

# UTC TL062

# LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

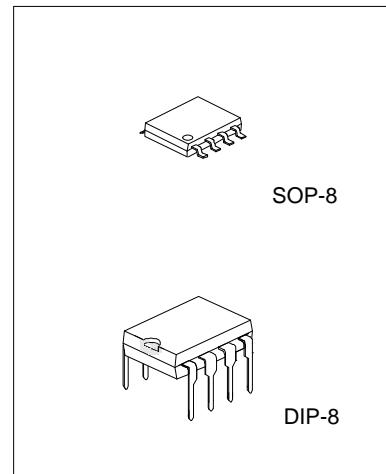
## LOW POWER DUAL J-FET OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

### DESCRIPTION

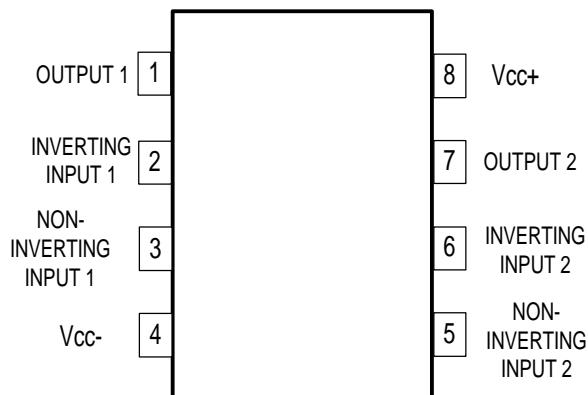
The TL062 is a high speed J-FET input dual operational amplifier. It incorporates well matched, high voltage J-FET and bipolar transistors in a monolithic integrated circuit. The device features high slew rates, low input bias and offset currents, and low offset voltage temperature coefficient.

### FEATURES

- \*Very low power consumption
- \*Wide common-mode (up to  $V_{cc+}$ ) and differential voltage range
- \*Low input bias and offset current
- \*Output short-circuit protection
- \*High input impedance J-FET input stage
- \*Internal frequency compensation
- \*Latch up free operation
- \*High slew rate:  $3.5V/\mu s$ (typ)
- \*Typical supply current:  $200\mu A$



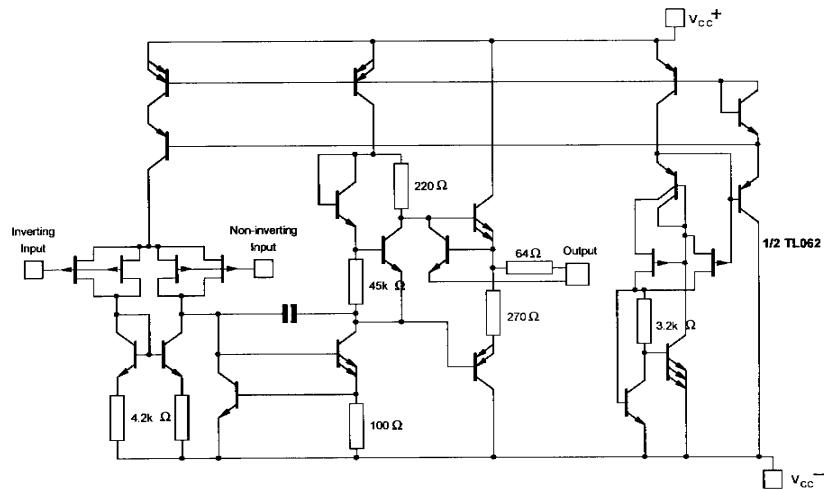
### PIN CONFIGURATIONS



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## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS( $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage (note 1)	Vcc	+18	V
Input Voltage (note 2)	Vi	+15	V
Differential Input Voltage (note 3)	Vid	+30	V
Power Dissipation	Ptot	680	mW
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 4)		Infinite	
Operating Free Air Temperature	Toper	0 to 70	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-65 to 150	°C

- NOTES:
1. All voltage values, except differential voltage, are with respect to the zero reference level (ground) of the supply voltages where the zero reference level is the midpoint between  $\text{V}_{\text{cc}-}$  and  $\text{V}_{\text{cc}+}$ .
  2. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 volts, whichever is less.
  3. Differential voltages are at the non-inverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.
  4. The output may be shorted to ground or to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the dissipation rating is not exceeded.

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TL062 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS( V<sub>cc</sub>=+-15V, T<sub>a</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage(R <sub>s</sub> =50Ω), T <sub>a</sub> =25°C T <sub>min</sub> <=T <sub>a</sub> <=T <sub>max</sub>	V <sub>io</sub>		3	15 20	mV
Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage(R <sub>s</sub> =50Ω)	D <sub>vio</sub>		10		µV/°C
Input Offset Current* T <sub>a</sub> =25°C T <sub>min</sub> <=T <sub>a</sub> <=T <sub>max</sub>	I <sub>io</sub>		5	200 5	pA nA
Input Bias Current* T <sub>a</sub> =25°C T <sub>min</sub> <=T <sub>a</sub> <=T <sub>max</sub>	I <sub>ib</sub>		30	400 10	pA nA
Input Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>icm</sub>	+11	-12~+15		V
Output Voltage Swing(R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF) T <sub>a</sub> =25°C T <sub>min</sub> <=T <sub>a</sub> <=T <sub>max</sub>	V <sub>opp</sub>	20 20	27		V
Large Signal Voltage Gain(R <sub>L</sub> =10Ω, V <sub>o</sub> =+-10V) T <sub>a</sub> =25°C T <sub>min</sub> <=T <sub>a</sub> <=T <sub>max</sub>	A <sub>vd</sub>	3 3	6		V/mV
Gain Bandwidth Product(T <sub>a</sub> =25°C, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF)	G <sub>BP</sub>		1		MHz
Input Resistance	R <sub>i</sub>		10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω
Common Mode Rejection Ratio(R <sub>s</sub> =50Ω)	CMR	70	76		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio(R <sub>s</sub> =50Ω)	SVR	70	95		dB
Supply Current(T <sub>a</sub> =25°C, no load, no signal)	I <sub>cc</sub>		200	250	µA
Channel Separation(A <sub>v</sub> =100, T <sub>a</sub> =25°C)	V <sub>01</sub> /V <sub>02</sub>		120		dB
Total Power Consumption(T <sub>a</sub> =25°C, no load, no signal)	P <sub>d</sub>		6	7.5	mW
Slew Rate(V <sub>i</sub> =10V, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF, A <sub>v</sub> =1)	SR	1.5	3.5		V/µs
Rise Time(V <sub>i</sub> =20mV, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF, A <sub>v</sub> =1)	t <sub>r</sub>		0.2		µs
Overshoot Factor(V <sub>i</sub> =20mV, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF, A <sub>v</sub> =1)	K <sub>ov</sub>		10		%
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage(R <sub>s</sub> =100Ω, f=1KHz)	e <sub>n</sub>		42		

\*The input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive. Pulse techniques must be used that will maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

# UTC TL062 LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

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**UTC TL062AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS( Vcc=+-15V, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified)**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage(Rs=50Ω, Ta=25°C Tmin<=Ta<=Tmax)	V <sub>io</sub>		3	6 7.5	mV
Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage(Rs=50Ω)	D <sub>vio</sub>		10		µV/°C
Input Offset Current* Ta=25°C Tmin<=Ta<=Tmax	I <sub>io</sub>		5	100 3	pA nA
Input Bias Current* Ta=25°C Tmin<=Ta<=Tmax	I <sub>ib</sub>		30	200 7	pA nA
Input Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>icm</sub>	+11.5	-12~+15		V
Output Voltage Swing(R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ) Ta=25°C Tmin<=Ta<=Tmax	V <sub>opp</sub>	20 20	27		V
Large Signal Voltage Gain(R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, Vo=+-10V Ta=25°C Tmin<=Ta<=Tmax)	A <sub>vd</sub>	4 4	6		V/mV
Gain Bandwidth Product(Ta=25°C, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF)	G <sub>BP</sub>		1		MHz
Input Resistance	R <sub>i</sub>		10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω
Common Mode Rejection Ratio(Rs=50Ω)	CMR	80	86		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio(Rs=50Ω)	SVR	80	95		dB
Supply Current(Ta=25°C, no load, no signal)	I <sub>cc</sub>		200	250	µA
Channel Separation(Av=100, Ta=25°C)	V <sub>01</sub> /V <sub>02</sub>		120		dB
Total Power Consumption(Ta=25°C, no load, no signal)	P <sub>d</sub>		6	7.5	mW
Slew Rate(Vi=10V, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF, Av=1)	SR	1.5	3.5		V/µs
Rise Time(Vi=20mV, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF, Av=1)	t <sub>r</sub>		0.2		µs
Overshoot Factor(Vi=20mV, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF, Av=1)	K <sub>ov</sub>		10		%
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage(Rs=100Ω, f=1KHz)	e <sub>n</sub>		42		

\*The Input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive. Pulse techniques must be used that will maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

# UTC TL062 LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

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**UTC TL062BC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS( Vcc=+-15V, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified)**

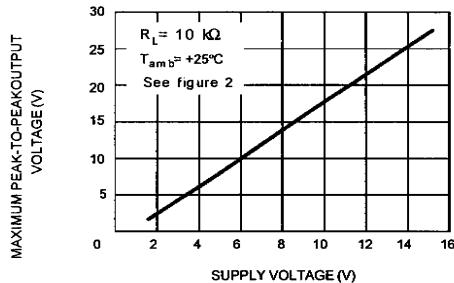
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage(Rs=50Ω, Ta=25°C Tmin<=Ta<=Tmax)	V <sub>io</sub>		2	3 5	mV
Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage(Rs=50Ω)	D <sub>vio</sub>		10		µV/°C
Input Offset Current* Ta=25°C Tmin<=Ta<=Tmax	I <sub>io</sub>		5	100 3	pA nA
Input Bias Current* Ta=25°C Tmin<=Ta<=Tmax	I <sub>ib</sub>		30	200 7	pA nA
Input Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>icm</sub>	+11	-12~+15		V
Output Voltage Swing(R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ) Ta=25°C Tmin<=Ta<=Tmax	V <sub>opp</sub>	20 20	27		V
Large Signal Voltage Gain(R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, Vo=+-10V Ta=25°C Tmin<=Ta<=Tmax)	A <sub>vd</sub>	4 4	6		V/mV
Gain Bandwidth Product(Ta=25°C, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF)	G <sub>BP</sub>		1		MHz
Input Resistance	R <sub>i</sub>		10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω
Common Mode Rejection Ratio(Rs=50Ω)	CMR	80	86		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio(Rs=50Ω)	SVR	80	95		dB
Supply Current(Ta=25°C, no load, no signal)	I <sub>cc</sub>		200	250	µA
Channel Separation(Av=100, Ta=25°C)	V <sub>01</sub> /V <sub>02</sub>		120		dB
Total Power Consumption(Ta=25°C, no load, no signal)	P <sub>d</sub>		6	7.5	mW
Slew Rate(Vi=10V, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF, Av=1)	SR	1.5	3.5		V/µs
Rise Time(Vi=20mV, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF, Av=1)	t <sub>r</sub>		0.2		µs
Overshoot Factor(Vi=20mV, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF, Av=1)	K <sub>ov</sub>		10		%
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage(Rs=100Ω, f=1KHz)	e <sub>n</sub>		42		

\*The Input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive. Pulse techniques must be used that will maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

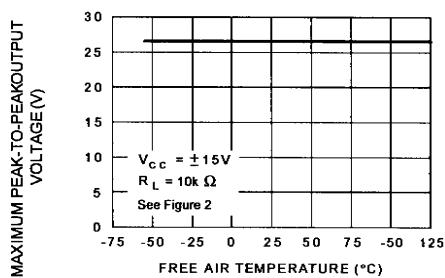
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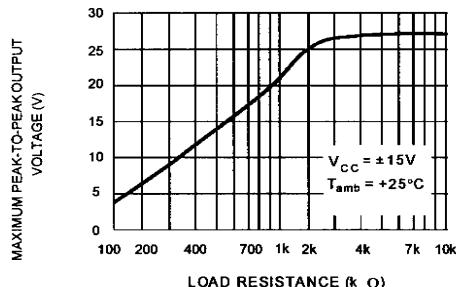
MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS SUPPLY VOLTAGE



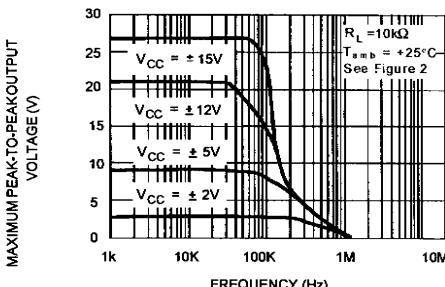
MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREE AIR TEMP.



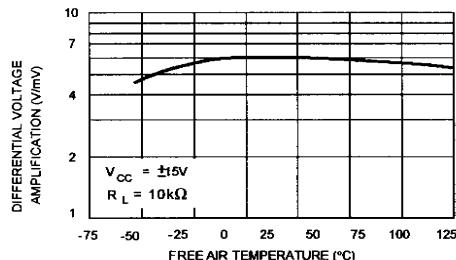
MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS LOAD RESISTANCE



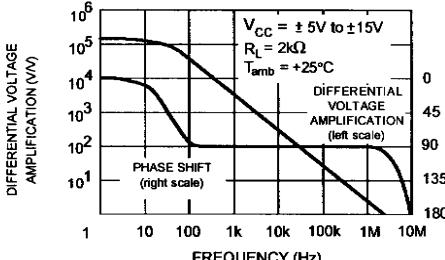
MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY



DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION VERSUS FREE AIR TEMPERATURE



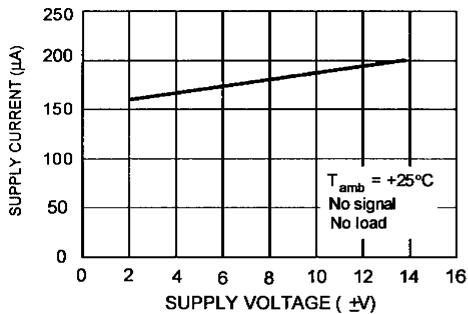
LARGE SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE SHIFT VERSUS FREQUENCY



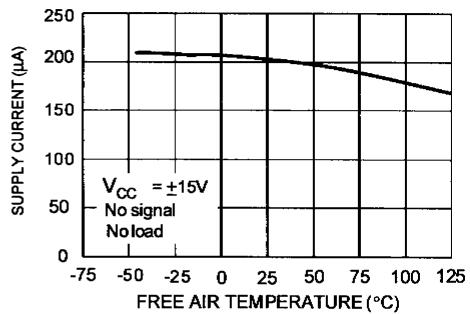
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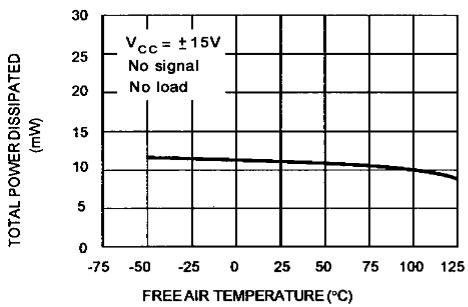
SUPPLY CURRENT PER AMPLIFIER VERSUS  
SUPPLY VOLTAGE



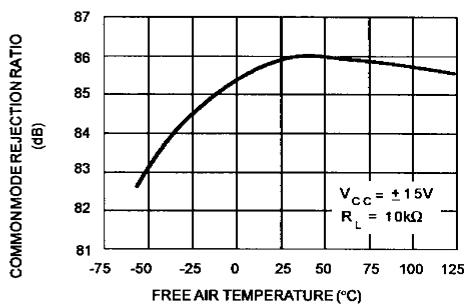
SUPPLY CURRENT PER AMPLIFIER VERSUS  
FREE AIR TEMPERATURE



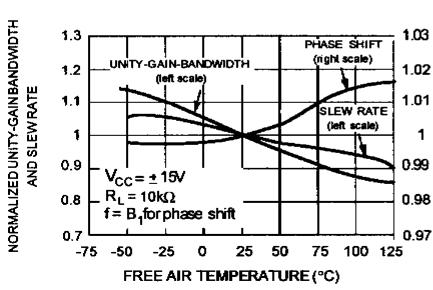
TOTAL POWER DISSIPATED VERSUS  
FREE AIR TEMPERATURE



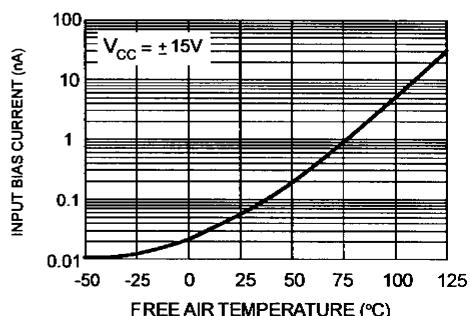
COMMON MODE REJECTION RATIO  
VERSUS FREE AIR TEMPERATURE

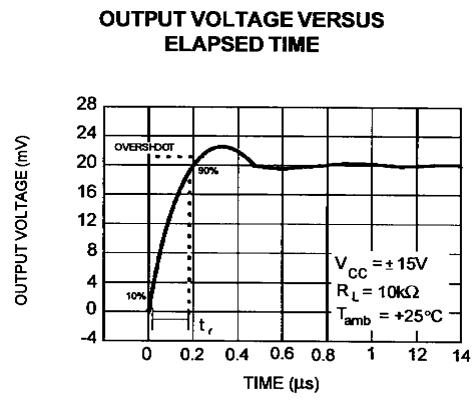
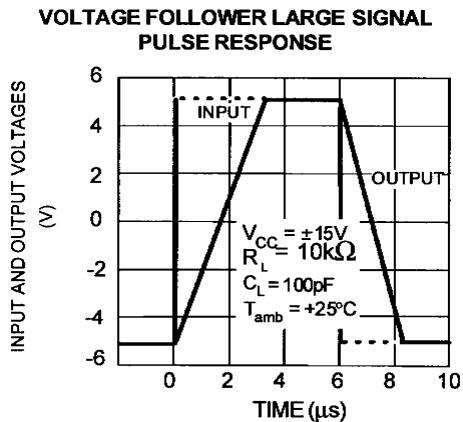


NORMALIZED UNITY GAIN BANDWIDTH  
SLEW RATE, AND PHASE SHIFT VERSUS  
TEMPERATURE



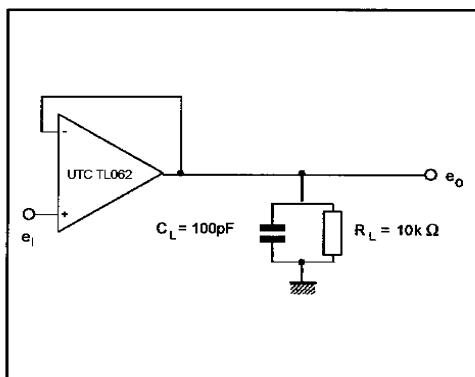
INPUT BIAS CURRENT VERSUS FREE AIR  
TEMPERATURE





#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

**Figure 1 :** Voltage follower



**Figure 2 :** Gain-of-10 inverting amplifier

