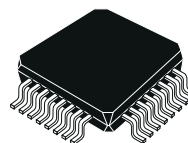

DIGITALLY CONTROLLED AUDIO PROCESSOR

- INPUT MULTIPLEXER
 - TWO STEREO AND ONE MONO INPUTS
 - ONE QUASI DIFFERENTIAL INPUT
 - SELECTABLE INPUT GAIN FOR OPTIMAL ADAPTATION TO DIFFERENT SOURCES
- FULLY PROGRAMMABLE LOUDNESS FUNCTION
- VOLUME CONTROL IN 0.3dB STEPS INCLUDING GAIN UP TO 20dB
- ZERO CROSSING MUTE, SOFT MUTE AND DIRECT MUTE
- BASS AND TREBLE CONTROL
- FOUR SPEAKER ATTENUATORS
 - FOUR INDEPENDENT SPEAKERS CONTROL IN 1.25dB STEPS FOR BALANCE AND FADER FACILITIES
 - INDEPENDENT MUTE FUNCTION
- ALL FUNCTIONS PROGRAMMABLE VIA SERIAL I²C BUS

DESCRIPTION

The audioprocessor TDA7342 is an upgrade of the TDA731X audioprocessor family.

Due to a highly linear signal processing, using CMOS-switching techniques instead of standard

**TQFP 32**

ORDERING NUMBER: TDA7342 or TDA7342N

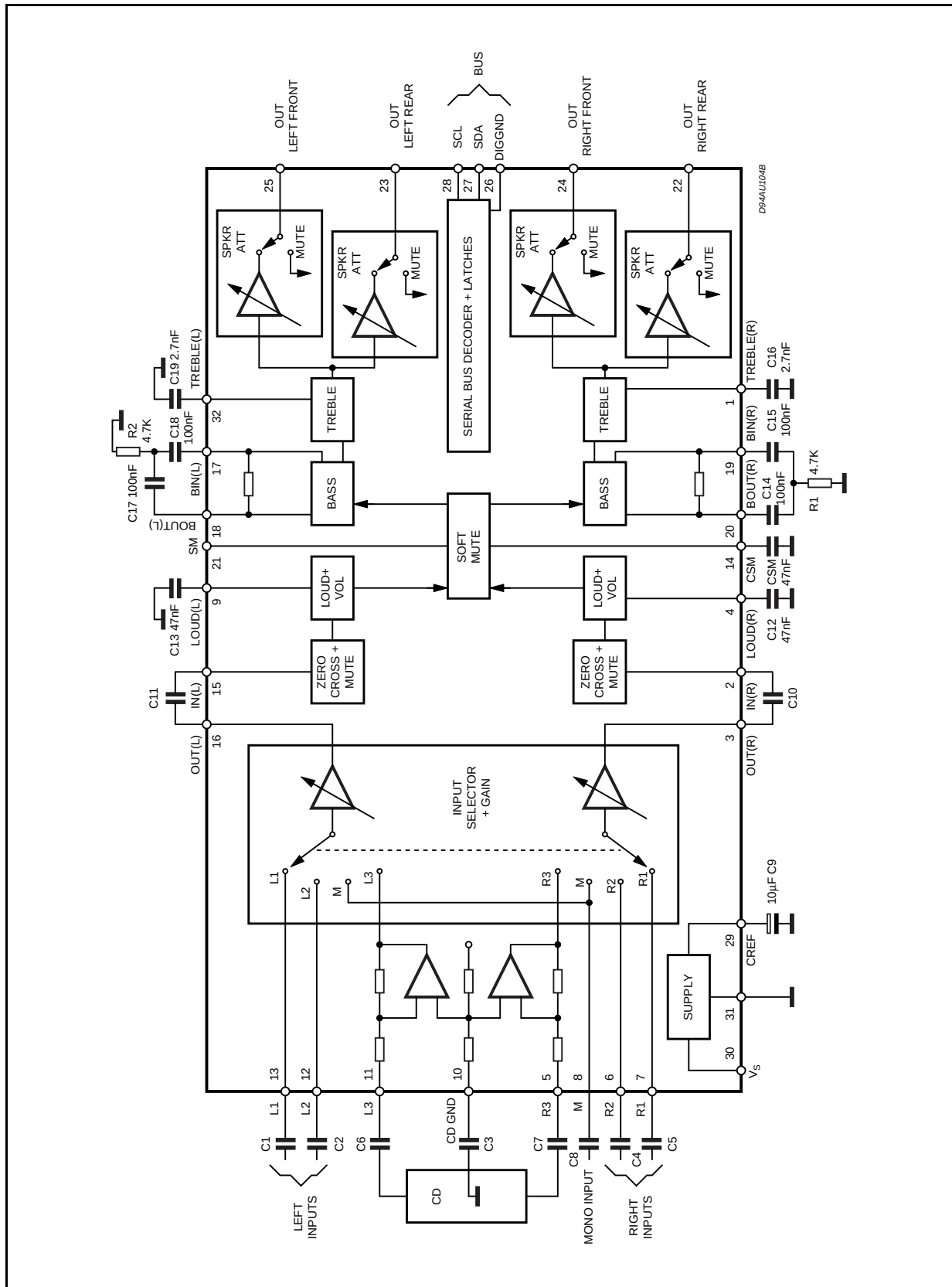
bipolar multipliers, very low distortion and very low noise are obtained. Several new features like softmute, and zero-crossing mute are implemented.

The soft Mute function can be activated in two ways:

- 1 Via serial bus (Mute byte, bit D0)
- 2 Directly on pin 21 through an I/O line of the microcontroller

Very low DC stepping is obtained by use of a BICMOS technology.

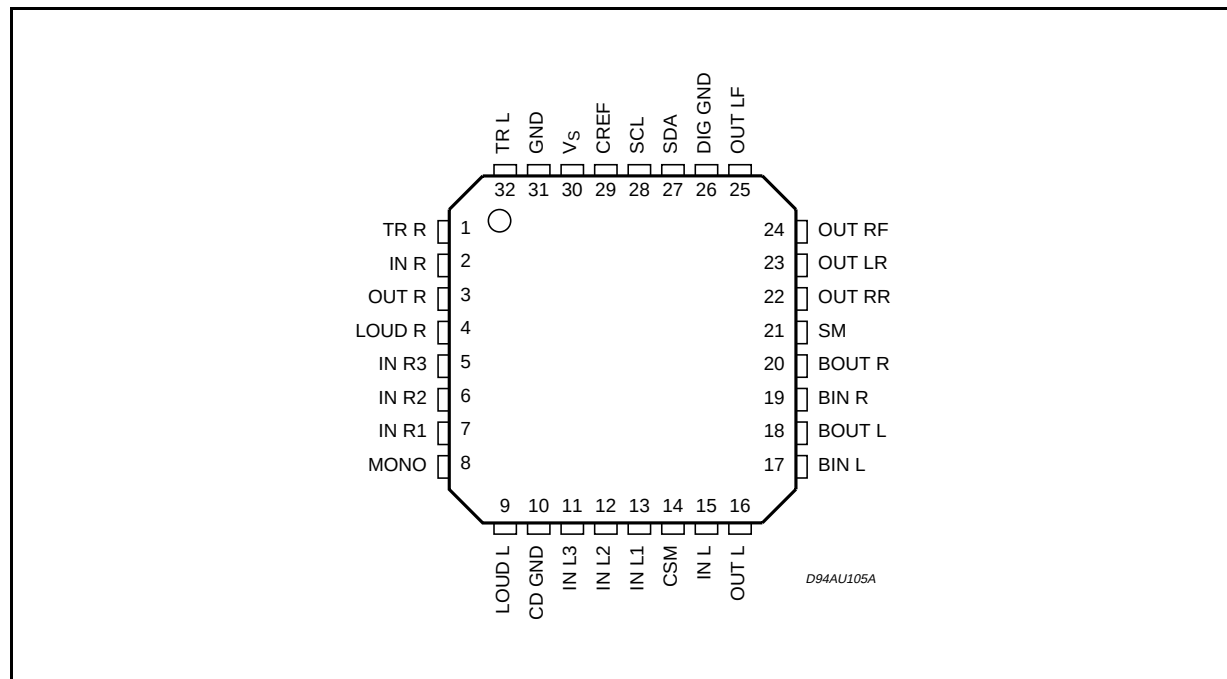
BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_S	Operating Supply Voltage	10.5	V
T_{amb}	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40 to 85	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C

PIN CONNECTION



THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{th j-amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-pins	150	°C/W

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_S	Supply Voltage	6	9	10.2	V
V_{CL}	Max. input signal handling	2.1	2.6		V _{rms}
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion $V = 1V_{rms}$ $f = 1KHz$		0.01	0.08	%
S/N	Signal to Noise Ratio		106		dB
S_c	Channel Separation $f = 1KHz$		100		dB
	Volume Control 0.3dB step	-59.7		20	dB
	Treble Control 2dB step	-14		+14	dB
	Bass Control 2dB step	-10		+18	dB
	Fader and Balance Control 1.25dB step	-38.75		0	dB
	Input Gain 3.75dB step	0		11.25	dB
	Mute Attenuation		100		dB

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_S = 9V$; $R_L = 10K\Omega$; $R_g = 50\Omega$; $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$; all gains = 0dB; $f = 1KHz$. Refer to the test circuit, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
--------	-----------	----------------	------	------	------	------

INPUT SELECTOR

R_I	Input Resistance		70	100	130	$K\Omega$
V_{CL}	Clipping Level	$d \leq 0.3\%$	2.1	2.6		V_{RMS}
S_I	Input Separation		80	100		dB
R_L	Output Load Resistance		2			$K\Omega$
$G_{I\ MIN}$	Minimum Input Gain		-0.75	0	0.75	dB
$G_{I\ MAX}$	Maximum Input Gain		10.25	11.25	12.25	dB
G_{step}	Step Resolution		2.75	3.75	4.75	dB
e_N	Input Noise	20Hz to 20 KHz unweighted		2.3		μV
V_{DC}	DC Steps	Adiacent Gain Steps		1.5	10	mV
		G_{IIN} to G_{IMAX}		3		mV

DIFFERENTIAL INPUT (IN 3)

R_I	Input Resistance	Input selector BIT D6 = 0 (0dB)	10	15	20	$K\Omega$
		Input selector BIT D6 = 1(-6dB)	14	20	30	$K\Omega$
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = 1V_{RMS}$; $f = 1KHz$	48	75		dB
		$f = 10KHz$	45	70		dB
d	Distortion	$V_I = 1V_{RMS}$		0.01	0.08	%
e_{IN}	Input Noise	20Hz to 20KHz; Flat; D6 = 0		5		μV
G_{DIFF}	Differential Gain	D6 = 0	-1	0	1	dB
		D6 = 1	-7	-6	-5	dB

VOLUME CONTROL

R_I	Input Resistance		35	50		$K\Omega$
G_{MAX}	Maximum Gain		18.75	20	21.25	dB
A_{MAX}	Maximum Attenuation		57.7	59.7	62.7	dB
$A_{STEP C}$	Step Resolution Coarse Atten.		0.5	1.25	2.0	dB
$A_{STEP F}$	Step Resolution Fine Attenuation		0.11	0.31	0.51	dB
E_A	Attenuation Set Error	$G = 20$ to $-20dB$	-1.25	0	1.25	dB
		$G = -20$ to $-58dB$	-3		2	dB
E_t	Tracking Error				2	dB
V_{DC}	DC Steps	Adiacent Attenuation Steps	-3	0	3	mV
		From 0dB to A_{MAX}		0.5	5	mV

LOUDNESS CONTROL

R_I	Internal Resistor	Loud = On	35	50	65	$K\Omega$
A_{MAX}	Maximum Attenuation		17.5	18.75	20.0	dB
A_{step}	Step Resolution		0.5	1.25	2.0	dB

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
--------	-----------	----------------	------	------	------	------

ZERO CROSSING MUTE

V _{TH}	Zero Crossing Threshold (note 1)	WIN = 11		20		mV
		WIN = 10		40		mV
		WIN = 01		80		mV
		WIN = 00		160		mV
A _{MUTE}	Mute Attenuation		80	100		dB
V _{DC}	DC Step	0dB to Mute		0	3	mV

SOFT MUTE

A _{MUTE}	Mute Attenuation		45	60		dB
T _{DON}	ON Delay Time	C _{CSM} = 22nF; 0 to -20dB; I = I _{MAX}	0.7	1	1.7	ms
		C _{CSM} = 22nF; 0 to -20dB; I = I _{MIN}	20	35	55	ms
T _{DOFF}	OFF Current	V _{CSM} = 0V; I = I _{MAX}	25	50	75	μA
		V _{CSM} = 0V; I = I _{MIN}		1		μA
V _{THSM}	Soft Mute Threshold		1.5	2.5	3.5	V
R _{INT}	Pullup Resistor (pin 21)	(note 2)	35	50	65	KΩ
V _{SMH}	(pin 21) Level High		3.5			V
V _{SML}	(pin 21) Level Low	Soft Mute Active			1	V

BASS CONTROL

B _{BOOST}	Max Bass Boost		15	18	20	dB
B _{CUT}	Max Bass Cut		-8.5	-10	-11.5	dB
A _{step}	Step Resolution		1	2	3	dB
R _g	Internal Feedback Resistance		45	65	85	KΩ

TREBLE CONTROL

C _{RANGE}	Control Range		±13	±14	±15	dB
A _{step}	Step Resolution		1	2	3	dB

SPEAKER ATTENUATORS

C _{RANGE}	Control Range		35	37.5	40	dB
A _{step}	Step Resolution		0.5	1.25	2.00	dB
A _{MUTE}	Output Mute Attenuation	Data Word = XXX11111	80	100		dB
E _A	Attenuation Set Error				1.25	dB
V _{DC}	DC Steps	Adjacent Attenuation Steps		0	3	mV

AUDIO OUTPUT

V _{clip}	Clipping Level	d = 0.3%	2.1	2.6		V _{rms}
R _L	Output Load Resistance		2			KΩ
R _O	Output Impedance			30	100	Ω
V _{DC}	DC Voltage Level		3.5	3.8	4.1	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
GENERAL						
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage		6	9	10.2	V
I _{CC}	Supply Current		5	10	15	mA
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	f = 1KHz	60	80		dB
		B = 20 to 20kHz "A" weighted		65		dB
e _{NO}	Output Noise	Output Muted (B = 20 to 20kHz flat)		2.5		μV
		All Gains 0dB (B = 20 to 20kHz flat)		5	15	μV
E _t	Total Tracking Error	A _v = 0 to -20dB		0	1	dB
		A _v = -20 to -60dB		0	2	dB
S/N	Signal to Noise Ratio	All Gains = 0dB; V _O = 1V _{rms}		106		dB
S _C	Channel Separation		80	100		dB
d	Distortion	V _{IN} = 1V		0.01	0.08	%

BUS INPUTS

V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage				1	V
V _{IN}	Input High Voltage		3			V
I _{IN}	Input Current	V _{IN} = 0.4V	-5		5	μA
V _O	Output Voltage SDA Acknowledge	I _O = 1.6mA		0.4	0.8	V

Note 1: WIN represents the MUTE programming bit pair D₆, D₅ for the zero crossing window threshold

Note 2: Internall pullup resistor to Vs/2; "LOW" = softmute active

I²C BUS INTERFACE

Data transmission from microprocessor to the TDA7342 and viceversa takes place thru the 2 wires I²C BUS interface, consisting of the two lines SDA and SCL (pull-up resistors to positive supply voltage must be externally connected).

Data Validity

As shown in fig. 3, the data on the SDA line must be stable during the high period of the clock. The HIGH and LOW state of the data line can only change when the clock signal on the SCL line is LOW.

Start and Stop Conditions

As shown in fig.4 a start condition is a HIGH to LOW transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH. The stop condition is a LOW to HIGH transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH. A STOP conditions must be sent before each START condition.

Byte Format

Every byte transferred to the SDA line must con-

tain 8 bits. Each byte must be followed by an acknowledge bit. The MSB is transferred first.

Acknowledge

The master (μ P) puts a resistive HIGH level on the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse (see fig. 5). The peripheral (audioprocessor) that acknowledges has to pull-down (LOW) the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse, so that the SDA line is stable LOW during this clock pulse.

The audioprocessor which has been addressed has to generate an acknowledge after the reception of each byte, otherwise the SDA line remains at the HIGH level during the ninth clock pulse time. In this case the master transmitter can generate the STOP information in order to abort the transfer.

Transmission without Acknowledge

Avoiding to detect the acknowledge of the audioprocessor, the μ P can use a simpler transmission: simply it waits one clock without checking the slave acknowledging, and sends the new data.

This approach of course is less protected from misworking and decreases the noise immunity.

Figure 3: Data Validity on the I²C BUS

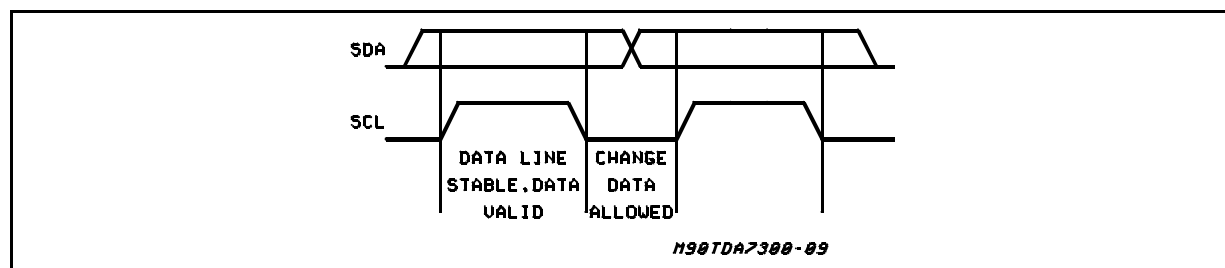


Figure 4: Timing Diagram of I²C BUS

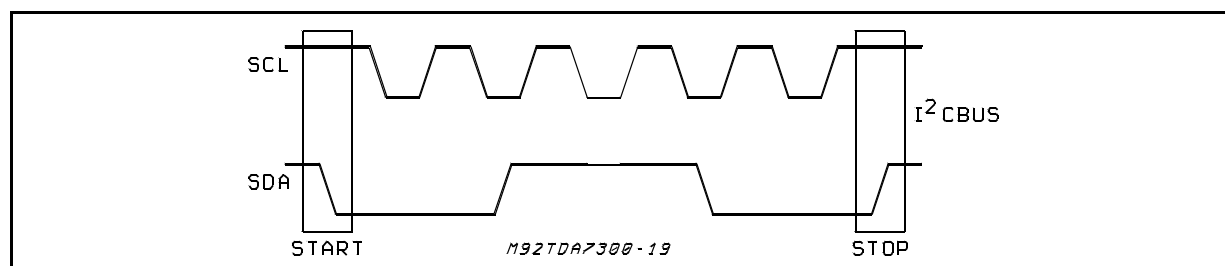
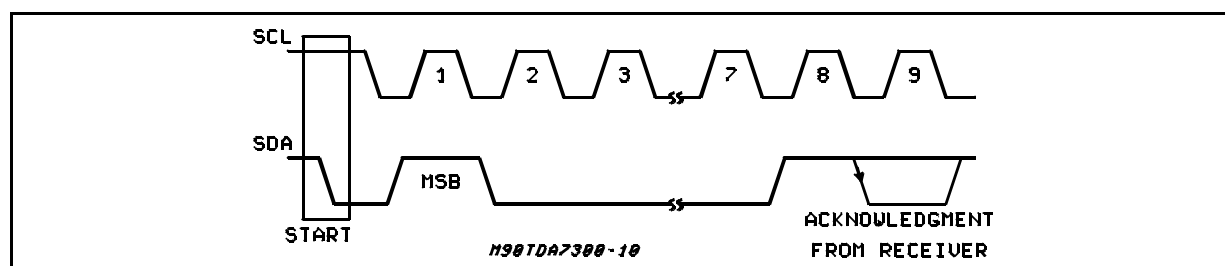


Figure 5: Acknowledge on the I²C BUS



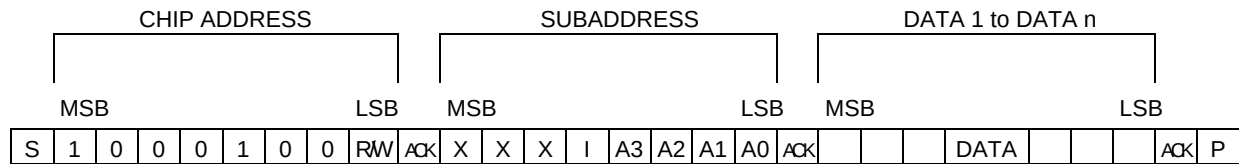
SOFTWARE SPECIFICATION**Interface Protocol**

The interface protocol comprises:

- A start condition (S)
- A chip address byte, (the LSB bit determines

read/write transmission)

- A subaddress byte.
- A sequence of data (N-bytes + acknowledge)
- A stop condition (P)



ACK = Acknowledge

S = Start

P = Stop

I = Auto Increment

X = Not used

MAX CLOCK SPEED 500kbts/s

AUTO INCREMENT

If bit I in the subaddress byte is set to "1", the autoincrement of the subaddress is enabled

SUBADDRESS (receive mode)

MSB				LSB				FUNCTION
X	X	X	I	A3	A2	A1	A0	
				0	0	0	0	Input Selector
				0	0	0	1	Loudness
				0	0	1	0	Volume
				0	0	1	1	Bass, Treble
				0	1	0	0	Speaker Attenuator LF
				0	1	0	1	Speaker Attenuator LR
				0	1	1	0	Speaker Attenuator RF
				0	1	1	1	Speaker Attenuator RR
				1	0	0	0	Mute

TRANSMITTED DATA

Send Mode

MSB							LSB
X	X	X	X	X	SM	ZM	X

ZM = Zero crossing muted (HIGH active)

SM = Soft mute activated (HIGH active)

X = Not used

The transmitted data is automatically updated after each ACK.

Transmission can be repeated without new chipaddress.

DATA BYTE SPECIFICATION

X = not relevant; set to "1" during testing

Input Selector

MSB							LSB	FUNCTION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
0		1			0	0	0	IN 3 (differential input)
0		1			0	0	1	IN 2
0		1			0	1	0	IN 1
0		1			0	1	1	AM mono
0		1			1	0	0	not used
0		1			1	0	1	not used
0		1			1	1	0	not allowed
0		1			1	1	1	not allowed
0		1	0	0				11.25dB gain
0		1	0	1				7.5dB gain
0		1	1	0				3.75dB gain
0		1	1	1				0dB gain
	0							0dB differential input gain (IN3)
	1							-6dB differential input gain (IN3)

For example to select the IN 2 input with a gain of 7.5dB the Data Byte is: X X 1 0 1 0 0 1

Loudness

MSB							LSB	FUNCTION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
X	X	X	0	0	0	0	0	0dB
X	X	X	0	0	0	0	1	-1.25dB
X	X	X	0	0	0	1	0	-2.5dB
X	X	X	0	0	0	1	1	-3.75dB
X	X	X	0	0	1	0	0	-5dB
X	X	X	0	0	1	0	1	-6.25dB
X	X	X	0	0	1	1	0	-7.5dB
X	X	X	0	0	1	1	1	-8.75dB
X	X	X	0	1	0	0	0	-10dB
X	X	X	0	1	0	0	1	-11.25dB
X	X	X	0	1	0	1	0	-12.5dB
X	X	X	0	1	0	1	1	-13.75dB
X	X	X	0	1	1	0	0	-15dB
X	X	X	0	1	1	0	1	-16.25dB
X	X	X	0	1	1	1	0	-17.5dB
X	X	X	0	1	1	1	1	-18.75dB
X	X	X	1	D3	D2	D1	D0	Loudness OFF (1)

For example to select -17.5dB attenuation, loudness OFF, the Data Byte is: X X X1 1 1 1 0

NOTE 1:

If the loudness is switched OFF, the loudness stage is acting like a volume attenuator with flat frequency response. D0 to D3 determine the attenuation level.

Mute

MSB							LSB	FUNCTION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
							1	Soft Mute On
						0	1	Soft Mute with fast slope ($I = I_{MAX}$)
						1	1	Soft Mute with slow slope ($I = I_{MIN}$)
				1				Direct Mute
			0		1			Zero Crossing Mute On
			0		0			Zero Crossing Mute Off (delayed until next zero crossing)
			1					Zero Crossing Mute and Pause Detector Reset
	0	0	0					160mV ZC Window Threshold (WIN = 00)
	0	1	0					80mV ZC Window Threshold (WIN = 01)
	1	0	0					40mV ZC Window Threshold (WIN = 10)
	1	1	0					20mV ZC Window Threshold (WIN = 11)
0								Nonsymmetrical Bass Cut (note 4)
1								Symmetrical Bass Cut

An additional direct mute function is included in the Speaker Attenuators.

Note 4: Bass cut for very low frequencies; should not be used at +16 and +18dB bass boost (DC gain)

Speaker Attenuators

MSB							LSB	SPEAKER ATTENUATOR LF, LR, RF, RR
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
								1.25dB step
X	X	X			0	0	0	0dB
X	X	X			0	0	1	-1.25dB
X	X	X			0	1	0	-2.5dB
X	X	X			0	1	1	-3.75dB
X	X	X			1	0	0	-5dB
X	X	X			1	0	1	-6.25dB
X	X	X			1	1	0	-7.5dB
X	X	X			1	1	1	-8.75dB
								10dB step
X	X	X	0	0				0dB
X	X	X	0	1				-10dB
X	X	X	1	0				-20dB
X	X	X	1	1				-30dB
X	X	X	1	1		1	1	Speaker Mute

For example an attenuation of 25dB on a selected output is given by: X X X1 0 1 0 0

Bass Treble

MSB							LSB	FUNCTION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
								TREBLE STEP
				0	0	0	0	-14dB
				0	0	0	1	-12dB
				0	0	1	0	-10dB
				0	0	1	1	-8dB
				0	1	0	0	-6dB
				0	1	0	1	-4dB
				0	1	1	0	-2dB
				0	1	1	1	0dB
				1	1	1	1	0dB
				1	1	1	0	2dB
				1	1	0	1	4dB
				1	1	0	0	6dB
				1	0	1	1	8dB
				1	0	1	0	10dB
				1	0	0	1	12dB
				1	0	0	0	14dB
								BASS STEPS
0	0	1	0					-10dB
0	0	1	1					-8dB
0	1	0	0					-6dB
0	1	0	1					-4dB
0	1	1	0					-2dB
0	1	1	1					0dB
1	1	1	1					0dB
1	1	1	0					2dB
1	1	0	1					4dB
1	1	0	0					6dB
1	0	1	1					8dB
1	0	1	0					10dB
1	0	0	1					12dB
1	0	0	0					14dB
0	0	0	1					146B
0	0	0	0					18dB

For example 12dB Treble and -8dB Bass give the following DATA BYTE: 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1

Volume

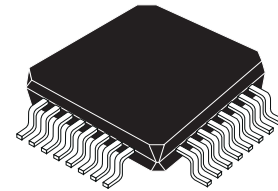
MSB							LSB	FUNCTION
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
								0.31dB Fine Attenuation Steps
						0	0	0dB
						0	1	-0.31dB
						1	0	-0.62dB
						1	1	-0.94dB
								1.25dB Coarse Attenuation Steps
			0	0	0			0dB
			0	0	1			-1.25dB
			0	1	0			-2.5dB
			0	1	1			-3.75dB
			1	0	0			-5dB
			1	0	1			-6.25dB
			1	1	0			-7.5dB
			1	1	1			-8.75dB
								10dB Gain / Attenuation Steps
0	0	0						20dB
0	0	1						10dB
0	1	0						0dB
0	1	1						-10dB
1	0	0						-20dB
1	0	1						-30dB
1	1	0						-40dB
1	1	1						-50dB

For example to select -47.81dB Volume the Data Byte is: 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1

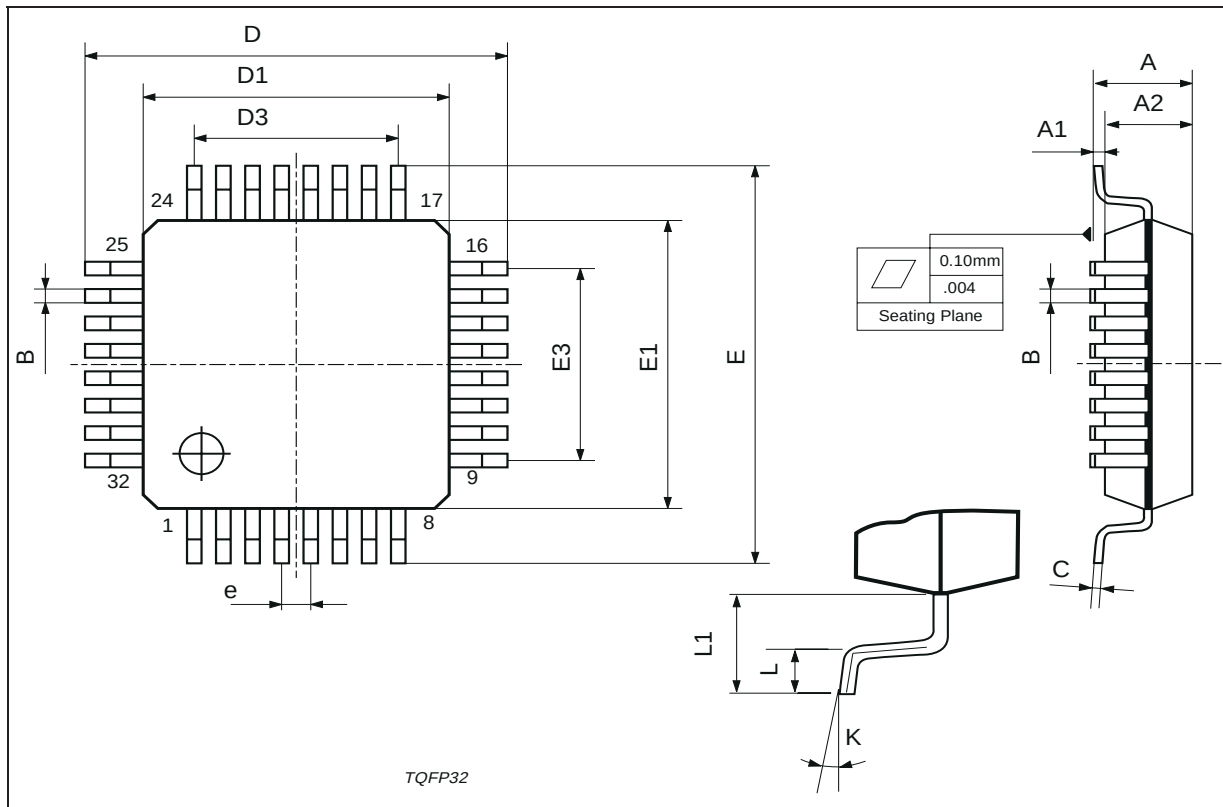
Power on RESET: All Bytes Set to 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			1.60			0.063
A1	0.05		0.15	0.002		0.006
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45	0.053	0.055	0.057
B	0.30	0.37	0.45	0.012	0.015	0.018
C	0.09		0.20	0.004		0.008
D		9.00			0.354	
D1		7.00			0.276	
D3		5.60			0.220	
e		0.80			0.031	
E		9.00			0.354	
E1		7.00			0.276	
E3		5.60			0.220	
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.018	0.024	0.030
L1		1.00			0.039	
K	0°(min.), 7°(max.)					

OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA



TQFP32



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