 and V+ were adjusted to establish the initial V<sub>KA</sub> and I<sub>KA</sub> conditions with C<sub>L</sub>=0. V<sub>BATT</sub> and C<sub>L</sub> were then adjusted to determine the ranges of stability.



**TEST CIRCUIT FOR CURVE A** 



TEST CIRCUIT FOR CURVES B, C, AND D

Figure 16



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#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**



NOTE A: R should provide cathode current  $\geq$ 1 mA to the TL431 at minimum VI(BATT).

Figure 17. Shunt Regulator



#### Figure 18. Single-Supply Comparator With Temperature-Compensated Threshold



NOTE A: R should provide cathode current  $\geq 1$  mA to the TL431 at minimum VI(BATT).

Figure 19. Precision High-Current Series Regulator



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#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**







Figure 21. High-Current Shunt Regulator



NOTE A: Refer to the stability boundary conditions in Figure 16 to determine allowable values for C.

#### Figure 22. Crowbar Circuit



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# $V_{I(BATT)} \xrightarrow{IN} LM317 \xrightarrow{OUT} V_{O} \approx 5 \text{ V}, 1.5 \text{ A}$ $8.2 \text{ k}\Omega \xrightarrow{\text{Adjust}} 243 \Omega \xrightarrow{0.1\%} 0.1\%$ $11431 \xrightarrow{243 \Omega} 0.1\%$







NOTE A:  $R_b$  should provide cathode current  $\geq$ 1-mA to the TL431.

Figure 24. Efficient 5-V Precision Regulator



Figure 25. PWM Converter With Reference



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#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**



NOTE A: R3 and R4 are selected to provide the desired LED intensity and cathode current  $\geq$ 1 mA to the TL431 at the available V<sub>I(BATT)</sub>.

Figure 26. Voltage Monitor



Figure 27. Delay Timer



Figure 28. Precision Current Limiter



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#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**







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