

# **SPI-235-19**

# Ultraminiature photointerrupter (single-transistor type)

#### **Features**

• GaAs Infrared LED plus Single Phototransistor

• Photo-Interrupter

• Contact type

• Compact type: H3.25 X L5.0 X W4.5mm

## Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C, 65%RH

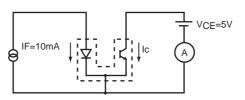
	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
	Forward Current	$I_{\mathrm{F}}$	50	mA
Input LED	Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5	V
	Power Dissipation	$P_{\mathrm{D}}$	70	mW
	Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	20	V
Output	Emitter-Collector Voltage	V <sub>ECO</sub>	5	V
Phototransistor	Collector Curren	$I_{C}$	20	mA
	Power Dissipation	PC	70	mW
O <sub>l</sub>	perating Temperature	Topr	-20 to +80	°C
S	torage Temperature	Tstg	-30 to +85	°C
Sol	dering Temperature *1	Tsol	260	°C

<sup>\*1</sup> Soldering conditions: time: max. 3sec; clearance: min. 1mm from lower stay

## Electro-Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C, 65%RH

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input	Forward Voltage	$V_{\rm F}$	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA	1.0	1.15	1.4	V
	Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =5V	-	-	10	μΑ
Output	Dark Current	$I_{CEO}$	I <sub>F</sub> =0mA, V <sub>CE</sub> =10V	-	10	200	nA
Coupled	Collector Output Current	$I_{C}$	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA,V <sub>CE</sub> =5V*1	200	-	1000	μΑ
	Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	V <sub>CE</sub> (sat)	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA, I <sub>C</sub> =100μA	-	-	0.5	V
	Rise Time	tr	$V_{CC}=5V$ , $R_L=100\Omega$	1	7	-	μs
	Fall Time	tf	I <sub>C</sub> =1mA	_	7	_	μs

<sup>\*1</sup> Measurement Circuit of Collector Current



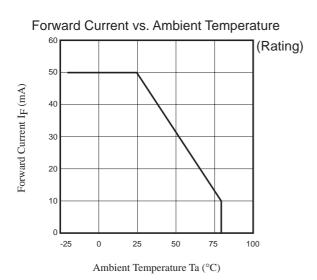
\*2 Table of Classification of Collector Output

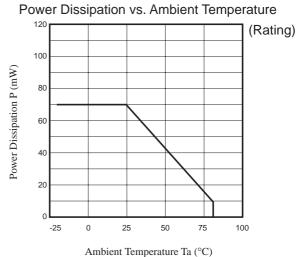
Class	Class A		С	
Ic (μA)	1000 to 450	650 to 300	450 to 200	

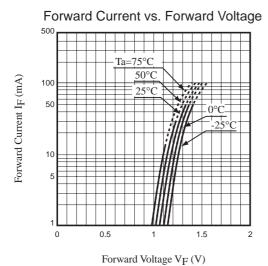
## **Typical Characteristics**

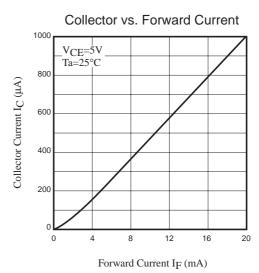
## **A** CAUTION

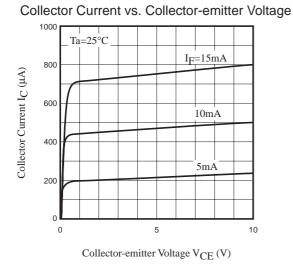
These numerical value show the electrical and optical characteristics of this product, and not assure this contents.

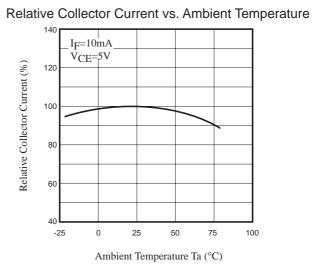








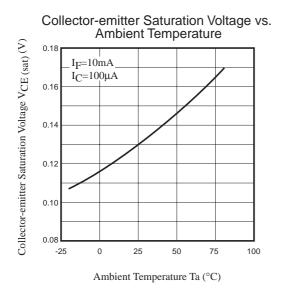


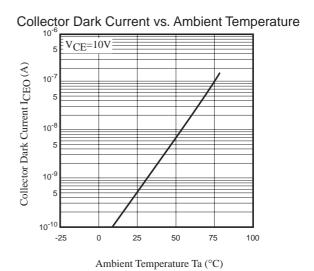


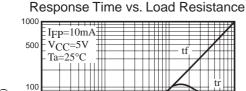
## **Typical Characteristics**

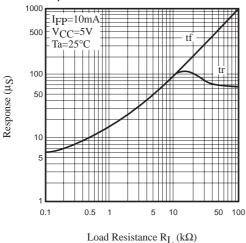
## **CAUTION**

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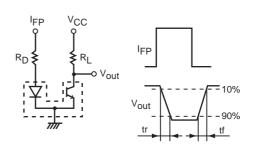




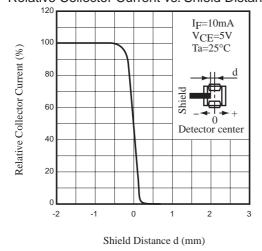




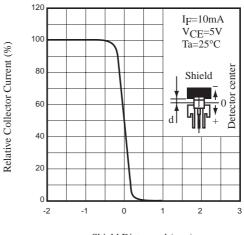
Test Circuit for Response Time

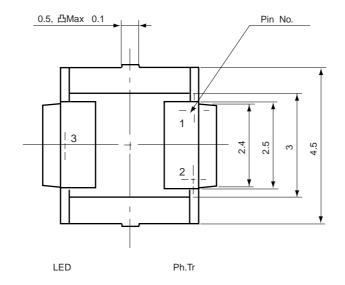


## Relative Collector Current vs. Shield Distance (1)



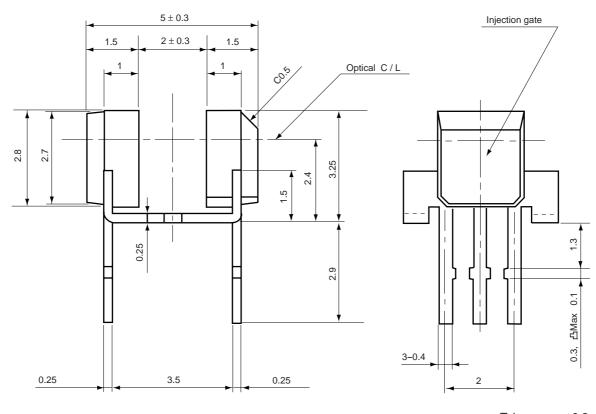
## Relative Collector Current vs. Shield Distance (2)





Pin connection

- 1. Common (Cathode)
- 2. Ph. Tr Collector
- 3. LED Anode



 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Tolerance} & : \pm 0.2 \\ \text{Unit} & : \text{mm} \end{array}$ 

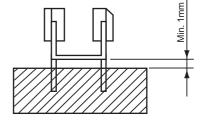
## Package dimensions and Pin connection

As stated in the sttached paper. (No.6024 4/6)

#### **Soldering conditions**

(1) Temperature : Max. 260°C (2) Time : Max. 3 sec

(3) Clearance : Min. 1mm from stay (include PCB thickness)



## **A PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) Bending a lead should avoid. However, when bending is necessary, take care the next items.
  - ① Bending a lead must be done before soldering.
  - ② Bending a lead must be done in the states of fixing leads and no stress for the regin part. Because it is possible that stress for the regin part cause troubles such as gold wire breaking and so on.
  - 3 A lead must be bend under the stay.
  - 4 Do not bend the same position of leads more than twice.
- (2) The hole pitch of a circuit board must fit to the lead pitch.
- (3) Two stays coupling LED and Ph. Tr should be isolated from any PCB pattern or any lead.
- (4) Take core the following when soldering.
  - ① Do not heat a product under any stress (a twist and so on) to leads.
  - ② Do not heat a product in the states of operating force to the regin part.
- (5) Use the flux which contain no chlorine, have no corrosion and do not need washing.
- (6) Be careful that flux or other chemicals do not attach to the luminous surface and passive surface.



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# Precautionary instructions in handling gallium arsenic products

Special precautions must be taken in handling this product because it contains, gallium arsenic, which is designated as a toxic substance by law. Be sure to adhere strictly to all applicable laws and regulations enacted for this substance, particularly when it comes to disposal.

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